"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Probable rain, warmer Friday; Saturday, fair; moderate east to south winds.
For full weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,606. * * * NEW YORK, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1911.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Elsewhere, Jersey City, and Newark. TWO CENTS.

ASSEMBLY PASSES CITY CHARTER BILL

Measure, in Doubt Up to Last, Forced Through by Tammany —Vote Stands 76 to 57.

UP IN SENATE TO-DAY

Murphy's Lieutenant to Gain Votes Promises Not to Put Charter In Effect Till July 1, 1912.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 28.—After a day of the most extraordinary wire pulling on the part of Democratic leaders in the Legislature and throughout the State to line up a sufficient number of votes for the Cullen-Foley New York City Charter bill, that measure was passed in the Assembly to-night, the vote standing 76 to 57.

The result was in doubt until the very last moment. On the first roll call the bill was beaten. Victory came only after Ashton Parker, the young Assemblyman who in last year's landslide was sent to the lower house to represent the normally Republican Fifteenth Assembly District in New York, had yielded to the persuasive powers of Majority Leader Alfred E. Smith and changed his vote. The action of Assemblyman Parker caused some surprise, and is the talk of the Capitol to-night. He has been looked upon as less under Tammany control than a majority of his Democratic colleagues from New York City.

To-night the Democratic leaders are busy making plans for to-morrow, when the bill will come up in the Senate. John H. McCooey, Tammany leader Murphy's lieutenant in Brooklyn, who came to the capital this afternoon in time to have a talk with the Democratic Assemblymen from his political bailiwick before the vote was taken on the Charter bill in the lower house, is now doing missionary work behind closed doors in his quarters at the Hotel Ten Eyck, with a view of converting the rebellious Democratic Senators from Kings.

With defeat staring them in the face, the leaders have been compelled to make one concession to public sentiment—that the proposed Charter shall not go into effect until July 1, 1912. This concession proved effective with the Brooklyn Assemblymen, who were told by Mr. McCooey that, with this provision, there would be plenty of time to study the Charter and to mend its imperfections at the next session of the Legislature before it becomes effective.

Mr. McCooey is using the same promise as bait in fishing for Charter votes among the Democratic Senators from Brooklyn to-night. It is merely a promise as yet, for it has not taken the form of an amendment to the Charter bill, nor has the stipulation gone down on the legislative record. Not a word was said about it in the course of the debate on the Charter bill in the Assembly to-night.

It is understood that the suggestion of this change emanated from Mr. McCooey and that it was submitted to Tammany Leader Murphy and to Mayor Gaynor in turn and approved by both before Mr. McCooey brought it to the Capitol.

To-night the belief is expressed that the Brooklyn Senators will have undergone a change of heart by the time the Senate is called to order. Senators Stilwell and Griffin of the Bronx have already been won over for the Charter. Burd and Loomis of Erie, the leaders hope, not without reason, will see their way clear to vote with the organization. In that case, Senator Roosevelt would be about the only Charter insurgent left. In that case the Charter bill would go through.

It was not until after a conference of the Democratic Assemblymen, which occupied the greater part of the forenoon and lasted well into the afternoon hours, that it was decided to present the Charter bill on its final reading in the Assembly. Majority Leader Alfred E. Smith and James A. Foley, Tammany Leader Murphy's Assemblyman, entered this conference fresh from their trip to New York, where they had conferred with Mr. Murphy and been told by him that no stone must be left unturned to pass the Charter, since the "organization" had gone on record in its favor. Nevertheless, he told the two lawmakers the Legislature must not remain in session after this week.

The Democratic leaders in the Assembly emerged from the conference hopeful, but not convinced that they could "put the Charter over."

"I am going to the bat with this bill blind," Mr. Smith confided to his friends in newspaper row. "I hope we can pass this bill, but I'm afraid a lot of these fellows are wabbling."

The Republicans present, to a man, faithful to their caucus pledge, voted against the bill, but the Democratic insurgents' line broke after a majority of the Democratic opponents had been subjected to every threat and promise the Democratic leaders in the Legislature and the smaller bosses at home could think of. All day long the telegraph and long-distance telephone wires were burdened with messages importuning those whose attitude was thought in doubt to "stand by the organization." As a result the only Democrats who voted against the Charter were Friedman of New York, Huber and Kennedy of Queens, La Reau of Erie, Shortt of Richmond, and Terry of Kings.

Here is the vote in detail:

For the Charter—Beach, Blauvelt, Boylan, Brace, Brennan Bridenbecker, Bush, Carew, Caughlan, Chanler, Collin, Cosad, Cuvillier, Dawson, Day, Donnelly, Donovan, Drummond, Egan, Evans, Farrell, Fay, Fitzpatrick, Foley, Geatons, Gerhardt, Gerken, Gillen, Goldberg, Goldstein, Gould, Graubard, Gregg, Gurnett, Hackett, Hearn, J. J. Herrick, W. R. Herrick, Heyman, Hoey, Hollman, Hoyt, Jackson, Jameson, A. J. Levy, J. Levy, Manley, Martin, McCue, McDaniels, McElligott, McGrath, McKeon, Miller, Monckzynski, Mork, Myers, Neuport, J. J. O'Neil, M. A. O'Neil, A. Parker, Patrie, Saunders, Schifferdecker, Seeley, Sheide, A. E. Smith, Spielberg, Trombley, Turley, Walker, Warren, Washburn, Well, Wende, Frisbie—76.

Against the Charter—Adler, Ahearn, Allen, Baumes, Brookes, Brown, Bryant, Cheney, Coffey, Constantine, Ebbetts, Filley, Friedmann, Goodman, Goodwin, Haines, Hart, Hammond, Higgins, Hinman, Hoff, Huber, Jones, Kennedy, Keys, Kopp, Lansing, Lareau, Lent, Lincoln, MacGregor, Merritt, Murray, Nolan, Pappert, J. S. Parker, C. W. Phillips, Pierce, Shannon, Shepardson, Shlivek, Shortt, T. K. Smith, Stivers, Talmadge, Terry, Thorn, Ward, Waring, F. A. Waters, R. B. Waters, White, Wilson, Winters, Yale, Yeomans, Young—57.

The absentees were Brereton, Butler, Colne, Connell, Cross, Delano, Fry, (Dem.) Gray, MacDonald, J. S. Phillips, Shea, Sullivan, Sweet, Wheeler, (Dem.) and Zorn, (Dem.)

The seat recently occupied by James Oliver is vacant on account of his death. Assemblyman O'Connor of Kings, the only Independence League representative in the House, declined to vote.

The roll call on the bill was long and

Continued on Page 2.

BIG LOCKOUT ORDERED.

To Go Into Effect Monday If Building Trades Strikers Don't Yield.

A general lockout of the union men in all the trades involved in the sympathetic strike on the new Vanderbilt Hotel was declared by the Board of Governors of the Building Trades Employers' Association at a meeting in the Builders' Exchange last evening. The lockout goes into effect on Monday morning on every building on which the members of the Building Trades Association have contracts unless before that time the strikers are returned to work, and will continue until the strike is officially declared off. The Board of Governors will send their ultimatum this morning to the unions involved in the strike.

The lockout is the first general one ordered by the organized employers in the building trades in a number of years. It will affect not only all buildings involved in the marble strike, but every building of any kind on which the members of the Employers' Association have contracts.

The Board of Business Agents of the unions which ordered the strike will meet to-day, but the bearing of a number of delegates last night seemed to indicate that it will not call the strike off.

It is now estimated that the lockout will affect between 40,000 and 45,000 building mechanics. The men in two trades who were at first reported to have struck were found to have remained at work on the Vanderbilt Hotel, and the unions in their trades, as well as those of the bricklayers' and one or two other unions, whose members did not strike, are not included in the lockout order. About fourteen unions will be locked out in all. Of these the principal organizations are those of the plumbers, plasterers, carpenters, architectural iron workers, electricians, steam fitters, and tile layers.

Among the structures affected will be the new Municipal Building, the New York Central Building, the new Post Office at Eighth Avenue and Twenty-third Street, and a large number of mercantile, loft, and office buildings. It will also stop work on so many private residences.

ETHEL S. ELLIOTT BANKRUPT

When Former Singer Was Divorced It Was Said She Got $1,000,000.

Ethel S. Elliott, a former comic opera singer, who married John Love Elliott, President of the Consolidated Arizona Smelting Company, here in 1900 and obtained a divorce from him in Westchester County in 1907, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, with liabilities of $24,816 and no available assets.

At the time Mrs. Elliott obtained her divorce four years ago, it was reported that her husband, who was an officer in several mining corporations and a member of many clubs, had given her $1,000,000 as alimony in a lump sum.

Mrs. Elliott is now living in the Atelier Building, 33 West Sixty-seventh Street. According to her petition, her household effects are worth $4,500, but they are covered by a chattel mortgage of $3,000. Instead of having received $1,000,000 from her husband, she says, he merely agreed to pay here $20,000 a year alimony. He is in arrears $28,445 on this alimony, she says, and adds that she is informed, as a matter of law, that it is uncertain whether this debt can pass as an asset in bankruptcy, but that she inserts it with the idea of leaving the question of law involved to be determined judicially.

Mrs. Elliott's principal debts, according to her petition, are $11,000 for dresses, hats and furs; $1,391 for jewelry; $1,184 for household linens, and $2,166 for rent. Other debts are, dry goods, $343; underwear, $672; laces, $425; shoes, $16; silverware, $300; books, $360; papers and magazines, $28; flowers, $81; toys, $54; cab hire, $205; two doctors, $280; music lessons, $310; saddle-horse hire, $88; groceries, $468; ice, $66; coal, $155; wood, $14; milk, $181; meats, $632; hardware, $15; drugs, $88; fur storage, $222; children's clothing, $66; cleaning clothes, $61, and piano tuning, $30.

There are forty-two creditors, among whom are the Lichtenstein Millinery Company, $5,475 for dresses, furs, and hats; Farquhar & Wheelock, $3,635 for dresses; Gustav Beer, Paris, $1,819 for dresses; Chantill-Armand, Paris, $649 for dresses. McGibbon & Co., 1,033 for linens; Tiffany & Co., $1,391 for jewelry; Mrs. Charles W. Clinton, $2,166 for rent of 45 East Fifty-seventh Street, and Mary H. Rawson, $200 for hair treatment.

Mrs. Elliott says that the debts were contracted mostly in this city between January, 1906, and September, 1910, and some in Europe in 1907. She says she is filing the petition to get rid of them. Most of them were contracted since her divorce.

EARTHQUAKE DRIES UP RIVER

Town in Costa Rica Partly Destroyed and Four Persons Killed.

Special to The New York Times.

PORT LIMON, Costa Rica, Sept. 28.—A series of earthquakes upon the Pacific Coast has culminated in a fierce shock which partly destroyed the town of Los Canos de Aguas Zarcas, according to a telegram received to-day from La Union of San Carlos.

Four persons were killed and several mortally hurt. The church, which was said to be 200 years old, was destroyed. One of the victims was an aged Spanish woman, who was in charge of the building. A feature of the earthquake was the drying up of the Cano Grande River. The stream, which in places is nearly 200 yards across, was diverted from its course for more than twelve hours. The river is a part of the Toro Amarillo River, and it is believed the upheaval threw the waters back into the mother stream.

The lack of water caused the death of great quantities of fish, crabs, and other water denizens. The river now is flowing again, but the stream is but half its former size. Meanwhile every available person for miles around, who is not engaged in repairing the wrecked buildings, has been put to work casting the dead fish back into the water. There was a serious epidemic at Los Canos about a year ago, and it is feared there will be another outbreak.

Several other earthquakes recently have been reported in Costa Rica. One in the Chiripo Mountains, supposed to have been caused by the volcano near the Toro Amarillo, was accompanied by frightful rumblings, but so far no damage of a serious nature is reported, except at Los Canos.

GITTINS BILL SEEMS DEAD.

Pastors Who Oppose Racing Doubt If It Will Come Up.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 28.—Legislative leaders said to-night that there was little prospect of a vote in the Assembly this year on the Gittins bill, relieving race-track directors from liability for gambling practised on the tracks without their knowledge.

Senator Gittins said he did not know whether or not there were votes enough to pass the bill. The Rev. O. R. Miller of the State Civic League, who, a week ago, expressed the fear that the bill would be passed, said to-day that the bill probably would not be brought before the House during the remaining days of the session.

Canon Chase of Brooklyn and the Rev. Dr. Walter Laidlaw, who have been active in support of anti-gambling legislation, were at the Capitol to-day, having been informed some time ago by Mr. Miller that an attempt would be made in the closing hours to rush the measure through the House. After consultation with some of the legislators they expressed the belief that the bill would not be passed.

The friends of the measure have not stopped their efforts in behalf of the amendment. Petitions from several counties, bearing many signatures, have been received by legislators urging the passage of the Gittins bill.

CRETA CREME HAND SOAP
For garage, shop, office, shaving and bath. —Adv.

SHERIFF TO STOP FLYING ON SUNDAY

Won't Permit It if Admission Fee Is Charged, He Announces, After Hearing from Gov. Dix.

NOT SO, SAYS WOODRUFF

Aviators Will Go Up as Scheduled, He Declares—Bishop Burgess States His Position.

The question of whether or not Timothy L. Woodruff and the aviators now at the Nassau Boulevard flying grounds may hold forth on Sunday under an arrangement calling for admission fees and prize money settled down yesterday to a controversy by letter, speeches, and telegraphic messages in which Gov. Dix, Bishop Burgess of the Episcopal diocese of Long Island, Canon Chase of Brooklyn, Sheriff Charles T. De Mott of Nassau County, and Mr. Woodruff were participants. With whom the victory finally will rest the day brought forth no very definite indication.

Bishop Burgess wrote a leter to Mr. Woodruff in reply to the letter delivered by aeroplane at the See House in Garden City on Wednesday, the letter plainly indicating that Mr. Woodruff's epistolatory defense of Sunday flights had not impressed Bishop Burgess and that his campaign to close the meet on Sunday would be pursued. Mr. Woodruff gave out a statement on receipt of Bishop Burgess's letter in which he said that no person need use up gasoline in an automobile or pay train fare on the railroad with the least doubt in his mind as to whether the money thus invested would be wasted. He said there would be flying on Sunday.

Gov. Dix, taking cognizance of a complaint filed with him by Canon Chase, sent a telegram to Sheriff De Mott reminding him of his obligations to enforce the law. Sheriff De Mott stated that he surely would see the law enforced, and that there would be no flying for prizes next Sunday at Nassau Boulevard, and no flying at all if there was money taken in at the gate before the exhibitions. Also he said there would be no violation of the excise law. He intimated that he was organizing a force of deputies to see that his orders were carried out.

Governor Warns Sheriff.

Gov. Dix, shortly arter Canon Chase had departed from the Capitol, sent this telegram to Sheriff De Mott:

> Residents of Nassau County have informed me that it is proposed to hold an aviation meet in your county on the first day of the week, Oct. 1, next, contrary to provisions of law. You are hereby directed to inform yourself in the premises and take steps to prevent violations of the law in that regard.

The contents of the Governor's telegram were repeated to Sheriff De Mott by a TIMES reporter last night.

"I have no apologies to offer," the Sheriff said, "for my failure to prevent the meet last Sunday. I received the letters complaining about the meet only a few hours before it was scheduled to open. There were very few men at my disposal, and I could not stop the meet by main force. Now it is different. I have time to call out the militia if I need it. There will be no flying for gate receipts and no flying for prizes on Sunday."

A rumor on the aviation grounds, which was strengthened by a speech made to a group of officials by Mr. Woodruff, was that the Sheriff's forces, who have been "well trained" in the race-track problems of law violations, will find a way to take action against the meet and yet not seriously hamper its progress.

Woodruff Sees a Way Out.

"Oh, yes," said Mr. Woodruff, "there will be efforts to stop the meet. I probably will be arrested. Perhaps an aviator or two will be arrested. But that need disturb nobody. The flying will not be interfered with, as both myself and the aviators will be immediately paroled.

"Then we can settle the matter after the meet is over. The contracts made with the aviators and the promises made to the public in our advertising both demand that the meet continue until after Sunday. I regard Bishop Burgess as a good man trying to do good in one direction, while I am trying to do good in another direction, and our efforts have come into conflict. I appreciate his expression in his letter that there is nothing personal in his feeling in the matter.

"I intend to be very careful to see that the Bishop and his congregation are not disturbed. No bombs will be fired into the air, and our aviators will not leave the grounds for any long flights."

The Bishop's Letter.

Bishop Burgess in his letter to Mr. Woodruff said:

> Let me correct any impression which may have been made on your mind or that of others as to any undervaluation on my part of the aeroplane and of the great scientific interest connected with its future.
>
> I am glad the United States is watching this developing, and I have never looked upon it, from the beginning, as a mere sport. Personally, however, I have not attended any of the public exhibitions for over a year. The last one I went to is deeply impressed upon my mind, as I saw one of the machines fall for more than a hundred feet, and, while the aviator was not killed, his escape from serious injury seemed miraculous. Since that time I have not regarded the competition of the aviators as a sport at all, and have been unwilling to pay money to witness such a risk of life.
>
> In regard to the question of the legality of these exhibitions of aviation upon Sunday, when an admission fee is charged to the aviation field, let me say that I am somewhat surprised at your statement that there is no law applicable to aviation. I am not a lawyer and never had the advantage of legal training. But I have, all my life, been a student of the English language, and in my mind the wording of Section 2,145 of Article 192 of the Statutes of the State of New York leaves no doubt as to its meaning.
>
> The words are: "All shooting, hunting, fishing, playing, horseracing, gaming or other public sports, exercises or shows, upon the first day of the week, and all noise disturbing the peace of the day are prohibited."
>
> While I should, if my judgment on legal matter were worth anything, entirely agree with Mr. Justice Gaynor in his statement that, "no crime exists which is not defined, expressly or by necessary implication," yet it is impossible for me to see how any candid person could fail to understand the intention of a law so plainly written. That it was intended to prevent just such shows as that on Sunday last in Garden City Estates seems to me to be a "necessary implication." And, while we do not expect our legislators at Albany to be endowed with prophetic power, nevertheless we do not on that account consider that an inventor or an exploiter of a new form of amusement or a new scientific pursuit can wilfully defy the law.
>
> Will you also forgive me if I express my surprise that one that has held positions in State affairs should so frankly acknowledge his intention to ignore the spirit if not the letter of the statutes of the State, and to escape responsibility by pleading a technicality? My protest against the Sunday exhibition of aviation and my observance of the law were made by me as President of the Corporation of the Cathedral of the Incarnation, which holds a large

Continued on Page 2.

TRIPOLI.

The Italian protectorate and its relation to the colonization of Africa authoritatively discussed in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

BRAIN SURGERY SAVES BALL PLAYER'S LIFE

Joseph Lazinsk, Whose Skull Was Fractured While Playing, Cured at Beth Israel Hospital.

WAS HIT BY A PITCHED BALL

Clot Removed and a Cut Artery Repaired in the Brain of Taftville Team's Crack Pitcher.

The town of Taftville, Conn., and all the fans of Eastern Connecticut rejoiced when Joseph Lazinsk, crack pitcher of the Eastern Connecticut League, who had been given up for dead after a fracture of the skull and injury to his brain on June 19, was discharged yesterday completely cured from the Beth Israel Hospital. By his cure it was said the hospital achieved a record in brain surgery, for Lazinsk entered the institution unconscious and pulseless, when a successful operation seemed impossible.

On Aug. 19 last the Taftville team was playing its rival from Dayville at the latter team's grounds. To win or lose the game would have put Taftville first in the league or keep Dayville there. Lazinsk, who had already struck out fourteen men and allowed no hit that day, was at the bat. The setting sun shone in his eyes and he raised his hand to adjust his cap just as Monty Shea, the Dayville pitcher, threw the ball. It hit Lazinsk squarely in the head and he dropped.

He was picked up stiff and motionless and apparently dead and taken to the Putnam Hospital, where physicians declared he had no chance, but out-of-town physicians who were consulted advised that he be removed to the Beth Israel Hospital in this city, where there is a special department in brain surgery in charge of eminent surgeons. Arrangements were made by telephone to have Lazinsk received there, and on Aug. 21 he was entered, apparently in a dying condition, suffering from a fracture of the skull and injury to the brain.

The unconscious man was taken at once to the operating room. His skull was trephined, and it was found that the skull had been fractured and that a piece of bone had cut the main artery that supplied his brain with blood, causing profuse hemorrhages. When the brain was exposed a large quantity of clotted blood was removed, the brain thoroughly cleansed, and the artery repaired.

As soon as the pressure on the brain was removed the patient began to give signs of recovery. Even then it was doubted by the physicians that he could recover, for meningitis had set in, but he continued to respond to treatment, and yesterday, to the gratification of the many baseball enthusiasts from up East who had visited the hospital daily, and to the pride of the surgeons, he was discharged from the hospital.

Lazinsk is 22 years old, and is the favorite pitcher of his league. His home is in this city, and in Winter is an actor known in the east side as an impersonator of Italian, Hebrew, and Irish characters. In the Eastern Connecticut League he holds a record of 27 games won out of 31 played.

Another patient at the Beth Israel Hospital, whose spinal column was broken and who was operated upon there recently, is said to be recovering. This case also is being watched by eminent surgeons throughout the country.

SUFFERS FOR FATHER'S CRIME

Daughter of Farmer-Slayer Pleads to Retain Her School Post.

Special to The New York Times.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Sept. 28.—Grace Poole, daughter of John W. Poole, the Benton County farmer accused of murdering Joseph Kemper, his employe, and burying the body, has faced an assemblage of taxpayers at Wheatfield, Ind., who want her discharged as a teacher in the public school there because of the notoriety the case has brought to her. She pleaded with them not to condemn her for something she had no more to do with than they.

The young woman, who is 22 years old, was just starting in a special course of training for teaching at Chicago University when her father's arrest and the sensation it created called her home. This is her second year in the Wheatfield schools. She was re-engaged by the Trustee for another year. When she returned two weeks ago to resume her teaching she found conditions changed.

A number of the patrons of the school insisted that she be discharged. The girl bore the attacks and the Trustee promised to stand by her. She pleaded that if she were discharged she would have no way of raising $500 needed for her father's defense. When she conducted her plea at the school meeting every person present shook hands with her and assured her that she would have their support.

GUARANTEES WIFE HER WAY.

To Do as She Pleases and Have All His Wages, Says Bridegroom's Bond.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Edward Matt, who to-day married Miss Gertrude Ellis, sought to avoid future domestic infelicity by filing with the County Recorder a guarantee to be as nearly the model husband as possible. The guarantee, signed and witnessed by a notary, promised:

"She may do as she pleases. She is free to go and come when she likes, to go with whom she chooses, and I will not be jealous. I will not go gunning for a fellow because he admires her beauty, and because she smiles when he speaks to her. I will not interfere with any of her plans.

"I will be kind and good to her. I will give her all my earnings, and it will be her privilege to do with my income as she likes, so long as she feeds me well.

"When we have a surplus, and it goes to the bank, I agree not to hold the keys. The checks may be signed by either of us. I agree to come home at a proper hour each night or give her a valid excuse.

"And I further agree that I will let her get a divorce if I fail to behave as a kind, loving, gentle, considerate husband should."

When the guarantee had been duly placed on record the couple sought a minister and were married.

HARRIMAN EMPLOYES AWAIT STRIKE ORDER

35,000 Shopmen to Walk Out When Leaders Decide on the Hour for Doing So.

ROADS READY FOR SIEGE

Workers Not Dissatisfied, but Insist on Their New Federation Being Recognized by the Companies.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 28.—Thirty-five thousand shopmen on the Harriman and Illinois Central Railroads are awaiting a strike order naming the hour at which they will lay down their tools and inaugurate a wide strike of railroad employes which may paralyze practically all railroad traffic in the United States.

Julius Kruttschnitt, Vice President of the Harriman lines, has thrown down the gauntlet to the unionists and is leading the railroad officials in the fight against the unions.

Three of the unions affiliated with the newly organized Federation of Shop Employes, which has the backing of the American Federation of Labor, have agreed to order the strike on Saturday morning. According to them, all plans for the walkout have been completed, and only the agreement in regard to naming the hour is wanting.

M. F. Ryan, International President of the Carmen's Union, who is in Kansas City, stated that within a week 75,000 railroad employes will be idle as a result of the walkout of the shopmen. With the clerks, freight handlers, and a few shopmen already out on the Illinois Central in the South, a strike of firemen on the Georgia & Florida Road, and the Missouri, Kansas & Texas carmen engaged in a struggle throughout the Southwest, the situation promises to extend to practically every large road in the country.

Vice President Kruttschnitt, who has virtually been made the head of the Union and Southern Pacific Roads, and who has moved his headquarters to New York, received a letter on Monday from the unions asking a conference with their representatives in Chicago to-day. Yesterday Mr. Kruttschnitt replied that he would not come to Chicago, as the companies which he represented had done all they were going to do in the matter. Mr. Kruttschnitt's telegram marks the end of the negotiations, and President Kline at once communicated with the other international officers of the various unions in Kansas city and in Davenport, Iowa, to precipitate the strike.

In his telegram to the unions Kruttschnitt said:

"If the essentials of admittedly fair and considerate treatment, the payment of the highest wages of any railroads in the territories served by our lines and the guaranty of hospital and generous pension benefits have not been sufficient to deter our shopmen from terminating agreements insuring these conditions, made from time to time in conference with their labor unions, and from spending four or five months in devising new issues and means to destroy existing harmonious relations, and if, moreover, such treatment is not sufficient to induce them to remain in our employ and to make them realize their duty to the public, I do not see that we can do anything more to convince them that they have no good reason to stop work or to prevent your giving approval and permission to them

Five unions will be affected directly by a strike order—the International Machinists, the blacksmiths and helpers, the boilermakers, the sheet metal workers, and the carmen. In addition, four allied trades—the steamfitters, painters, copper and brass workers, and clerks—may go out. All of these unions have stood in favor of a strike as an alternative of not getting recognition of the federation.

The strike vote was taken some months ago, but action was delayed, owing to the refusal of the machinists to lend their strength to the strike. This objection was removed in Davenport, Iowa, this week, when the machinists in convention voted to place all power to act in the hands of their international officers.

The shopmen will strike, they say, not because of any dissatisfaction with wages or conditions of labor, but to establish the newly organized Federation of Shop Employes as a means of negotiating disputes between employers and employes. The railroads refuse to recognize the federation, because they say it would mean practically placing all operating affairs in the hands of the federation, and would turn railroad management into chaos.

According to a statement at union headquarters here, the chief centres which will be affected are: Chicago, 5,000; Kansas City, Mo., 1,000; San Francisco, 1,000; Denver, 1,000; Sacramento, 3,500; Los Angeles, 2,000. On the Illinois Central lines 10,000 will go out.

The crafts affected, the union men say, include carmen, 12,000; machinists, 7,000; boilermakers, 3,000; blacksmiths, 2,000, and sheet metal workers, 1,000. In addition to these four allied trades expected to join the strike are the steamfitters, copper and brass workers, clerks, and painters, numbering 10,000 more.

According to a statement here, preparations have been made for a demonstration at Los Angeles when the order is received there, the proceeds to be used for the benefit of the McNamara trial fund. Arrangements have been made for a spectacular parade around the shops, followed by a moving picture machine. The pictures later will be displayed at union halls around the country.

J. W. Kline, President of the International Brotherhood of Blacksmiths and Helpers, said to-night:

"There are a few things that an American citizen doesn't have to stand for. Physical examination and personal record are two of them, both of which the railroads insist on. The physical examination is about the same a negro had to undergo. In their investigation of the personal record of prospective employes, which is a blacklist of the worst type, the companies make a genealogical research reaching back to the would-be worker's grandfather's grandfather.

"The position the railroads take is arbitrary. Mr. Kruttschnitt refers to good wages, the pension system, and other admirable things done by the Harriman lines. He says nothing, however, of the physical examinations, the personal record system, and the rank discrimination practiced.

"The roads weed out the older shopmen. The method is to transfer a man who has been in the service of the company for twenty years to another shop. He then begins to earn his seniority rights for the second time. The company contrives to lay him off soon in favor of a younger man who has been at the second shop a few months longer than the old employe.

"We have gone as far as we can with honor. The men will not recede. The matter of wages is an after consideration. They demand to deal with the roads as a unit and to treat with them on equal terms."

STRIKEBREAKERS SET UPON.

Mob Attacks Illinois Central Workers Under Guard at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 28.—Strikebreakers employed by the Illinois Central Railroad here were set upon by several hundred union sympathizers this evening as they were being escorted from the building by a police detail. Two strikebreakers were injured.

Several arrests were made. Strikebreakers were continually jeered and threatened by a large crowd.

PARDON FOR CAPT. HAINS.

Gov. Dix Said to Have Granted Clemency to Annis's Slayer.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 28.—Gov. Dix is expected within a few days to pardon Capt. Peter C. Hains, Jr., now serving a sentence in Sing Sing Prison for the murder of William Annis at the Bayside (Long Island) Yacht Club float in August, 1908. A petition for his pardon signed by eleven of the twelve men comprising the jury that convicted Capt. Hains has been presented to the Governor, and to-day Col. Asa Bird Gardiner in behalf of Peter Hains, Sr., filed considerable new evidence in the case with the Governor.

Gov. Dix this afternoon declined to state positively that he would pardon Capt. Hains, but to-night it was said he had decided to grant the application for clemency. Gov. Hughes and Gov. White each denied similar applications.

NEW MOROCCO PROPOSALS.

French Note Says Germany's Reply Requires Serious Examination.

PARIS, Sept. 28.—A semi-official note issued to-day says that the observations presented by the German Government upon the latest French proposals for a settlement of the Moroccan affair reached Paris this morning.

It is added that the reply includes new questions and maintains reservations which require serious examination.

PERSIAN REBELS ROUTED.

Brother of Deposed Shah Loses 400 Men Killed and 200 Captured.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 28.—A Teheran telegram says that according to Government dispatches a great battle was fought yesterday at Nebaran, fifty miles from Teheran.

Salar ed Dowleh, brother of the deposed Shah, lost 400 men killed and 200 captured, in addition to seven big guns.

He retired in the direction of Hamadan, to the west, the Government troops pursuing him.

CHAUFFEUR NEVINS GUILTY.

Manslaughter in Second Degree for Killing of Mallon.

Joseph Nevins, a chauffeur, of 734 Eighth Avenue, was found guilty of manslaughter in the second degree before Judge Crain in General Sessions yesterday after the jury had been out for half an hour. He was remanded until next Friday for sentence.

Nevins was convicted of running down and killing James E. Mallon of 25 Virginia Place, Brooklyn, a clerk in the Department of Health, on the night of June 7 while driving his automobile at the rate of thirty-eight miles an hour.

The principal witness against Nevins was William A. Brady, the theatrical man, who witnessed the accident. He said he took Mallon to the hospital in his automobile, and that Nevins was so intoxicated he could hardly walk.

Nevins took the stand in his own behalf and said that he had lost control of the brake on the automobile. Assistant District Attorney Bostwick on cross-examination made Nevins admit that he had been intoxicated.

FIRE SCARE AT THE BELASCO.

Smoke Drifts Into Theatre, Frightening Women for a Moment.

There was a slight fire scare at the Belasco Theatre yesterday afternoon, during the first act of "The Concert," that caused some disturbance in the audience that Janet Beecher, who plays the leading feminine role, aided in quieting. Workmen were putting a new tar roof on the building at 126 West Forty-fourth Street, next to the theatre, and some of the tar boiled over, making a lot of smoke, just at the end of the first act of "The Concert."

The ushers had started to open the doors, and the smoke sifted into the theatre from the east side and frightened some of the audience sitting in that part of the theatre. Thirty or forty women arose to make a hurried exit, when Miss Beecher, from the stage, and the detailed fireman, in the back of the house, saw what was happening. The actress and the firemen immediately told the audience that the smoke came from the outside. The frightened people were quieted, and the play was allowed to proceed.

SHIPPED WIFE WITH A TAG.

Mrs. Widener, on Way to Madison, N. J., Tries to Jump from Train.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 28.—Mrs. Katie Widener, wife of a laboring man of Red Bluff, Cal., on her way to Madison, N. J., was this morning taken from a Southern Pacific train at the local depot and transferred to the receiving hospital for medical care and nourishment.

Three times between this city and San Francisco the woman attempted to jump from the train, that she might return to her five children. She bore a tag and a railroad ticket, the tag stating that she was feeble-minded and was being sent to her sister, Mrs. Annie Ekart, 131 Greenwood Avenue, Madison, N. J. The tag asked trainmen to see that she was given assistance on the journey.

To the local authorities Mrs. Widener stated that she was not feeble-minded, that she had not been allowed to see her children for many months, and that when she last tried to see them her husband gave her a severe beating and then shipped her on her way East.

When it was suggested that her husband be communicated with the woman screamed and begged the nurses not to notify him.

PIN IN DESERTED BABY.

Cries Could Not Be Quieted Until a Knowing Policeman Came Along.

William Gorman, a ticket chopper employed on the uptown station of the Ninth Avenue elevated at Eighty-first Street, noticed a well-dressed woman about 35 years old walking up and down the platform last night carrying an infant in her arms. Then he saw her go into the women's waiting room. A few minutes later he saw her run from the waiting room and hurry on board a northbound train.

When the train had gone he heard a noise in the waiting room, and entering he found a baby, apparently about four months old, lying on one of the benches.

Gorman called a policeman and the child was taken to the West Sixty-eighth Street Station House. Cries of the baby increased until it became a problem how to keep it quiet until arrangements could be made to transfer it to Bellevue Hospital.

Several of the policemen did the best they could without effect until Policeman Quinn took up the baby and found a pin sticking in it.

After that the baby ceased to cry.

Latest Shipping News.

By Wireless—SS Victoria Luise, incoming from Hamburg, was reported 1,596 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8:06 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday morning.

DRINK FRESH PRESSED GRAPE JUICE.
We press it right in your sight.
H. T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 138 Fulton St., N. Y. —Adv.

ITALY TO ACT AT NOON TO-DAY

Ultimatum to Turkey Expires at That Hour—Porte Said to Have Refused Terms.

HOLY WAR IS THREATENED

Occupation of Tripoli May Result in an Upheaval Throughout the Mohammedan World.

100,000 ITALIANS IN PERIL

Turks Are Likely to Hold All Those in the Ottoman Dominions as Hostages.

BRITISH DENOUNCE ITALY

Papers Draw Attention to Terrible Consequences That May Follow Her Action.

POPE FAVORS THE STEP

But Hopes That Bloodshed Will Be Avoided—Italians Have Been Sending Arms to the Albanians.

Special Cables to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Sept. 29.—The ultimatum of Italy to Turkey was telegraphed to Constantinople from Rome on Tuesday night, but its actual delivery to the Grand Vizier was delayed until yesterday morning owing to the German attempt at mediation at the eleventh hour. Consequently the twenty-four hours' grace allowed to Turkey expires to-day (Friday) at noon.

In connection with a telegram, stating that ten Italian battleships and cruisers came in sight of the town of Tripoli yesterday, the significance of a Genoa telegram to The Times is, in view of the strict Italian censorship, apparent. It says:

"There is unmistakable evidence at this port of Italy's determination to undertake considerable military operations."

A telegram from Tripoli to The Daily Mail says:

"The precipitate flight of residents continues. Enormous crowds surround the Consulates of the different powers demanding protection, and the offices of the shipping companies are besieged. The fugitives are no longer only women and children. Persons of all ages, both sexes, and all nationalities are fleeing—Maltese, Greeks, French, Arabs, and Turks, business men and workmen.

"The panic is taking on extraordinary proportions. Persons whom one would never have suspected of fright are leaving, among them the oldest citizens and notabilities.

"The streets are deserted, the cafés, shops, and offices are closed, and business is at a standstill.

"A French steamer and a German steamer have got their fires up and are ready to leave. A French vessel left for Tunis this morning with ten European and three Jewish families. The Captain had to refuse passage to many persons."

Sir William Mitchell Ramsay, the celebrated historian and archaeologist, whose work and interests have made him a keen student of Turkish affairs, and who only recently returned from Turkey, where he made a close investigation of the new régime, in reply to an inquiry as to the probable effect of the Tripoli developments, has telegraphed to THE NEW YORK TIMES as follows:

War with a Christian nation must produce strong Moslem feeling. The Turks cannot fight except by reliance on fanaticism. No other strength is left to Turkey. The probable result would be massacres and the consequent obliteration of Turkey. Therefore war is unlikely.

In this connection, the following dispatch from Rome to The Daily Mail is of interest:

"It is foreseen here that Turkey will disregard the Italian ultimatum, but it is nevertheless, believed that the occupation of Tripoli by Italian troops will be accomplished without great difficulty, and that Turkey, after a show of resistance, will submit in the presence of an accomplished fact. In diplomatic circles it is firmly held that the occupation of Tripoli will not provoke any complications in the Near East and will not disturb the peace of Europe to any appreciable extent."

To Treat Italians as Hostages.

SALONIKA, Sept. 28.—After interviewing the chiefs of the Young Turkish Committee, I learn the following details in regard to the Tripoli crisis:

The Grand Vizier approached the British Ambassador at Constantinople and requested the assistance of Eng-

land, without success. The Turkish Government believed that Germany would intercede on its behalf and force Italy to renounce her intended annexation of Tripoli, the Turks on their part making some concessions.

Replying to a question as to their attitude in case of Italy's persistence, the Young Turks said that if they were forced to lose Tripoli they were prepared to sacrifice everything. They would commence a boycott so severe that Italy would never sell another ounce of goods here. Further, they would consider the landing of Italian troops as an act of war.

There are 100,000 Italians in Turkey whom the Young Turks would treat as hostages.

The Turks have called out the first-class reservists. The Turkish force at present in Tripoli numbers 24,000, plus a great horde of Arab volunteers.

Ultimatum Delivered.

ROME, Friday, Sept. 29.—A semi-official note announces that the Italian Chargé d'Affaires at Constantinople, Signor di Martino, accompanied by the First Dragoman of the embassy, called upon the Grand Vizier at 2:30 yesterday afternoon and presented Italy's ultimatum.

Twenty-four hours, ending to-day at noon, is the period within which the Turkish Government must reply to the demands set forth.

In the note Italy announces her intention of occupying Tripoli and Cyrene.

It is stated that if Turkey replies to the ultimatum before noon to-day it is possible that the occupation may be delayed another twenty-four hours, unless the reply is a flat refusal.

Economic concessions offered by Turkey at the eleventh hour are rejected by Italy, which announces its purpose to protect its interests and its dignity in its own way, relying no longer on Ottoman promises.

The communication, while leaving no opportunity for negotiation over the fact of occupation, is an ultimatum in that it demands that the Turkish Government reply within twenty-four hours with a declaration that it will not oppose the measures which Italy has adopted in order to effect a solution of the difficulty. In the absence of such a reply Italy will proceed immediately "with measures destined to assure the occupation."

The Minister of Foreign Affairs, the Marquis di San Giuliano, has sent the following telegram to the Italian Legations at Athens, Belgrade, Cettinjé, Sofia, and Bukharest, and also to the Italian Consulates in the Balkans:

The constant opposition of Turkey to all legitimate and economic activity on the part of Italians in Tripoli and Cyrene and the danger which surrounds our nationals at this moment compel the Royal Government to take grave measures that may give rise to a conflict between Italy and Turkey.

The Government has decided to solve the question of Tripoli in conformity with the interests and dignity of Italy, but in attaining that end rests its policy always upon maintaining the status quo territorially in the Balkan Peninsula and the consolidation of Turkey in Europe.

Italy's Case.

On Tuesday night the Marquis di San Giuliano addressed to Signor di Martino a note which read:

During a long series of years the Government of Italy never ceased to make representations to the Porte upon the absolute necessity of correcting the state of disorder to which the Government of Turkey had abandoned Tripoli and Cyrene. These regions should be admitted to the benefits of the progress realized by other parts of the Mediterranean and Africa.

This transformation, which is imposed by the general exigencies of civilization, constitutes for Italy a vital interest of the first order by reason of the slight distance separating these countries from the coasts of Italy. Notwithstanding the attitude taken by the Government of Italy, which has always accorded its loyal support to the Imperial Government in the different political questions of recent times; notwithstanding the moderation and patience shown by the Government of Italy, its views concerning Tripoli have been badly received by the Imperial Government, but, more than that, all enterprise on the part of Italians in the regions mentioned has been systematically opposed and unjustifiably crushed.

The Imperial Government, which up to the present time has shown constant hostility toward all legitimate activity in Tripoli and in Cyrene, has by an act at the last hour proposed to the Royal Government to come to an agreement, and has declared itself disposed to accord all the economic concessions compatible with the treaties in force and in accord with the dignity and superior interests of Turkey; but the Royal Government does not believe in measures taken at this hour, which resemble the negotiations of which it has had experience in the past, and which have demonstrated their futility, and which, far from constituting a guarantee for the future, would be themselves permanent causes of disagreement and conflict.

The Royal Government has received from its Consular agents in Tripoli and Cyrene information that the situation is extremely grave because of the prevailing agitation against Italian subjects, which is incited in evident fashion by officers and other functionaries of authority.

This agitation constitutes an imminent danger not only to Italian subjects, but to foreigners of all nationalities, which requires them for their own security to embark and leave Tripoli without delay.

The arrival at Tripoli of Ottoman military transports, which the Royal Government has not failed to observe, appears preliminary to serious events, aggravates the situation, and imposes on the Royal Government the obligation absolutely to prepare for the dangers which will result.

The Italian Government, having the intention henceforth to protect its interests and its dignity, has decided to proceed to the military occupation of Tripoli and Cyrene.

This solution is the only one that will give Italy power itself to decide and itself to attend to that which the Imperial Government does not do.

The Royal Government demands that the Imperial Government give orders that the actual Ottoman representatives shall not oppose the measures which will in consequence be necessary to effect this solution without difficulty. An ultimate agreement will be requested between the two Governments to regulate the definite situation which will arise.

The Royal Embassy at Constantinople is ordered to demand a decisive response on this subject from the Ottoman Government within twenty-four hours of the presentation to the Porte of the present document, in default of which the Italian Government will consider itself as being obliged to proceed immediately with measures destined to assure the occupation.

Ask in addition that the response of the Porte within the period of twenty-four hours shall be communicated also through the Turkish Embassy at Rome.

DI SAN GIULIANO.

Italian Press Unanimous.

The Italian press is unanimous in wholehearted approval of the ultimatum, which, it holds, clearly defines the situation and establishes a line of conduct to which Italy is now committed. The Tribuna says:

"The Italian Government has for a long time tried to settle the question by every diplomatic method, but without effect. Turkey now wakes up from a long sleep and offers concessions which come too late."

The Tribuna adds that in case of a conflict the Turkish residents in Italy will be allowed to remain in all security.

Turkish Refusal Reported.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 28, 9:45 P. M.—It is reported that the Turkish Government has decided to reject the Italian demands embodied in an ultimatum delivered to-day and has addressed an explanatory communication to the powers.

When it became known that Italy had granted a time limit of only twenty-four hours in which to enable the Turkish Government to instruct the authorities at Tripoli not to oppose an Italian landing there was consternation in public and official circles and strong denunciation of Italy's methods.

Italy, in her ultimatum, says she will accept only the immediate evacuation of Tripoli and Bengazi, a town 420 miles southeast of Tripoli City. The Italian Chargé presented the ultimatum at the usual weekly reception to the foreign representatives at the Foreign Office. The Grand Vizier immediately went to the palace, where the Ministers were summoned to a special council, which sat late.

Gen. Robilant, the Italian chief of the International Gendarmerie in Macedonia, and all the Italian officers in the Turkish service are starting to-day for Italy.

The Cabinet renewed its consideration of the situation at the Palace this morning. Secrecy was observed as to the deliberations, but it is evident that the replies of the powers to Turkey's appeal for intervention have produced the bitterest disappointment.

Although the precise nature of these replies has not been made public, the powers apparently expressed their inability to interfere.

The local newspapers have been told by the authorities to abstain from publishing anything of a nature to excite public feeling on pain of immediate suppression.

The leading papers of the capital, while guarding their utterances, make it plain that they favor resistance to the Italian demands. Some of them attack the Government for having placed too great reliance upon the friendship of Germany.

The newly appointed Governor of Tripoli, Bekirsamy Bey, is leaving here to-day for his post on the transport Sham, which is also taking a cargo of war material to Tripoli.

The Minister of the Interior to-day addressed the provincial authorities through a circular note in which he assured them that the Government was resolved to defend the national honor, adding: "For the moment no actual aggression has taken place, but Italy is apparently ready to take action at any moment."

The Tanin says that in view of the crisis Parliament has been convoked for the middle of October.

Turkey Will Declare War.

VIENNA, Sept. 28.—The Neue Freie Presse learns from an authoritative source that the moment Italy lands troops in Tripoli Turkey will declare war, expel all Italians from Turkey within twenty-four hours, abrogate the Capitulations and the commercial treaty with Italy, institute a boycott against Italian goods, and oppose by armed force any further attempts to land Italian troops on Turkish soil.

TRIPOLI, Sept. 28—6:15 P. M.—The Italian fleet is demonstrating off this port. It has not yet attempted to land men.

A cordon has been drawn along the coast to prevent the Turks from landing arms and men.

All last night Italian warships passed and repassed close in, throwing their searchlights on the town.

Five Italian battleships, one cruiser, and six destroyers arrived this afternoon, but did not anchor. They are still visible.

The greatest excitement prevails everywhere. Banks and business houses are closed. Trade is completely paralyzed. The Europeans who remain in Tripoli are gathered in groups in the streets.

Nearly all the Italians have sent their families away, the Consul giving free passage. The steamship Adria, with steam up, is kept here at the disposition of the Italian Consul.

The Turkish authorities are doing their utmost to maintain order, but there is an undercurrent of grave alarm. Turkish pickets are patrolling the town day and night.

The most threatening danger is that the Arabs may rise against the Italians who are still here. The departure of many Europeans has intensified the feeling of the Arabs against Italians.

Trading vessels lie in the roadstead, their cargoes undischarged. No native or foreign labor can be obtained, so threatening is the native population.

Probably the remaining members of the Italian colony will leave Tripoli to-morrow. At present they are gathered at the Consulate.

SFAX, Tunis, Sept. 28.—The steamer Rhône arrived here to-night loaded down with foreign residents of Tripoli. The officers say that when approaching Tripoli on Monday night an Italian destroyer closely scrutinized the Rhône by the aid of her searchlights. After the destroyer had made sure that the vessel was not a Turkish transport she steamed off.

The refugees aboard the Rhône say that they left Tripoli because of reports that the tribes in the interior are in a state of effervescence and are threatening to descend upon the city and massacre the Europeans and Jews.

German Peace Efforts Continue.

BERLIN, Sept. 28.—The Foreign Office states this evening that Germany is still doing her best to prevent a collision between Italy and Turkey.

The German Ambassador to Turkey, Baron Marschall von Bieberstein, has been able to report some success at Constantinople, and the German Foreign Office is confident that Italy will not refuse to negotiate on the merits of the case.

The chances for a satisfactory outcome of the negotiations, however, do not seem to be particularly brilliant. Turkey has been persuaded into making economic concessions, but political concessions, in view of the waning prestige of the Young Turk régime, would be almost suicidal.

Italy, on the other hand, has been too deeply engaged by her mobilization and other plans to accept a merely commercial position in Tripoli, and undoubtedly will present and insist upon political demands involving the control of Tripoli.

Germany apparently has been absolutely uninformed by her ally of the latter's steps regarding Tripoli. The statement that Italy had not presented a note at Constantinople, but had demanded that no Turkish reinforcements be sent to Tripoli, was given out by the press bureau of the Foreign Office at noon. Three hours later the newspapers received the text of the Italian announcement of the impending occupation.

English Press Denounces Italy.

LONDON, Friday, Sept. 29.—It was stated here last night that Turkey had already sent her reply to Italy's ultimatum. She expressed willingness to give prompt consideration to Italy's grievances as soon as she was made acquainted with them, but declared that it would be impossible to grant concessions incompatible with the Sultan's soverign rights and Turkey's treaty obligations.

It is understood that the Turkish Ambassador to Great Britain, Tewfik Pasha, on Tuesday informed the British Foreign Office that the landing of a single Italian soldier in Tripoli would be treated as a casus belli. He also begged the British Government to use its good offices to bring about a settlement.

The Right Hon. Sir Arthur Nicolson, Permanent Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, it is further understood, replied that the Government would be unable to interfere, as British interests were not involved. It is expected, however, that Sir Edward Grey will receive Tewfik Pasha to-day, when the question of mediation may be reopened.

The British press denounces Italy's action in unmeasured terms, asserting that Italy's ultimatum sets forth no sufficient reason for a step which Turkey can regard only as an act of war. The general view expressed is that Italy is evidently bent upon forcibly seizing the Tripoli coast, and has ruled diplomacy out of court by her precipitate action, which gives Turkey no chance to negotiate terms.

The Standard in an editorial article declares that the Barbary corsairs had a similar conception of ethics and international rights.

The papers also charge the Italian Government with cynical recklessness, because its action may have deplorable consequences, affecting all the powers having Moslem subjects in Africa and Asia, besides the likelihood of reopening the Balkan complication.

It is suggested that war between Italy and Turkey might be followed by the preaching of a Moslem holy war against the Christians, and possibly by Turkey seizing Thessaly, which might entail a European war and consequences as serious for Italy herself as for other powers.

A dispatch to The Daily Chronicle from Constantinople says that the German Ambassador, Baron Marschall von Bieberstein, yesterday handed to the Sultan an autograph letter from the German Emperor promising every support with a view to a peaceful settlement.

The powers, says the dispatch, have notified the Porte that they are unable to interfere. This has caused a feeling of bitter disappointment. In the event of a rupture, assurances have been given that Great Britain will undertake to safeguard Italian interests in Turkey. Although the Turkish Government is doing its utmost to allay excitement, an outburst of Moslem fanaticism is feared. It is rumored that some of the Italian houses have been marked with a view to ultimate reprisals.

Prof. Richard Norton, son of the late Charles Eliot Norton, who is Director of the American archaeological mission at Cyrene and is about to return to Italy, said in an interview:

"The Italians will have a difficult task in the occupation of Tripoli. It will be practically impossible for them to seize anything beyond the coast towns, the bombardment of which will do no great harm, as they are composed of huts.

"There are no roads in the interior and there is very little water, and it would be almost impossible for Italian troops to advance into the interior against an enemy accustomed to the country. There are thousands of Arabs, born fighters, ready to assist the Turks, and the combined forces would be likely to give the Italians a surprise."

Prof. Norton considers a point of great interest for England is the existence of a magnificent natural harbor at the end of the coast next to Egypt. This is now unoccupied, and it is the only harbor on the coast. If Italy occupies Tripoli its future would be a matter of vital importance.

Italy Sent Arms to Albania.

PARIS, Friday, Sept. 29.—A dispatch to the Temps from Tripoli says that the Turkish transport Derna, which arrived there on Tuesday, carried 20,000 Mauser rifles and 2,000,000 cartridges; that three other transports are awaited, and that Turgut Shefket Pasha, who because of his alleged cruelty was recently recalled from the chief command of the Turkish troops in Albania, is expected at Tripoli.

The correspondent of the Temps at Constantinople telegraphs that he learns from a sure source that great quantities of arms have gone into Albania from Italy during recent months.

A diplomat well acquainted with Tripoli declares that if Turkey decides to resist Italy will by no means have an easy task. It is true, he says, that Tripoli, which is not mapped, does not possess roads or fortifications, and her people are armed only with obsolete guns, but the whole fanatical population would rise against the invaders.

The diplomat is of the opinion that the Turks would retire to the mountains and arm the Arabs and would then wage a guerrilla warfare, which would prove costly both in lives and material to the Italians and could be kept up for an indefinite time.

Enthusiasm in Rome.

CHIASSO, Sept. 28.—A dispatch late to-night from Rome says that great excitement prevails there over the ultimatum to Turkey, the time limit of which will expire early to-morrow. The majority of Italians do not expect that Turkey will comply with the demands, in which case the squadrons at Taranto and Agosta will join the fleet at Tripoli.

According to this dispatch a report is in circulation in Rome that the occupation will be ordered at 2 o'clock to-morrow (Friday) morning if a satisfactory answer from Turkey has not been received by then. Crowds that gathered in the streets prepared to spend a sleepless night.

At Taranto and Agosta, where the squadrons are lying, and at Naples and Genoa, whence the transports with the troops will start, there were evidences to-night of preparations for early departure. All dispatches reaching here from Rome indicate that the energetic action of the Government in the Tripoli affair is causing manifestations of patriotism everywhere. This is especially so in the large cities, where demonstrations have been held and the army has been acclaimed. The Italian people are anxious for the early occupation of Tripoli, which, they believe, will end Turkish misrule. In addition, it is felt that Tripoli under the present administration is a constant incitement to international complications.

At Taranto the sailing on the cruiser Vettor Pisani of the Duke of the Abruzzi created great enthusiasm, and the crowd shouted "Long live the house of Savoy!"

Pope Favors Italy's Plans.

The Pope is showing great interest in the preparations for the expedition, and has ordered a propaganda for the purpose of instructing the missionaries to use their influence in favor of the Italian plans, considering these plans as offering advantages for the spread of Catholicism in North Africa, but he hopes that success will be attained by Italy without the shedding of blood.

King Victor Emmanuel has received a message from the Turkish mission which visited him not long ago at Racconigi to offer congratulations to him on the jubilee of Italian unity. The members of the mission ask his Majesty to intervene on behalf of peaceful relations between the two countries.

Russian Rebuff to Turkey.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 28.—Turkey has made an appeal to Russia, in which she sets forth the action taken by Italy, and asks what Russia's attitude is in the present situation.

The Foreign Office to-day replied that Russia had nothing to say on the subject, as Tripoli solely concerned Turkey and Italy.

LEVY ELECTION LAW UPHELD ON APPEAL

Appellate Division Reverses Justice Gavegan and Case Now Goes to Highest State Court.

JUSTICE CLARKE DISSENTS

Says Provision Is Plainly Intended to Prevent or Hamper Fusion and Should Not Be Sustained.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court handed down a decision yesterday declaring the Levy amendment to the election laws to be constitutional, thus reversing the decision of Justice Gavegan. The majority opinion was written by Presiding Justice Ingraham and was concurred in by Justices McLoughlin, Miller, and Dowling. Justice Clarke wrote a dissenting opinion, voting to confirm the decision of the lower court. The case will now go to the Court of Appeals.

The appeal on which the decision was rendered was taken by the Board of Elections of the city and the Democratic State Committee from a decision of Justice Gavegan in Special Term of the Supreme Court in the action brought by John J. Hopper and the Independence League, and in which the New York County Republican Committee was made a party, to have the new law declared unconstitutional on the ground that it would destroy independent party representation on the ballot.

Justice Ingraham wrote in part:

"By amendment of Section 331 of the election law a change was made so that the name of no candidate for any elective office should appear more than once upon the official ballot.

"It would seem that this is merely a regulation as to the form of the ballot and the position upon the ballot of the name of a candidate for the office which is to be filled at the election. It leaves each political party unrestricted power of nomination; gives to an elector the unrestricted and unimpaired power to vote for any person he chooses for the office to be filled, and gives to each aspirant for the office the right to have his name printed upon the ballot as a candidate of any party or independent body for any office to which he aspires if he obtains a nomination by either a political party or an independent body of citizens.

"It imposes upon an elector the obligation to mark the name of the candidate for whom he desires to vote upon that portion of the ballot where it is printed. It certainly cannot be assumed that the electors are so little concerned with the persons whom they desire to elect to office that they will not take the trouble to look through the ballot and pick out the names of the candidates for whom they desire to vote.

"In determining the questions as to the validity of this provision of the election law we have nothing to do with the policy of the law, or whether, in our opinion, the legislation is beneficent or not.

"To declare an act of the Legislature void or violating a constitutional provision it is essential that the act of the Legislature should be in violation of some specific provision of the Constitution."

Sees No Violation of Constitution.

After quoting the various sections of the Constitution applicable to elections, and which determine the qualifications of voters, the decision goes on:

"I can see nothing in any of these provisions of the Constitution that is violated by this provision in question. The only reference to the method by which the electors are to express their choice is that contained in Section 5 of the article, and that would seem to leave the question entirely to the Legislature with but one qualification—that secrecy in voting must be preserved. It is not claimed that the adoption of this system would tend to violate this mandate. The statute in question provides for what the Legislature assumed to be the proper grouping of the names of the candidates upon the ballot. There is no provision that in the slightest degree restricts the power of any political party or independent body to nominate any person as a candidate for any office, and the name of a person nominated appears on the ballot as the nominee of the party or body nominating him. There is no provision which in any way restricts the right of any elector to vote for any person for office. What the act does is to regulate the form of the ballot and the position in which the names of the candidates for office shall appear."

Referring to the claim of the respondents that the provision violates Section 1 of Article I. of the Constitution in that it deprives citizens of their rights or privileges, the decision says:

"I can see no way in which this section of the election law as amended in any way deprives any person of any right or privilege to which he is entitled. No person certainly is prevented from voting for any candidate for office."

Regarding the decision in the Callahan case, (200 N. Y. 59,) in which it was held that a provision of a statute which forbade a committee of any party or independent body authorized either to make nominations or to fill vacancies to nominate a candidate of another party or independent body for the same office, violated the Constitution of the State, Justice Ingraham says:

"The question in this case is so entirely different that I do not think the decision of the question there presented or the discussion in the opinions of the court have any relevancy upon this appeal."

The decision then goes on:

"The decisions of the courts of several other States are cited by counsel for both parties, but such examination as I have been able to make has satisfied me that they throw little light upon the concrete question here presented, and the necessity of an early decision in this case prevents a more extended discussion of the question. My conclusion, therefore, is that this section of the election law, as amended by the act of 1911, is not in violation of any provision of the Constitution, and that the relator was not entitled to a mandamus."

The Dissenting Opinion.

In his dissenting opinion Justice Clarke, referring to the Callahan case, cites the opinion of Chief Judge Cullen therein, and adds:

"In that case the statute condemned as unconstitutional was Section 136 of the election law, which provided 'where no nomination shall have been originally made by a political party or an independent body for an office, or when a vacancy shall exist, it shall not be lawful for any committee of such party or independent body authorized to make nominations or to fill vacancies, to nominate or substitute the name of a candidate of another party or independent body for such office, it being the intention of this chapter that when a candidate of one party is nominated and placed on the ticket of another party or independent body, such nomination must be made at the time and in the manner provided for making original nominations by such party or independent body.'"

Justice Clarke points out that in this case three candidates for Justice of the Supreme Court had been nominated by the Republican Party, and that subsequently the same candidates had been nominated by the Independence League, and that objections to the certificate of nomination were filed with the Secretary of State, and he continues:

"It will be seen that the names of these candidates would have appeared upon the official ballot in the ticket of the Republican Party, and any elector desiring to vote for them would have had the opportunity to so vote by marking the voting space opposite these names upon said ticket. They had been nominated by the Independence League and as candidates of said league their election could have been advocated by said league and its adherents instructed how to cast their votes for them. But the right to nominate was held so important, the right to appear upon the ticket of the Independence League so essential, that a statute denying said right was held void.

"It seems to me that the reasoning of the opinion cited applies to the matter at bar. The fact is plain that the Legislative provision is solely intended to prevent political combinations and fusions, and this is the very thing that I insist there is no right to prevent or hamper.

"Political parties are recognized in the Constitution, Article II., Section 6. They are recognized in the election laws. The official ballot itself is not the Massachusetts form, where all candidates are grouped under the title of the respective offices, but provides for separate party tickets, for convenience spread side by side on one piece of paper. Heretofore all candidates of the party appeared upon the ticket of the party. By the law in question, if fusion exists, this is not so. A party ticket is not complete. An elector desiring to vote the whole ticket must grope his way through a large ballot to find his party's nominee.

"He may not notice the words, 'See column,' which are to be printed in the same type as the names of candidates and so vote it as a complete ticket. There is no nomination, for the candidate's name does not appear where it should upon his party ticket, but upon some other. As the purpose of the law is obvious, I think this matter is controlled in principle by the Callahan case, supra.

"I dissent and vote to affirm the order appealed from."

SHERIFF TO STOP FLYING ON SUNDAY

Continued from Page 1.

amount of real estate in Garden City. Not only do we have a cathedral whose services are liable to be disturbed by the aviators, but we carry on a large and important educational work which carries large responsibilities.

St. Paul's School, during the last four years, has already increased, and has gained a fine reputation among those who are interested in secondary education. We were a number of years ago threatened with a racetrack in our very midst, but Albany passed a bill which prevented us from being thus hampered in our work. I felt, therefore, justified in appealing to the laws of the State in regard to this matter.

Any one who is familiar with the internal government of a large school and knows the secrets of boys' natures will appreciate my solicitude in the matter of Sunday observance. I am by no means Puritanical in my ideas, but I do not wish to see the laws of the State of New York disregarded and the quiet of the first day of the week destroyed. I realize that behind that law must stand the will of the people, and I am watching with some interest to see the issue.

Whatever may be said in the papers, I wish you would understand that I am not a prosecutor, and that I intend to use only my moral influence to prevent the exhibitions on Sunday.

May I express the pleasure which it will be to me at any time to receive a letter from you, either by aeroplane or in the ordinary way, or to discuss the matter with you in personal interview? But may I also suggest that our intercourse be of a personal nature, and not made known to the press or to the public?

WHITE'S 20-MILE RACE.

Hammond Wins Passenger-Carrying Event—Lieut. Milling a Victor.

There was action aplenty in yesterday's events, something doing all the while, and the prizes were a little more split up among the contestants than had been the case up to that time.

The army entrants came in for their share of the financial trophies when Capt. Beck gave his airwash to his opponents in the ten-mile passenger-carrying race for biplanes, and later when Lieut. Milling took down first money in the alighting contest, although he very nearly put his machine out of business in the doing.

As has been the case since the opening of the meet, there has been none to give real battle to the wonderful Nieuport and Bleriot monoplanes of Grahame-White and Sopwith, with the result that they won as they pleased.

The opening heat of the first event, a 10-mile passenger-carrying race with heats at five miles, attracted Lee Hammond and Lieut. Milling. With C. Peoli as his companion Hammond found little trouble in annexing the right to start in the final, as he accomplished the required four laps in 7:31.2-5, with Milling's time 10:15 4-5.

In the second heat Capt. Paul W. Beck of the army gave a most acceptable demonstration of speedwork, some beautiful flying resulting when he virtually spread-eagled Tom Sopwith, his opponent. Beck's pace was particularly noticeable, even to the uninitiated, but proved surprising when the time, 6:50 1-5, was announced. During his entire flight Beck was at an altitude of 200 feet, Sopwith going to the other extreme by grass-cutting during the entire distance, with his elapsed time 8:10 1-5.

Lieut. Arnold and Lieut. Ellyson were the opponents in the concluding heat. After one circuit of the field Arnold quit the contest. Ellyson cut around the pylons cleverly and nearly equaled Capt. Beck's performance by covering the distance in 6:51 3-5.

Lieut. Ellyson was the first away in the final heat, which called for ten miles. He apparently got away in good shape, but failure to lift his machine over the bumps of the rough field caused it to lay over on the lower left plane just as he was about to rise. This shock tilted the biplane over to the right wing, and in the next moment the front of the machine stuck its nose into the ground so abruptly that both Lieut. Ellyson and Harry Hall, his passenger, were thrown from their seats, but they escaped injury. The biplane, however, was put out of commission and dragged to the hangar.

This left Capt. Beck and Lee Hammond as the contestants for the $600 and $300, the first and second money awards. Hammond was going great guns from his second lap on, and seemed certain to win, but at the end of his seventh lap, with but one to go, he was compelled to alight because of engine trouble. This warranted an easy victory for Capt. Beck, who covered the ten miles in 12:41, with the best individual circuit, the seventh, being clocked in 1:30.

In the alighting contest, the purpose of which was to bring the machine nearest to a given mark, Lieut. Milling proved to be the best judge of distance, landing within 11 feet of the line, and incidentally breaking his radiator.

He had the biplane under good control twenty feet from the line, when it hit a mound, jumping six feet high. Eleven feet beyond the line it stopped dead, and the army officer leaped out from a dense volume of black smoke which resulted from the mishap to the radiator.

Sopwith managed to corral second money by stopping 30 feet 2 inches beyond the mark, while Capt. Beck took the third prize with 52 feet.

Grahame-White and Sopwith, as usual, had the cross-country monoplane race to themselves, finishing as named, in 16:22 4-5 and 17:47. George W. Dyott in his Deperdussin machine started in the race, but had not finished by the time of completing the day's programme.

The distance was approximately twenty miles, being from the aviation field to Belmont Park, to Mineola, to Belmont Park, and back to the starting point. The summaries:

Passenger-Carrying Race for Biplanes, Heats of Five Miles, Final of Ten Miles.—First Heat—Won by Lee Hammond, (Curtiss-Baldwin,) C. Peoli passenger, time—7:31 2-5; Lieut. Milling, (Burgess-Wright,) J. C. Redding passenger, second, time—10:15 4-5. Second Heat—Won by Capt. Paul W. Beck, (Burgess-Wright,) E. A. Smith passenger, time—6:50 1-5; Tom Sopwith, (Burgess-Wright,) Irving Twombly passenger, second, time—8:10 1-5. Third Heat—Won by Lieut. T. E. Ellyson, U. S. N., (Burgess-Wright,) Harry Hall passenger, time—6:51 3-5. Final Heat—Won by Capt. Paul W. Beck, U. S. A. (Burgess-Wright,) time—12:41. Others stopped.

Alighting Contest, Open to All Types of Aeroplanes.—Won by Lieut. T. De Witt Milling, U. S. A., (Burgess-Wright,) with distance of 11 feet from mark; Tom Sopwith, (Burgess-Wright,) second, with 30 feet 2 inches; Capt. Paul W. Beck, U. S. A., (Burgess-Wright,) third, with 52 feet. Lieut. M. H. Arnold, U. S. A., also started.

Cross-Country Race, Twenty Miles, for Monoplanes.—Won by Claude Grahame-White, (Nieuport,) time—16:22 2-5; Tom Sopwith, (Bleriot,) second, time—17:47. George W. Dyott, (Deperdussin,) did not finish.

Programme for To-day.

2:30 P. M.—Speed contest for biplanes. Five miles (4 laps) for boats. Ten miles (8 laps) for final. First prize, $600; second, $300; third, $100.

4:15 P. M.—Starting contests. Open to all types of aeroplanes. First, $300; second, $150; third, $50.

4:45 P. M.—Bomb throwing contest. Open to all types of aeroplanes. Missiles to be thrown by passengers or pilots. First prize, $200; second, $150; third, $50.

5:15 P. M.—Cross-country race for monoplanes. Course to be announced. First prize, $600; second, $300; third, $100.

Exhibition flights by women pilots. Hour to be announced from the field.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

IMPROVED SERVICE FROM DOWNTOWN NEW YORK.

On October 1 through service will be established by the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad, in connection with the Pennsylvania Railroad, between Hudson Terminal, Church and Cortlandt Streets, New York, and Manhattan Transfer, near Newark, where direct connections will be made with through trains to Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and the South; Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Chicago, and St. Louis.

This will enable passengers from the financial and downtown business district of New York to connect from Hudson Terminal with through trains of the Pennsylvania Railroad, with only one change, at Manhattan Transfer. The time between Hudson Terminal and Manhattan Transfer will be only sixteen minutes.

With through trains from the Pennsylvania Station, one block from Broadway at 32d Street, and direct connections from Hudson Terminal, all sections of New York will be conveniently served by the Pennsylvania Railroad's ample service.

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Edited by Graumash

OVER the "big wet" there's a polite furore for *Grayish* and *Bluish* Stuffs—"glowworm" colors that criss-cross and interblend. Stein-Bloch, who *never* sticks his foot in another's track, shows his coattails to them all in the marvelous *"life"* colors of his Autumn Lounge Suits.

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DIX ADVISES REPEAL OF THE BOXING LAW

Will Send Message to Legislature Saying It Has Failed to Elevate the Sport.

QUICK ACTION UNLIKELY

Frawley, the Law's Sponsor, Not Yet Convinced That Fair Trial Will Not Vindicate Measure.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 28.—Gov. Dix will send to the Legislature to-morrow a special message urging the prompt repeal of the Frawley law, under which the State Athletic Commission was created to legalize boxing and other athletic exhibitions in this State. Following a conference with Senator Frawley, sponsor for the new law, the Governor announced his intention to recommend its repeal.

The Governor said to-night that he approved the Frawley bill because he believed that a proper regulation of sports under State supervision would tend to elevate them. He now feels convinced that the law has not operated to accomplish that purpose. He said that Senator Frawley agreed with him that it had not come up to his expectations, and if he could be convinced that its repeal was advisable he would not oppose legislation looking to that end.

Considerable doubt was expressed to-night as to whether favorable action would be taken on the Governor's recommendation at this session of the Legislature, in view of the determination of the legislative leaders to adjourn sine die by to-morrow night or Saturday at the latest. In fact, many of the leaders expressed the opinion that action on the recommendation should be deferred until the next session. They contend that the law has not had a fair and thorough test in the short time it has been in operation.

Senator Frawley was among those who believed that such a course should be followed. "I believe," he said, "that the law has not been given a fair trial as yet, and that we should not attempt to repeal it at this time. Nothing will be lost by deferring action until next January. I told the Governor that while the operation of the law had not been as satisfactory as I would like to have had it, yet I believe this condition was due to difference of opinion among the two State Athletic Commissioners. It is true that I told him that if it was shown to me that the new law would not eventually accomplish what it was intended to do I would not oppose legislation for its repeal. I have not yet been convinced that it will not elevate the sport."

Assemblyman Aaron J. Levy, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, to which the Governor's message will probably be referred, vigorously declared himself as opposed to the repeal of the law at this time. "This is an important proposition," said he, "and we should proceed with due deliberation. It will be impossible to give this matter the careful consideration it deserves between now and the time the Legislature will adjourn. For that reason I believe we should postpone action until the next session of the Legislature."

Mr. Levy is attorney for the Madison Square Athletic Club, whose license under its lease of the Garden has been revoked by the State Athletic Commission. It is believed the dispute over this matter contributed largely to the Governor's determination to recommend the repeal of the law.

NO MORE FIGHTS IN GARDEN.

Boxing Commission Revokes License of Madison Square Athletic Club.

The State Athletic Commission held a short meeting yesterday afternoon at the commission's headquarters, 41 Park Row, and the recent intervention of Gov. Dix was apparent. For the first time in more than three weeks the commission was not divided against itself and business was transacted. The license of the Madison Square A. C. was revoked. Licenses were granted to the National Sporting Club, the Empire Athletic Club, and the East Avenue A. C., and nine referees were appointed.

The meeting was attended by Commissioners Frank O'Neil and John J. Dixon and Secretary Charles Harvey. The question of revoking the Madison Square A. C. license was the first to be considered, and there was no opposition. Commissioner Dixon, whose fight for the club and against his colleague, Commissioner O'Neil, has given the case widespread publicity, voted in favor of revocation, explaining his change of position as being due to a recent conference with Gov. Dix, at which time the Governor expressed his opinion that the lease was invalid. The club was not represented at the meeting by managers or counsel.

It is expected that A. J. Levy, counsel for P. T. Powers, President of the Madison Square A. C., will take the case to the courts for a review of the commission's finding, as is permitted by the Frawley law. He is expected to apply for a writ of certiorari to act as a stay until the suit is settled or apply for an injunction to restrain the commission from putting their ruling into effect. If the court should make an injunction permanent, pending final decision in the case, it would enable the club to continue, it is said, for several months, as the case could be carried through the Appellate Division and the Court of Appeals. Attorney Levy, who is also an Assemblyman, was in Albany yesterday, and it was said that he would probably take some action to-day. According to the Frawley law the club is allowed thirty days in which to take an appeal.

Thomas O'Rourke, manager of the National Sporting Club, whose license was revoked last week because of an irregular lease, appeared before the commission yesterday with a new lease and applied for a new license. As the new lease complied with all the requirements of the law the license was granted. The club will conduct bouts as formerly at the old Amsterdam Theatre on West Forty-fourth Street. The new lease gives the club complete control of the building, and the terms are said to be $18,000 annually.

A license was granted to the Empire Athletic Club, which will hold bouts at the Manhattan Casino, 155th Street and Eighth Avenue. A license was also granted to the East Avenue Athletic Club, an organization in Long Island City.

Nine more referees were appointed. Among the number were William H. Rothwell, known as Young Corbett, the former featherweight champion, and Caspar Leon, a noted boxer of a few years ago. Other licenses were granted to August Mauch, M. J. McMahon, John H. Cummings, and John J. Regan of Brooklyn; Harry Peterson of Staten Island, and Marvin Smith of Buffalo.

James E. Sullivan, who recently resigned as Chairman of the commission, came to this city yesterday from his home in Huntington, L. I., for the first time since his injury in a railroad wreck in the West. He did not go to the commission's office, and stated that under no consideration would he reconsider his resignation. Gov. Dix has been holding up the appointment of a successor to Mr. Sullivan until he could have an interview with the latter, for the purpose of trying to persuade him to reconsider his action.

ASSEMBLY PASSES CITY CHARTER BILL

Continued from Page 1.

exciting. When the debate was at an end and the previous question had been moved the Speaker ordered the clerk to call the roll for the purpose of ascertaining the absentees. It was discovered that Assemblyman James E. Fay, a Brooklyn Democrat, was not in the Assembly Chamber. The sergeant-at-arms was directed to go out and bring in Mr. Fay, who had been seen about the legislative halls earlier in the day. Meantime the roll-call was suspended for 45 minutes, at the end of which Mr. Fay was escorted into the Assembly Chamber. When the vote was taken Mr. Fay, Speaker Frisbie, and Assemblyman James S. Dawson of Erie—the latter also a Democrat—failed to respond on the first roll-call. When the names of the absentees were called all three voted in the affirmative, Speaker Frisbie declaring from the rostrum, in explaining his vote, that he voted for the Cullen-Foley Charter bill because it carried out a pledge made in the Democratic platform which had promised to New York City a new charter providing for the greatest possible measure of home rule, and because he considered the bill "the best human minds could devise."

The leaders had figured that Speaker Frisbie's vote was the seventy-sixth—and that the Charter bill had passed. A ripple of applause from the Democratic side sw

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ARRESTED AS LEADER OF KIDNAPPING GANG

Police Say Prisoner Is the Man Who Held the Scimeca, Quatrone and Sabella Boys for Ransom.

WERE A YEAR ON HIS TRAIL

Man Who Said He Was Vito Micelli, Arrested on the East Side, Had a Revolver and Much Jewelry.

Three Italian detectives attached to Police Headquarters arrested a man at Norfolk and Delancey Streets last night. They charged him with being a suspicious character, and said they had been searching for him for more than a year in the belief that he was the head of the band of kidnappers which held the Scimeca, Quatrone, and Sabella boys for ransom.

The three detectives, who were dressed in rough clothes, with several days' growth of beard like typical Italian laborers, were Carrao, Costano, and Dondero, captors of Costabile and Rizzo. The man they arrested was attired in a neatly tailored gray suit, wore an expensive necktie, natty brown shoes, and a fuzzy green hat. His hair was brown, as was his side whiskers and mustache. The detectives searched him quickly and found a revolver, fully loaded, in his right-hand coat pocket.

The prisoner said he was Vito Micelli, 20 years old, of 167 Christie Street. On the way to Headquarters he professed to be unable to talk English, but when he was lined up in the Detective Bureau and a revolver was placed on the bar he exclaimed:

"That revolver was not on me when I was arrested."

His remark was greeted with a loud laugh, and Inspector Hughes, in charge of the bureau, said:

"I have the most conclusive evidence that this is the man who took away the Scimeca boy. We have witnesses who will swear they saw him take the Scimeca boy away. We know that he is implicated in the Quatrone and Sabella kidnappings. But even if he frees himself from these charges we will have him sent to Sing Sing for the longest possible term for carrying concealed weapons and then we will have him deported."

Old-timers at Headquarters identified the prisoner as a graduate of the Elmira Reformatory, and his picture was quickly found in the Rogues' Gallery. Detective Wertheim recognized the prisoner as a man he had caught robbing a flat in Forsyth Street, for which crime he was sent to Elmira.

Inspector Hughes then told the story of the long pursuit of the prisoner, which began after the kidnapping of the Scimeca boy was reported. The chase led to and from Europe and about this State. The Inspector said that the police had conclusive evidence three days before the Scimeca boy was returned that Micelli, who is known also as Pietro Pallazolo and Pedro Maller, was the kidnapper, but that a council of detectives had been so sure they were close to the boy's hiding place it had been decided to postpone the arrest until he was recovered.

Learning of this, the boy was returned and Pallazolo escaped to Europe. This was in October, 1910. The Italian police were notified, and Pallazolo was located in his native Palermo. He was under the surveillance of the Italian authorities in all his movements about Italy, and in January last the police here were informed that he was on his way here. A watch was set on this side of the ocean, but Pallazolo entered the United States by way of Canada, and he was first reported in this country at Buffalo. He moved to Westchester County, but his trail was lost in Mamaroneck.

After the kidnapping of the Sabella boy Inspector Hughes got word that Pallazolo had been seen in Brooklyn, and he ordered Costano, Carrao, and Dondero to seek him there. It was while the three were looking for Pallazolo in Manhattan that they arrested Costabile, the bomb-maker, with a bomb under his coat, and found Rizzo, the bomb thrower, in the act of setting off a bomb in a tenement.

When searched at Headquarters Pallazolo had $100 in cash, a gold watch and locket, two diamond rings, a diamond stud, and a signet ring. Inspector Hughes said he hoped to prove that some of the jewelry had been given to the prisoner as part payment of ransoms. The Scimeca and Sabella boys will be taken to Headquarters to-day to identify the prisoner.

Michele, the three-year-old son of Dr. Mariano Scimeca of 2 Prince Street, was kidnapped on June 23, 1910. He was returned mysteriously on Sept. 9, after the police say, a ransom of $1,750 had been paid, of which, they declare, the prisoner got $1,000. Dr. Scimeca and his wife were prostrated by the kidnapping. On one occasion Dr. Scimeca showed pawn tickets for $700, representing articles he had pawned in a vain effort to raise the $1,000 ransom which the kidnappers at first demanded. One of the letters received by the doctor read:

> We send you this letter to show you that we have education. We have waited long enough. We have done nothing for your lady's sake.

The last letter read:

> We pray you send the money. We need it quickly. Send $500 or in two days your life will be gone. Jesus Christ was condemned only once.

In another letter they said:

> We command you to speak to your friends. They know where they can find us. The person who presents himself is worthy, and receive him kindly.

The boy was recovered in Brooklyn by Mrs. Michael Petrella, his aunt. After his recovery his father declined to aid the police to find the kidnappers.

SUES REDEMPTORIST SOCIETY

Youth Wants to be Paid for Years Spent in Their Monastery.

In moving for a bill of particulars before Justice Pendleton in the Supreme Court counsel for Stephen Huncik declared yesterday that his client was suing the Redemptorist Fathers for $5,400 for several years' work as cook and porter in the monastery. The lawyer asked for particulars on the ground that in its answer to his complaint the Missionary Society of the Holy Redeemer asserted that the plaintiff agreed in writing that his services were to be rendered in exchange for board, clothing, and education.

Counsel for the order, in opposing the motion, contended that the information asked would be nothing but evidence upon which the plaintiff would build his case. He said that the Redemptorist Fathers received no compensation for their services, except raiment, food, and shelter, and asserted that the plaintiff had applied for membership in the order and signed a contract, which is required for the express purpose of avoiding actions such as the plaintiff has instituted.

Justice Pendleton reserved decision.

TRUST LAWS MUST BE ENFORCED---TAFT

President, in Speech at Waterloo, Criticises Argument That Prosecutions Hurt Business.

SAYS TARIFF IS TOO HIGH

Believes New Banking and Currency Laws Imperative—Thinks Public More Friendly to Railroads.

WATERLOO, Iowa, Sept. 28.—President Taft to-day, in a speech defining the relation of the Government to business, announced that the trust prosecutions begun by the Department of Justice at Washington would continue despite the recent criticism that business was being made to suffer.

He serves notice that the "big business interests" of the country must be brought within the law just as the railroads have been, and declined to admit that there exists any discretion which would enable the Attorney General to stay the hands of the Government.

At the same time the President made an earnest appeal for reasonable consideration of the railroads and the big industrial corporations on the ground that their reformation was being brought about steadily and satisfactorily, and that nothing was to be gained by "vindictive hostility."

Mr. Taft bitterly denounced those politicians who seek to arouse the prejudices of the people and to array one section of the country against another. Such utterances he declared to be those of the "blindest of men."

The trust prosecutions, Mr. Taft said, need not be long continued because he believed the business community was rapidly taking in the effect of the recent decisions of the Supreme Court and were preparing to square themselves with the law.

In his speech the President said:

"The history of the operation of the Inter-State Commerce act is interesting and instructive. Soon after the inception of the statute the railroads began to treat the Inter-State Commerce Commission quite contemptuously. The system of unlawful rebates was very widespread among them, and the neglect of the law was apparent to every one interested in its operation. This condition aroused the indignation of the people and pressed their representatives on to further restrictions. Indeed, it gave rise to a prejudice against the railroads from which they have suffered in some cases unjustly. Now, I feel that they have become reconciled to the facts; they have come to recognize that the public insists upon regulating their business and seeing to it through the Inter-State Commerce Commission that they do not violate the law. I believe and hope that the spirit of vindictiveness against these great arteries of public commerce which the indignation of the public naturally prompted in their representatives is gradually disappearing.

Anti-Trust Suits and Business.

"Criticism has been uttered in no measured tone against the activity of the Department of Justice in the institution of prosecutions and bills of equity under the anti-trust law on the ground that it is hurting business. It is the sworn duty of the Executive to enforce the law, and as long as such combinations exist and are known to exist to the law officers of the Government in any way they would be lacking in their duty if they did not prosecute them. They are under my orders to treat the prosecution of trusts like the bringing of any other suits which are within the scope of duty of the Department of Justice, and I must decline to admit that there is any discretion which would enable the Attorney General and his assistants to stay the hand of the Government in respect of such violations of law. I do not think it need be long continued, because I believe that the business community itself is rapidly taking in the effect of the decisions of the Supreme Court, and that we may expect a revolution of feeling on the attitude of business men toward this step.

"I have heard the severest criticism, from some men engaged in business, of the anti-trust law. It is difficult for me to argue with them, because I don't understand how their position can be supported in the slightest. They seem to think that there ought to be some measure making legal the control of competition and limited monopoly, some statute enacted which shall establish a line between those monopolies that are reasonable and those that are not—those that are benevolent and those that are unconscionable. No such line is possible, and the Supreme Court has expressly so decided. Mourning over a condition which is inevitable is useless, and until they realize that their views in this regard must be radically changed their complaints must fall upon deaf ears.

"I have seen arguments based upon the attitude of foreign Governments toward great enterprises in which it is pointed out that they have encouraged, fondled, and protected combinations of this character. That is true. There is a tendency among some foreign Governments to encourage what they call trusts, to take part themselves in the management of the trusts, to fix prices, and to depend upon Governmental control to secure their reasonable conduct; but such a system with us is absolutely impossible, and it might as well be understood. The countries to which reference is made are veering toward State socialism. This, indeed, if competition is to disappear, is the logical escape from the evil of private monopolies, because if private companies are to be allowed to manage everything and fix prices then there is every reason why the control thus exercised by them should be transferred from them to the Government, and this is State socialism.

The Tariff.

"With respect to tariff laws. The business of the country to-day rests upon the protective tariff basis. Every one knows this, and every one must be aware that a change of tariffs in such a way that those businesses that are dependent upon protection for their existence shall lose it, must injure present conditions in all business, whether dependent on the tariff or not. The change, therefore, from a protective tariff to a tariff for revenue only is necessarily hostile to existing business, and must lead to business depression and at least temporary business disaster. But there are many, and I am among them, who believe that protection in the past has been too high, and that it is possible to lower the tariff so as not to interfere with business, give a living rate of protection to existing enterprise and yet prevent excessive prices growing out of excessive rates. In carrying out such a policy and maintaining such an attitude, it is essential that the interests of business should be guarded by close investigation into their needs as to a protective tariff, and this emphasizes the importance and vital necessity of the maintenance of a tariff commission and of its ascertainment of the facts with respect to business and the difference between the cost of production here and the cost of production abroad before tariff changes are made.

"One of the most prominent and useful features of the administration of the Government in Germany, in Austria, and in France is the existence of under officials constituting a tariff bureau or commission who follow closely the changes in trade in their own country, and in other countries through consular bureaus and otherwise, and who keep in constant readiness for use a digested mass of information which enables them to advise the Government with the utmost accuracy what changes in the tariff law would help the trade of their own country, and what the effect of the changes will be. They exercise the closest guardianship over the business of the country, with the hope of promoting its prosperity and expanding its volume. They would no more think of changing a policy like that of the protective tariff to a free-trade policy by one stroke, breaking down the business of the country in many directions, than they would of blowing up their battleships or destroying their fortifications.

"We have had in the past two years, since the agitation and the excitement growing out of the passage of the Payne bill, a strong movement toward the establishment of a tariff board or commission which, by furnishing accurate information as to tariff matters and the comparative cost of foreign and home production in respect to manufactures and products, should enable Congress to act with care toward the existing industries of the country and to save them as far as possible in any changes that might be made. Under circumstances which it is not now necessary for me to recount and by appropriations furnished by Congress, I have been able to establish a tariff board, and I have declined to promote the passage of tariff measures framed without the knowledge that within a few months this tariff board can furnish; and I have done so because I thought the business of the country was entitled to better treatment than the slipshod framing and hasty enactment of measures the injurious effect of which upon the industries of the country could not be calculated.

Banking and Currency.

"Finally, we have a very lame banking and currency system. The theory of the issue of banknotes, based on the deposit of Government bonds by each National bank, is that this will increase and decrease according to the needs of the money market; that these National banks will deposit bonds and float their notes when money is needed, and will withdraw the bonds and reduce the circulation when the demand for money is light. Such has not been the result, and it is due to the fact that the bonds which were issued for the purpose of enabling them to be used as deposits paid only 2 per cent., a rate which is about 1 per cent. below the regular market rate for Government bonds in this country, and therefore prevents the disposition and use of the bonds for any other purpose than the securing of banknotes. This gives a stiffness to the deposit and withdrawal of such bonds and a rigidity to the amount of currency dependent on them that deprives the system of the elasticity which is desired.

"More than that, the independent action of each bank when money grows tight, in reaching out for cash and increasing its reserve, accentuates the original cause for the contraction of the currency and doubles its force. The control by each one of the banks is a control by none of them, and we find a money famine growing, by the very fact of its existence, more and more pressing and panic-producing.

"There ought to be some central authority that could take over the quick assets of the banks in the form of business paper and issue banknotes on the faith of it to meet the exigency arising at any time in a demand for money. If vested in one person or set of persons, the business can be intelligently done, panics avoided, and money sufficient for the purpose of business constantly kept on hand. The present proposition of the Monetary Commission, which I believe will be recommended to Congress, is that this authority shall be provided by a combination of all the banks in the country, reserving to the smaller banks a power of selection greater than the ratio between their capital and the capital of the larger banks, in which board or agency the Government shall have a representative, not so that it may control, but so that it may have a voice in the management.

"I do not go into the details except to say that they must be carefully worked out for the purpose of preventing the political control of the monetary situation, or control by the large banks of Wall Street. Such a system is absolutely necessary for the progress of business in this country. We must have a system in which the merchants have confidence that it will be scientifically run, and with a view only to the public interest.

All In the Same Boat.

"In attempting to rid ourselves of the evils that were growing in business so as to put dangerous power into the hands of concentrated wealth, we had to do many things that savored of hostility to capital, at least to the capital which was engaged in those things that it was thought necessary to enact statutes to condemn, I am no defender of those evils. On the contrary, I have been as strongly in favor of their suppression by statutes made effective as any one; but I think we have arrived at a time when the people themselves ought to acquire sufficient perception into the operation of economic forces to realize that a sectional prejudice leading to legislation against the interests of one part of the country will as certainly redound to the detriment of another as night will follow day. We are in the same boat. We are all tossed by the same waves. Why, then, should we allow the political fortunes of any man or set of men to mislead us into a hostility toward parts of the country which is certain to work injury to all?

"This is the hope I have for the future. Business is halting now. There is doubt and distrust among investors, due to a fear of blind enmity toward successful enterprise. What is the remedy? It is the restoration of confidence between the classes of persons who have been opposing each other in times past, who now, after the reforms are initiated and are in process of being effected, ought to come together in amity and make the best use of the enormous resources we have in this country for the promotion of general prosperity and the securing and encouragement of individual happiness."

The Hole Torn in the Olympic by the Cruiser Hawke

The Picture Shows the Olympic in Southampton Water with Divers Descending to Examine Her Hull Below the Water Line—The Collision Occurred on Sept. 20 and These First Pictures Arrived by the Mauretania Last Night.

Photographs Copyright, 1911, by the American Press Association.

Towing the Olympic Back to Southampton.

INDICT BOSS KUEHNLE OF ATLANTIC CITY

With Sheriff Johnson, City Clerk Donnelly, and Others, He Is Charged with Election Frauds.

FORCED TO GIVE $1,500 BAIL

Postmaster Bachrach, Candidate for Mayor, and Six Freeholders to be Tried for Graft on Road Contracts.

Special to The New York Times.

MAY'S LANDING, N. J., Sept. 28.—Louis Kuehnle, for years the recognized Czar of Republican politics in Atlantic City and County, was indicted to-day for conspiracy to pervert and obstruct honest elections by the removal of registry books from the clerk's office, opening ballot boxes, and tampering with records. The indictment was so unexpected that the "Big Boss" on leaving the County Clerk's office, where he entered bail in the sum of $1,500, almost tumbled down the steps.

Indicted jointly with him were Sheriff E. L. Johnson, City Clerk Donnelly, Robert E. Daleney, and Harold Cain. Donnelly and Johnson had been indicted previously in connection with election offenses. They gave bail. Daleney and Cain did not appear, but will give bail later.

Kuehnle has long been recognized as the one who, in his private office, made or unmade Atlantic City and county officials. Scarcely less sensational than his own indictment, however, was a bill found against five members of the County Board of Freeholders, constituting the Road Committee and County Engineer, E. D. Rightmier, on charges of graft. The freeholders indicted were Fraley Dougherty, Frank Enderlin, John Unsworthy, Harry May, and Louis Mason. It is charged that they exacted $350 from Oscar Parker and Elmer King, contractors, before they would pass on improvements to the county road between Cologne and Port Republic. In each case bail was fixed at $1,500.

Postmaster Harry Bacharach, who is Exalted Ruler of the Elks Lodge and President of the Morris Guards in Atlantic City, appeared, with six others, this morning to plead not guilty to an indictment charging conspiracy to pervert elections. Those included with him in the bill were George Amole and Thomas McDevitt, both of whom were already under indictment; Harry Haberly, William J. Lutton, Charles Cramer, and William Cornish.

The arraignment of Bacharach created a profound sensation. Bacharach has been nominated for Mayor on the Republican ticket, and that fact was made the basis of a move for immediate trial by his counsel, ex-Judge Joseph Thompson, who is a Democratic nominee for Assemblyman.

"Your application appeals to the court as a reasonable one," replied Justice Kalisch, "and I can see no reason why the trial should be delayed. The circumstance of his candidacy is an excellent reason why he should be tried at once."

The Attorney General, however, after a consultation with the court, declared he would not be ready to try the case before October, so Bacharach was held in $500 bail. McDevitt and Amole were held in $500 bail and the others in $1,500.

Indictments have been returned also against other officials. City Assessor Hugh H. Genoe was indicted on two counts for false registration of a voter and for an assault upon Walter Leatherbury. He pleaded not guilty and bail was fixed at $3,000. Francis B. Coll, a city employe, was indicted on three counts for misconduct as a Judge of election. He pleaded not guilty and bail was fixed at $1,500. Henry Mertland was indicted for aiding illegal voters. He, too, pleaded not guilty and bail was fixed at $500.

WE NOW SHOW

5,000 different styles of materials, all bolts standing upright in rows, ticketed and marked in plain figures, ranging in price from $20.00 to $50.00. Sample garments on exhibition showing the English and up-to-date American styles. Samples and Portfolio of Fashions sent upon request.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

Today and for Only Three More Days

Friday, Saturday and Sunday

Last chance to see Thirty World-famous American, English, French and Russian

Men and Women Flyers of every type of Aeroplane in

Air Races more interesting than any Horse Races
Bomb Throwing at Targets on the Ground, (By Special Request)
Balloon Chasing, (By Special Request) characterized as "Balloon Polo" by the Newspapers
Rifle Shooting by Army Officers at Ground Targets from High Altitudes.
Carrying U. S. Mail at a Mile a Minute instead of by Mail Wagons. Collections made on the ground every hour. You can bring letters and post cards or buy them on the Field and mail them to any Place in the World.

The Greatest International Aviation Meet

Admission 50 cts. Seats right at Starting Line, $1.

Round Trip Fare, 75cts. on Long Island Railroad from Pennsylvania Station, 7th Ave., 33rd St., Manhattan, and Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn. Trains running every five minutes after one o'clock.

An Aggregation never to be seen again.

Reserved Seats $2.00; Private Boxes (6 seats) $18.00; Auto Boxes $12.00; Auto Space $5.00. Can be secured at all Ticket Agencies and at 337 5th Avenue, Manhattan. Road from Queensborough Bridge in perfect condition.

DETECTIVES PICK UP RICKERT IN DENVER

Others Go from Here to Bring Back Traitel Marble Company's Absconding Secretary.

SURETY COMPANY AFTER HIM

First Clue Was His Trunk, Which the Pinkertons Followed Around the Country—His Wife with Him.

Detective Van Twistern of Police Headquarters started yesterday for Denver, Col., with requisition papers signed by Gov. Dix for the return to this State of Henry F. Rickert of 705 Lexington Avenue, who is wanted in this city on several charges of forgery. Rickert was confidential secretary of Benjamin D. Traitel, president of the Traitel Marble Company, and acted as assistant treasurer of the company.

He disappeared on July 20 and owing to the skillful methods he had employed, it was a long time before many of his forgeries and peculations were revealed. The National Surety Company of 115 Broadway, which was liable for $1,500 of the forgery losses sustained by banks, put the Pinkerton Detective Agency on the case, and a systematic hunt was made for Rickert. The Detective Bureau at Police Headquarters co-operated in the search.

The detectives learned that when Rickert and his attractive young wife left their Lexington Avenue apartment in a taxicab for Grand Central Station, they took a trunk. This trunk was traced to Chicago, and from Chicago to St. Louis. Here trace of Rickert was lost for more than a week. Then a diligent search of baggage records in St. Louis revealed that the trunk had returned to Chicago. It was traced to Denver, and Rickert was located in that city.

When Rickert was arrested in the streets of Denver on a warrant signed by Magistrate Freschi in Yorkville Court, he was about to join his wife in a nearby café. He had $60 with him when searched at Denver Police Headquarters. Unsuccessful efforts have been made to locate a large sum which it is believed he still has in his possession. The officers of the Traitel Marble Company declined yesterday to state the total amount of his defalcation, but it is believed by the police that the $1,800 bank losses reported represent only a fraction of it. The marble company has offices at 208 East Fifty-sixth Street and 35 West Thirty-second Street, and marble works in Webster Avenue, Astoria, Queens.

An official of the National Surety Company said yesterday that Rickert had been able to carry on his forgeries for a long period because of the great confidence reposed in him by Mr. Traitel and by a complicated method of transferring the forged checks to his own account. He not only had access to and supervision over the marble company's account in the Union Exchange National Bank, at 160 Fifth Avenue, but to the personal account of President Traitel in the Fifth Avenue Bank at Forty-fourth Street.

It was Rickert's system, the surety official said, to forge checks in Traitel's name against the company account in the Union Exchange National Bank, take them up to Forty-fourth Street and deposit them to Mr. Traitel's personal account, then forge a personal check of Mr. Traitel to his own order, or the name of some dummy, and then deposit the second forged check to his own account in the Nineteenth Ward Bank. His control of checks returned from these banks in which Traitel and the marble company had their accounts enabled him to conceal these irregularities.

COLUMBIA FRESHMEN LOSE.

Sophomores Run Over Them at Push-ball and They Are Discomfited.

Before several thousand spectators the Columbia freshmen and sophomores engaged yesterday afternoon in their annual pushball contest. The sophomores overwhelmed their opponents.

A great inflated sphere about eight feet in diameter was placed in the centre of the field, and at a given signal the opposing classes charged toward it.

On the side lines behind the ropes a photographer stood at the top of a fifteen-foot ladder. One of the rushes was especially strong, and the ball veered off straight for the ladder. The photographer was otherwise engaged at the moment, and when he realized the order of things it was too late to adjust himself to them, and he fell with the proverbial thud. But the ground was soft.

The sophomores reduced the freshmen virtually to the position of non-combatants.

To-night a selected list of freshmen will be "invited" to attend the annual sophsmoker. There were not many freshmen yesterday who expressed the slightest inclination to be one of the "lucky" ones.

Twenty Dollar Suits for Men at Saks'

¶ But they are not just twenty dollar suits. *They are Saks twenty dollar suits.* That is a fine distinction, perhaps, but one which comparison makes obvious.

¶ A Saks twenty dollar suit has only one thing in common with the average twenty dollar suit—and that is twenty dollars. There the comparison ends. We have never dealt in averages. Ours is a specialty business, and averages cannot be specialized.

¶ Now, anybody can make a twenty dollar suit for twenty dollars. But our task has been to produce a twenty dollar suit that looks like thirty-five dollars. In other words, we have taken the twenty dollar bill and given it a university education.

¶ We have shown the twenty dollar man that the limitation of his expenditure for a suit does not mean a corresponding limitation in style and fit. We have shown, in fact, that a twenty dollar bill will buy a suit at Saks' which a fifty dollar man might wear with pride and satisfaction.

¶ At twenty dollars, we have implacable blacks, charming blue cheviots, worsteds, velour finished cassimeres, fancy mixed cheviots and cassimeres, all in at least ten different and distinctive models. These include not only conservative styles, but also those leisurely English effects which are the distinguishing sartorial characteristic of a leisurely people, and which are best interpreted by us.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th St.

MAY HAVE POISONED YOUNGER SISTER ALSO

Girl Tells of Being Insured for Drug Fiend's Benefit and of Sinking Spells Later.

BODIES MAY BE EXHUMED

Annie Crawford Charged with Sister's Murder and Suspected of Three Others, Formally Arraigned.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 28.—Orders to exhume the bodies of the father, mother, and other dead sister of Annie Crawford will probably be issued to-morrow. To-day the woman whom the authorities believe to be the deliberate poisoner of four members of her family was arraigned. Her demeanor was as calm and unruffled as heretofore. She was charged only with the murder of her sister Elise, the girl who died a few days ago.

The arraignment was conducted in the private office of Judge Fisher of the First City Criminal Court. After the affidavit had been read the accused woman remarked to the court: "I would like to talk to you privately, Judge." Judge Fisher told her she could not talk to him at that time, and he ordered a plea of not guilty entered. The woman then was led back to prison, still shielding her face with her fan to keep photographers from getting pictures.

To-day Gertrude Crawford, the prisoner's youngest sister, aged 20, appeared before the District Attorney and said she had something else she wanted to tell. After describing how she had been insured last July for $500, the policy being made out in Annie's favor, the girl said that for the last four weeks she had been having frequent sinking spells. She had then made the request that if she ever became ill Annie be not allowed in the sickroom.

Orders for exhuming the other bodies wait the result of further analysis being conducted by City Chemist Metz. In her so-called confession last night Annie Crawford said she gave Elise only three morphine tablets of a half grain each. Yet the chemist's examination of only a part of the contents of the dead girl's stomach showed three grains of morphine present, and Mr. Metz expresses the belief that the total amount of morphine will probably reach eight or ten grains.

Criminologists who have been studying the case this afternoon say they believe Annie Crawford is a "morphine missionary," that she has become so addicted to the use of the drug that she desires to "convert" every one else to its use. Yesterday afternoon the woman went down upon her knees before the District Attorney and begged for morphine, saying she would tel lall she could if the request was granted. It was refused.

It has developed that a systematic theft of morphine from the New Orleans Sanitarium, and later from the Presbyterian Hospital when the sanitarium changed hands, has been going on ever since Annie Crawford was discharged from there seventeen months ago. It was from the hospital that on Sept. 7 she stole the poison she says she gave Elise by mistake for calomel.

Members of the family furnished the information that the accused had insisted that she alone attend her parents and two sisters when they were ill, and that she administered all medicine. It was said that when Elise wanted her aunt to nurse her Annie protested and that Elise complained that the food given her by Annie was bitter. Mrs. Robert Crawford, the aunt, stated that whatever food others gave to Elise was given without Annie's knowledge.

In her confession Annie said that she gave Elise three half grain morphine tablets in capsules, mistaking them for calomel and soda.

"Why did you not call the doctor and tell him about it?" she was asked.

"I thought she would get over it, and my aunt would not do anything to me. I was afraid of her."

In explaining her dislike for her sister Elise, she said:

"After my mothe rdied and we broke up housekeeping my eldest sister took Gertrude, the youngest sister, and Elise and I began boarding. Gertrude finally came here, but I was unable to take care of her. Elise was always interfering. When I would tell Gertrude to do anything Elise would tell me to mind my own business. She would go weeks at a time without speaking to me. But that is not why I gave her morphine. It was a mistake."

On account of the notoriety attending the case, the surviving members of the Crawford family moved to-day from their home on Peters Avenue. A family from which they leased the premises canceled the lease.

There has been a hint that a charge of cruel third degree methods may be made by the defense. This charge would probably be based upon the fact that after being questioned all the first day of her arrest and until 3 o'clock in the morning, Annie Crawford was required to be in court again at 9, and was being plied with questions off and on until late last night, when the so-called confession was obtained. It may be charged also that she had no chance to employ a lawyer.

COURT WARNS BLACK HAND.

Tells Convicted Man's Friends Not to Try Persecution of Witness.

Salvatore Romano was convicted in General Sessions yesterday of attempting to extort $5,000 from Gaetano Sferazza, who keeps a little grocery store at 307 East Forty-fifth Street, by sending him Black Hand letters and twice dynamiting his store. Judge Swann immediately sentenced him to not less than three years and eight months nor more than seven years in Sing Sing, and warned the prisoner's friends that if they made an attempt to harm Sferazza he would use all the means at his command to have them arrested and convicted.

Romano was jointly indicted with Antonio Licchi and Pasquale Lopipero of 306 East Seventy-first Street. All are charged with threatening to kill Sferazza, who is studying for the priesthood, unless he gave them $5,000. They are also charged with setting two bombs off in his store. They were arrested at the Willis Avenue Bridge after Sferazza had set a trap for them. All the defendants elected to be tried separately, and Licchi and Lopipero asked to be present at Romano's trial. Assistant District Attorney Rubin readily consented, and they were present yesterday when Romano was pronounced guilty after the jury had been out only one minute. In sentencing the man, Judge Swann said:

"There have been two cases of a similar nature tried before me and in each case there has been a conviction. Both of the other cases were taken to the Supreme Court, where a certificate of reasonable doubt was granted and the defendants ran away from the country before their appeal was decided. I suppose this will happen in this case also."

Judge Swann then called the friends of the prisoner into the courtroom and said:

"I have just sentenced your friend to to an indeterminate sentence of from three to seven years in Sing Sing. This he richly deserves. If this court has any intimation that any friend of Romano attempts to persecute the complaining witness, whom I must compliment for his bravery, I will use all the authority I possess to prosecute such a man.

"We propose to blot out this Black Hand, and as for vendetta, we will not permit it. It is foreign to these shores. I have given the complaining witness a permit to carry a revolver, and it is my most earnest desire that if he is annoyed or threatened in any manner by the Black Hand that he uses his revolver first."

NEELY FAILS TO GET BAIL.

Sees Prosecutor Smith, but They Both Deny He Is to Turn Against Flagg.

F. Tennyson Neely, who is still held in $10,000 bail as an associate of Jared Flagg in his alleged mail frauds, was taken yesterday afternoon from the Tombs to the Federal Building, where he had a long conference with Assistant District Attorney Abel Smith. It was rumored that he might turn against Flagg and help the Federal authorities. This was denied, however, by both Smith and Neely.

Neely hoped to get bondsmen yesterday afternoon, but they failed to materialize. After waiting in the Federal Building for some time he was taken back to the Tombs. Earlier in the day he issued a statement declaring that he had never been a partner of Flagg and had met him through looking, at the request of a friend, into his method of doing business. He had examined Flagg's books for the four years Flagg had been in business, and said he had found them to be fair and square.

Neely had been in the publishing business, so he said Flagg asked him to publish "Flagg's Flats" and made an advance payment to arrange for printing and placing it on the market.

Among the others who appeared before the Grand Jury yesterday was Hazel Murray, one of Flagg's friends. Madeline Russe did not appear in the city, though the Post Office Inspectors had heard she would go to the Federal Building in the afternoon. John F. McIntyre, Flagg's lawyer, declared, however, she had no intention of gicing herself up.

Miss Russe's position in the case seems a little indefinite. Her name was mentioned in the original complaint, but she was not indicted. Flagg has declared that it was she who, in a fit of pique, revealed his secrets to a downtown broker.

The "$12,000 worth of securities" for which Flagg was looking on Wednesday turned up yesterday. They never had been out of his safe. They consisted of 7 shares of United States Steel common, 100 of Distillers' Securities Corporation, 40 of Ontario & Western, 50 of Anaconda, and 20 of Pressed Steel Car. Their value at market rates is a little more than $7,000.

YUAN SHI-KAI NOW TO RETURN TO POWER

Prince Ching, Who Is About to Resign, Recommends ex-Viceroy as New Premier.

CHINA'S ONE STRONG MAN

Disgraced in 1909, It Was Predicted That Yuan Would Soon Be Recalled—How He Treated Boxers.

PEKING, Sept. 28.—The Premier, Prince Ching, whose resignation before the reassembling of the Tze-Cheng-Yuan on Oct. 22 is a foregone conclusion, has recommended to the Regent as his successor Yuan Shi-Kai as the ablest man available.

If the Regent appoints Yuan to the Premiership it will indicate that the palace is alarmed at the state of affairs throughout the country and is determined to pocket its pride and recall to office a Chinese who possess the confidence of the empire.

CHUNG-KING, Sept. 28.—A dispatch from Cheng-Tu, dated Sept. 25, states that 10,000 rebels are gathered thirty miles west of that city, and that Government troops are marching against them.

It is expected that the Viceroy will soon permit foreigners to leave Cheng-Tu.

When, in January, 1909, Yuan Shi-Kai was summarily and unexpectedly removed from all the offices he held and practically banished to his native place, it was generally predicted that the "strongest man in China" would before long be recalled. This prediction seems now on the point of fulfillment.

If Yuan's disgrace was sudden and surprising, it was easily enough explained. It was due to the jealousy of the Manchus, for Yuan is a Chinese and a Chinese of obscure birth. He had in an astonishingly short period become the greatest subject in the empire—Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy, after being Viceroy of the Metropolitan Province of Pe-chi-Li.

When appointed commander of the forces in 1903, he set to work at once to put the Chinese Army on a modern basis. After the Chinese-Japanese war he obtained permission to enlist a body of troops, arm and uniform them in foreign fashion, and engage German instructors for them.

When the Boxer uprising began he was appointed Governor General of Shan-Tung. He took his foreign-drilled soldiers with him, and at the very opening of his reign struck terror into the hearts of the Boxers. As soon as he arrived at the capital a committee of the Boxer leaders waited upon him and told him that they were invulnerable; that they had supernatural powers, and that bullets could not harm them.

He listened to them respectfully, congratulated them upon their supernatural gifts, and invited them to dinner. They accepted with delight. As the dinner was drawing to a close, Yuan said he had been much impressed by their remarks as to their ability to withstand bullets, and to test their claim he proposed that his guests should go out into the backyard, line up against the wall, and become targets for the bullets of his foreign-drilled soldiers.

The Boxers in vain protested, but the Viceroy was inexorable, and one after another they were taken out and lined up against the wall. A firing squad of troops with rifles obeyed the command to fire, and the next moment all the Boxers fell dead at the feet of their late host.

ROB STORE IN RUSH HOUR.

Burglars in Chicago Cart Away Furs and Laces Unmolested.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28. — Unmolested, though in plain view of thousands of homeward-bound shoppers, three burglars backed up a one-horse cart in front of 130 State Street last evening and carried away furs, silks, lace, embroidery and gloves valued at $3,000 from a store on the second floor.

A janitor saw the men carrying out the goods, but they worked so nonchalantly that he did not suspect a robbery until the loss was discovered later by a watchman employed by the store.

Princeton Sophomores Elect Officers.

PRINCETON, N. J., Sept. 28.—The sophomore class elected to-day G. F. Phillips of Buffalo President for the ensuing year. The officers were W. H. Bass of Brooklyn, Vice President, and J. M. Colt of Brooklyn, Secretary.

DELAYS STATE RATE CUT.

Federal Judge Holds Up New Missouri Iron and Steel Schedule.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 28.—An order restraining the State Board of Railroad Commissioners from putting into effect on Oct. 1 the new and reduced schedule of rates on iron and steel was granted to the Missouri railways by Judge Hook in the Federal court here to-day. The matter of issuing an injunction asked by the railroads will be heard at a later date.

Eighteen railroads joined in the application. The roads contended that the reductions made iron and steel rates unreasonably low, and asked that the State be enjoined from enforcing them until the Missouri passenger and freight rate cases now in the United States Supreme Court are decided.

Judge Hook decreed that the application for an injunction should be heard by three Judges, and upon that ground issued the restraining order until the date for the hearing, to be decided upon later.

GOLD STAMPEDE TO RUBY.

Said That 2,500 Persons Will Winter at New Alaska Camp.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 28.—On the eve of cold weather a big stampede is in progress to the new gold camp of Ruby, on the Yukon River, below Fort Gibbon, and it is estimated that 2,500 persons will spend the Winter there. Most of the stampeders are from the Iditarod.

Comparatively little gold has been found, but old-timers say the formation reminds them of the Klondyke.

REPORT OPIUM FACTORIES.

Revenue Officers Say They Exist in Many Large Cities of Country.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 28.—The manufacture of smoking opium has been going on in St. Paul and other large cities of the country since the Winter of 1909, without restraint except in a few isolated cases and without Federal regulation, according to a statement made by local internal revenue officers.

It was thought at first that most of the opium smoked in this country was smuggled in, but this has always been denied by the customs officials. They have admitted that a certain amount of the drug was smuggled, but declared the bulk of it was manufactured in this country.

CATHOLIC CONGRESS OPENS.

Archbishop Ireland Preaches Sermon at Eucharistic Congress.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 28.—The fifth annual National Eucharistic Congress opened here to-day with hundreds of priests and many dignitaries of the Roman Catholic Church in America present. The Congress will last through Sunday.

The congress began when, in St. Peter's Cathedral, Pontifical high mass was sung by Archbishop Henry Moeller of the Cincinnati diocese, assisted by local priests. Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul delivered the sermon.

Various sessions followed the mass, at the first one of which the Rev. Dr. Joseph Selinger of St. Louis and the Rev. A. P. Ternes of Detroit were among the speakers.

"National Biscuit Co.—Uneeda Biscuit." | "National Biscuit Co.—Uneeda Biscuit."

Uneeda Biscuit never disappoint!

You have never heard anyone say—"The Uneeda Biscuit in that last package were not as good as usual."

You have never said it yourself.

It is one thing to make soda crackers that are *occasionally* good.

It is quite another thing to make them so that they are not only always better than all other soda crackers, but *always of unvarying goodness.*

The name "Uneeda"—stamped on every one of them—means that if a million packages of Uneeda Biscuit were placed before you, you could choose any one of them, confident that every soda cracker in that package would be as good as the best Uneeda Biscuit ever baked.

5c a package—never sold in bulk.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

PELLER, DAVIS & Co.

35th Street *Fifth Avenue* 36th Street

WOMEN'S MISSES and CHILDREN'S ATTIRE

We announce to women of New York the opening of a popular price Fifth Avenue Store where you can purchase high class attire without extravagant expenditure

BEGINNING to-day, Friday, the 29th inst., we will conduct a high-class Fifth Avenue store in which thoroughly reasonable prices will prevail.

We extend to you a cordial invitation to inspect our exclusive display of Imported and Domestic Models, and beg to assure you of courteous treatment and careful attention.

We desire particularly to call your attention to our most complete Infants' Wear Department and our exceptional display of Ladies' Lingerie.

BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO. 18TH & 19TH STS NEW YORK

J. B. GREENHUT, Pres.

Hats Trimmed Free

FOR TODAY

MAIN BUILDING

Today's Bargains in Untrimmed Millinery

From our great section devoted to these goods, where you will find every millinery conceit and every acceptable shape of the present season.

Silk Velvet Dress Shapes—blocked in the very best large, medium or small shapes; black and the best colors; at..... $2.95

High-Grade Silk Velvet Hats—an excellent quality of black silk velvet enters into these hats. The shapes are copies of imported hats, splendidly made and finely finished; at..... $5.95

Imitation Velour Hats—long nap French felt hats, blocked in the popular soft effects; many of the best and most-wanted shapes. The season's hit in black and the best colors; at.. $1.95

Felt Dress Shapes — sailor and other shapes, in various colors; fresh, new goods; at..... 95c

Ready-to-wear Hats—the very best modes ready for tomorrow's showing. The color line will match all new suits of the season; at... $4.85 to $7.50

Children's Ready-to-Wear Felt Hats—some dainty new ideas in felts, trimmed with various materials, in all colors that are becoming to children; at ..... $1.95 to $2.95

Children's Smart Ready-to-Wears—made of silk velvet and various other materials; dainty and exquisite designs by makers who specialize in children's headgear. A wide assortment of the best colors at..... $2.95, $3.95 and $4.85

(MAIN Building, First Floor.)

Every One of These Items ½ Price, Today

Women's Pure Thread Silk Hose..... 25c (MAIN BUILDING)

Crepons; Bordered Chiffons; Embroidered Swiss 91/2c (MAIN BUILDING)

Black Silk Crepon Faconne—36-inch..... 49c (MAIN BUILDING)

Black Silk Foulard—24-inch..... 35c (GREENHUT BUILDING)

Framed Pictures; at..... 98c (GREENHUT BUILDING)

Tapestry Couch Covers—at..... 60c (GREENHUT BUILDING)

Women's New Fall Suits and Dresses

The Big Store shows an admirable collection of new Fall suits and dresses. There are broadcloths, cheviots, mannish worsteds and mixtures; all STRICTLY MAN-TAILORED; trimmed and plain; special price, today..... $15

(MAIN Building, First Floor.)

Women's Autumn Shoes

All desirable styles for Autumn and Winter, in patent colt, tan calf, finest kid and dull leathers; cloth or dull kid tops; sizes 2½ to 8; widths A to EE; at..... $1.95

(MAIN Building, Second Floor.)

Dependable Umbrellas

Styles for men and for women; covered with union silk; splendid assortment of plain and fancy handles of the latest pattern; values $1.95 to $2.50; at..... $1.49

(MAIN Building, Main Floor.)

Men's Silk-Lined Blue Serge Suits

These are Winter-weight suits, hand-tailored throughout and fashioned by one of the best makers of clothes for men; regular sizes and "stouts"; the short fat man and the tall thin man can also be fitted PERFECTLY; value $22.50; today ONLY, at $15

(MAIN Building, Second Floor.)

Springfield Rifles

Made for the U. S. Army; best single-shot rifle that was ever turned out; every one of these is in first-class shooting condition; value $18; at $1.50

(MAIN Building, Second Floor.)

9x12 Wilton Rugs

"Dropped patterns" at a clear saving of TEN DOLLARS on each rug; made in America's best and oldest mill; at..... $22.50

Small rugs will be sold during this sale at proportionate reductions in price.

(GREENHUT Building, First Floor.)

The Garwood Piano at . . $215

is a marvel among pianos of its class. Its richness of tone, its perfection of scale and its thorough and artistic construction give it precedence over every other similarly-priced instrument on the market.

$5 *Down and Small Monthly or Weekly Payments*

are our terms. We charge you nothing for cartage, no interest on deferred payments—the above terms cover everything. We GUARANTEE it to Give Satisfaction. A revolving stool and a protection cover free with each piano we sell.

(MAIN Building, Fourth Floor.)

$30,000 for Charity

Voting for the distribution of this amount is now in progress. Full details, telling how every customer may vote for a favorite charitable or benevolent institution, are obtainable at the Voting Booth on the Fourth Floor, MAIN Building, near the entrance to the Ladies' Parlor.

MAIN BUILDING

Basement Bargain Bulletin

Suiting Flannels—27-inch; plain and mixtures; just the thing for suits, skirtings, men's and boys' shirts; all the new Fall colorings; today, a yard. 27c

Unbleached Shaker Flannel—one of the best makes; today, a yard..... 5c

Kimono Flannels—choicest designs of the season; light and dark styles; today, a yd.. 12½c

Chambrays—36-inch; extra fine quality; all the best plain shades; 12½c kind; today, a yard..... 7½c

Double Gut Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

MAURETANIA HERE FILLED TO CAPACITY

Brings a Few of the Disabled Olympic's Passengers Besides Her Own Crowd.

HEARST WON'T TALK POLITICS

Ex-Judge Leventritt Sees a World Contest Between Labor and Capital Approaching—Fine Voyage Homeward.

The Cunarder Mauretania finished a fine westward voyage in Quarantine late yesterday afternoon just in time to be hidden in a dense cloud of smoke that swept across the lower bay from a marsh fire on the Jersey meadows.

So dense was the smoke that the vessels caught in it began sounding their fog horns. Some smaller craft came to a dead stop to wait until the atmosphere cleared. The revenue cutter Manhattan, which went down the bay to meet the Mauretania, was caught in the haze and couldn't see the brilliantly lighted liner until they were within a hundred yards of each other. The only craft that went through it untroubled were eight of the fastest torpedo boats in the world, led by the Dayton, flagship of the Eighth Division, which swished by on their way to the Navy Yard from Hampton Roads just as if it were clear.

The Mauretania made a splendid voyage across from Daunt's Rock to the Ambrose Channel Lightship, her time being 4 days 10 hours and 41 minutes, and her average speed for the voyage 25.21 knots an hour.

Only once before has the Mauretania brought in more saloon passengers than she did last night. The number on this trip was 505; the record for the westward run is 517. Among those on board were Lord Strathcona, Clarence H. Mackay, W. R. Hearst and Mrs. Hearst, Rear Admiral George E. Ide, U. S. N., and Mrs. Ide, Col. W. Gordon McCabe, Frank A. Munsey, ex-Justice David Leventritt, Mr. and Mrs. William Barclay Parsons, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Widener, Mrs. Philip Van Valkenburgh, formerly Mrs. Chapman; Sir William F. H. and Lady Smith, Mrs. Stephen Pell, and Theodore W. Cramp.

Mr. Hearst said he was not in a position to talk politics. Before doing so he wanted time to get in touch with the situation. He did say, however, when asked his preference for the Democratic Presidential nomination next year, that he thought Champ Clark would make a strong candidate and that Congressman Underwood of Alabama was also good Presidential timber.

"Mr. Clark," Mr. Hearst said, "has made a splendid Speaker of the House. He is honest and able, and I believe that if nominated for President he would make a strong candidate."

Asked if it was true that he was opposed to the nomination of either Gov. Harmon of Ohio or Gov. Wilson of New Jersey, he did not answer directly, but replied that he still considered Mr. Clark a good man for the nomination.

Mr. Hearst said he was glad to hear that the proposed Charter would probably be defeated, and that Borough President Gresser of Queens had been removed by Gov. Dix.

Ex-Justice David Leventritt, who was accompanied by his daughter, Miss Olive Leventritt, said that most of his time had been spent at Marienbad. He was convinced by observation abroad that a world-wide encounter between capital and labor was only being put off by the skill and intelligence displayed in handling the situation on the other side of the Atlantic.

"Things abroad seem prosperous," he said, "in spite of the unrest in certain sections. They are dealing with the situation with skill and intelligence, which will postpone the great outbreak which, in my opinion, is bound to come, and which will not be confined to one locality. There have been food outbreaks in Austria and France, and labor outbreaks in England. Prices have been forced up, and the cost of living has increased.

"The laboring man will demand a share in this prosperity.

"While prices have been going up, the wage of labor has not been increased in proportion. Conditions are driving the wage earner—the man who has to figure out every cent he gets—to the wall. I learn now that they have put up the price of sugar. This is going to hurt labor, for it means increased prices for jams, cakes, and in fact everything in which sugar is used. When prices go up the payment of rent and the paying off of a mortgage is a problem. The cost of government goes up, and every increase in tax comes out of the laboring man, the consumer. No, I do not think the time will come when there will be a revolution in the physical sense, but the time is coming when there will be a world-wide arbitration between capital and labor."

Mrs. Philip Van Valkenburgh, who was met at Quarantine by Edward Lauterbach, wore a monoplane hat of black velvet adorned with a single aigrette. It hadn't much brim in front, but had a wide, flat brim extending out on each side something like the planes of an aerial flyer. The wearer explained that she had come home at this time to prosecute her suit for separation, which will come up here next month. She has been visiting Miss Fannie Reed, a sister of the late Mrs. Paran Stevens, and the Prince and Princess de Sagan. The former Anna Gould and her husband, she said, are still devoted lovers, and their whole interest is centred in their son.

Frank A. Munsey had been a passenger on the White Star liner Olympic when she was run down by the cruiser Hawke in leaving Southampton. By wireless and the quick aid of a friend in London he was able to get passage upon the already crowded Mauretania.

"The accident was entirely inexcusable," said Mr. Munsey. "There is a general impression in England that it came about because some one on the Hawke was showing off. The cruiser was following us out. It is believed that she aimed to see how near she could come to us and then gracefully turn and cross astern as we went on. The programme failed because of a miscalculation in the length of the vessel and perhaps the suction.

"There were two distinct and violent shocks when the Olympic was struck. The first came when the ram of the cruiser struck us below the water line and the other when the bow of the cruiser was torn and twisted. She suffered most in the collision, and it looked at one time as though she was going to turn turtle. A coach and four could be driven into the hole in the Olympic's side. There was not much excitement on board, which was probably due in part to the comforting sight of the shore not far off."

"I needed a holiday, so I ran over to Switzerland," said William Barclay Parsons. Mr. Parsons and his family sailed from here a month ago. He said his two weeks ashore had been spent in resting and trying to forget about work.

Clarence Mackay also became a passenger on the Mauretania as a result of the collision between the Olympic and the cruiser Hawke. It was said he had a hard time finding accommodations on the Mauretania, and the only reason he was able to get a stateroom was because of the failure of one of the Mauretania's passengers to appear at sailing time.

Other passengers on the Mauretania in addition to those already named were Capt. H. Lyon Anderton, Mr. and Mrs. William M. Barnum, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick H. Bartlett, Mrs. Metcalf Bliss, Miss Caroline Choate, Dr. Allerton Cushman, Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Du Bois, Mr. and Mrs. H. Hewitt-Dean, Major John Philip Hill, William H. Hollister, Mr. and Mrs. Gottfried Krueger, Dr. and Mrs. L. L. McArthur, E. G. Mulliken, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Poe, Mr. and Mrs. Lincoln Rea Peabody, Dr. and Mrs. Edwin J. Reeves, Mr. and Mrs. Robert K. Root, Henry Sanford, Mgr. James P. Sinnott, Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Stern, Mrs. Robert Stuart, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Taggart, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Underwood, James M. Vandegrift, the Right Rev. A. Van de Vyver, Mrs. Herbert Wadsworth, H. C. Ward, J. S. Waterbury, Bronson Winthrop, Leopold Wormser, and Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Wylie.

You Can't Get The Right Glasses By Wrong Methods

FIRST—You can't fit them to yourself. Glasses that merely *seem to be* right may be so far wrong as to injure your eyes.

SECOND—You can't trust an ordinary optician to examine your eyes. His work is the making of glasses, and however good he may be at that, he has not the knowledge of the *oculist* (the Registered Physician) about the eyesight.

THIRD—The safe way is to have an oculist examine the eyes. By our method glasses are fitted and made *only according to oculists' examinations.*

Eyes Examined Without Charge
By Registered Physicians,
Oculists of Long Experience.

Perfect Fitting Glasses as Low as $2.50.

J. Ehrlich & Sons
Oculists' Opticians
223 Sixth Av., 15th St. 217 B'dway, Astor House
350 Sixth Av., 22d St. 101 Nassau — Ann St.
17 West 42d—Bet. 5th & 6th Aves., New York
498 Fulton St., Cor. Bond St., Brooklyn.

SWAN SAFETY FOUNTPEN

Combines the 3 great essentials in a fountain pen:
(1) Never Leaks
(2) Never Blots
(3) Always Writes
PRICES $2.50 AND UP.
At all Stationers and Jewelers.
MABIE, TODD & CO.
209 So. State St., Chicago. 17 Maiden Lane, New York.

CANADA OUR FRIEND, STRATHCONA SAYS

And We Mustn't Regard Her Rejection of Reciprocity as Indicating Otherwise.

DOMINION'S WISE MAN HERE

To Ottawa and Back to England by Wednesday Despite His 91 Years —His First Trip 70 Years Ago.

The Right Hon. Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, Canadian High Commissioner in London, arrived here last night on the Mauretania, bound for Ottawa for a post-election talk. Canada's wonderful old man, despite his 91 years, comes for only the briefest visit. He confesses himself a poor sailor, yet after finishing his business in Canada he expects to be back here in time to sail for England next Wednesday on the Mauretania.

Lord Strathcona appeared a little feebler physically than when he was last here. As he walked about the ship his daughter, the Hon. Mrs. Robert Howard, who came with him, was his constant companion, their arms interlinked.

The reporters found them thus at the foot of the grand companionway. The Canadian High Commissioner shook hands, and then asked what it was they desired to ask him. The defeat of the Canadian Liberal Government and its reciprocity proposals was naturally the subject of the first question.

"I am the representative of Canada in London," Lord Strathcona replied, "so it is not for me to talk of political questions. However, I do not think it can be out of place for me to say that the result of the recent election is not to be taken as an indication of unfriendliness to the United States on the part of Canada. Not for one moment must such a construction be put on the question. Canada is still the friend of this country."

That was all that Lord Strathcona would say about reciprocity or any other political subject. He did, however, talk of other things, among them the ships that crossed the Atlantic in the past. Somebody asked him how many times he had made the passage.

"I have enjoyed it so little," Lord Strathcona replied laughingly, "that really I have not taken the time to keep track of the number. However, it is more than one hundred."

"When did you cross the first time?" he was asked.

"Seventy-three years ago," he answered. "The sailing ship I crossed in made the pasasge in forty-two days, and that was considered a fine passage in point of time in those days. Now we make it in less than five days."

A Montreal newspaper man had gone down the bay to ask Lord Strathcona if he was coming home to stay this time.

"It has been reported," the reporter said, "that you are not going back, but will stay in Canada this time, is that true?"

The question made Lord Strathcona smile.

"I am going back next Wednesday on this same boat," he replied. And then Mrs. Howard interrupted and indicated that she thought her father had talked enough. She linked her arm in his and asked him if he wanted to go to his room or to the deck. Lord Strathcona preferred the quiet of his stateroom, and after again shaking hands all around he departed.

Lord Strathcona was born in Scotland in 1820, and for more than fifty years has been one of the men who have made Canada. He is Governor of the Hudson's Bay Company, a Director of the Canadian Pacific Railway, Honorary President of the Bank of Montreal, and a Director of many other great corporations. He has been the High Commissioner for Canada in London since 1896. He holds degrees from most of the great universities of England, the United States, and Canada, and maintains splendid homes in Winnipeg, Montreal, Pictou, Nova Scotia, and London. In the Boer war he equipped and sent out from Canada the now famous Strathcona's Horse, an organization in many ways similar to the Rough Riders of which Theodore Roosevelt was second in command during the war between this country and Spain.

EXILED FROM GAY WHITE WAY

Youth, on Bride's Tearful Plea, So Sentenced by Judge Swann.

"Keep off the Gay White Way" was the sentence pronounced yesterday upon Stephen Sedelmeyer, a nineteen-year-old salesman of 560 Bellgrove Drive, Arlington, N. J., by Judge Swann in General Sessions.

Sedelmeyer pleaded guilty to forging the name of his employer, C. M. Morand, a paper manufacturer at 132 Nassau Street, to a check for $200 on the Trust Company of America on Aug. 17. It was testified that there were other forgeries amounting to $625. Sedelmeyer had been in the Tombs forty days and had made complete restitution.

He married Miss Grace Gage of 79 Thirteenth Avenue, Newark, N. J., on Aug. 15 and bought her a diamond ring for $110. When arrested $325 was found on him. It was shown that he was making $10 a week and had been in the habit of spending it all along Broadway.

Judge Swann received a letter from Sedelmeyer's wife, who said:

"Oh, Sir, have pity! You are perhaps a husband and a father, and for their sake have pity. You are a man of the world, and you know what men will do for pure, honorable love. Perhaps he thought that I would cast him aside if he came to me without money. I know he made a horrible mistake in the eyes of the law, but please give him a chance."

After reading the letter Judge Swann said:

"I will let you go, but you must keep off of the Gay White Way. The Gay White Way is not to be traversed by you. That's just the spot you cannot stand. I have instructed the traffic policemen to arrest you and bring you before me if you are ever seen there again, and detectives shall watch you."

COOKS A FISH IN A PAPER BAG

Labor-Saving Device Demonstrated at the Pure Food Show.

How to cook without soiling dishes or utensils was told yesterday by Mrs. Wallace at the morning cooking demonstration at the Food Show in Madison Square Garden, and she illustrated it by cooking a slice of halibut in a paper bag.

The fish was rolled in flour, given a squeeze of lemon juice and a little butter, thin slices of tomato were spread over it, and it was placed in the bag which had been spread with butter or drippings. After being made as nearly airtight as possible by fastening with clamps it was laid on the broiling shelf in the gas oven. With a coal stove, she said, it would be placed on a wire broiler on a shelf in the oven.

A chicken which had been rolled in flour and browned in oil was placed in a pretty casserole with a good-sized carrot, and an onion diced, browned, and seasoned with salt and pepper. A cup and a half of either water, stock, or gravy was added, the casserole covered, and the chicken cooked slowly for an hour. Either the oven or the top of the stove may be used, she said, and tough meat requires a longer cooking. Serving in the casserole saves the extra baking dish. French casseroles, glazed inside and rough out, cost from 10 cents to a dollar.

SEES SOUTH'S PINE VANISH.

J. D. Lacey Also Predicts Cypress Dearth—Buys Big Tracts in Mexico.

Special to The New York Times.

MOBILE, Ala., Sept. 28.—Within a few years the pine and cypress timber of the South will be exhausted, in anticipation of which the great timber interests of the United States are looking toward Mexico and Central and South America, is the statement of J. D. Lacey, of James D. Lacey & Co., a well-known firm engaged in the soft and hard wood industry.

Mr. Lacey, with T. L. Shevlin and associates, acquired a timber tract of 200,000 acres in the State of Michoacan, Mexico, and is about to acquire another tract of 600,000 acres of hard and soft timber in Chele.

"The amount of cypress now standing," said Mr. Lacey, "is sufficient only for fifteen years' supply, according to my calculations. The yellow pine of the South will have been exhausted within the next twenty years, provided, of course, that the rate of cutting now going on is continued. When this happens our nearest forests will be in Mexico and Central and South America."

All Cars Transfer to Bloomingdales
Easy to Reach from Anywhere — Convenient Now to Everywhere.
Lexington to 3d Ave. — 59th to 60th Street

Splendid Fall Suits for Women and Misses at $15.00

Best materials employed in the making, such as plain cheviots, two-toned cheviots, chevron weaves, broadcloths, mixtures, etc. Some are plain tailored while others have the new 29-inch coat and are lined with guaranteed satins. Skirts show plain paneled and trimmed effects. Navy, black, gray, garnet, etc. Sizes 14 to 18 years for misses, 34 to 46 bust for women. Splendid value at.....$15.00

Fine Models Women's Handsome Twin Coats, of choice materials...$15.00
Women's Beautiful and Popular 52 in. Ponyskin Coats.....$39.50
Women's $4 Hobble Boots, the latest styles, at.....$3.50

Women's Lace Neckwear, samples, one of a kind, worth to $1.00, at....35c
Women's 2-Clasp $1.00 Kid Gloves, black, white, tan and gray.....65c
Men's $1.50 Kid Gloves, new samples, lined and unlined; special.....89c

BLOOMINGDALES', Lex. to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th St.

The Provident Loan Society OF NEW YORK

Loans from $1 to $1000 upon pledge of personal property.

INTEREST RATES

One per cent. (1%) per month or fraction thereof.

One-half per cent. (½%) charged upon loans repaid within two weeks from date of making.

OFFICES
MANHATTAN
Fourth Avenue cor. 25th Street
Eldridge Street cor. Rivington Street
Seventh Ave. bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
125th Street cor. Park Avenue
Grand Street cor. Clinton Street
BROOKLYN
Graham Avenue cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Avenue cor. Rockaway Ave.

BRONX OFFICE, 148th St. & Courtlandt Av., NOW OPEN

PORTER MADE ROCKEFELLER.

He Started Oil Business at Urging of Samuel Andrews.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 28.—Following the celebration by John D. Rockefeller of the fifty-sixth anniversary of getting his first and only job comes the story of how Mr. Rockefeller was inspired to his financial career by a porter in a St. Louis store. It was at the urging of Samuel Andrews, the porter, that Mr. Rockefeller engaged in the oil refining business, investing $1,000, the whole of his fortune.

Mr. Rockefeller, having received an increase in pay to $25 a month at the end of his first year as bookkeeper for Hewitt & Tuttle, decided that he could not make or save much money working for others. He went to St. Louis. There, in 1858, with $500 he had saved, he engaged in the commission business with M. R. Clark, an Englishman, forming the firm of Clark & Rockefeller. At the age of 30 he had accumulated $1,000.

It was then he met Andrews, the porter, became interested in his stories, and eventually in the oil refining business on the Mississippi River above St. Louis, under the firm name of Andrews, Clark & Co. It was not long before Mr. Rockefeller began to broaden the business personally, one of his first moves being to gain an investment of $60,000 from Henry M. Flagler.

VON BLUECHER GIRL IN COURT

Descendant of Famous Field Marshal Complains of Mother.

Ella Von Bluecher, 15 years old, who says she is the great-great-granddaughter of Field Marshal Baron Von Bluecher, who came to Wellington's aid and thus precipitated Napoleon's defeat at Waterloo, was temporarily remanded to the care of Mrs. Amelia Wahn, wife of Dr. Henry Wahn of 638 Eagle Avenue, the Bronx yesterday by Justice Hoyt in Children's Court.

Ella is the daughter of Alvina Von Bluecher, whom her father married when advanced in years. Her father died five years ago, and at that time an older sister, Ingevorg, 18 years old, went to live with Mrs. Wahn. Recently, the girl told the court, her mother, with whom she had been living at 403 West 127th Street, had made life so miserable for her that she was obliged to seek the protection of Mrs. Wahn.

Mrs. Wahn made a formal request for the guardianship of the child. Justice Hoyt said he would take this under consideration, advised her as to certain legal steps to be taken, and adjourned the case until next Thursday.

Dies of Lockjaw After Vaccination.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Sept. 28.—Vaccinated twenty-one days ago upon entering school Albert G. Glass, aged 6, died at his home in New Brighton to-day from lockjaw. The vaccination, it is said, became infected a few days ago and tetanus developed.

If You are in Sympathy with the fight for

PURE FOOD

Study these facts

FACILITY—
We maintain our own factory—100,000 square ft. of model modern equipment, where we manufacture our own teas, coffees, cocoas, baking powder, chocolates, candies, etc., under conditions as nearly perfect as possible.

PURITY—
We employ the newest machinery according to the most approved scientific hygienic methods by which handling is practically eliminated.

QUALITY—
We exercise the utmost care in excluding any raw material which, though perhaps not altogether injurious, fails to reach our particularly high standard. More than that, every detail of the manufacturing is supervised by experts.

ECONOMY—
Only a store having its own factory, and at the same time conducting a fixed underselling policy, can sell at such prices as we quote.

CELERITY—
Altogether the number of orders we receive is probably in excess of those received by all other department stores put together. We fill orders with the utmost promptness, whether they are received by mail or over the counter.

We prepay freight charges to all points within a radius of 100 miles on paid purchases of $5.00 and over.

A chemist, whom we invited to examine our factory, stated when he had finished his inspection: "If the consumers could see the scrupulous care you exercise to provide them with the purest products you would almost monopolize the business."

R. H. Macy & Co
Herald Square *Broadway*

The Dr. Wiley incident has brought into strong light the tremendous interest of all the people in pure foods.

Do you know the vital significance of this question to you?

Do you know its relation to your own health and the health of your family?

Do you know why some food manufacturers use the coal tar drug, Benzoate of Soda, and why some do not?

All these things can be learned in a way most interesting to every housekeeper at the pure food exhibit of

Heinz 57 Varieties

Domestic Science Exposition
Madison Square Garden

You can see there illustrated our model kitchens with their uniformed work people, and learn how good, fresh materials can be preserved in a clean place by clean methods without the aid of drugs and chemicals to make them keep.

You can also see and taste pure, clean, wholesome foods in almost infinite variety—Preserves, Jellies, Fruit Butter, Mince Meat, Tomato Soup, Baked Beans, Tomato Ketchup, etc.

H. J. Heinz Company
Member of Association for the Promotion of Purity in Foods

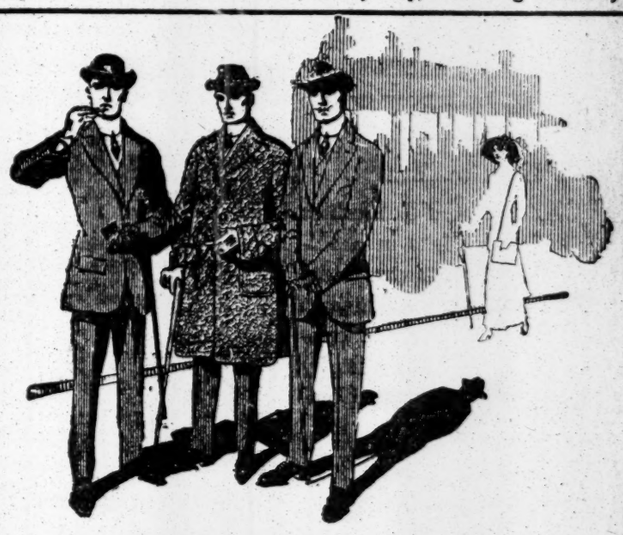
R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

Herald Square. Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

THE STORE FOR MEN AS WELL AS FOR WOMEN

Open 8:30 A. M. to 6 P. M., Every Day, Including Saturday.



SUITS FOR EVERY MAN

Popular Materials & Colors
Models for Every Form and Taste
At Prices Lowest in the City

For the man of average height and weight

Seventeen distinctly different models to fit the average man; embracing a variety of shoulder widths and lapel shapes that will correctly frame any type of face.

Particular attention is directed to our English models, which are unlike the ordinary ready-made so called "English" models about town. Our English-cut Suits are very similar in general design to the models shown by the best Fifth Avenue tailors.

Wide rounded collar and lapel, fitted waist lines and double gored coats combined with the essentially English idea of cutting the skirt of the coat the same length all around give an effect which is at once extremely stylish and unusual in ready-made clothing. Suits in this model at $24.75, $29.75 and $38.50.

For the slim, compact man of 5 ft. 6 or 5 ft. 7 in.

A semi-English model with no wiry canvas or stiff hair-cloth and no heavy padding is $14.75.

Browns, grays and blues in both rough and smooth mixtures, designed especially to give an effect of height, at $14.75, $19.75 and $22.50.

A number of novelty Suits are in bright Scotchy effects cut on an extremely English model. The material is very smooth and of close texture, but it gives the appearance of being rough, because of the pattern. Priced at $24.75.

For the tall man

Macy's is a specialty store in clothing. Accordingly we show five distinct models made especially for tall men. These Suits are cut with long sleeves, long skirts and extra long trousers. They are chiefly in neat, quiet effects, gotten by two tones of one color. This effective harmony is carried out in dark browns, dark grays and grayish greens. Prices are $14.75 to $24.75.

For the large, broad-shouldered man over average weight

These Suits are not merely ordinary Suits cut in extra large sizes. They are especially designed to lie close to the figure and give a slim effect not obtainable with ordinary ready-made clothes. We offer a choice of either conservative or semi-English cut styles, just as we do in our Suits for the average man. There are five distinct models, all designed to give the maximum effect of slimness. Prices begin at $14.75 and go up to $38.50.

Suits that are a little out of the usual and yet not in any way striking are our new weaves in double pencil stripes. The backgrounds are the conventional browns and grays. Prices $14.75 to $38.50.

ENGLISH TOP COATS New models for this season

At $19.75 and $22.50 **Our own model,** made up of imported tweeds, in gray and brown colorings. Easy hanging, loose fitting, fell as comfortable as they look. Your choice of plain or regulation shoulders.

At $27.50 **Imported London-made Topcoats,** in smooth finished coverts, rough homespuns, shaggy tweeds and fine cassimeres. One, two and three of a kind, in selected patterns that are new and exclusive with us. Plain or raglan shoulders.

Also in stock, **Chesterfields,** at **$14.75, $19.75, $24.75 and $27.50,** all silk lined.

TO KEEP CLOTHES NEW Conveniences for Tidy Men

Coat Hangers Some wooden, some wire, some nickel, some padded, some with hooks for trousers (some to hold four pairs), some specially designed for tourists.

A general assortment from 6c to 49c for a complete wooden shoulder which holds the suit in the same position as when it is worn. Basement.

TROUSER STRETCHERS, Wooden, 49c
PRESS BOARDS, 24-inch.....64c
TAILORS' PRESS BOARDS, $1.98
FOLDING IRON BOARDS, convenient for packing into trunk or suit case.....53c
ELECTRIC IRON.....$3.99

HIS HAT IS STILL NEW—He Bought It at Macy's and Saved Money, of Course

The man who paid $2.00 for his Derby at ———'s has just discarded it. The "black" wore grey.

He was brought into Macy's by the man who had paid $1.88 at Macy's—the "regular Macy saving" at that price.

The man who had paid $1.88 at Macy's was wearing a hat that was still practically new. Which illustrates the fuller significance of the economy of this store.

It isn't merely how little you pay; it's how much you buy.

"Money back if the hat wears bad," is our motto.
We are not talking through our hat, but through those we sell.

Autumn Derbies..$1.88 to $3.49 Autumn Soft Hats..99c. to $3.49

THE CAP FITS.

Imported Tweeds and Homespuns, $1.49.

That is what the man is told in the ordinary store, "The cap fits."

That is all there seems to it.

We at Macy's have a higher standard than mere "fitting."

When we sell caps either to men or young men, or even to boys, we take care that they SUIT as well as fit.

About fifty per cent. of men who buy caps elsewhere buy caps that suit—other faces.

We are showing a large assortment in the approved English weaves—tweeds, homespuns, etc.

Prices, of course, are lowest in the city.

"The Regular Macy Saving."

Other Caps for men and young men—49c. to $1.49.

242 FIFTH AVENUE

THE KNAPP-FELT SHOP

Hats for Men

DOBBS & CO'S Derbies and Soft Hats in exclusive shapes and textures designed by this establishment. They are made in the celebrated Knapp-Felt grades by The Crofut & Knapp Company. $4 and $6.

Hats for Women

IMPORTED models and exclusive designs of Dobbs & Co Fifth Avenue make.

Dobbs & Co
242 FIFTH AVENUE
between 27th and 28th Streets

PIONEER
Fireproof Storage
WAREHOUSES
for Household Effects and Vaults for Valuables
37 to 51 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn.
Nevins St. Subway Station at our door.
Moving, Shipping, Carpet Cleaning
WE HAVE 31 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.
Ask the People For Whom We Work
They will tell you that
Pioneer Service
Insures Absolute Satisfaction.
Estimates and Booklet on Request.

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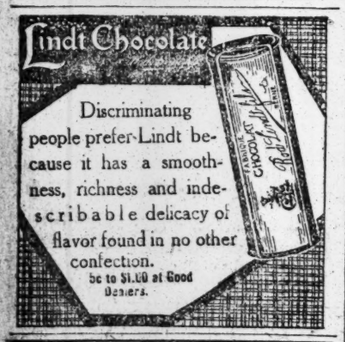
CROSS London Stationery
"The Piccadilly"
An exquisite paper with an almost invisible gray line marking. Full size Letter Paper or Correspondence Cards. Per Box..... 75c
Paper by mail...10c extra
Cards by mail..15c. extra
MARK CROSS
World's Greatest Leather Stores
310 Fifth Avenue 273 Broadway
Boston—145 Tremont Street

Daniell's.
BLANKETS
of the most dependable California and Western makes at the following reductions for this sale.
¾ size.....2.65, 3.35, 3.98, 4.50
Formerly.....3.50, 4.25, 4.98, 5.98
Full size.....2.75, 3.75, 4.98, 5.98
Formerly.....3.65, 4.75, 6.25, 7.50
Other Qualities at Proportionate Reductions.
Broadway, 8 & 9 Sts.

Your Gums will be healthy, your teeth sound *and* white *by* using daily
Vernas Lotion
The Curative Mouth Wash
At Your Druggist
15¢. 50¢ *and* $1.00 *per Bottle*



Discriminating people prefer Lindt because it has a smoothness, richness and indescribable delicacy of flavor found in no other confection.
5c to $1.00 at Good Dealers.

All coffee ails yield to well-made
Postum
Be sure it's well boiled.

CATHOLICS ATTACK NEW ENCYCLOPEDIA

Eleventh Edition of the Britannica Is Called "Unscholarly, Sectarian, and Offensive."

MANY PASSAGES CITED

Best Catholic Authorities Not Consulted, Says Report of a Committee on Which Mgr. Lavelle Served.

The American Federation of Catholic Societies, representing a union of all the Catholic societies in the country, has made an attack on the eleventh edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica as "unscholarly, sectarian, and offensive," and as giving a grossly partial and prejudiced misstatement of facts concerning religion, and especially Catholicism.

Following a report by a special committee of prominent priests and laymen who made a compilation of some of the alleged prejudiced passages offensive to Catholics, the National Federation has passed this resolution:

Whereas, The treatment of religious subjects in the eleventh edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica, particularly in matters in which the Catholic Church is concerned, is unscholarly, sectarian, and offensive.

Be it Resolved, That we protest against this manifestation of prejudice in a work which bids for public patronage as a scholarly, impartial, and urbane publication as a means of satisfying fair-minded Protestants as well as Catholics that this encyclopedia is not trustworthy as a work of reference on religious topics.

Be it Further Resolved, That the societies forming this federation disseminate in their respective localities among librarians, Superintendents of education, editors of newspapers, and other publicists copies of the criticisms showing the rationalistic and anti-Catholic spirit of the Britannica.

Among those on the committee of fifteen compiling the evidences of passages offensive to the Catholic Church were the Right Rev. Mgr. M. J. Lavelle, the Right Rev. Mgr. F. J. Wall, the Rev. Joseph Hoey, the Rev. John J. Wynne, John Whalen, George Gillespie, Frank J. Smith, Austin Finegan, John Ryan, Dr. James O'Brien, and the Rev. Thomas J. McCluskey.

The report of the committee is headed, "Poisoning the Wells—The Eleventh Edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica." It declares that the editors of the encyclopedia have throughout failed to make good their promise in making the encyclopedia "a comprehensive embodiment of accurate scholarship on all departments of knowledge * * * to look at the truth objectively, to face the religions of the world as they are, not as we or others think they ought to be, and to give an impartial account of the beliefs and practices of the Christian world." Instead, the report says, articles on religious matters have been written "by men who are not recognized as authorities, nor by any means representative of the religious body most interested in particular subjects so treated."

Of the men writing the articles under "The Roman Catholic Establishment"—the Viscount St. Cyres, W. A. Phillips, T. A. Ingram, the Rev. E. Taunton, and Cardinal Gibbons—the report declares: "St. Cyres is a Modernist by sympathy at least, and misrepresents with a vulgar prejudice that real scholars never entertain; Phillips writes frankly from an outside standpoint, and with no special acquaintance with his subject; Ingram of Trinity College, Dublin, writes on nothing Catholic or religious that we can ascertain; of Taunton, the less said the better; and we trust the editors begin to appreciate the injustice they have done the eminent Cardinal Archbishop of Baltimore by linking his name with such an editorial group as if he were party to their editorial scheme for the treatment, or rather the mistreatment, of Catholic questions.

"Of the 1,500 contributors to the new Britannica," the report continues, "about fifteen are really Catholic, only ten of whom are recognized authorities in religious subjects." Protest is likewise made against the failure to consider Catholic scholars for the treatment of such subjects as Religion, Inspiration, Revelation, Liturgy, Mass, Theology, Marriage and Divorce, Absolution, Asceticism, Casuistry, Celibacy, Excommunication, Holy Water, Relics, Images, the Virgin Mary, or even the Catholic Church.

"Of the 40,000,000 words in over 4,000,000 lines of the twenty-eight volumes," the report declares, "the Vulgate has enough to fill only five and one-half lines and God only twenty-six!"

Competent Catholics were not permitted, according to the report, to read or suggest revision of the numerous articles in which Catholics are specially interested. Among the passages said to be inaccurate and biased is one concerning Henry VIII., under the heading, "Marriage":

> Wolsey persuaded him that the necessary divorce could be obtained from Rome, as it had been in the case of Louis XII. of France and Margaret of Scotland.

"There was no divorce in this case," the committee comments, "and Wolsey never intimated to Henry that this case could be settled on like ground. No proof is submitted for this statement, or the following:

> Pope Clement himself permitted such a dissolution in the case of Henry's own sister, Margaret, in 1528, proposed later that Henry should be allowed two wives, and looked not unfavorably with the same aim on the project of marrying the Duke of Richmond to Mary, a brother to a sister.

"One looks in vain for any proof of such misstatements as:

> Recent investigations make it probable, though not quite certain, that Boniface (eighth Pope) privately held certain Averroistic tenets such as the denial of the immortality of the soul.
>
> So despotic did the tyranny become in the West that in the time of Charlemagne it was necessary to restrain abbots by legal enactments from mutilating their monks and putting out their eyes.
>
> Ambrose's chief faults were ambition and bigotry.

Some of the sneers at Catholicism complained of are found in the report to occur in such passages as this:

> Protestantism in its primitive principle is a return to primitive Christianity. The whole development which we have traced, culminating in the ecclesiastical-doctrinal system of the Roman Church, is regarded as a corruption, since foreign and even heathen elements have been brought into it, so that the religion established by Christ is obscured or lost, * * * since in the Roman Church the chief appeal is to the emotions, while in the Reformed it is to the intelligence. (Knox, Christianity, VI. 287.)

"What," asks the committee, "could be more partisan than this?"

The article "Mary," according to the report, "simply denies or sweeps aside the traditional Catholic view of the Mother of Christ. It is frankly Protestant of a low type." The article on the Roman Catholic Church, by St. Cyres, the report characterizes as "a poor piece of writing, flippant and sneering in places, and anti-Catholic throughout."

"The bias or predisposition to favor Protestant or anti-Catholic views," according to the report, "accounts for such errors as the following:

> It is held among Roman Catholics that in the Sacrament of Penance attrition becomes contrition.
>
> The picture of Apostolic Christianity found in the New Testament offered, indeed, a glaring contrast to the papal system of the later Middle Ages.

The following passage on Holy Water, according to the committee, shows "the natural gradation from ignorance to bias and from bias to insult:

> The water must in ritual washings run off in order to carry away the miasma or unseen demon of disease, and, accordingly, in baptism the early Christians used living or running water. In all religions, and especially in the Brahmanic and Christian, the cathartic virtue of water is enhanced by the introduction into it by means of suitable prayers and incantations of a divine or magical power.

Other passages objected to are:

> The baals are not to be regarded necessarily as local variations of one and the same god, like the Virgins or Madonnas of Catholic lands. (Robinson and Arthur, "Baal," III., 88.)
>
> A mock mass was begun, during which the lections were read cum farsio, obscene songs were sung, and dances performed, cakes and sausages eaten at the altar, and cards and dice played upon it. (Feast of Fools, X., 616, article unsigned.)
>
> The Church shared the universal belief that holiness or the holy spirit is quasi-material, and capable of being held in suspense in water, just as sin is a half-material infliction, absorbed and carried away by it. (Conybeare, "Holy Water," XIII., 623.)

"The entire encyclopedia," the report concludes, "is a sad manifestation of anti-Catholic animus, and must henceforth, for Catholics and all fair-minded Protestants, be considered as a storehouse of traditions, errors, prejudices born of a spirit of religious animosity and rancor long since happily repudiated by well-bred people."

VOTE FOR CASSIDY SEEMS ONE SHORT

Only Two of Five Aldermen Can Be Counted for Him for Borough President.

THE OTHERS HAVE THE SAY

Election of a Successor to Gresser of Queens Has Been Set for Monday by the Mayor.

A successor to Borough President Lawrence Gresser of Queens, who was removed from office by Gov. Dix, will be elected next Monday if the five Queens Aldermen do not delay their vote. Mayor Gaynor has ordered the election to take place in the Aldermanic Chamber at the City Hall at 10:30 o'clock. An exciting meeting is looked for, as Joseph Cassidy, the Democratic boss of Queens, is out for the office either for himself or one of his followers, and three of the Aldermen have already announced that they will vote against any candidate that Cassidy puts up. It requires only a majority vote of the five Aldermen to elect.

The official announcement of Gresser's removal reached Mayor Gaynor from Gov. Dix by special messenger yesterday, the messenger stopping off first at the office of the Borough President in Long Island City to notify him officially of the Governor's decision. A few minutes after receiving the notice from Albany, the Mayor, in compliance with the Charter provision that he name the time for the election of a successor as early as possible, sent word to the Queens Aldermen to be at the City Hall Monday morning.

Gresser's successor will serve for the balance of the term, or until Dec. 31, 1913. The five Aldermen who will make the selection are Daniel Ehntholt, Edward Brady, Alexander Dujat, and Frederick Snell, Democrats, and W. Augustus Shipley, Republican. Ehntholt was elected on the Independence League ticket, but he has always voted with the Democrats in the board. Dujat and Brady, it is said, favor the election of Cassidy, while the other three have declared against him. At Monday's meeting the Republican Alderman may have to cast the deciding vote, while, on the other hand, this privilege may go to Mayor Gaynor, who will preside. Under the law the Mayor has no vote unless it is to decide a tie. The Mayor, it is said, is anti-Cassidy.

Friends of Walter H. Bunn, Commissioner of Public Works of Queens under Gresser, put him forward yesterday as a candidate for Borough President. He, too, is against Cassidy. Mr. Bunn came to the City Hall in the morning to represent Gresser at the meeting of the Board of Estimate, but after a conference with the Mayor he refrained from sitting with the board. The Mayor, it was said, was afraid that as Bunn is Gresser's appointee some question involving the legality of the board's acts to-day might arise.

John A. Waldron was the special messenger who brought the official notice of Gresser's removal. He found Mr. Gresser in his private office in Long Island City, and after he left Mr. Gresser issued this statement:

"I have been officially notified this morning by Gov. John A. Dix of my removal from the Presidency of the Borough of Queens, and in laying down the duties of this great office I can only say that I have at all times given to the taxpayers of the Borough of Queens my very best efforts for the upbuilding of the government. Whoever my successor may be, I very earnestly hope that he will be able to accomplish for the people of the borough all that they wish him to accomplish and that he may strive as conscientiously and as loyally as I have striven for their welfare."

Mr. Gresser refused to say any more, and, putting on his hat, walked out of his office not to return.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 AND 568 Fifth Avenue. 46TH AND 47TH STS.

Smart Autumn Modes for Misses

Designed especially for small figures, our Outer Apparel for Misses and Juniors possesses the charm of *becomingness*, so often lacking in garments of the smaller sizes.

This feature, together with faultless *custom* workmanship, only serves to strengthen the appeal made by the fashionable character of our Misses' styles—

Tailored Suits in many smart models—entirely new effects in corduroy, serge and other fashionable materials— *$35 to $75*

Coats in numerous styles and cloths, for all occasions— *$25 to $65*

School Dresses of serge and silk— *$25 to $45*

Party Dresses—Exquisite Paris creations, exclusive with this house— *$35 to $85*

Millinery in the newest Paris models— *$15 to $25*

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

FABRICS

ANY fabric you find in a Smith Gray & Co. garment is a standard fabric that has withstood every test of worthiness.

Before it is cut it has withstood more severe hard usage than three wearers could give it,—it has been exposed to the elements, subjected to sun, wind, rain and dust for two solid weeks,—it has withstood all the requirements of the U. S. Government for tensile strength,—powerful alkalis have proven the non-existence of cotton, then after all this comes the cold water tub shrinking and then dried on steam tables. That's why a Smith Gray & Co. garment stays put, justifies a world standard of tailoring, holds its shape and gives you a value such as no other clothes can give.

Smith Gray & Co. ready-for-service Suits and Overcoats for Fall and Winter, for men, young men and boys, range in price from
18.00 to 50.00

Many Thousands of 20.00, 22.50 & 25.00 Standard Value Suits and Fall Coats,
15.50 & 18.50

HERE is visible, tangible evidence of the results of putting Smith Gray & Co. tailoring plant on a hundred per cent. efficiency basis,—here is your opportunity to see and to know just how much of a saving it means to you.

For here is the result of all the economies that time and an organization three generations old have been able to bring about,—here is the fabric styling and workmanship which has brought Smith Gray & Co. clothes national recognition at prices which beyond the Smith Gray & Co. organization could not be.

Included are all the correct new and many exclusive models in sizes for men, young men and boys.

At 15.50 there are black, Oxford and smart mixture Fall coatings.

At 15.50 there are excellent cassimere and worsted cheviot suitings in the new browns, olives, grays and neat mixtures.

At 18.50 there are silk-lined Fall Coats in black, Oxford, new grays, new olives, new browns, in plain, stripe and wale weaves.

At 18.50 there are Suits of fine English finished velour, stripe blue serges, worsteds and cassimeres, exclusive and special styles, in new browns, tans, grays, blues and neat mixtures. English soft roll and many other distinctive models.

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Lord & Taylor
Founded 1826

Men's Shoes
Special for Today and Saturday

Men's Tan Cresco and Black Wax Calf Boots
Chromoid Waterproof Soles
$6.00 values—*$3.95*

Boys' School Shoes
Waterproof soles, built to stand the hardest kind of wear. Sizes 1 to 6.
$4.00 values—*$2.95*

Broadway & 20th St.; 5th Ave.; 19th St.

B. Altman & Co.

"BETALPH" GUARANTEED SILK HOSIERY
FOR MEN AND WOMEN
IS IN STOCK AT THE FOLLOWING REGULAR PRICES:

MEN'S SILK HOSIERY, IN BLACK OR COLORS $1.75 PAIR
WOMEN'S SILK HOSIERY, IN BLACK $1.75 & 2.50 PAIR
WOMEN'S SILK HOSIERY, IN COLORS 2.25 PAIR
WOMEN'S EXTRA SIZE SILK HOSIERY
IN BLACK $2.50 PAIR

THIS HOSIERY WILL BE REPLACED IF UNSATISFACTORY AS TO WEAR.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

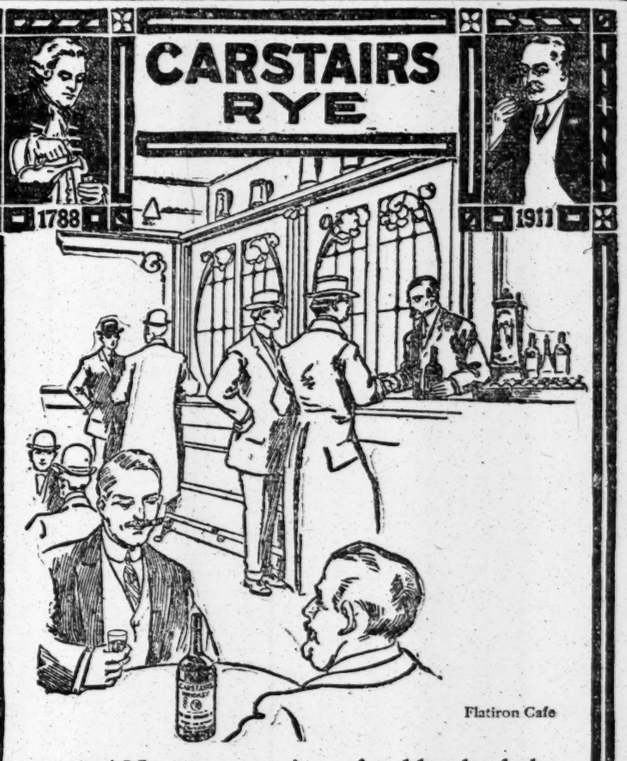
"What a Flavor! I Never Tasted its Equal!"
If You Appreciate Good Beer,
Imperial Gold Label Beer
Bottled only by the Brewers, BEADLESTON & WOERZ New York. Order from any dealer.
will Delight You with its True Bitter Taste!

MARGARET DELAND'S
New Novel
THE IRON WOMAN

ANY book by Mrs. Deland would be notable. But "The Iron Woman" marks an event in American publishing. It is more than a novel, as we have come to know the word. Mrs. Deland pictures youth—dewy, virginal youth—in all its tenderness and passion, its foolish obstinacy, and generous impulsiveness, with truthful idealism. Her young people are wonderfully attractive in their perfect naturalness. She portrays the elders—people whom life has hardened—with just as deep understanding and sympathy. She has a way of penetrating the outward husk of habit and finding the living heart underneath. As for the story itself—it is difficult to speak of its beauty in terms of self-restraint.

HARPER & BROTHERS

CARSTAIRS RYE



Flatiron Cafe

CAN you conceive of a blend of the finest old whiskies—smooth—mellow—palatable? If you can imagine a blend that is soft—soothing—always uniform and delightfully stimulating you have Carstairs Rye—the finest whiskey in America.

Carstairs Rye has been on sale in all first-class New York clubs, cafes and hotels for over 122 years.

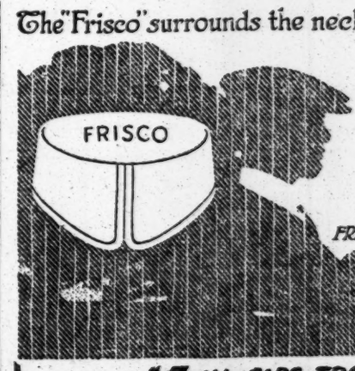
It is the same fine old whiskey your grandfather, and his father before him, used.

It is the purest, oldest, best whiskey in America. Try it to-day.

If you have any difficulty in getting Carstairs Rye, notify us and we will see that you are promptly supplied.

STEWART DISTILLING CO.
A consolidation of Carstairs, McCall & Co. and Carstairs Bros.
Philadelphia New York Baltimore

Frisbie Collars
The "Frisco" surrounds the neck with style and comfort.



Roomy passage way for scarf. 3 heights, ¼ sizes. Hand made, 4 ply.
15¢ 2 for 25¢
FRISBIE COON & CO. MAKERS TROY, N.Y.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO Bloomingdale's
Lexington to 3d Ave. 59th to 60th Street

WATERFRONT PLAN OF NEW YORK CENTRAL

Its Riverside Tracks to Go Underground and Tracks to St. John's Park to be Elevated.

AN END TO DEATH AVENUE

Railroad Proposes to Spend $65,000,000 on Terminals and Superstructure for Tracks to Cortlandt Street.

The New York Central Railroad laid yesterday before the Board of Estimate a comprehensive plan for its freight tracks along Riverside Drive and Eleventh and Tenth Avenues. It provided for placing the tracks under ground from Spuyten Duyvil to its yards at the end of Riverside Drive, and their elevation from Sixtieth Street to Cortlandt Street. In addition, provision was suggested for a great development of its yards between Thirty-first and Thirty-seventh Streets and at St. John's Park.

The entire cost of this improvement, it is reckoned by the railroad company, would be $65,000,000, of which $43,000,000 would be spent at once. The company is asking no assistance from the city, but would obtain in return for its outlay a perpetual franchise to such extensions and tracks as it does not now possess, a six instead of two or four track line along Riverside Drive, and a four-track line down the marginal way as far as Cortlandt Street instead of its present two-track surface road to St. John's Park, which can be operated only with great difficulty.

The city would gain by the final settlement of the "Death Avenue" nuisance and by the building up on the undeveloped west side of a great freight terminus which, the New York Central officials believe, would, before long, draw to its vicinity a large number of important industries.

The New York Central's plan for an elevated road, owned and operated by itself, clashes with the plan proposed by Dock Commissioner Tomkins, which in many respects is similar to it. Commissioner Tomkins would have the city construct the elevated road on the marginal way and keep the control in its own hands. It would be open to all railroads, including of course the New York Central, and it would have connections with freight terminals to be established for the railroads now with their termini in New Jersey, as well as common transfer bridges for barges. Mr. Tomkins issued a statement after the meeting of the Board of Estimate expressing his entire willingness to confer with the New York Central officials in the hope of reaching a settlement with them. Ira A. Place, Vice President of the New York Central, presented the company's plans.

Six-Track Electric Line.

The section of the New York Central's tracks involved begins at Spuyten Duyvil. There they cross the Harlem River at the present time by a two-track draw bridge. This is now quite sufficient for the needs of the traffic, but the plans presented yesterday provide for the construction of a tunnel under the Harlem at some future time, if that should be found advantageous, on account of the increase of the traffic. There is no idea of proceeding with this immediately.

After Inwood Park has been passed it is intended to bridge over all the New York Central's tracks. They will, according to the plans, be increased to six, and will be operated by electricity. A continuous bridge will be thrown over them, and on this will be laid a thick layer of earth. Where necessary land will be built into the North River, and provision may be made for such special features as the Hudson-Fulton Water Gate and an athlethic oval, as the city authorities may direct. The extent of Riverside Park will be considerably increased, and access to the river banks will be provided for the public.

At Manhattanville, where there is a deep valley between Columbia and Washington Heights and 129th and Manhattan Streets cross the present tracks at grade, it is recognized that it is impossible to alter the level of these and the neighboring streets without great alterations in the map of the city. Consequently the New York Central's tracks here will, for a few blocks, be elevated and will be carried above the streets. On the other hand, at Ninety-sixth and Seventy-ninth Streets, where also there are now crossings at grade, the streets have a sharp incline as they near the river. It is therefore proposed that here there shall be no alteration in the grade of the railroad, but the streets will be carried over the tracks.

Ends Death Avenue.

The small yard of the New York Central above 130th Street is to be improved and slightly enlarged, and there will be a complete rearrangement of the yard between Seventy-second and Sixtieth Streets. At present a double railroad track emerges from this yard and runs at grade along Eleventh Avenue to the Thirty-fourth Street yard. Thence it cuts across to Tenth Avenue and runs down that thoroughfare from Thirtieth to Little Twelfth Street. There it debouches into West Street and continues south to Canal Street, finally turning in there to St. John's Park yard.

By the New York Central's plans all these tracks at grade would be eliminated. In their place would be constructed a four-track elevated road along the Marginal Way, as the broad thoroughfare on the extreme west of the island is termed, as far south as Cortlandt Street. From it an elevated spur to St. John's Park would run along Canal Street.

A great development would also take place between Thirty-first and Thirty-seventh Streets. Here are the freight yards of the New York Central lines with buildings of a very primitive design. For the most part they are only one-story high, and they are now quite unfit for the handling of the freight of a great city. It is proposed that modern terminal buildings, perhaps eight or ten stories in height, be constructed with the elevated road running between them on the second story level. Carts would drive up to them on the street level, and would by means of ramps be conveyed to the height of the railroad tracks. There would be plenty of room for the sorting and storage of packages and there would be none of the confusion that now characterizes freight terminals in this city.

In discussing this part of the plans of the New York Central Vice President Place pointed out yesterday that already New York has ocular demonstration of the convenience such freight terminals afford. The National Biscuit Company has built up a great factory at Fifteenth Street and Tenth Avenue, and employs there 5,000 men, simply because it possesses freight facilities and can load its cars as it needs them.

An Idea for the Future.

In much the same way the present terminal at St. John's Park would be improved, and if the larger yard uptown in the end absorbed most of the commodities used by the city and supplied the great dry goods stores, there will still, in the opinion of Mr. Place, be so great a demand for foodstuffs in the downtown office district that all the accommodation that St. John's Park can supply will be kept fully employed.

Mr. Place also spoke of another idea that the New York Central officials have in planning this improvement.

"When the passenger line into the Grand Central Station was built," he said, "provision was made only for four tracks, and now that we have spent so much money on our new alterations it will be impossible for us ever to increase them. But if the traffic grows too heavy for us to handle on a four-track line we may be able to provide increased facilities by means of our west side freight line. Some time or other we may apply to the city for a franchise to construct a tunnel from some point on the west side, say at Fifty-seventh Street, right across the city to our Grand Central tracks. Of course it is not under contemplation at present, but it is not hard to foresee that sooner or later the immense passenger traffic of the city will be so heavy that we cannot handle it all over our lines running into the Grand Central, and this is a means of relief."

Dock Commissioner Tomkins has an alternative scheme for the development of the west side, and the provision of better facilities for the port. He would prefer the city to build the elevated track along the Marginal Way and retain it absolutely under its control. The New York Central would of course take up its surface tracks, and would have the right to use the new elevated railroad, but any other company desiring it might also have a right of way.

Plans for Other Railroads.

The Commissioner would also construct a general railroad float bridge somewhere between Twenty-fifth and Fortieth Streets, to which the New Jersey railroads could bring their cars and a great block of warehouses between Tenth and Eleventh Avenues, Twenty-fifth and Thirtieth Streets, all served by spurs from the municipal elevated railroad. Moreover, the railways which already have their own terminal yards, such as the Pennsylvania at Thirty-eighth Street, the Erie at Twenty-ninth Street, the Lehigh at Twenty-seventh Street, and the Baltimore & Ohio at Twenty-sixth Street, as well as the New York Central with its large yards, would be able to gain access to the elevated tracks by ramps.

Thus with a direct unloading yard east of the marginal way between Thirty-eighth and Fortieth Streets the Commissioner believes that he would be able to concentrate north of Twenty-third Street nearly all the railroad freight business, and would set free for ocean freight a number of piers at the lower end of the island.

Vice President Place stated that he had brought the plans of the New York Central before the Board of Estimate in order that they might express their opinion on them before the Directors of the company took such action as was necessary to put them into effect.

Controller Prendergast remarked that he thought that the plans should be submitted to Dock Commissioner Tomkins before they were taken by the board. Mr. Tomkins thereupon resigned from the Board of Estimate's Committee on West Side Improvement, and then made this statement:

What Commissioner Tomkins Plans.

Under the McClelland-Walker act and the two Cullen acts, which have now become laws, the City of New York has ample powers to organize a general railroad and steamship terminal on the west side of Manhattan Island. The law permits of either public or private construction and use, and it rests with the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to negotiate with the New York Central and determine the character of the agreement which shall finally be entered into between the city and that company.

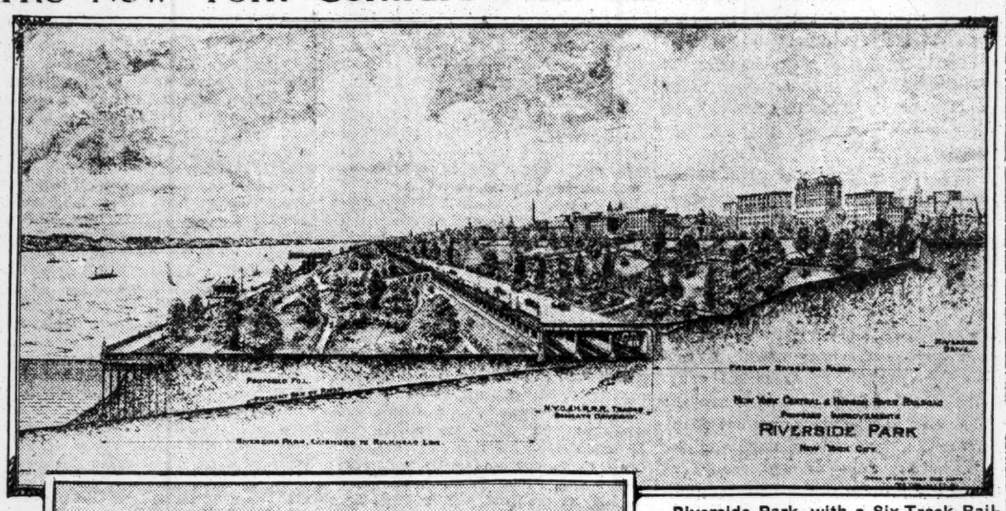
To facilitate prompt consideration, I have outlined in a general way to New York Central officials what reservations, in my judgment, the city should make, and I have also prepared preliminary plans; but from recent conferences with them I infer that the plans now submitted by the Central do not conform to the restrictions suggested by me. As soon as I shall have had an opportunity of examining these plans I will endeavor to promptly submit to your honorable board the alternative plans and policy of the Dock Department for the construction and control of a general west side city terminal.

The discussion will naturally divide itself into two parts, viz.: The most effective development for industrial and commercial utilization south of Riverside Drive and the preservation of the natural beauty and convenience of Riverside Park and the river front to Spuyten Duyvil.

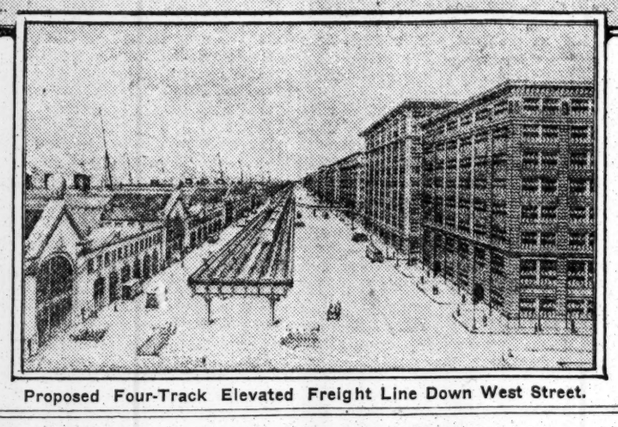
Mr. Place also submitted to the Board of Estimate yesterday modifications proposed by the New York Central of the plans approved by the board on June 15 for the construction of viaducts and bridges needed to carry Fiftieth, Fifty-first, Fifty-second, Fifty-third, Fifty-fourth, Fifty-fifth, and Fifty-sixth Streets over the railroad cut in Park Avenue. The modifications provide for covering the central spaces in Park Avenue, from Fiftieth to Fifty-sixth Street.

In doing so Mr. Place explained that the modifications would make the original plans more costly, but as they were suggested not for railroad purposes, but to improve the abutting property, he hoped that they would be approved.

The New York Central's Plan for the Water Front



Riverside Park, with a Six-Track Railway Beneath a New Driveway.



Proposed Four-Track Elevated Freight Line Down West Street.

G. E. SPENCER WEDS NURSE.

Treasurer of New York Dock Company Has Long Been an Invalid.

Friends of George E. Spencer of Brooklyn Heights learned yesterday of his marriage on Wednesday evening to Miss Louise C. Somers. Mr. Spencer is Treasurer of the New York Dock Company. He is 67 years old. His bride is thirty-seven years his junior.

Mr. Spencer has been an invalid for several years, and Miss Somers has been his nurse. On Wednesday word was sent to the Marriage License Bureau in Brooklyn that Mr. Spencer wished to take out a license, but was too ill to visit the bureau himself. A clerk was sent to his home, at Hicks and Pineapple Streets, where he saw Mr. Spencer and Miss Somers and issued the license. It is said that Mr. Spencer, whose illness has become more severe of late, desired that the marriage take place at once. The ceremony was performed on Wednesday evening by the Rev. Dr. Edward F. Sanderson, pastor of the Church of the Pilgrims.

Mr. Spencer is a native of Massachusetts. He was a bachelor. Miss Somers formerly lived in Hoboken, N. J.

FLORIDA FOR WILSON.

Will Vote Solid for His Nomination for President, Capt. Lewis Says.

Special to The New York Times.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., Sept. 28.—"Florida is strong for Woodrow Wilson, and will send a solid delegation to the National Democratic Convention to vote for him for President," said Capt. J. Stuart Lewis of the State Department of Agriculture, who has just completed a tour of the State.

"Harmon candidates," he continued, "will undoubtedly be left in the lurch, for the tide is for Wilson our way. There are already two Congressional candidates in the field on the Wilson platform. W. H. Ellis, former Attorney General of the State, is in the race from the Third District, and Senator Don McMullen from the First."

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Is Your Coffee Pot

with G. Washington Coffee—No grounds, no eggs, no waste. Nothing to throw away. Only boiling water needed. Finest coffee in one second.

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For the Purpose of Special Sales,

YOU CAN COME TO MACY'S AND FIND THE IDENTICAL OR BETTER ARTICLES PRICED STILL LOWER

Our best values are often not advertised, either because the quantity is too small to advertise or simply because we cannot advertise everything.

GIMBELS

First Birthday Today

What a Year Has Done at Gimbels

One year ago yesterday there was a vast, unopened building here at Broadway and Thirty-third Street, which caused much speculation in the minds of New Yorkers. This was already a city of great stores, and speculation was rife as to whether there was room for another big store, or a public to support it.

History shows that many years—usually a generation—must be devoted to building up a great commercial enterprise, from its usual small beginning—unless a constituency is inherited from a predecessor.

Here was an entirely new business—well known in the trade, of course; but practically unknown to the public it sought to serve—starting full-fledged, with a vast building and fully equipped organization, with its constituency to be made out of clear blue sky.

Today the store of GIMBEL BROTHERS is one of the five stores of New York City doing the largest volume of business.

People have ceased to wonder if the new store is going to be a success.

Birthdays are very common. Thousands of people are celebrating them every day. Each date on the calendar recalls many great events. We cannot expect that you will even recall that the Gimbel store was opened on September 29th.

And yet there are many people wondering what the result of this FIRST year has been, and they will pardon our feeling a little enthusiastic on this occasion of our

"FIRST BIRTHDAY"

The volume of sales, by which all stores count their success, has been forty to fifty per cent. greater than our most enthusiastic friends in the trade would concede us, a year ago.

And we confess that it has mounted up far beyond our own most optimistic expectations.

For we did not come here to slash prices and attempt to destroy the trade of other stores. We had no such foolish desire. We believed, rather, that we could help the business of all. And we think this has been the result—at least in our neighborhood.

We were most kindly received by our competitors, and we feel most grateful toward them.

But we wish, most of all, to express appreciation of our reception by the great New York public, whose generous patronage has made the year what it has been—one of enormous business volume and tremendous satisfaction to the owners and promoters of the business.

It has been our endeavor that the Gimbel Store should stand for

Service Courtesy Reliability

And this store—which is really a "CONGRESS OF STORES"—inspired by the public good-will, and its own spirit of progressiveness, plans to make the coming year one of far greater achievement in public service.

In our desire to be pleasantly remembered, on this day which is so auspicious to us, we have prepared

A Multitude of Special Birthday Offerings

representative of the store's merchandise, which we hope will make thousands of new friends to us, and make OUR FIRST BIRTHDAY a gratifying occasion to all who honor us with a visit today and tomorrow.

We cordially thank you for your favors of the past year, and hope to more fully deserve your interest during the year that begins today.

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

The New York Times.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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DIRECT PRIMARIES IN MASSACHUSETTS.

If the direct primary as a substitute for the convention would work well in any community it ought to work well in Massachusetts. The Electorate of the Old Commonwealth is intelligent above the average; the voters take their politics seriously, and their electoral contests are fought out with zeal and determination. The State-wide direct primary did in fact work well, it appears, on Tuesday. In some comments upon the result made by Massachusetts newspapers surprise is expressed at the smallness of the primary vote; it is construed as indicating a lack of interest. It appears to us, on the contrary, that the vote was surprisingly large. The total vote polled for Governor last year was 423,000. The grand total of the votes polled by both parties in the primaries this year was 181,654. The Republican primary vote was a little less than 60 per cent. of the Republican Governorship vote, but only about 30 per cent. of the Democratic Governorship vote turned out at the primaries. Certainly it cannot be asserted that under the old-fashioned primary and convention system a larger number of voters would have indicated their will by attendance at the primaries.

There was a somewhat spirited contest for the Republican Gubernatorial nomination. The organization supported FROTHINGHAM, who was entitled to the nomination by reason of his having been Lieutenant Governor. He polled 66,000 votes. Mr. WALKER, who is a good-natured, mild sort of progressive, polled 28,000 votes. Mr. WHITE, for whose appearance in the contest no very good reason could be stated, got only 18,000 votes. The rivalry of these three aspirants accounts for the really large proportion of Republican voters who took the trouble to go to the primaries. The nomination of Foss by the Democrats being a foregone conclusion, the primaries of that party were devoid of special interest, so that less than one-third of the voters appeared. For Foss 63,161 votes were cast, and for HISGEN only 5,023. It may be assumed that the large number of the Republicans who voted for Foss last year stayed away from the primary because of their reluctance to enroll this year either in one party or in the other. Under the law a vote at the primary on Tuesday constituted an enrollment. The voter had to declare openly which party he intended to act with by calling either for Democratic or for Republican ballots. It will readily be understood that Republicans who wished to reserve their freedom of action on Election Day might still be indisposed to enroll as Democrats.

An interesting incident of the primary was the nomination of Mr. DONAHUE for Secretary of State. When Secretary of State OLIN died the Republican Legislature elected his successor. Mr. LANGTRY was chosen, and he was, quite in accordance with usage, nominated by the Republicans on Tuesday to be his own successor in the office. Mr. DONAHUE, who was the candidate of the Democrats in the Legislature and was defeated by LANGTRY, naturally expected to be named by his party this Fall. The organization set him aside and put forward as the primary candidate Mr. SKELTON, who is a Grand Army man. It was thought to be good politics to have a member of that organization on the ticket. After the party leaders had named SKELTON as the regular candidate to be voted for at the primary, Mr. DONAHUE, who is popular and worthy of confidence, got out nomination papers and had his name put on the primary ballots. He defeated the regular candidate, receiving 51,849 votes against 10,559 for SKELTON. Thus the party "turned down" the machine. Such a thing would hardly have happened in a convention. This is a good illustration of the potential virtue of the direct primary plan. It ought to encourage the advocates of that reform.

While in general the regular organizations had their way in the Massachusetts primaries, precisely as they had their way in conventions, the Donahue exception shows what can be done when the machine uses bad judgment. In New Jersey the exception was the other way. The machine, and it is a particularly bad and thoroughly discredited machine, made such successful use of its opportunities under the new Geran law that there is reason to fear that Gov. WILSON will encounter a majority in the Assembly not in sympathy with his aims. The result in Massachusetts has no particular bearing upon the situation in New York. Gov. DIX is an earnest advocate of direct primaries, and so was Gov. HUGHES. The people have resolutely declined to become interested in the matter. Besides, the bills which have been introduced and discussed in our Legislature have provided only for a partial and worthless sort of direct primary, very little resembling the State-wide system adopted in Massachusetts.

THE OUTLOOK FOR WAR.

The peace of the Eastern Hemisphere is still threatened. Germany has not yet accepted the proposals of France in regard to Morocco, but has merely replied to them. There is no apprehension now, however, of war growing out of this dispute. France and Germany will settle their differences amicably, though there is naturally some eagerness among other countries, especially in neighboring countries, to know the exact terms of the settlement.

The proceedings of Italy against Turkey have a warlike character. Italian troops have not been landed in Tripoli as yet, but soon will be, with or without the acquiescence of the Porte. Under the treaty of Paris Italy had no right to take this offensive step, as one of the provisions of that treaty (which is embodied also in the later treaty of Berlin) prohibits any one of the signatories from taking such action without first asking for the mediation of the other signatories. But Austria disregarded that provision a year or so ago, while Italy's problem in Tripoli had become pressing. Her commercial interests are large in that State and the lives and property of its Italian residents have been very insecure. The Turks have shown neither the disposition nor the ability to protect foreigners from injustice. Italy having asked permission to send an armed force to Tripoli has now no other alternative, the request having been refused, than to land troops. The Turks seem determined to resist the invasion, and war is probably inevitable, unless the Powers tardily interfere.

The result of the war may be to deprive Turkey of its last African possession. Her hold on Egypt is merely nominal. The Turks are good fighters, but their chance of repelling an invasion by European troops, without the help of the Powers, is slight, and if Italy has to fight to gain a foothold in Tripoli she will not be likely to give it up. The task of subduing and pacifying that country of bandits and pirates will be formidable.

MR. JOHNSON AT BOW STREET.

For once the British public in a fit of morality is not a ridiculous spectacle. For the last fortnight it has seemed that the authorities which drew the line at moving pictures of the Johnson-Jeffries fight, and which reproached Americans for tolerating it, were about to permit the Johnson-Wells fight. Possibly the fact that this contrast was too sharp for endurance accounts for the successful opposition to a repetition of a spectacle which would have been an even greater scandal to our modern civilization. No longer would it have been possible to boast an improvement over the manners and morals of the good old times when prizefighting was a matter of course, and no longer would it have been possible for Britain to point the finger of superior scorn at ourselves, who have been capable of concurrently forbidding horse racing and authorizing prizefighting of the most brutal sort. All that is left us with which to cover our moral nakedness is the demonstration that the Empire, as well as the Republic, draws the color line which neither should. If JOHNSON had been a white man, there can be little doubt that the British conscience would not have been so tender.

But while British law and morality get the knockout the dark man's pride gets the decision on points. Just as NAPOLEON was greatest in the retreat from Moscow, so Mr. JOHNSON was never so brilliant as in his retreat from London. He stood alone against the Archbishop of CANTERBURY and the Home Secretary, and in open court dared to measure wits with the Solicitor General. What pug ever faced such odds or met such a glorious defeat? Hitherto the heroes of the ring have been men of beef and brawn, professionally brutal fellows, even though as meek in the domestic circle as our own incomparable JOHN L., whose wife, it will be recalled, the other day withdrew him from a political career, and told inquirers that it was her decision, and that it was not necessary to ask the doughty JOHN what his intentions were. The dark man's pride, who reflects such lustre on his country, sparkles by contrast in this respect, whether or not JOHN in his prime could have licked him with a glance of his ferocious eye, as was his wont. Nobody fancies that JOHN at his best could have given such an exhibition of mentality as did Mr. JOHNSON when facing his defeat in his proud hope of beating Britain's best.

Any Philadelphia lawyer would have been able to equal but hardly to surpass Mr. JOHNSON'S cross-examination, but that is in the way of a lawyer's trade. It is to be remembered in reading the historic proceedings in the Bow Street Court that Mr. JOHNSON then made his début as his own counsel, and showed that he was far from having a fool for his client. He showed that his memory was better than the British prizefight records, and he showed acuteness in declining to allow weight to attach to the refreshment of a recollection which did not exist by reference to records which were incorrect. In no respect did his talents shine more brightly than in his bringing out into the bright light which beats upon a police court the distinction between his own exhibitions and those of the past. He did not admit that the old masters of his art were butchers, but he established that he himself was an artist. His verbal exchanges with Sir JOHN SIMON rivaled the quips which he exchanged with Mr. CORBETT under equally trying conditions. And after this brilliant exhibition the promoters without awaiting the Magistrate's decision abandoned the struggle in deference to popular prejudice. It is a lame and impotent conclusion, and leaves several questions unsettled. How can there ever be another prizefight under the British rules which stand condemned? And how can the British ever venture to claim that their white man's hope is anything but an amateur? It will be a sad day when Mr. JOHNSON retires from public life. The hope must be cherished that he may yet adorn the American bar and extend his British practice to this side the ocean, which, despite its race prejudice, estimates the dark man's pride more nearly at his true worth.

THE ROSSI PISTOL CASE.

Judge FOSTER did well in sentencing to one year in Sing Sing MARINO ROSSI, who carried a revolver because, as he said, it was the custom of himself and his hot-headed countrymen to have weapons concealed upon their persons. The Judge's warning to the Italian community was timely and exemplary.

Now that the police have suitably impressed the minds of aliens in New York that the Sullivan law forbids their bearing arms of any kind, would it not be well to "get after" the notorious characters who are not aliens? Hundreds of men in this city with criminal records, whose haunts are known to the police, habitually carry concealed weapons. The process of "frisking" such persons is less common, perhaps, than it ought to be, now that their offense has been made a felony and its penalty increased. In fact, it has always been the duty of the police to search them, yet we hear of no arrests or convictions.

THE SECURED DEBT TAX.

There is a curious situation presented by the recently enacted law relating to the payment of taxes on personal property represented by "secured debts." Heretofore it has been the taxpayers' object to keep their names off the list. Now there is such a rush to get the names on the exempt list that the office opened for that purpose is overcrowded by taxpayers. Singularly enough, the authorities are co-operating in the effort to make the exempt list as large as possible. So great is the rush that the officials have made arrangements whereby the affixing of stamps may be postponed for convenience, in case temporary receipts for payment are obtained.

The explanation of such a contradictory state of co-operation between taxpayers and tax collectors is simple. What is paid is largely clear gain, being for the most part payment by those who otherwise would have paid nothing, but who elect to pay the moderate tax once for all in order to escape annual annoyance. There is a particular reason for calling these facts to the attention of all concerned. Oct. 2 next is tax day, instead of the usual date in January, and the authorities intimate that it will be peculiarly difficult to secure exemptions this year. The law provides both for the exemption of personal tax on secured debts within its operation, and for the withholding of the accustomed exemptions on all such property on which the tax has not been paid. Those who have been accustomed to plead the existence of mortgages as an offset against the personal property tax will find this year that they cannot do so, unless they have paid the new tax substituted for the personal tax. Not improbably the result of the more liberal personal tax law will be the collection of a larger personal tax than heretofore.

THEATRE PRICES.

The proposed increase in the price of theatre tickets concerns only the managers and the people who buy tickets. If the managers can obtain the advanced price they will be sufficiently justified in demanding it. Mr. BELASCO'S plan to charge $2.50 for the best seats in his theatres on Saturday nights seems to be based on the idea that many theatregoers will thus be led to attend the performances other nights of the week. Saturday is the favorite night of the multitude. It is impossible to find places for all who want to see a popular play on that night. But it is generally felt that the establishment of the higher rate on Saturday would soon be followed by its adoption other nights. Mr. TYLER proposes to charge $2.50 for the best seats at the Century Theatre this Winter. That was the price asked at the same house while it was called The New Theatre, and the receipts were very large, though too small to meet the expenses of an institution so extravagantly conducted. Mr. TYLER will not be compelled to pay out of the receipts of the Century Theatre the salaries of many actors who are "out of the bill," and an army of régisseurs, designers, and other attachés.

A box office charge of $2.50 for an orchestra chair means for most theatregoers the payment of $3 to an agent. Twenty years ago orchestra chairs cost $1.50, and there were few agents. Seats were obtainable at the box offices. Have we all grown so much richer, and has theatrical art so greatly improved in twenty years? It is a fact, however, that theatrical rents have risen greatly, and so have the wages not only of the actors but of the mechanics, while the managers of the present day have to meet many expenses of which their predecessors in a simpler era knew nothing. On the other hand, theatrical competition in this city is on a scale unknown elsewhere. There are seventy-one licensed theatres in this city, and in Manhattan there are thirty-eight of the first class, charging the maximum price of admission. It is said that an average of about 130,000 attend the theatres nightly, but the great crowds are on holidays and Saturdays, when all the entertainments of any sort of attractiveness are profitable.

The proposed increase in theatre prices is a purely economic question. Managers who have lately been very successful in the choice of "attractions" are likely to favor it more strongly than others. It might be tried for a time by a few to test the willingness of the public to pay more for the best in theatricals. But that would necessitate a reduction in prices, if the plan failed, and that never seems desirable in the theatrical world.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Vivisection Triumphs Once More.

Poliomyelitis, more commonly known by the less accurately descriptive name of infantile paralysis, is one of the most terrible of diseases. That is true not only because most of its victims are children and its mortality is high, but because of these victims the more fortunate are those who, by dying of it, escape carrying through the rest of their unhappy lives the burden of the terrible effects, physical, mental, or both, which usually follow even when there is a so-called recovery. Every increase of knowledge respecting this malady is therefore to be welcomed with deepest gratitude, and ranks high among the advances of medical science which are perhaps the greatest glories of our time.

As has so often happened in medical history, something of success in the curing of poliomyelitis had been achieved before any means of presenting its attack had been discovered, but now two Cornell pathologists, Drs. NEUSTAEDTER and THRO, by experiments performed on living monkeys, have settled, definitely and beyond further question, that the germs of the disease have been found in the dust of rooms in which patients suffering from it have been kept, and that solutions of this dust can convey it to other persons.

This discovery will render prevention easy, or at least much easier than it has been, and in time, probably soon, will bring poliomyelitis into the same category with yellow fever—one, that is, which, however serious for the individual once infected, need not be feared, when precautions are taken, by those around him, and will become epidemic only as a punishment of ignorance or neglect. Therein lies the importance of the experiments just concluded. The statement that the malady has been proved to be both infectious and contagious is little more than saying that those are words without any real distinction in meaning.

With both the cure and the prevention of this disease added to the long list of magnificent achievements through animal experimentation and impossible without it, the difficulty of the anti-vivisectionists in maintaining their ground will be measurably increased. Of course, they will go on with their stupid or insane denunciations, but the number of sensible people who can listen to them with patience has now become extremely small. The sooner it is reduced to nothing the better.

A British Lesson in Manners.

As Mr. HILTON, the eminent British golf player, is taking home with him no little glory and the proud consciousness of having soundly beaten our champions, why should he have turned at the water's edge to lecture us on what, though he took pains to call it our excessive patriotism, he also took pains to make clear he considered our bad manners?

According to all reports, printed and other, Mr. HILTON, while here, was treated with at least ordinary courtesy by everybody with whom he came into association or to whom, as a player, he became an interesting and instructive spectacle. His grievance is, apparently, that his good plays were not applauded by "the gallery" with as much enthusiasm as were those of his rivals, and that his mishaps did not excite the manifestations of sympathy and grief that in a measure consoled those rivals for their like misfortunes.

The facts are doubtless what Mr. HILTON states or hints. But what would he? Americans are but human, and while he cannot fairly say—and for that matter doesn't—that his victories were resented or even admitted grudgingly, yet he intimates that we should have been more than human, or less, and viewed a contest in which National pride, if not National honor, was somewhat deeply involved with the cool impartiality of an astronomer watching the planets!

We are all descended from ancestors for whom the inhabitant of the next village was an enemy to be killed on sight, if circumstances favored such a termination of his career and if he didn't get and utilize a chance to do the killing himself. We no longer slay strangers, as strangers, but from the ancient days there survives in every land enough of the old instinct to make us favor the home player or team as against one from out of town, the fellow-countryman as against the outlander—to make us happy when our man or our club wins and unhappy when defeat comes our own way.

Perhaps Britons conceal these primordial feelings better than do Americans, but more than once there have been rumors to the contrary. Mr. HILTON is too sensitive. There was no lack here of appreciation for his skill, and as we kept within decent bounds our expression of suffering under the humiliation he inflicted, he might have been a little kinder in his farewell address. Of course we were sorry he won, and would have been glad had he been beaten. Why not?

Another Tax Grievance.

Whoever writes a "notice to taxpayers" should bethink him well, before he begins, of the deep solemnity that marks his task, and never a one of these dismally important documents should go out until after its author has carefully considered the wording of its every phrase.

The necessity for doing this is borne in on us by observing how careless, or at least how queer, is the construction of a "notice to taxpayers" just promulgated to New York's shrinking millions by Controller PRENDERGAST.

It starts suavely enough with—"Beginning with the year 1912 taxes on real estate will be payable as follows: One-half in the first day of May. One-half on the first day of November." But then comes something that gives the reader much the same sensation that an automobilist has in riding over one of Mr. MCANENY'S pavements: "The second one-half may be paid on the first day of May, or at any time thereafter prior to Nov. 1, and upon such payment a discount"—etc.

Now why "the second one-half"? Surely the "one" is superfluous, to say the best of it, and to speak of a second one-half sort o' implies the grotesquely impossible possibility of a third one-half, and a fourth, and a fifth, and so on to the end of time or imagination.

Mr. PRENDERGAST might better have said "second payment" or "second installment" if the simplicity of "second half" seemed to him too stark and bare.

RAYMOND OF THE TIMES.

Some Interesting Personal Recollections by a Colleague Who Writes Still.

From a letter of the Hermit of New York in The Troy Times.

THE NEW YORK TIMES having recently celebrated its sixtieth anniversary, a few facts may be offered in the same connection. The paper has at least this distinction: It is the only New York daily which was projected in another city, the scene being Albany. Henry J. Raymond while a college student sent a few contributions to The New Yorker, which Greeley was then vainly striving to maintain. After being graduated he planned to go South and become a teacher, and, reaching this city on the way, he made a friendly call on Greeley, who was so favorably impressed by the powerful face of his visitor that he invited him to a place on The Tribune, which he had recently started on borrowed money.

Times were hard and Greeley was poor, and all he could offer was enough to buy board and clothes, but Raymond accepted it ($8 a week) in hope of something better. Greeley found him the smartest assistant he ever had, and James Watson Webb, who needed a managing editor on The Courier and Enquirer, soon engaged Raymond at $30 a week as chief editorial writer, and the improvement in the paper was immediately noticed. While holding this position Raymond was elected to the State Legislature, and thus met George Jones, who kept a newsroom in connection with a brokerage office.

Webb and Raymond disagreed on the slavery question, and as the latter wanted a paper under his own control, he and Jones planned THE NEW YORK TIMES, which became an immediate power. Raymond's ability indeed astonished his readers, and his caustic satire was, of course, an attraction. He spared neither Greeley nor Webb, and his attack on the latter, entitled "Webb Footed," was one of the keenest things ever penned. The greatest proof of Raymond's ability, however, was his biography of Webster, which in point of rapid and protracted work has never been equaled. The news of Webster's death reached New York on a Saturday afternoon, and Monday's paper contained a thirty-column biography of the great statesman. Raymond, like Greeley, could write while carrying on a conversation—a remarkable proof of which I noticed while attending the State Senate at Albany. Raymond, being then Lieutenant Governor, presided, and when any member rose to speak he would be properly announced, and then Raymond would write editorials, which were handed to a messenger for posting—not very complimentary to the speaker, but that was Raymond's way. But though inattentive to others, Raymond always commanded an audience, being a powerful orator—the ablest, indeed, in the record of New York journalism.

Raymond was the smallest of our great editors, his stature being hardly over five feet, while Greeley was nearly a foot taller and Bennett was over six feet. Like Greeley, he was always accessible to callers, and one day, desiring some information which he alone could furnish, I entered his office and made the inquiry, "Mr. Raymond, are you at leisure?" "No, Sir," was the prompt reply, "but I am at your service." I need hardly add that I made my errand as short as possible, though later on I became a paid contributor.

Raymond's death was most sudden, and impressive in the extreme. I met him walking toward his office one afternoon, and the next morning I read his obituary in his own paper, following one of his own editorials. He had on returning home late at night fallen helplessly in the hall, and was found dead by the attendant—the victim of hard work. The interment was in Greenwood, where two years later Bennett was also laid, and then in a year Greeley (who was one of the pall bearers) found a grave there also, and thus these once warring editors all rest together. Raymond was the youngest of this remarkable trio, being only 52, but he left as his monument THE NEW YORK TIMES, and he also left a multitude of admiring readers, some of whom still hold him in memory.

THE GRESSER CASE.

Successful Counsel Against Queens President Congratulates The Times.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I desire to thank you and THE NEW YORK TIMES for the able and energetic assistance rendered by way of giving publicity to the matter upon which the charges against Lawrence Gresser, President of the Borough of Queens, were based. My clients and I feel deeply grateful to you for the services rendered, for we fully realize that without the assistance which your paper rendered our work would have been a great deal harder, and I desire, through you, to congratulate the people of Queens upon this opportunity to rid themselves of a burden that they have carried so long.

My position as prosecuting officer prevents me from taking part in the selection of a successor, but I hope that the five Aldermen, realizing the responsibility under which they are acting, will give to the people a Borough President of whom they may well feel proud, and to the people of Queens I repeat the pledge made by the Citizens' Committee to the Governor of the State of New York that if an unworthy successor is elected, we stand ready to begin proceedings for his removal.

CHARLES POPE CALDWELL.
New York, Sept. 27, 1911.

MINNESOTA RATE CASES.

They Need Not Have Alarmed the House of Governors.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The self-constituted Board of Guardians of the Supreme Court of the United States, consisting of Govs. Harmon, Aldrich, and Hadley, has, with great pomp and circumstance, ponderously set up official millstones to grind a grist already ground. The proposition which these gentlemen are supposed to labor strenuously and with patriotic fervor to sustain has already been decided by the Supreme Court of the United States and other Federal courts favorably to their professed desire. In the recent published interviews Gov. Harmon states that he has not read the decision which Judge Sanborn rendered in the Minnesota rate cases. It is also to be presumed that he has not read prior and subsequent decisions in the Supreme Court of the United States and in other Federal courts bearing upon State-made railroad rates. Otherwise, it is inconceivable that he would have taken the position with reference to these courts that he did at Spring Lake.

Chief Justice White of the United States Supreme Court, in Atlantic Coast Line vs. North Carolina Commission, decided April 29, 1907, over four years ago, held it to be an elementary proposition that the States have a right to regulate railroad rates within their borders, and that the proposition could not be questioned in view of the long line of authorities sustaining that doctrine. The last word on this subject has been said by the Supreme Court of the United States itself, and its decisions amply sustain the power of the States to make rates and to subject railroads within the State to State regulation.

The necessity for the existence of the Board of Guardians is said to rest upon the decision of Judge Sanborn in the recent Minnesota rate case. A brief examination of that case will show that nothing there decided necessitates the service of the board or offers any excuse for its formation. In the Minnesota rate cases Judge Sanborn found that the reductions made by the Railroad Commission of the State of Minnesota did not permit the railroads to earn a fair return upon their capital invested and were so low as to be confiscatory, and consequently within the inhibition of the Federal Constitution. Judge Sanborn expressly recognized the right of the State to regulate railroad rates within its borders, without interference from the Federal court, so long as such regulation did not directly or substantially burden inter-State commerce.

In the cases which he had before him, if the rates had been established by the Inter-State Commerce Commission itself, the very same conclusion would have been reached by the court. The decision stands squarely on the fact that the rates established were unjust and worked a confiscation of the property of the railroad companies, and does not rest upon any lack of power of the States to control railroad rates within their borders. The decision of Judge Sanborn is commented on at length in two later cases in the United States Circuit Court: Arkansas Rate Case, 187 Fed. Rep., 200, and Kentucky Rate Case, 186 Fed. Rep., 176. In the Kentucky rate cases the principle recognized by Judge Sanborn, namely, that the States have the power to regulate State rates, was not only asserted, but the court sustained the reduction of the rates in that case made by the State Commission as being just and reasonable. No new principle of law was announced in any of these cases. Each recognized the rights of the States, and in each case the decision turned upon the justice and fairness of the regulation imposed by the State Commission. The proposed activities of this Gubernatorial triumvirate cannot be construed as anything else than an affront to an august tribunal, which for more than a century has conserved the fundamental principles upon which this Republic was founded.

It is, to say the very least, astounding that the executive heads of three States should even whisper a desire to use moral suasion to impel that tribunal to determine Federal questions relating to State rights with fairness and justness to the States and in accordance with the Constitution and statutes of the United States. The express purpose of the committee carries with it a subtle implication that unless such suasion is exercised that court will render an unjust and unfair decision. Further, these gentlemen cannot claim a monopoly of legal learning or honesty of purpose.

The Supreme Court could not, with any modicum of dignity, submit to the presence, much less the active participation, of any body of persons having such purposes. If it should, its prestige would be gone and its usefulness seriously impaired. The guardians have been foreclosed of their guardianship. They are intelligent gentlemen. Is it not proper to inquire whether the ward of this guardianship is not really Political Fortune? A LAWYER.

New York, Sept. 26, 1911.

An Old Subscriber.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I imagine that our family can be counted among the oldest subscribers and readers of your newspaper. My father's subscription dates back to 1851, and I can well remember his reading aloud at the general store and Post Office in the village of Salem, N. Y., the "war news from the front" in 1861-65. I consider THE TIMES the cleanest, fairest, and most progressive newspaper in the city. It richly deserves the support and good will of all the thoughtful residents of this great metropolis. May your success continue and greatly increase. CHARLES G. CRONIN.

New York, Sept. 26, 1911.

Foley's "Stolypin."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Now and then a verse appears in a newspaper which is worthy of a place in the esto perpetua class, and of such, in my opinion, is J. W. Foley's poem entitled "Stolypin" in THE TIMES of Sunday. W. J. L.

New York, Sept. 27, 1911.

More Compliments to The Times.

From the Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle.

THE NEW YORK TIMES has just celebrated its sixtieth anniversary. Its first issue appeared Sept. 18, 1851, and since that time it has been identified in close contact with the Nation's history.

The oldest newspaper in the South—a paper which was nearly as old as THE TIMES is now when THE TIMES was born—takes pleasure in congratulating the great journal, which, like The Chronicle, has stood for conservatism, progress, and the higher ideals in Government and life.

Wishes for its future prosperity would be superfluous; that's assured.

From the Montreal Gazette.

THE NEW YORK TIMES has been celebrating the sixtieth anniversary of its birth and indulging in some justifiable expressions of self-satisfaction. There are many kinds of good newspapers, and New York has samples of most of them. THE TIMES'S success is proof that a newspaper can be sober and clean, keep its readers informed on the world's doings, gain and hold the public's confidence, and be a business success. May its tribe increase.

From The Evening Mail.

The numerous and cordial expressions of good will toward THE NEW YORK TIMES on the occasion of its sixtieth anniversary measure the high esteem in which that newspaper is held throughout the country. It is now reaping the reward of merit. Its success is a tribute to an earnest, persistent endeavor to achieve along right lines.

SCHURMAN ANSWERS ATTACK ON COLLEGES

At Cornell Opening Says That Crane's Allegations Are a Libel and an Outrage.

OVER 3,000 ENTER HARVARD

Record Freshman Class—Yale Freshman Class Also Larger—Radcliffe College Opens.

ITHACA, N. Y., Sept. 28.—In his annual address to the students at the opening of the academic year at Cornell University to-day President Jacob Schurman took occasion to reply to the criticism of R. T. Crane of Chicago, who called attention a few weeks ago to the alleged prevalence of intemperance among the students at the larger American colleges and universities.

President Schurman said that last Spring Mr. Crane informed him that he had written an address on the worthlessness of a college education, which he was not permitted to deliver at the institution for which it was intended. The Cornell President added that thereupon he invited Mr. Crane to deliver the address at Cornell, because he wanted Cornell students to hear both sides of such an important question. Mr. Crane declined.

"Having failed to convince the American public that a college education is worthless," adds President Schurman, "he attacks universities as hotbeds of immorality. I know the Presidents and many professors of Harvard, Yale, Princeton, and Columbia, and I know our own professors at Cornell, and I most emphatically say that Mr. Crane's allegations are a libel and outrage on a group of the ablest, most high-minded, and devoted citizens of the Republic."

President Schurman added that he had made investigation and had watched the conduct of students at Cornell for a long time and knew there was no intemperance at that institution.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Sept. 28.—Harvard University to-day opened its doors for its 276th year, with a registration of 2,500 students in the department of arts and Sciences. Registration in the Law and Medical Schools will increase this number to considerably over 3,000.

The freshman class this year exceeds in number any ever admitted to the university. There was also a larger representation from the West than usual, through the efforts of President Lowell, who, with Presidents and Secretaries of Western Harvard clubs, have worked to popularize the college in that part of the country.

The first meetings of courses for instruction will be held to-morrow.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 28.—The doors of Yale University opened to-day to receive the students who have entered for the next academic year. Examinations have been completed and the results point to a larger class of academic freshmen than for several years. In the Sheffield Scientific School there seems to be a falling off.

The upper classes in both departments retain their strength of last year, while the graduate schools appear to have made gains. Registrations followed chapel for the academicians, while the scientific men met instructors and professors at the several laboratories. By noon work was well under way.

The annual report of Treasurer Day for the fiscal year ended June 31, 1911, shows total bequests and gifts for the year of $1,134,385, as compared with $2,398,291 the year previous. Gross additions to the funds amount to $1,107,776, while the net increase is $806,605.

The largest single additions of the year have been the Wright dormitory contribution of $190,000 and the Sloane laboratory gift of $175,000. The total funds and assets of the university have risen from $12,532,160 to $13,338,765. Total gifts to income for the year were $110,702, as compared with $112,279 the previous year. The alumni fund contributions to income were $51,000. The average interest return on all investments of the university was 4.91 per cent.

The revenue for the year was $1,307,886 and expenses exceeded it by $16,156. The report shows that 888 students received $94,604 in beneficiary aid, and that the number of graduates paying back money for aid received when they were students in college is increasing.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Sept. 28.—Radcliffe College opened to-day with a large registration and a record freshman class. At the opening exercises there were addresses by President Briggs and Dean Coes. For the entertainment of the freshman girls a basketball game was played later between two picked teams.

THE AFRICAN PIE.

Europe Has Sliced It—Will South America Be Sliced Next?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Africa is colonized. Will South America's turn come next? The present quarrels over Morocco and Tripoli remind us that Europe has sliced the African pie in a remarkably short time. This tendency toward concentration of government and power will continue. The natural wealth of South America fully equals that of Africa. What other field of equal promise remains for the swarms of Europe and the hordes of Asia? Africa was incapable of self-government, but Argentina, Chile, and Brazil bear witness that the Southern republics are successfully working out the problems of liberty and progressive self-government.

The Monroe Doctrine has been the Gibraltar defense of the Southern republics, but it remains for the twentieth century to put the Monroe Doctrine to its greatest test. Our country is unwilling that this great humanitarian measure should become a dead letter, and the American people believe, therefore, in maintaining an adequate, efficient navy, for "the Monroe Doctrine is only as strong as the United States Navy." I believe in arbitration, but in no treaty that will destroy the Monroe Doctrine.

A. H. DADMUN.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 28, 1911.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS THAT PAY.

Would Have the City Go Into the Business of Letting Lofts.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When the worldly minded, who suggest to church people that they should build their churches on commercial principles and use part of their houses of worship as revenue producers, are met by the argument that the Temple of the Most High can be used for one purpose only, perhaps he will have no more to say, but when a municipal or county building can be built to be a revenue producer, is it fair to the taxpayer to make it a burdensome ornament beyond its public use? Muskogee, Oklahoma—that State of new departures—has looked to the interest of its taxpayers in the construction of a building to house its city and county officials in the performance of their various office duties and has issued bonds for $500,000 to erect a ten-story steel and stone structure with enough space left to rent for sufficient to pay for the entire building in twenty years. After that the income will be velvet to the taxpayer.

Now, how would a number of official buildings like that about the City of New York look to the taxpayers of this town? Would they kick if a million-dollar police court building, for example, brought in an annual revenue of $50,000, besides affording space for the city business in it? And how about superior courts in the top ten stories of twenty-story buildings with the lower ten bringing in a fair return on the investment? Would the taxpayer rise up and say that he preferred to pay for the building, rather than that it should pay for itself? Is the taxpayer that kind of a financial fanatic? If Muskogee can do it, why can't New York? W. J. L.

New York, Sept. 26, 1911.

GWENDOLYN BURDEN TO WED DAVID DOWS

Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Burden Announce the Engagement of Their Youngest Daughter.

POPULAR IN YOUNGER SET

Bride-to-Be One of the Prettiest Girls in Society—Her Fiance Son of Late David Dows, Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Burden yesterday at Newport announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Gwendolyn Burden, to David Dows of New York.

Miss Burden is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Burden, who have long been connected prominently with the social life of New York and Newport. Since her coming out she has been among the most popular members of the younger set both here and at Newport, and has spent much time abroad. She is an expert tennis player and very fond of outdoor sports. She has always been considered one of the prettiest girls in society.

Mr. Dows, who has been quite a frequent visitor in Newport during the Summer, is the son of the late David Dows, Jr. Mrs. David Dows, his grandmother, has a house in East Sixty-ninth Street, and also a country home at Irvington.

As soon as the formal announcement was made yesterday at Newport Miss Burden was showered with congratulations, and she also received many flowers. She plans to leave there to-day to visit Mr. and Mrs. Tracy Dows, relatives of her fiancé, at Foxhollow Farm, their country place at Rhinebeck, N. Y.

Miss Burden has a sister, Miss Evelyn Byrd Burden, and a brother, I. Townsend Burden, Jr., who was married last June to Miss Florence Sheedy of Denver, Col. Her mother was Miss Evelyn Byrd Moale of Baltimore, Md. She is a cousin of James A. Burden, Arthur Scott Burden, and Williams P. Burden.

A report of the engagement was published here on Tuesday, but it was not confirmed by any member of the family. It now turns out that Mr. and Mrs. Burden wished to make the announcement to their relatives and intimate friends before it was formally announced in the newspapers.

The marriage will be a New York social event during the present Winter, but the time and other details have not been arranged as yet.

JESSIE L. BYRNES TO WED.

Daughter of Late Chief of Police to Marry Harry S. Clark on Oct. 12.

Jessie Louise Byrnes, daughter of the late Thomas Byrnes, former head of the Detective Bureau and Chief of Police of New York City, obtained a license at the office of City Clerk Scully yesterday morning to wed Harry S. Clark, who gave his occupation as "Secretary and Treasurer," and said that he was 23 years old and lived at 321 West Seventy-seventh Street. Young Mr. Clark is a son of George S. Clark and Susie S. Killman.

Miss Byrnes is 24 years of age and lives at 318 West Seventy-seventh Street. Her mother's maiden name was Ophelia Jennings. The wedding ceremony will be performed by Father Taylor on Oct. 12, at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament.

MISS KRUTTSCHNITT TO WED.

Daughter of Julius Kruttschnitt to Marry H. C. Woodhouse.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Miss Rebecca Kruttschnitt, daughter of Julius Kruttschnitt, Vice President and active manager of the Harriman roads, and her mother, are in Chicago on their way to New Orleans, where the daughter is to be married to Henry Clifford Woodhouse, an Englishman.

The wedding is to be a very quiet one and will take place at the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. Joseph H. Blair. The honeymoon will be spent in the Orient, and after March the young couple expect to be at home in Oregon.

Ridder-Thompson Wedding.

Miss Marie Thompson, daughter of William J. Thompson of 9 East 130th Street, and Victor F. Ridder, son of Herman Ridder, proprietor of the Staats-Zeitung, will be married on Thursday, Oct. 26.

Mr. Ridder was best man for his brother, Joseph Edward Ridder, last February when he married Miss Hedwig Schneider, and a few days later was one of the ushers at the marriage of his cousin, Miss Gertrude T. Amend, and Herman Heide. Miss Thompson was also an attendant at each wedding. Last night Mr. Ridder was an usher at the wedding of Miss Christina E. McLintock to Henry H. Drysen, which took place in the Fourth Presbyterian Church.

Miss Evangeline Black to Wed Oct. 10.

Miss Evangeline Black, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Black of Cleveland, Ohio, and Alfred I. Mendelsohn of this city will be married on Tuesday, Oct. 10, at the Hotel St. Regis. Dr. Rudolph Grossman will officiate.

Miss Black has spent two years with her aunt, Mrs. E. Martin Black, at Wave Crest, Far Rockaway, L. I.

De Vos-Tisch Wedding on Oct. 10.

The marriage of Miss Gertrude D. Tisch, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Tisch of 690 President Street, Brooklyn, to Milton De Vos of this city will take place at Sherry's on Tuesday, Oct. 10, at 6 o'clock.

LINDSAY—SMITH.

George M. Smith of 603 West 184th Street announces the marriage of his daughter, Miss Helen Minor Smith, to Gordon Inglis Lindsay, which took place on Wednesday in Grace Church, Jersey City. The ceromony was performed by the Rev. George S. Bennett.

WILE—SINSHEIMER.

Mrs. Julius Hart of 1 West Eighty-fifth Street announces the engagement of her niece, Miss Adele Wile of Rochester, N. Y., to Dr. Jerome M. Sinsheimer of this city.

VICHY CELESTINS
PURITY and EXCELLENCE
(FRENCH REPUBLIC PROPERTY)
Natural Alkaline Water
Ask your Physician
Not Genuine without the word
CELESTINS CELESTINS

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Herbert M. Harriman plans to leave Newport to-day for the Virginia Hot Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Chapman, who have been in Switzerland for three months, will return next week on the Rotterdam.

Miss Marjorie C. Weeks, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert A. Weeks of 70 West Forty-sixth Street, will be among the season's débutantes.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hewit of Ardsley-on-Hudson are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. I. Eads Switzer at their home in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Suffern Taller will close their stay at Newport the first of next week, returning to town for the season.

Sailing yesterday on the steamship Amerika from Hamburg for New York were Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. James Burden, Thomas Edison and party, and Mrs. Emil L. Boas.

Dr. and Mrs. Ellice McDonald have returned from their camp in the Adirondacks, and are at 640 Madison Avenue.

Miss Abby Morrison is the guest over the week end of the Misses Atterbury at the Woodlands, Scarsdale, N. Y.

Mrs. Robert S. Brewster is giving a dance to-night at Avalon, her country home at Mount Kisco.

Mr. and Mrs. Harmon B. Vanderhoef have left the Adirondacks and have arrived at Briarcliff Lodge.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis T. Luqueer Lane and their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Rembert Hall, have been touring the Continent the last Summer and early Autumn in two motor cars.

Mr. and Mrs. David M. Morrison have returned from York Harbor and opened their town house, 20 West Forty-ninth Street, for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Ten Eyck Wendell and their son, Ten Eyck Wendell, Jr., are at the Gotham while their Washington house is being made ready for them. They closed their Summer home, Lakelawn, at Cazenovia on Monday.

Gen. Nelson Henry, Mrs. Henry, and the Misses Amy and Bess Bryan Sloan have gone to Atlantic City to spend a week, and are at the Chalfonte.

RECOVERS PEARL DOG COLLAR

Mrs. C. M. Oelrichs's Gem Was Worth $75, and Not $5,000, as Published.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 28.—When Mrs. Charles M. Oelrichs read in a newspaper yesterday that she had lost a pearl dog collar valued at $5,000, she remarked laughing:

"I do not own such a valuable collar, I am sorry to say."

She recalled that she had a few evenings ago lost a pearl collar, but it was worth only $75, she said. She said she had missed it after taking a drive with her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Charles De Loosey, and thought she had dropped it on the cab floor. Upon telephoning to the stable, she found that to be the case, and had the jewelry returned to her by the cabman, who received a reward.

MISS RECKENDORFER WEDS.

Married to Louis J. Grumbach at Her Parents' Home in Elberon.

The wedding of Miss Edna Reckendorfer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis J. Reckendorfer, to Louis J. Grumbach of this city took place yesterday at noon at Rexhall, the home of the bride's parents at Elberon, N. J. The Rev. Dr. Silverman officiated.

The bride wore a gown of white satin draped with old lace which has been in the family for several generations. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley and orchids. Her father gave her in marriage.

Her younger sister, Miss Adelaide Reckendorfer, acted as maid of honor. The Misses Marion and Edith Reckendorfer, and Audrey Loeb, the bride's three little cousins, were flower girls. Phineas Sondheim was best man, and there were six ushers.

Immediately after the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served at small tables on the veranda.

Those asked to the wedding were: David James King, Mrs. William Strauss, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. King, Mr. and Mrs. Bennett King, Mrs. Adolph Sheftel, Mrs. Joy Solomon, Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Lewisohn, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Rossin, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lehman, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Bache, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff, Mr. and Mrs. Felix Warburg, Mr. and Mrs. Fritz Loeb, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Heidelbach, Mr. and Mrs. Emil Berolzheimer, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Steinhart.

Also Miss Marjorie Walter, Miss Dorothy Drey, Miss Renne Wasserman, Miss Renne Seligman, Miss Mildred Sternberger, and Richard Schuster, Felix Rosen, August Lewis, Herbert Martin, Everett Speyer, and Ferdinand Hermann.

MISS McLINTOCK A BRIDE.

Daughter of Mrs. Elizabeth McLintock Weds Henry H. Drysen.

The wedding of Miss Christina Elder McLintock, daughter of Mrs. Elizabeth McLintock of this city, to Henry H. Drysen took place last evening at 8:30 in the Fourth Presbyterian Church, West End Avenue and Ninety-first Street. The Rev. Edgar Whitaker Work officiated.

The bride wore a gown of white satin with a tulle veil, and carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley. She was attended by Miss Isabelle Tower, who wore a costume of pink and carried pink roses. John R. McLintock, the bride's eldest brother, gave her in marriage.

Bernard H. Ridder was best man, and the ushers included Archibald McLintock, Joseph E. Ridder, William H. McLintock, Victor F. Ridder, Emmet K. Moore, and Herbert M. McLintock.

A reception was held afterward at Bretton Hall. Later the couple left for the South on their bridal trip. They will make their home in this city on their return.

WEDDED IN PARIS.

Dr. Rudolph Gudewill of New York Married to Mrs. Fannie Boas.

Word has been received from Paris of the marriage there on Wednesday evening of Dr. Rudolph Gudewill of this city and Mrs. Fannie Boas of Paris, which took place in the American Church, the Rev. Caspar Wistar Hiatt officiating.

Mrs. Gudewill was formerly Miss Maass of New York. Her first husband is dead. Her brother, Frank Maass, of Paterson, N. J., was present at the wedding ceremony, after which there was a dinner at the Hotel Majestic. The couple will arrive here shortly.

Reid-Bull Wedding in Racine, Wis.

Invitations have been received here for the wedding in Racine, Wis., on Oct. 10 of Miss Jeanette Bull, daughter of Frank B. Bull of that city, to John Reid of Yonkers, a nephew of the American Ambassador to England.

Mr. Reid first met his bride when he went to Racine last Spring with his cousin, Ogden Mills Reid, who married Miss Helen Rogers there. Miss Bull was also one of the guests at the wedding, and their acquaintance then begun was followed later by the announcement of their engagement.

The wedding will take place in St. Luke's Church in Racine.

Miss Putnam to Wed Edouard Dethier.

Mr. and Mrs. Irving Putnam announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Avis Putnam, to Edouard Dethier. No date has been set for the wedding.

Daughter Born to Mrs. Saltonstall.

Mr. and Mrs. John L. Saltonstall (Miss Gladys Rice) are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter last week at their Beverly Farms estate near Boston. Mrs. Saltonstall is a daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Clarence C. Rice of this city, and her marriage took place last December at Bedford, N. Y., where Dr. Rice has his Summer home.

Mr. and Mrs. William R. Davenport (Miss Alice Demorest) are also being congratulated over the birth of a son at their home at Utica, N. Y. Mrs. Davenport is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Curtis Demorest of this city.

WOMAN ASKS $150,000 FROM H. L. HORTON

Sues Aged Broker for Breach of Promise to Marry, Made Three Years Ago.

COURTSHIP NOT DESCRIBED

Mr. Horton Enters a General Denial, but Lawyers Start Negotiations for Settlement Out of Court.

Henry Lawrence Horton, the aged head of H. L. Horton & Co., brokers, at 60 Broadway, has been made the defendant in a $150,000 suit for breach of promise. Miss Elizabeth P. Berg, whose identity is concealed by her counsel, ex-Assistant District Attorney Harford P. Marshall, declares that the aged broker—he is now in his eightieth year—proposed marriage to her three years ago, and in December, 1909, actually set the date for the wedding to be some time within the next month. She says he failed to keep his promise.

Suit against Mr. Horton was started last January, but it was not until yesterday, when Mr. Horton's answer was filed through his attorney, W. S. S. Hart, that attention was directed to the case. It became known yesterday afternoon that the lawyers had started negotiations toward a settlement out of court, and last night they were said to be well under way.

Miss Berg's original complaint contained statements to which Mr. Horton took exception, in which he was upheld by the court, with the result that the course of the suit has been delayed from month to month by the preparation of new papers. By the filing of Mr. Horton's answer, however, the way had been paved for a speedy trial of the suit before the sudden negotiations for a settlement were begun.

Mr. Horton's answer is a general denial of Miss Berg's allegations and throws no light on his acquaintance with the woman who, though unmarried, is described as hardly youthful. Miss Berg's complaint is scarcely more specific.

In it she says that Mr. Horton proposed marriage to her on July 26, 1908, and here, in the original complaint, followed that paragraph to which Mr. Horton took exception and which he caused to be struck out of the document by court order.

It was the allegation that he promised to marry Miss Berg "as soon as certain humiliating conditions, which would soon be conquered by him, were removed." Mr. Horton protested that this phrase was not relevant to Miss Berg's complaint, which should cover only his alleged promise to marry. He did not explain what meaning might be attached to the phrase, nor did Miss Berg.

From 1908 until December of the next year, nothing more, so far as Miss Berg's complaint shows, was said about the marriage. In that month, however, three days before Christmas, Miss Berg says that Mr. Horton proposed that the wedding be held within the following month and that she agreed to this. The month passed, however, with no fulfilment of this proposal, and twelve months later Miss Berg began her suit.

Mr. Horton is a well-known figure in the financial world, where his business interests have been since 1865. For many years he has been head of the firm which bears his name. He was born in Shesquin, Penn., on July 17, 1832, and was brought up on his father's farm and educated in the country school until, at the age of 17, he left home and went to Towanda, Penn., where he became a clerk in a mercantile house. Later he entered the produce business in Milwaukee, where he remained until he came to this city. He is a member of the New York Stock Exchange, the New York Produce Exchange, and the Chicago Board of Trade. He belongs to the Union League, Manhattan, and New York Athletic Clubs.

Mr. Horton was married to Sarah S. Patten of this city, who died in Brighton, England, in 1899. They had two daughters, Blanche and Grace, the former now the wife of E. F. Hutton, with whom Mr. Horton lives at 144 West Fifty-seventh Street.

MRS. JONES MUST ANSWER.

Service of Papers in Suit While She Was In Bed Upheld.

Because a woman process server found her way into his wife's bedroom and placed on her folded arms as she lay on the bed the necessary papers, Holmes Jones, a lawyer living at Crestwood, Yonkers, asked Supreme Court Justice Pendleton yesterday to vacate the service by which Dr. Harmon A. Vedder has started suit against Mrs. Jones for $253. The doctor says the money is owed to him for professional services. Mrs. Jones declares she has a good defense, but insists that the service on her should not be held legal. Justice Pendleton decided, however, that there was no reason for setting the service aside, and Mrs. Jones will now have to make her defense in court.

Of the $253, Dr. Vedder says that $243 is represented by a note given to him by Mr. Jones on Sept. 20, 1905, which has never been paid. The other $10 is for services other than those covered by the note. It was not until the close approach of the time when suit would have been barred under the statute of limitations that Dr. Vedder started his action. His many attempts to have Mrs. Jones served with the papers failed until he put Miss Augusta E. Smith on the case.

Mrs. Jones had kept to her house, declaring that she was too ill to receive visitors, and was in her bedroom when Miss Smith called. According to Mr. Jones, the young woman "looked disreputable and slovenly," and because of this the maid who responded to her ring tried to bar her out. Miss Smith pushed past her and found her way to Mrs. Jones's room. Miss Smith declares that she did not push by the servant, but followed her into the house and to Mrs. Jones's room, where the maid had gone to announce her. Mrs. Jones, she said, lay on the bed fully clothed and looking far from sick. Her arms were folded, and since she would not take the papers, Miss Smith says she dropped them on her folded arms and left.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

A special performance of "Bought and Paid For" will be given at The Playhouse on Sunday evening, to which will be invited most of the actors and actresses now in New York. It will be purely an invitation performance, and for stage people only.

Liebler & Co. have completed the cast for the support of Mme. Simone in "The Thief." Edwin Arden will play Philip Voysin, Albert Gran will be Raymond, and the others will be Sydney Herbert, Charles Francis, and Grace Halsey Mills.

Lela Lee, who has been out of the cast of "Speed" at the Comedy Theatre since last Thursday on account of an attack of neurotic odema that made her temporarily blind, returned to the company last night and resumed her role of Mrs. Podmore. During her illness the part was played by Winifred Waye, an English actress.

The opening of Lew Fields's production of "The Never Homes" at the Broadway Theatre has been postponed from next Saturday evening to Thursday evening, Oct. 5. The play was given four performances at Harmanus Bleecker Hall, Albany, and was brought back to New York yesterday for final rehearsals.

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NEW PIPE LINE APPROVED.

Seven-Mile Route Will Tap Ten Mile River to Increase the City's Supply.

Water Commissioner Thompson filed yesterday with the Board of Estimate a map showing the proposed route of the pipe line to convey city water from Ten Mile River in Dutchess County to the Croton watershed. The pipe line will be seven miles long.

The board approved the route, but it was stipulated that Commissioner Thompson must obtain permission from the board before he begins work. The board approved on Aug. 31 last an issue of $1,200,000 of corporate stock to buy land and water rights and to lay the pipes.

The Commissioner called attention to the condition of the city's available water supply and stated that, in his opinion, preparations should be made to obtain an additional temporary supply if, by Nov. 1 next, conditions are such as to make it probable that the amount of water in storage by Jan. 1, 1912, will be less than 22,000,000,000 gallons. For an emergency supply, he said, the Ten Mile River watershed is the most available and easiest to develop.

GEN. MANDERSON DIES AT SEA

Ex-Senator from Nebraska Had Just Sailed on the Cedric.

Word was received at the White Star Line offices last night of the death of ex-United States Senator Charles Frederick Manderson of Omaha, Neb., on board the steamer Cedric, which sailed from Liverpool yesterday. Gen. Manderson went abroad early in the Summer for his health. The announcement of his death included no details.

Gen. Manderson was born in Philadelphia in 1837 and after being educated in the public schools there he moved to Canton, Ohio, where he studied law. At the outbreak of the civil war he enlisted with the Canton Zouaves. Following meritorious service in campaigns in the Middle West and on Sherman's march to the sea he resigned from the service on account of severe spinal wounds received at Lovejoy Station, Ga., in 1864. He was brevetted Brigadier General.

In 1869 Gen. Manderson moved to Omaha and quickly rose in the political council of that State and was elected Senator in 1883. He served at Washington, and in the second session of the Fifty-first Congress he served as President pro tem. of the Senate. He was a prominent member of the American Bar Association and of Washington and Omaha clubs, and was general counsel for the Burlington Railroad.

He married Miss Rebecca Brown of Canton, Ohio, who survives him, and who was with him on the trip abroad.

Byron Alden Brooks.

Byron Alden Brooks, patent expert of the Union Typewriter Company and the inventor of one of the best-known typewriters, died yesterday at his home, 314 McDonough Street, Brooklyn. He was identified with the typewriter business for forty years, and devoted his life to the improvement of writing machines. Mr. Brooks was born at Theresa, N. Y., in 1845. He was graduated from Wesleyan College in the class of 1871 and was a member of the Alpha Delta Phi fraternity. He was one of the Trustees of the Bedford Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association and one of the founders of the Boys' Welcome Hall, besides aiding in many of the educational and philanthropic movements of Brooklyn. He was a member of the Hardware Club and the Lincoln Club of Brooklyn.

Rev. Wm. Patrick Dies In Scotland.

GLASGOW, Scotland, Sept. 28.—The Rev. William Patrick, Principal of Manitoba Presbyterian College, Winnipeg, Canada, died to-day at Kirkintilloch, Scotland.

William Patrick, D. D., was born in Glasgow in 1852. He was educated in Glasgow University and at Heidelberg. He went to Canada in 1900, and had been Principal of Manitoba College since that date.

W. S. Lewis, Lincoln's Guard.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—William S. Lewis, who has been an employe of the White House since Lincoln's time, died here to-day. He was 89 years old, and had known twelve Presidents from his long service at the Executive Mansion. He was made one of Lincoln's bodyguard early in the sixties, and often accompanied the President on his journeys from Washington. In 1864 Mr. Lewis was admitted to the police force of the city, and soon thereafter was detailed to the White House, where he had been in continuous service until his recent illness.

Obituary Notes.

LOUIS PINCOFFS died yesterday at the home of his son on Alta Avenue, Park Hill, Yonkers, from pneumonia. He was born in Rotterdam, Holland, eighty-four years ago. Mr. Pincoffs was an exporter of oil and a member of the New York Produce Exchange. Associated with him was his son, Peter Adrian Pincoffs. The son, with whom he lived, is Adolph L. Pincoffs, a lawyer, of 120 Broadway, Manhattan. A third son, Maurice Pincoffs, lives in Chicago.

SAMUEL MOORE, one of the best-known real estate dealers in Essex County, N. J., having carried on business in Bloomfield for more than sixty years, died Wednesday night at the Jon Haines Home for Aged People. He was 81 years old and was a native of England. He once owned large tracts of Glen Ridge and Bloomfield property, and was noted for his charities.

Miss MARY HUNTINGTON BELL died yesterday at the residence of her brother-in-law, John Slade, at Babylon, L. I. She was the daughter of the late Samuel Peters Bell and a sister of Mrs. John Slade, who was Miss Alice Bell.

MALCOLM LLOYD, a financier of Philadelphia, died on Tuesday at his home in Devon, Penn. He was a Director of the Girard National Bank, the Trust Company of North America, and the Delaware Insurance Company of Philadelphia. He was formerly Vice President of the American Refining Company.

JACOB V. CARTER, a leading citizen of Belvidere, N. J., and prominent in Republican politics, died suddenly from heart disease in Belvidere last night. Mr. Carter was 68 years old. He is survived by his wife, a daughter, and a son. Mr. Carter served five years as Assistant County Clerk, and was Deputy Surrogate for ten years.

Miss MOLLIE WEST, an actress and singer, who was making a tour of the world with her husband, Will Goodwin, an English song writer, died recently in Bombay, India. She was the sister of Will West of "The Siren" company now playing in New York.

Dr. CHARLES E. STAMMLER, prominent among the German residents of Brooklyn, is dead at his home, 193 St. Nicholas Avenue, Brooklyn. He was 56 years old.

Mrs. ANNA FERRIS TABER, widow of Augustus Taber of this city, died recently in Saratoga, Cal., whither she had gone for the sake of the health of her children. She was a prominent member of the Religious Society of Friends. Mrs. Taber was born at West Chester, N. Y., 85 years ago, the daughter of John H. Ferris. For the last thirty years she had lived in New York. Her brother is David S. Taber, trustee of the Bowery Savings Bank.

MAX SCHOENFELD, 61 years old, President of the Loeb & Schoenfeld Company, dealers in laces, is dead at Meran, Austria, according to a cable received here yesterday. The firm has mills and warehouses in this city, Camden, N. J.; Fishkill, N. Y., and Rorschach, Switzerland.

ERASTUS RICHARDSON, a poet and author, died in Woonsocket, R. I., yesterday in his seventy-sixth year. Mrs. Martha Richardson Cook of Chicago is a daughter.

Ex-Judge JOHN JESSUP of the Gloucester County courts died suddenly in Woodbury, N. J., yesterday from an acute attack of indigestion. Since his retirement from the bench ten years ago he had been practicing law. Judge Jessup was 69 years old.

GEORGE M. CORNING, Secretary of the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, at 52 Wall Street, died yesterday at Summit, N. J. He was born in 1856, and formerly lived in East Orange, N. J. Long identified with banking in this city, Mr. Corning was also a member of the Union League, New York Athletic, and Republican Clubs. He was prominent in the First Battalion of the New York Naval Militia. The funeral will be held at Rye, N. Y.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

Joseph Stetton died Sept. 23, leaving no real, but $1,000 personal property, all to his wife, Bella.

James Gray died Aug. 20, at 1,330 Park Avenue, leaving $5,000 real and not less than $75,000 personal property, the income of all to his wife, at her death one eighteenth to his grandson, Milton Roberts, and the remainder in eighths, one to each of his children, Andrew, James H., Franklin, Ann, Dorothy, Elizabeth, and Isabella, and one part in trust for his son, George, to go on his death to his children.

Honora Wigmore died March 25, leaving $7,000 real and about $500 personal property; $50 each to her sons, Stephen and Edward J., $100 to her son James M., and $2,500 each to her daughters, Hannah J. and Della F. Wigmore.

Minnie von Duering died Sept. 16, leaving no real, but $6,000 personal property, equally to her son and daughter-in-law, Oscar W. and Anna Lang.

BOXING BOUTS TO AID WOMAN SUFFRAGE

Mrs. Gus Ruhlin Enlists New Supporters to the Cause of Votes for Women.

RUHLIN ON HAND, SILENT

Ex-Prizefighter Gives the Approval of His Mighty Presence to the New Organization.

Mrs. Gus Ruhlin of Brooklyn gave out the prospectus of her votes for women club, the Woman's Progressive Political League, at the Long Acre Athletic Clubhouse, 158 East Twenty-ninth Street, last night. It is to be an organization for the rank and file, and the first converts will be a couple of "catch-as-catch-can lady wrestlers," who will take part in the sparring exhibition and athletic meet to be given on Oct. 26 to raise the first money for expenses. The initial meeting of Mrs. Ruhlin's organization was held in the athletic club because the members of the fraternity are going to stand by her.

Big, good-natured Gus Ruhlin, ex-prize fighter, whose name is given in the business directory as "G. Ruhlin, Liquors," was with his wife at the meeting. Mr. Ruhlin's good nature in allowing his wife to put up her first "Votes for Women" sign behind the bar in his place of business caused Mrs. Ruhlin some chagrin and gave a motive for the new organization. Everybody talked at once last night, but it was a politician whose name is not to be mentioned, (because it might be said then that Mrs. Ruhlin was a Democrat,) who took the lead.

"Just because Mrs. Ruhlin put up 'Votes for Women' in her husband's saloon all these people are down on her," he said. "We are going to stand back of her, because people think the members of the sporting fraternity have horns and hoofs and tails. We will show them that they are clean, honest, well-dressed gentlemen, fit to go in any society.

"Why, we have tickets engaged for seventy ladies to go to this sparring bout and two Senators. People think it is a dreadful thing, but I have seen some of the ladies that were the most timid, after they had been in a little while, the most enthusiastic and excited of any, standing up in chairs and shouting: 'Knock his head off!' 'Knock his block off!'"

"It's just as clean as football," interpolated Mrs. Ruhlin. "That's where they get their blocks knocked off."

"I've traveled around and I have met all kinds of people," said William Neuman, manager of the Athletic Club and one of the enthusiastic backers of the new league. "Why, I met the present King when he was traveling incognito, and we had some long talks together. A man can be in this business and be fit to go in any kind of society. I wrote to the King when his father died and in all his sorrow he took the trouble to answer me.

"I met a priest once and went to his house and we talked Roman history and church history, and he was the most surprised man you ever saw when I told him what my business was.

"'I didn't know,' he said, 'that knuckle-pushers had any brains.'"

Mrs. Ruhlin has other grievances besides the objections made to the "Votes for Women" sign in her husband's place of business.

"Mrs. Ruhlin has had great success over in Brooklyn," continued the politician. "She had a picnic so large that they had to take down the fence between two picnic grounds to take them all in. Why, there were 3,000."

"There were 7,000," said Mrs. Ruhlin, "and I have taken 700 names of people who joined the Woman Suffrage Party, and I sent them in to the magazine they publish, The Woman Voter, and no notice was taken of it at all. I say that 700 names of people who join the society is better than $700 in money to be paid to Secretaries. There are all those societies. Mrs. Mackay's and Mrs. Belmont's, and we don't want to antagonize any of them, but they don't know what the rank and file of the people are doing."

"Mrs. Belmont is an earnest, hard-working woman," said the politician, "but you couldn't get a letter to her, for one of her high-priced secretaries would get it first, and they don't let her know anything about a woman like Mrs. Ruhlin.

"This society will open an office in Herald Square within a week, and there won't be any negro butler at the door, and any one who wants to can get in to see Mrs. Ruhlin at any time. People will see that there is more energy on First Avenue and Tenth Avenue than there is on Fifth Avenue."

Mr. Neumann will be in charge of the big bout, which is expected to bring in several thousand dollars for the benefit of the Progressive League. Mr. Neuman says it will be an old-time affair, and they will have a lot of old-timers on hand for the occasion.

"We'll try and get Mr. Ruhlin," said Mr. Neumann; and Mr. Ruhlin, who stood like a big giant in the corner all the evening, trying to see how it seemed, in the matter of "Votes for Women," to be just Mrs. Gus Ruhlin's husband, grinned and didn't say anything.

"Try and get Sharkey," said Mrs. Ruhlin, "and Kid McCoy and Terry McGovern and Bob Fitzsimmons and Jim Corbett."

Manager Neumann said he thought he could get the two women wrestlers.

"Do they do the jiu-jitsu?" asked one of the women present.

"No," answered Neumann, "it's the real thing, catch-as-catch-can."

Mrs. Ruhlin has about 300 women who will come into her organization when it holds its first regular meeting on Nov. 15. It states its object as being to get "votes for women" by "demonstrating in a practical manner that women are capable of organizing and maintaining such an organization in a political way." The members will not "demean" themselves by asking the legislator to grant them something that they hope later to get through pledges from candidates, and they are going to fight vigorously all Senators and Assemblymen who oppose them. They will try and get a few practical things in the meantime, one of them more school room for the city children.

The athletic bout will be held in the athletic clubrooms, and the tickets will be 50 cents and $1, and every one will be admitted up to the capacity of the rooms.

Thomas Beecham, Impresario, Leaves.

Thomas Beecham, the English impresario and conductor, sailed away yesterday on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria without having made a definite announcement of what he intended to do here in an operatic way. Mr. Beecham said several days ago that he would give a Mozart-Strauss festival here if he could find a theatre, and he also announced his intention of giving orchestral concerts here some time this Winter.

Jan Kubelik's First Sunday Concert.

Jan Kubelik will give the first Sunday night concert of the season at the Hippodrome on Oct. 15, when he will be assisted by an orchestra. Kubelik sailed on Sept. 27 for America on the Kronprinz Wilhelm, and his present engagement of 100 concerts, under the direction of F. C. Whitney, is announced as his farewell tour of this country. The Hippodrome Sunday night concerts will be a feature of the season at that playhouse.

Mrs. Carter to Begin Rehearsals.

There has been such a marked improvement in the condition of Mrs. Leslie Carter, who recently underwent a serious operation, that John Cort, her manager, has decided to begin rehearsals of "Two Women" next week. Mrs. Carter will not be able to direct the rehearsals personally at first, but she will be present at all of them to make suggestions.

Gaby Deslys at Sunday Concerts.

Gaby Deslys, who made her American début in "The Revue of Revues" at the Winter Garden Wednesday night, entered into a contract last night with the Shuberts to appear at the Sunday concerts at the Garden. Her act will include several songs.

FAILS TO APPEAR TO WED.

Henry Johnson Leaves Stamford and Florence Gill Is in Seclusion.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Sept. 28.—The wedding of Miss Florence Gill, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Gill of 54 Hill Street, set for this morning at St. Mary's Catholic Church, did not take place because the bridegroom, Henry Johnson, did not appear. Mr. Johnson sent word after all the arrangements had been made that he was not coming. He said he had changed his mind about being married. He then left town.

Miss Gill and Johnson are both young, just out of their teens. They had intended marrying early in the Summer, but the wedding was postponed after the bride-to-be had obtained her wedding finery. This time the preparations went to the stage where the carriages were hired and the wedding feast prepared before the young man made known his intention.

Johnson made a local reputation as a roller skater. It was in the skating rink that Miss Gill met him. Johnson had been receiving instructions in the Catholic faith, and was to have been baptized a Catholic last night, but he failed to appear.

"I never approved of the marriage," said Miss Gill's mother to-day, "and inasmuch as the young man was not baptized a Catholic my daughter would not in any event have married him. I guess it is just as well it ended thus."

Miss Gill is in seclusion.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

FOX.—Sept. 27, Yonkers, N. Y., to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Fox, a son.

WADE.—Sept. 26, Newark, N. J., to Mr. and Mrs. Clarence C. Wade, a daughter.

Married.

GRUMBACH — RECKENDORFER. — On Sept. 28, at Rexhall, Elberon, N. J., Edna King Reckendorfer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis J. Reckendorfer, to Louis J. Grumbach.

LINDSAY—SMITH.—At Grace Church, Jersey City, Sept. 27, 1911, by the Rev. George S. Bennitt, Helen Minor Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George M. Smith of 603 West 184th St., New York, to Gordon Inglis Lindsay.

HAIGHT—WORRALL.—Sept. 26, Helen D. Worrall to Clarence M. Haight.

LASS—SCHROEDER.—Sept. 27, Minerva N. Schroeder to William P. Lass.

Brooklyn.

BARRY—HERMANS.—Sept. 27, Tillie Hermans to John T. Barry.

GERCKEN—GROTE.—Sept. 27, W. F. Grote to Henry C. Gercken.

STOECKER—SOPP.—Sept. 27, Marie B. Sopp to Walter H. Stoecker.

THEIS—KENNEDY.—Sept. 24, Irene V. Kennedy to Aloysius Theis.

WATSON—YOUNG.—Sept. 27, Janice Young to William Watson.

Connecticut.

CONDE—KLAPETZKY.—Sept. 27, Stamford, Edith Klapetzky to Henry L. Conde.

LOMBARDI—DE JULIAN.—Sept. 24, Danbury, Mary De Julian to Patsy Lombardi.

New Jersey.

CARVER—REEVE.—Sept. 26, East Orange, Rena F. Reeve to Harry E. Carver.

HARRINGTON — SMITH. — Sept. 26, East Orange, Kate M. Smith to Walter Harrington.

FLEMING—KLOPF.—Sept. 27, Mountainside, Julia Klopf to Burton Fleming.

JOHNSON—JONES.—Sept. 26, Newark, Florence E. Jones to William E. J. Johnson.

JAMES—HIRSCH.—Sept. 26, Trenton, Freda Hirsch to William James.

HOENIG—GOODSTEIN.—Sept. 26, Trenton, Dorothy Goodstein to Arthur Hoenig.

WILLIAMS—HIRSCH.—Sept. 26, Trenton, Marie Hirsch to Arthur T. Williams.

Died.

BELL.—On Thursday, Sept. 28, at the residence of her brother-in-law, Mr. John Slade, Babylon, L. I., Mary Huntington Bell, daughter of the late Samuel Peters and Lydia Seabury Bell. Funeral services at St. Bartholomew's Chapel, Madison Av. and 44th St., on Saturday, Sept. 30, at 12 o'clock.

BINZEN.—Suddenly, Sept. 28, 1911, Frederick W. Binzen of East Orange, N. J., aged 51 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BROOKS.—Byron Alden, on Sept. 28, 1911, suddenly, at his late residence, 314 McDonough St., Brooklyn. Services at his late residence Saturday, at 8:30 P. M. Interment at Middletown, Conn.

BROOME.—At East Orange, N. J., Sept. 27, 1911, Emma Donaldson, widow of the late Johnathan Broome. Funeral services will be held at Grace Church, Orange, Saturday, Sept. 30, at 3 o'clock.

COLLINS.—At her residence, Centre St., Richmond, S. I., Ellen R. Collins, beloved mother of the Rev

JOE TINKER STILL MATTY'S WORST FOE

Chicago Short Stop, Always Able to Bat "Big Six," Wins Second Game for Cubs.

DRIVE OVER DEVORE'S HEAD

No Luck for Giants in Dark, Gloomy Game—King Cole Comes Back to Form and Pitches Cleverly.

THE SCORE.

Chicago	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2
New York	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

CHICAGO.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Sheckard, lf	4	1	2	3	0	0
Schulte, rf	4	1	2	0	0	0
Tinker, ss	4	0	2	3	2	0
Zimmerman, 2b	2	0	0	2	0	0
J. Doyle, 3b	3	0	0	0	5	0
Saier, 1b	3	0	0	10	0	0
Hofman, cf	3	0	1	2	0	0
Archer, c	3	0	0	7	1	0
Cole, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Total	29	2	7	27	10	0

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Devore, lf	3	0	1	1	0	0
L. Doyle, 2b	4	1	1	2	1	0
Snodgrass, cf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Murray, rf	3	0	1	3	0	0
Merkle, 1b	3	0	2	10	0	1
Herzog, 3b	2	0	0	1	3	1
Fletcher, ss	3	0	0	1	3	1
Meyers, c	3	0	0	5	3	0
Mathewson, p	2	0	0	0	4	0
Total	28	1	5	24	12	2

Two-base hits—L. Doyle, Tinker, Merkle, Schulte. Sacrifice hits—Zimmerman, Herzog. Stolen base—Hofman. Double play—Tinker and Saier. Left on bases—Chicago, 4; New York, 4. Bases on balls—Off Cole, 3. Struck out—By Cole, 5; by Mathewson, 4. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Brennan.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 28.—Just because it is as easy for Joseph Tinker to hit Christy Mathewson as it is for a taxi to hit any of us in Times Square during the rush hours the Cubs won another game from the Giants to-day at West Side Park by a score of 2 to 1. A screeching two-sack drive over Josh Devore's little blue cap sent two Cubs over the plate in the third inning with the victory.

What's the matter with Mathewson? you ask. Why nothing—only Joseph Tinker.

Outside of that painful third inning the Cubs got only four scattered hits off the "Big Train," and didn't have any more chance of scoring again than Gotham has of going dry. Besides Tinker the other features of the game were rain, fog, darkness, mud, a wet, slippery ball, and Hank O'Day.

Now, don't presume that any one is panning Umpire O'Day. No, Suh; but with two out in the eighth inning, Matty at first, and three balls and one strike on Larry Doyle, it grew so dark that Hank couldn't see the ball, and when a fourth ball floated on the outside of the plate and Larry was walking to first the umpire called it a strike. Then Lawrence, mad as a hatter, fanned. Blame that on to the darkness, for it was just as dusky and gloomy as the night before pay day. It began to rain in the first inning, and it rained until the end. It was dark when the game began, and before the conflict was over the outfielders were lost in the fog.

Old King Cole again had a rabbit's foot in his pocket. This season he has proved beyond a doubt that he can pitch as badly as any one, but not to-day. He was at his very, very best, and held the Giants to five hits, two of them paired in the first inning. He handled the ball as if it was dry as a tinder, and, what's more, the Cubs gave him brilliant support. When Giants got on the bases, he was miserly and refused to crack.

Luck was against Mathewson. Of the three hits that Chicago collected in the third inning Schulte's was a scratch bang, and if Umpire Brennan hadn't been in the way maybe the score would have been only 1 to 1. But these post-mortems never won any games, so let's delve into the damp battle.

Devore walked in the first inning. Fine! King Cole can't hold the ball. Devore, who has been stealing bases as easily as rolling off a log, tried to steal second. He didn't get a good start, and he ran as if he was draging an anchor. Result: Jimmy Archer pegged him out with laughable ease. Oh, if Josh had only remained at first base for a few seconds, for then Larry Doyle smashed a two-bagger against the right-field wall. He went to third while Tinker was throwing Snodgrass out at first base. Murray walked. Hurrah. Merkle bounded a grasser off Jimmy Doyle's boots, and the ball rolled over past second base. Capt. Larry Doyle scored and Jack Murray scooted around to third base as if he was trying to catch a train. Half a minute later Jimmy Doyle chased the ball so fast that he picked it up and hurled it to Tinker, who was covering third base, in time to retire Murray for the third out.

You see, this man Tinker is already making trouble, and more to come.

Sheckard got a hit to right in the Cubs' half of the inning, but the next three batsmen died easily. Same in the next inning. But not so in the third. Archer, the third man up in the third, was tossed out at Merkleville by Fletcher. Ha, ha! King Cole whiffed. Now, then, Matty, snuff out old man Sheckard. Jimmy poled a line drive to right field. Frank Schulte bounced a hard-hit grounder off Matty's shoes, and it rolled toward Larry Doyle. Fletcher was after it, too. Umpire Brennan, who is some sizable, couldn't get out of the way in time for either Fletcher or Doyle to grab it, and by that time Schulte was safe at first and Sheckard at second.

Gentlemen, Mr. Tinker, Matty's jinx. He advanced to the plate and told Matty that he always could and always would hit him. There didn's seem to be much doubt in Joseph's mind about what he was going to do. He swung hard and far, crashing against the ball with his ashen club amidships. It was dark in left field. All that you could see was Josh Devore running back toward the fence. He ran and ran, then stooped over and picked something out of the wet grass. It wasn't a four-leaf clover. It was the ball. Sheckard and Schulte ran home and Tinker stopped at second base to get his breath. They say that Tinker is a sick man. Gee, what would he do if he had his health? Then Zimmerman struck out.

In the fourth inning, with two out, Merkle drove a long hit along the left-field foul line, and on account of his bad ankle was only able to hobble to second base. Herzog didn't produce anything except the third out. In the same inning, with two out, Artie Hofman singled to right and Archer was safe. Then Merkle fumbled the wet ball, Hofman trotting to third. Hofman and Archer attempted a double steal, but really it was laughable, for Chief Meyers caught Hofman halfway between third base and the plate.

Although you know that in the remaining paragraphs of this yarn the Giants will score no more runs, there were a few more chances, even if they were sort of snowball chances.

For instance, in the sixth inning Josh Devore got up his speed and beat out an infield hit. This time he didn't try to steal. He played safe and waited for Doyle to make another two-bagger. Perhaps Larry was sure he was going to walk, but O'Day didn't think so. Larry hit the ball on the carpet, but look who's going after it. Tinker. Good night! Joe absorbed the ball somehow, dug his graceful toe into second base, and whipped the ball over to first for a double play. If Tinker was on a long vacation this pennant would look a lot safer for the Giants than it does at present.

Jack Murray got a single in the seventh, and Merkle skied to Sheckard, although it was so dark no one could see him catch the ball. Jimmy said he got it. Herzog failed to hit the ball the first time he tried, so he sacrificed Murray to second. Fletcher got in a good wallop, but it was a liner straight into Zimmerman's hands. Cole didn't allow any more hits, hence no more chances to tell about.

"COUNTING THE CHICKS BEFORE THEY ARE HATCHED."

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 28.—Only Ames and Wiltse left now—and Charley Faust.

Remarkable game for such bad conditions. At any other time of the season, they wouldn't think of trying to play.

The Giants are tired, not physically but mentally. The nervous strain of the last few weeks' fight has kept them under a high tension, and it is beginning to worry them.

Wilbert Robinson is here trying to scatter sunshine among the players and giving the catchers and pitchers good advice.

Manager McGraw is greatly disappointed at the turn of affairs here, not that he is worrying about winning the pennant, but he wants the strain of the fight over, so that he can give his best players a good rest before the world series.

Old King Cole was a merry old soul, also a good pitcher.

Beals Becker conversed in the wrong tone of voice with Umpire Rigler and was chased from the coaching lines to the boudoir.

Both teams have a day of rest to-morrow, and will clash again on Saturday and Sunday.

Lew Richie is being groomed to face the Giants again on Sunday.

It's a good thing there are a few more games with Brooklyn and Boston left on the schedule.

Fas here do't mind a little thing like rain. More than 12,000 of them, including many women, got their new Autumn bonnets wet rather than miss it. Yes, and it's fine weather to encourage Charley Horse.

Only five and a half games ahead now, and the Cubs are going like the wind.

Arlie Latham means something when he yells, "Help!" from the coaching line.

The Giants have only fourteen more games to play, and they can only afford to loose six more if the Cubs mean to win all of their nine remaining games.

YANKS AND BROWNS IN BASEBALL FARCE

Hilltoppers Win Worst Game of Season with Few Persons Viewing the Travesty.

THE SCORE.

New York	3	4	1	3	0	2	2	3	..	—18
St. Louis	0	0	4	4	0	0	0	1	3	—12

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Daniels, rf	4	3	3	2	0	2	0	1
Dolan, 3b	4	3	2	2	0	2	0	0
Chase, cf	4	3	2	1	0	3	0	0
Cree, lf	2	2	1	3	0	3	0	0
Knight, 1b	3	1	1	2	1	10	1	1
Hartzell, ss	4	2	1	1	0	3	5	0
Curry, 2b	4	2	1	1	0	1	1	3
Williams, c	5	2	1	0	1	3	3	1
Warhop, p	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Williams, p	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	0
Total	33	18	13	13	2	27	12	6

ST. LOUIS.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Moulton, 2b	4	2	1	2	0	0	2	1
Shotton, cf	4	1	1	2	2	3	0	0
Hogan, lf	5	2	0	1	1	0	1	0
Laporte, 3b	4	1	2	1	0	1	3	0
Compton, rf	5	1	2	0	0	2	0	1
Kutina, 1b	5	1	2	0	0	8	0	1
Hallinan, ss	3	0	0	0	0	6	5	1
Wallace, ss	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Stephens, c	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Clarke, c	3	1	0	1	0	3	5	1
Hamilton, p	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
Brown, p	2	1	1	0	1	0	1	0
Nelson, p	2	2	2	0	0	0	2	0
Total	40	12	11	7	5	24	21	5

Two-base hits—Kutina, Nelson. Three-base hit—Williams. Sacrifice fly—Quinn. Stolen bases—Daniels, (3;) Dolan, (3;) Chase, (4;) Cree, (4;) Hartzell. First base on errors—New York, 2; St. Louis, 3. Left on bases—New York, 5; St. Louis, 9. Struck out—By Warhop, 1; by Quinn, 4; by Nelson, 2. Bases on balls—Off Warhop, 6; off Quinn, 4; off Hamilton, 3; off Brown, 5; off Nelson, 5. Hit by pitcher—By Warhop, (Hallinan.) Wild pitches—Hamilton, Nelson, (2.) Passed balls—Williams, Clarke. Hits—Off Warhop, 2 in 3 1-3 innings, (at bat 13;) off Quinn, 9 in 5 2-3 innings, (at bat 27;) off Hamilton, 6 in 2 innings, (at bat 11;) off Brown, 1 in 2 innings, (at bat 6;) off Nelson, 6 in 4 innings, (at bat 16.) Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Egan. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes.

Twenty-nine hits, thirty runs, twenty bases on balls, fifteen stolen bases, and eleven errors—not to mention five battery misplays and a dozen other samples of loose playing which escape in the present system of scoring—were crowded into eight and one-half innings at the Hilltop yesterday when the tailend Browns hooked up with the Yankees in the first of a four-game series. When the travesty on baseball had been concluded the Yankees were on the heavy end of an 18 to 12 score.

The players did not treat the game as a joke, but it proved to be a huge farce to the few hundred spectators who could not be kept away by the combination of St. Louis incompetency and chilly weather. The Browns have long been regarded as a minor league team masquerading in major league livery, and yesterday they lived up to the reputation in proper style. They had to hustle to keep the reputation yesterday as the Yankees were also strong in the bush league performances. About the only reason for the Yankees winning yesterday was that both teams couldn't lose.

The Yankees hung up a pair of base running records for the season, getting a total of fifteen steals during the game and six in one inning. They pilfered seven sacks on Stephens in two innings, and then "Nig" Clarke was pressed into service to keep Chase's men from running out of the league. He was no improvement on Stephens, and eight more steals were registered in the remaining six innings. Chase and Cree got four steals apiece, while Daniels and Dolan divided a half dozen more. Curry got another tryout at second base and played the part of a human sieve, three grounders rolling through him as if he were not there.

After the Yanks had jumped to a 7-to-0 lead in the first two innings the Browns began to mix hits with little Jack Warhop's passes, and the end of the third inning found the two teams deadlocked at eight runs. From this stage the Yankees continued to draw away.

The game was entirely devoid of good fielding stunts or noteworthy batting. Each team went the limit in passing out favors to the other, and as the Browns are a bit more advanced in the kind of playing that helps the opposing team the Yankees had to win. The one redeeming feature of the affair was that it was unloaded on a chilly day in late September, rather than on an ideal baseball day in midseason. This saved several hundred fans from gazing on the travesty.

The game took on the appearance of a regular contest in one inning—the eighth. Hartzell started off by drawing a pass and immediately started for second. Hallinan took Clarke's throw and tagged the runner, making a close play at second base. Umpire Egan declared Hartzell safe, and Hallinan became so noisy over the decision that he was ejected from the game. He had previously accepted eleven out of twelve chances, the most noteworthy of which was his capture of Jack Warhop between home and third base in the third inning. Warhop was caught off third on a bluff throw to second, and it required six St. Louis players to run him down, almost two minutes being consumed in this one play.

There was no Subway rush at the close of the burlesque as a number of fans departed early. A slight taste of that kind of baseball satisfied their appetite.

Krapp and Reisigl Batting Targets.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Sept. 28.—The home team hit the deliveries of Krapp and Reisigl hard to-day and won, 9 to 8. Danforth pitched excellent ball after the third inning. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Lord, lf	5	1	2	4	0
Em'son, cf	3	1	1	1	0
Collins, 2b	4	2	2	4	3
Baker, 3b	3	0	1	0	4
Murphy, rf	4	1	2	0	0
Strunk, 1b	2	2	1	10	0
Derrick, ss	4	0	0	1	2
Thomas, c	4	1	2	7	2
Dan'th, p	3	1	0	0	4
Total	32	9	11	27	15

CLEVELAND.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Butcher, lf	5	1	2	2	0
Olson, ss	3	1	0	1	2
Cat'han, cf	3	0	0	1	0
Lajoie, 1b	3	1	1	10	0
Graney, rf	1	0	0	0	1
Ball, 2b	3	0	1	4	4
Turner, 3b	3	0	1	2	0
H'dricks, 3b	1	0	0	0	0
Adams, c	3	0	1	4	2
Krapp, p	1	0	0	0	0
Geisigl, p	2	0	0	0	1
*Stovall	1	0	0	0	0
Total	29	3	6	24	10

*Batted for Reisigl in the ninth inning.

Errors—Olson, Callahan, Adams, Strunk, 2.

Philadelphia	0	5	1	0	3	0	0	0	—9
Cleveland	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—3

Two-base hits—Butcher, Lord, Baker, Murphy, Thomas, 2. Pitchers' record—Off Krapp, 8 hits and 8 times at bat in two innings; off Reisigl, 8 hits and 24 times at bat in six innings. Sacrifice hits—Olson, Adams. Sacrifice fly—Baker. Stolen bases—Olson, Lord, Emerson, Collins, Strunk, Derrick. Double plays—Ball and Lajoie; Baker, Collins, and Strunk. Left on bases—Cleveland, 8; Philadelphia, 4. First base on balls—Off Krapp, 3; off Reisigl, 1; off Danforth, 6. First base on errors—Cleveland, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Danforth, (Graney.) Struck out—By Krapp, 1; by Reisigl, 2; by Danforth, 6. Passed ball—Adams. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Dineen.

Pitcher O'Brien Puzzles White Sox.

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—Buck O'Brien allowed Chicago only three hits, while Boston was hitting Lange hard, and the Red Sox beat the White Sox 6 to 3. Mayer caught his first game for Chicago. The score:

BOSTON.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Hooper, rf	3	1	1	1	0
G'dner, 3b	3	1	1	1	1
Yerkes, ss	4	2	2	0	3
Sp'ker, cf	4	2	2	1	1
D. Lewis, lf	4	0	1	2	0
J. Lewis, 2b	4	0	2	2	1
Bradley, 1b	4	0	2	10	1
W'liams, c	3	0	0	9	1
O'Brien, p	3	0	1	1	3
Total	32	6	12	27	11

CHICAGO.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
M'C'nell, 2b	4	0	0	1	0
Lord, 3b	4	1	1	0	1
M'Int're, rf	4	0	0	5	0
Bodie, cf	2	2	0	3	0
Barrows, lf	3	0	0	0	0
T'nehill, ss	4	0	1	3	3
Collins, 1b	4	0	1	5	0
Mayer, c	3	0	0	7	3
Lange, p	2	0	0	0	1
Total	30	3	3	24	8

Errors—J. Lewis, Tannehill, Mayer, Lange, 2.

Boston	2	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	—6
Chicago	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	—3

Two-base hits—Hooper, Speaker, Bradley. Three-base hit—Speaker. Sacrifice hit—Gardner. Stolen bases—Barrows, Mayer, Lord, Gardner. Left on bases—Boston, 4; Chicago, 4. First base on balls—Off O'Brien, 4; off Lange, 1. First base on errors—Chicago, 1. Struck out—By O'Brien, 9; by Lange, 5. Passed ball—Mayer. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Westervelt and Connolly.

Johnson Wins a Pitchers' Battle.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Johnson and Summers engaged in a warm pitchers' battle to-day, Washington defeating Detroit, 1 to 0. A base on balls in the eighth inning followed by a sacrifice, an infield out, and Drake's excusable muff of Gessler's fly to short left resulted in the winning run. Score:

WASHINGTON.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Milan, cf	4	0	2	2	0
Sch'fer, 1b	2	1	1	9	2
Elb'f'd, 2b	3	0	0	2	5
C. W'ker, lf	4	0	0	2	0
Gessler, rf	4	0	0	0	0
McBride, ss	3	1	1	1	5
Conroy, 3b	3	0	1	1	3
Street, c	1	0	0	6	1
Johnson, p	2	0	0	1	3
Total	26	2	5	27	18

DETROIT.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Bush, ss	4	0	0	1	4
Cobb, cf	3	0	2	2	0
Crawf'd, rf	3	0	0	1	0
Deleh'ty, 2b	4	0	0	5	3
Drake, lf	3	0	0	1	0
Gainor, 1b	3	0	2	8	0
Mor'y, 3b	2	0	1	0	1
Stanage, c	3	0	0	6	2
Summers, p	3	0	0	0	1
Total	28	1	5	24	11

Errors—Conroy, Drake, Gainor.

Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	—2
Detroit	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hit—Gainor. Sacrifice hit—Elberfeld. Stolen bases—Cobb, Milan. Sacrifice fly—Johnson. Double plays—Delehanty and Gainor; McBride, Schaefer, and Street. Left on bases—Washington, 4; Detroit, 1. Base on balls—Off Johnson, 2; off Summers, 3. First base on errors—Washington, 2. Hit by pitcher—Street, by Summers; Moriarty, by Johnson. Struck out—By Johnson, 4; by Summers, 4. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Mullin and Evans.

FIRST WORLD'S GAME OCT. 13

National Commission Meets To-day to Arrange for Baseball Series.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 28.—Notwithstanding the fact that the winner of the National League pennant has not been decided, the National Baseball Commission will meet here to-morrow to arrange a schedule for the world's series games. It was announced that the first game would be played on Oct. 13.

In case New York wins the pennant in the National League, the games will alternate between New York and Philadelphia, day by day, but if Chicago wins the schedule will be practically the same as last year.

Rochester Loses to All-Stars.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 28.—Wilhelm weakened in the seventh inning of a pitchers' battle this afternoon and the All-Stars won the second game in the post-season series with the Eastern League champions. Dubuo of Montreal, pitching for the Stars, allowed twelve hits, walked four men, hit another, and there was an error behind him, but Rochester scored only two runs. Twenty-one of the locals reached first base in one manner or another and fourteen were left on bases. Dubuo had everything in pinches. He goes to Detroit next season. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Rochester	2	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2	12	4
All-Stars	0	0 1 0 0 0 0 4 0 2—7	13	1

Batteries—Wilhelm, Manser, Holmes, and Mitchell; Dubuo, (Montreal,) and Cady, (Newark.)

Ty Cobb May Buy Lincoln Club.

LINCOLN, Neb., Sept. 28.—"Ty" Cobb, the Detroit American League team's sensational fielder, is reported to be negotiating for the purchase of the Lincoln Western League franchise. Donald C. Despian, owner of the local club, admits that the franchise is in the market, Paul Cobb, a Lincoln player, is a brother of the Detroit star.

Browns and Cardinals to Play.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 28.—The post series games between the local American and National League baseball teams will begin next Thursday a week. Seven games will be played.

Revell Returns with Eight Golf Cups.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—The hearts of Chicago golfers who have been mourning the loss of the American amateur championship to an Englishman were cheered yesterday by the return of Alexander H. Revell from Europe with eight cups, emblematic of the amateur golfing championships of Germany, Eastern Austria, and Switzerland.

Aeronautical Society Meeting.

The general meeting of the Aeronautical Society was held last night in the clubroom of the society, 250 West Fifty-fourth Street. There was a good attendance of members, and the demonstrations and lectures proved very interesting. The list of lecturers, which was unusually long, included Thomas Riddle, H. Richardson, G. M. Dyott, A. J. Meyers, and Carl Messerschmid.

Hoppe to Play Sutton at 18.2.

Willie Hoppe has accepted George Sutton's challenge for the 18.2 balk line billiard championship. The match will probably be played in Madison Square Garden Concert Hall the last week in November.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago, 2; New York, 1.
Brooklyn, 8; St. Louis, 4.
Philadelphia, 4; Pittsburgh, 0.
Boston at Cincinnati—Rain.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 18; St. Louis, 12.
Philadelphia, 9; Cleveland, 3.
Washington, 2; Detroit, 1.
Boston, 6; Chicago, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	To Play.	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	14	90	50	.643
Chicago	9	87	58	.600
Pittsburgh	7	82	65	.558
Philadelphia	*13	77	64	.546
St. Louis	*11	73	70	.511
Cincinnati	7	67	80	.456
Brooklyn	12	60	82	.423
Boston	*13	37	104	.262

*Includes one game that cannot be played.
†Includes two games that cannot be played.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	To Play.	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	*10	97	47	.674
Detroit	9	86	59	.593
Cleveland	9	76	69	.524
New York	9	75	70	.518
Chicago	*10	72	72	.500
Boston	†9	72	73	.497
Washington	8	61	85	.418
St. Louis	*10	40	104	.278

*Includes two games that cannot be played.
†Includes one game that cannot be played.

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia at Pittsburgh.
Boston at Cincinnati.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis at New York.
Cleveland at Philadelphia.
Detroit at Washington.
Chicago at Boston.

YALE ENDS FAIL TO SHOW HIGH CLASS

Slowness of Candidates Tried Causes Coaches to Seek Speedy Men for Places.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 28.—Because of yesterday's exacting game with Wesleyan, most of the Yale football regulars were excused from scrimmaging today, but a twenty-minute game was fought between the first and second teams, Philbin making the only score by plunging through centre for a five-yard advance, after a forward pass and a twenty-yard end run by him had taken the ball from midfield close to the scrub goal.

The scrubs had all the advantage in the first part of the play. The lack of good ends and the need of developing two new men have alarmed the officials, and former ends have been summoned. To-day Brooks and Clarence Alcott gave close attention to William Howe, the swimmer, and Douglas Bomeisler, the oarsman. Harbison and Warren of last year's freshmen have failed in the competition at end because of slowness, and Walter Camp, Jr., is nursing an injured back.

Russell Cooney, freshman centre last year, reported to-day, and will be a prominent candidate for either centre or guard. He is a brother of Carroll Cooney, the former Yale linesman. Wolfe, freshman guard last year, will not return to college. Perry, the wrestling team captain, has joined the squad, and is a prominent candidate for tackle. Marting, guard, injured his knee in to-day's practice, and will be absent several days. To-day Foster Sanford, Walter Camp, Slocovitch, former end; Ralph Bloomer, and Alcott joined the resident coaches.

HARVARD IN THE STADIUM.

Football Team Begins Practice There In Scrimmage with Scrubs.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Sept. 28.—In the first practice of the season in the stadium to-day the Harvard regulars were able to score only one touchdown and a goal against the scrub team in a 15-minute scrimmage in which the players were left to their own devices by the coaches. The score was made almost immediately after the kick-off, Potter, after catching a punt, romping down the field for 50 yards, aided for a time by fine interference and then resorting to clever dodging. A forward pass which L. D. Smith took from Potter on the right wing was carried ahead to within a yard of the second team's goal line, Campbell then shooting across for a touchdown through a hole opened for him by Bob Fisher.

The regulars' work after that was ragged, especially the handling of the ball by the backs. The scrub team took the ball away from the regulars on downs once just inside the 20-yard line, and later secured the ball almost on the goal line when Morrison fumbled it. Except that Wendell was not in the back field, the Harvard first string lined up as it will in Saturday's game with Bates. Jencks was at left tackle, Hitchcock, who later will be tried as Gardiner's opposite, having a lame ankle, which he will nurse for some time yet. The 'Varsity substitutes had better fortune in their scrimmage with the scrubs, scoring three touchdowns, all of which were made by Graustein, and mainly through his own efforts and success in picking his way through the secondary defense after he had jumped through holes opened wide through the scrub team's rush line.

Moving Pictures of Cornell Football.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Sept. 28.—Cornell football practice was broken up long enough this afternoon to allow moving picture men who have been making films of the university and student life to get twenty minutes of football action, and three teams were put through their paces for the benefit of the camera men. Then followed snappy signal drill in preparation for the game with Colgate on Saturday.

Dan Reed said that whatever notion the football players might have of their own ability, based on yesterday's easy victory over Allegheny, would probably be taken out of them in the Colgate game. He said the team showed considerable ability, but was still very crude.

Champaign and Eyrich were the only absentees to-day. Champaign, who was hurt, may be out of the line-up for a week or ten days, but Eyrich is expected to be able to play against Colgate. The team will be strengthened in its next game by the return of J. S. Whyte, last year's a centre, who has laid off for a week under the advice of the doctors.

Large Squad Out at N. Y. U.

Over fifty men answered the first call of Capt. Brennan for football candidates yesterday at the New York University. The Freshmen material was especially promising, and the coaches were very optimistic over the chances of developing a team which will make a creditable showing in its game with Yale on Nov. 4. Head Coach Olcott was not on the field, and Assistant Coach Carl Flanders directed the work of the men. He was assisted by Tom Reilly, '05; Spike Van Horne, '06, and Ned Cooney, '11. The Varsity squad, fresh from its preliminary training at the university Summer camp, ran through some signal formations used in the practice games with Kingston Academy. Al Nixon, the sterling little quarter back of the 1910 team, who was ineligible last year, was back running the team through the signal work.

It was announced on the campus that Yale, the star full back of last year's team, would not return to college, he having gone into business. It probably will be necessary to take Capt. Brennan from his place at right tackle, and put him at full back. Andrade, '18, will fill Brennan's place and strengthen considerably the right side of the line.

Grossenbaugh Coaching Again.

Special to The New York Times.

EAST ORANGE, N. J., Sept. 28.—Coach Grossenbaugh has been re-engaged by the East Orange High School football team and the young pigskin chasers now have high hopes of championship form. They have done well every year in the past when Grossenbaugh has had them in charge. The team suffers by the loss of Capt. Stretch, who has left school, but is happy over the return of Wells and Switzer, whom it had expected to lose. The season begins Saturday with a game with the Brooklyn High School at Ashland Field.

Blairsville's Football Captain.

Special to The New York Times.

CHATHAM, N. J., Sept. 28.—Arthur A. Richmond of this place has been elected captain of the Blair Academy football team at Blairstown, N. J. Young Richmond formerly lived in East Orange, where he was an all-round athlete of the public schools.

Broke Leg In Football.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 28.—The first serious football injury of the season in this city occurred to-day when John Thompson of St. Joseph's College sustained a broken leg. He was playing on the scrub team against the regular team when one of the players whom he had tackled fell upon him.

PLOW HORSE'S STAKE.

R. T. C. Wins $5,000 Trotting Purse In Straight Heats at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 28.—Although there were some events on the card that might under other circumstances have been record breakers, there was nothing startling about the racing at the Columbus Driving Park to-day. All the events except one were won in straight heats, and four of the six favorites landed the major part of the purses.

In the 2:12 Trotting Stakes for $5,000, R. T. C. had won a heat Wednesday and was an overwhelming favorite. There was nothing to it but "the plow horse," which won as he pleased, Lewis Forest being the contender.

Evelyn W. won the first heat of the championship pace by a nose from Ess H. Kay, with Independence Boy third, and the favorite fourth. The next two heats the Cleveland mare won, both by a head.

The free-for-all trot found Billy Burk the favorite, and he made good, landing in front comfortably each time, Hallworthy winning the place.

Longworth B. already had two heats to his credit in the unfinished 2:07 pace, and ended the race by taking another in hollow style.

The 2:13 pace found Patrick Pointer the favorite. He won in straight heats.

The final event was the 2:15 pace. Ty Cobb was the favorite, but Judge Ward upset the calculations by winning all three heats. The summaries:

2:12 Trot.—8 in 5. Purse $5,000. (One heat Wednesday.)

R. T. C., ch. g., by Prince March, (Murphy)	1	1	1
Lewis Forest, ch. h., (McDonald)	2	2	2
Arlo Leyburn, b. h., (Geers)	3	3	4
Lulu Arlon, ch. m., (J. Benyon)	4	4	3
Stroller, ch. h., (E. Benyon)	5	5	5
Wilmering, b. h., (Andrew)	dis		
Dorothy Hansboro, ch. m., (Shank)	dis		

Time—2:06¾; 2:09¼; 2:08¾.

2:07 Pace.—3 in 5. Purse $1,200. (Three heats Wednesday.)

Longworth B., b. h., by On Time, (Murphy)	1	1	1
Black Twister, b. h., by Old Twister, (Kerr)	7	6	5
Sheughraun, b. h., (Saunders)	2	5	4 3
Rollins, b. g., (Loomis)	7	3	2 4
Sarah Ann Patch, blk. m., (Cox)	5	6	3 2
Braden Direct

MINEOLA HORSE SHOW BRINGS OUT SOCIETY

Thomas Hitchcock's Stable Wins Chief Honors in First Day's Judging.

The ideal weather yesterday served to make the first day's judging of the Mineola Horse Show, which was held at the Fair Grounds, Mineola, L. I., one of the greatest opening days in the history of the Long Island Association. The judging started early in the morning, and before the afternoon session was completed the boxes were well filled by society folk and the inclosure, near the ring, was thronged by country folk and other spectators, who watched the competition of the equines with marked interest.

The judges in the sixteen different classes of the programme acted in complete harmony with the contestants and spectators, and not a single fault was found with the decisions rendered and the way in which the classes were dispatched marked great improvement over former years, which enabled the crowd to return to their homes before dusk.

The morning session was opened with two pony classes, but hunters and saddle horses came in for the most attention, as nine of the contests were confined to this type of horse. The large hunting and saddle horse stable of Thomas Hitchcock, which was seen in nearly every division, made a favorable impression in the competitions, and carried off the bulk of the ribbons, but many other horses of equal prominence were seen and also shared the spoils.

The best class for hunters on the programme was for green or qualified horses in which thirty-one entries were seen in the ring at one time and tested the skill of the judges for quite some time before the final decisions were rendered. The horses were required to take the regulation fence jumps, and although several faltered in their attempts, the general performance was unusual for such a large and varied lot of hunters. The powerful big gray gelding Pinkum, owned by Henry Lawrence Bell, performed without a mistake and carried his rider over the jumps in typical fashion and cleared the timber with ease on every occasion, winning the blue for the class. John S. Phipps's brown gelding Scott was a close contender for the ribbon, but had to be content with the red after an almost faultless exhibition.

A fine array of thoroughbred horses was entered in Class 32 and paraded the ring with unusual gracefulness while the judges were viewing with keen eyes their action and quality. The Hitchcock entry, Cavalier, proved to the liking of the judges and received the prize, but it was not until after the others had all been sent out for additional trials. Miss Vera A. H. Cravath was up on a very attractive chestnut, Dr. Crockett, and displayed unusual horsewomanship, which earned for her the third choice over the others after Godfrey Preece, on Insomnia, was awarded the second prize.

In the harness horse class for horses owned on Long Island the entries proved the best of the afternoon and the competition was exceedingly keen. Seven teams were driven to appropriate traps, with Miss Claire A. Knapp the only woman driver. Clarence H. Mackay's little chestnut stallion Land o' Burns was in fine fettle and obeyed every command of its driver. After lining up before the judges' stand he was foremost in the minds of those passing on the class and was awarded the honors. Two entries of the Northwood Farms, Queen of the West and King of the West, were awarded second and third places, respectively, while Miss Knapp took the reserve with Prosperity.

The class for the Fox Hunter's Cup, with only three entries, resulted in keen competition, and three of the best fox hunters of the island were brought together. John S. Phipps's Scott and Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's Kingsman fought for the honors in nip and tuck fashion after Paul D. Cravath's Hero refused the jumps on the second time around, and the dual performance resulted in a victory for Scott.

The favorite little bay pony stallion owned by Harvey S. Ladew made a clean sweep of the class for ponies in harness driven by children and annexed the blue over three other desirable ponies. The Elsinore Farm entry has made creditable showings wherever exhibited, and yesterday was no exception to the rule.

The hunters' class for green or qualified heavyweight hunters furnished the only thrills of the day, when the bay gelding Dublin, a green hunter entered by Harvey S. Ladew and W. Burlin Cocks, repeatedly refused to take the timber and unseated its rider three times just as the jump was to be taken. It finally got the gate and Jolly Dixon of the Hitchcock string received the decision over W. R. Grace's Altaire.

Society was well represented and throngs were seen on the promenade in front of the boxes, in which several parties were entertained, who remained until the last class was judged. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Paul D. Cravath, Miss Vera Cravath, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Phipps, Mrs. Beaver Webb, Miss Beaver Webb, Miss Dorise Webb, Harvey S. Ladew, Miss Elsie Ladew, Walter O. McGibbon, Mrs. A. V. Gray, R. L. Smith, Mrs. V. F. Farquahar, Leonard Jacob, Mrs. Raymond F. Almirall, Tyler Morse, W. Burling Cocks, Miss Mae Ladenburg, Mrs. James A. Burden, Miss A. Scott Burden, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. McGibbon, Mrs. Charles Hubbs, Mrs. Middleton S. Burrill, Miss A. Burrill, Mrs. E. D. Morgan, Mrs. J. E. Hadden, Miss Mae Bird, Mrs. Robert Bacon, Miss Mae Bacon, Mrs. J. E. Davis, Miss Marion Hollins, Miss Claire Bird, and others. The awards follow:

Class 24.—Ponies in harness, single, over 13.2 and not exceeding 14.2 hands—Won by Killearn Farm's b. g. Berkeley Bobs; Elsinore Farm's ch. g. Defender, second; Miss Barbara Loew's b. g. Lord Salisbury, third; Payne Whitney's ch. g. Buster Brown, reserve.

Class 26.—Ponies in harness, child's pony, not exceeding 13 hands, to be driven and thoroughly manageable by a child under 12 years old, who must be an amateur—Won by Elsinore Farm's b. s. Mighty Atom; Miss Martha C. Pease's b. m. Canadian Gypsy, second; C. H. Mackay's b. m. Highland Queen, third; Payne Whitney's ch. m. Carlton Quality, reserve.

Class 17.—Best roadster or trotter, owned by a member of the Nassau Driving Club, to be shown to harness—Won by I. W. Backus's b. s. Prince Laurndale; C. S. Hendrickson's br. m. Glimmer Glass, second; J. J. Looney's br. g. Baronward Dick, third; J. Van Oftul's br. m. Lessetta, reserve.

Class 28.—Saddle horses, for the best ladies' saddle horse, never having won a first, ladies to ride—Won by Thomas Hitchcock's ch. g. Cavalier; Paul D. Cravath's ch. g. Promise, second; Thomas Hitchcock's br. g. Drum Major, third; Clarence H. Mackay's b. g. Light Foot, reserve.

Class 27.—Saddle ponies, ponies 12 hands and under, to be ridden by children under 12 years old, manners 75 per cent. and conformation 25 per cent.—Won by George E. Kent, Jr.'s, br. m. Juanita; Payne Whitney's, blk. m. Blue Bell, second; J. H. Phipps's, b. m. Morginia, third; Payne Whitney's gr. m. Rags, reserve.

Class 46, Hunters, Green or Qualified Hunters, Performances Over Fences Only to Count.—Won by Henry L. Bell's gr. g. Pinkum; J. S. Phipps's br. g. Scott, second; Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's br. g. Calvenist, third; W. R. Grace's ch. g. Allen Dale, reserve.

Class 87A, Saddle Horses, for the Best Saddle Horse Over 14.2 and Not Exceeding 15 Hands.—Won by Mrs. Thomas J. Regan's b. m. Mahle; Miss Claire A. Knapp's b. m. Zubal, second; Costwold Farm's ch. g. imported Coronation, third; Thomas Purchase's b. g. Comet, reserve.

Class 21, Harness Horses, Single, 15.2 Hands and Over.—Won by Northwood Farm's br. g. Baron Brown; Clarence H. Mackay's br. g. Ben Hur, second; W. R. Grace's rn. g. Manchester, third.

Class 41, Hunters, Novice Hunters Never Having Won a First Prize at Any Recognized Show, Conformation and Quality to be Considered.—Won by Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's br. g. Calvenist; Henry W. Bull's br. m. Moonblossom, second; B. L. Sackett's b. m. Sylvia Fox, third; Henry L. Bell's ch. g. St. Leonida, reserve.

Class 37, Horses Any Height Up to Carrying 200 Pounds.—Won by J. P. Kirlin's ch. g. Red Prince; G. Wallen and B. Gunther's ch. g. Dr. Hickey, second; J. E. Davis's b. m. Mansuetude, third; Miss E. A. Weber's b. m. Lady Mary, reserve.

Class 19, Harness Horses Owned on Long Island. Must Be Practically Sound, Have Good Manners, to be Judged for Conformation, Style, and All-Around Action, to be Shown Before Appropriate Traps.—Won by Clarence H. Mackay's ch. s. Land o' Burns; Northwood Farm's blk. m. Queen of the West, second; Northwood Farm's blk. g. King of the West, third; Miss Claire A. Knapp's br. g. Prosperity, reserve.

Class 42.—Hunters—Green or Qualified Heavyweight Hunters Up to Carrying 200 Pounds—Won by Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's br. g. Jolly Dixon; W. R. Grace's ch. g. Altaire, second; Henry L. Bell's gr. g. Pinkum, third.

Class 55.—Chargers—Horses Suitable to Become Chargers—Won by Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's br. g. Jolly Dixon; Paul D. Cravath's blk. g. Rocklands, second; Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's ch. g. Cavalier, third; George Wallen and B. Gunther's ch. g. Dr. Hickey, third.

Class 52.—Hunters—Fox Hunters' Cup—For the Handiest and Best Broken Hunter to be Shown Over, in and Out Post and Rails—Won by J. S. Phipps's br. g. Scott; Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's ch. g. Kingsman, second; Paul D. Cravath's ch. g. Hero, third.

Class 32.—Thoroughbred Horses—Won by Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's ch. g. Cavalier; Godfrey Preece's b. m. Insomnia, second; Miss Vera A. H. Cravath's ch. g. Dr. Crocket, third; H. C. Phipps's ch. m. Lady Amy, reserve.

Class 40.—Polo Ponies—To Be Judged for Their Speed, Manners, and Conformation—Won by H. C. Phipps's blk. m. Skitt; J. S. Phipps's blk. m. Moonlight, second; Mrs. C. C. Rumsey's ch. m. Stevendoah, third; J. E. Condin's gr. m. Kitty Grey, reserve.

JACK JOHNSON TO RETIRE.

Will Never Defend His Title of Heavyweight Champion.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—"Your Worship, I, John Arthur Johnson, wish to announce that on Monday next I shall not box with Mr. Wells in the British Isles or any other place where Great Britain has control."

Thus spoke the champion heavyweight fighter in the Bow Street Police Court to-day, when legal proceedings begun by, the Home Office were dropped, when the parties concerned promised that the £8,000 boxing match between Jack Johnson and Bombardier Wells would not be held in England.

The fight may take place in Paris within a fortnight. Later Johnson stated that after fulfilling his fifteen weeks' engagements at English vaudeville houses and similar American contracts he would definitely retire from the ring.

"This is a genuine retirement. I am going to do what no other heavyweight champion of the world has done—retire, and not come back to defend my title. The title of heavyweight champion will have to remain vacant for a year or so, but after that time I mean to get five of the best men available to fight it out, and name the best among them as champion. It is not because of the result of the court proceedings to-day that I have come to this decision. I have been thinking about it for some time past, and Mrs. Johnson persuaded me a great deal."

DAN SAVAGE KNOCKED OUT.

Andy Parker Lands Slumber Punch in Seventh Round.

After displaying unusual gameness Dan Savage of Orange, N. J., was knocked out in the seventh round by Andy Parker of New Haven, Conn., in the star bout scheduled for ten rounds last night at the National Sporting Club. The man from Connecticut displayed more cleverness and landed the hardest blows, which soon had his opponent on the receiving end. Savage showed up well in the early round and landed as good blows as he received, but when the pair came together Parker had the better of the clinches, and worked his damaging blows to the body and kidneys to much better advantage.

The remainder of the card, which was announced as an all-star one, furnished the small crowd plenty of action and was productive of some good boxing. Kid Alberts and Young Joe Gans put up a clever exhibition in the semi-final of six rounds, and after cleanly outpointing his man, Alberts almost disposed of him by the knock-out route after a hard right on the ear dazed Gans for the greater part of the first chapter.

Joe Farren had all the better of Mike Stetson in their four-round bout, and in the opening number Walter Hennessy shaded Joe Farmer in the same number of rounds.

Beecher vs. Smith To-night.

Willie Beecher of this city and Cy Smith of Hoboken, two lightweights of the rugged type, will return to the ring to-night after a long absence, in a ten-round bout at the Long Acre A. C. The last bout between these two resulted in Beecher gaining the popular verdict and Smith expects to reverse matters to-night. Both have posted forfeits to make weight and have trained hard for the bout. In the semi-final Jack Landers will oppose Young Goldie. The usual number of shorter bouts will precede.

$1,000 CUP FOR GLIDDENITES.

Trophy for Individual Winner of This Year's Endurance Run.

The entry list for the Glidden tour for 1911 is daily growing, and when the start is made from New York City on Oct. 14 it is not improbable that eighty or ninety cars will be checked off by the officials. Up to last night sixty-two entries had been received by the Contest Board of the American Automobile Association, and from the number of inquiries received it is thought that at least twenty more will be added to the list before the entries are officially closed. Ten cars have been entered this week, the last entry being that of J. H. Brennan of Newark, N. J., who will drive a 1912 Packard, and after the tour will make an extensive trip through the Southern States.

A special $1,000 cup has been donated for the individual winner of the Glidden tour. This trophy is now being made by Caldwell of Philadelphia, and will be the most coveted trophy of the tour, as the Glidden Trophy itself will go to the team of three cars, and be held by the State, while the $100 cups to the winners of each car will be in the nature of souvenirs.

"Sam" Butler, Chairman of the Contest Board of the A. A. A., returned yesterday from an extended Western and Southern trip. He expressed himself as being very much gratified with the outlook for the Glidden tour, and said he would not be surprised to find it the most important in the history of the trophy.

60-YEAR-OLD GOLFER WINS TWO PRIZES

James D. Foot Leads Big Field of Seniors in Tournament at Apawamis.

All of the "young fellers" who had stamina enough to stick it out played another eighteen-hole round and completed the seventh annual seniors' golf tournament on the links of the Apawamis Club at Rye yesterday. The records show that nearly 150 "boys" of 55 years of age or more had complete scores.

James D. Foot of the home club proved to be very much a winner, for he not only led the field so far as net scores are concerned, but he took the golf fob emblematic of the best gross score, making the double round in 160, getting 78 yesterday. He had a lead of ten strokes over T. T. Reid of Montclair, who took second gross prize with a total of 170.

Foot was one man who found it possible to improve on his first day's effort. From the moment he hit his opening drive it became evident that he was in fine fettle. He began with fours at the first two holes, but saved a stroke with a fine three at the third, where he laid his approach dead.

He should have had another three at the fourth hole, where his mashie shot left him a put of three feet. It was downhill and tricky. Anyhow, the ball missed by a hair's breadth. He holed a seven-foot put for a two at the fifth. From the ninth tee Foot topped his drive, but at that he had an eight-foot put for a five, which failed to go down. This gave him a 34 going out, two strokes better than par, and remarkable golf for a man of 60 years.

Up to the turn Foot had been quite steady on the greens, but on the thirteenth he found it necessary to take four puts. He drove into a trap at the long fourteenth, and after pitching out found the brook on his third. After that the hole cost him an eight. Par figures from there on gave Foot 44 for the last half and a 78 for the round.

The best net prize was won by the Rev. J. M. Hodson of Ardsley-on-Hudson, with a grand total of 163, a stroke better than H. S. Jennings of Kingston. A. J. Hodges of Garden City won the first net prize on the first day with 87-9-78, while Chief Justice Gummere of Newark was second with 100-20-80. Yesterday's play resulted in a tie for the net prize between Capt. H. M. Johnson of Great Barrington and Jesse Nalle of Philadelphia, with scores of 92-10-82 and 89-7-82, respectively. It is probable that the tie will be played off at some future time.

There were many disappointments on the opening day, when the veterans who had been training for the event for weeks fell away off their usual game. Early yesterday morning the committee decided to add an extra, even styled the "kickers' handicap." In this competition the players were permitted to make their own handicaps, the idea being to have the winning net score as near as possible to the best gross of the day, which proved to be the 78 of Foot. The Rev. Mr. Hudson and E. C. Kettell of Binghamton tied for the prize with 79. On the six-hole play-off the clergyman won. The scores follow:

Name and Club.	1st Day.	2d.	Hcp.	Net.
J. D. Foot, Apawamis	82	78	0	160
J. M. Hodson, Ardsley	96	93	26	163
H. S. Jennings, Kingston	92	94	22	164
Jesse Nalle, Merion	98	89	14	165
W. D. Smith, Oakland	98	99	30	167
W. S. Gummere, Baltusrol	100	107	40	167
E. Worth, Spring Haven	104	103	40	167
T. T. Reid, Montclair	86	84	2	168
A. F. Southerland, Essex Co	92	91	14	169
L. S. Parsons, Dyker Meadow	94	95	20	169
A. J. Hodges, Garden City	87	101	18	170
C. A. Blyth, Richmond County	96	100	26	170
W. O. Henderson, Columbus	88	92	10	170
H. M. Johnson, Wyantanuck	98	92	20	170
J. P. McFadden, Forest Hill	96	96	22	170
Fred Gerken, Oakland	99	98	26	171
E. M. Weaver, Chevy Chase	92	89	10	171
Herman Wendel, St. David's	89	87	4	172
W. L. Ward, Greenwich	97	97	22	172
G. D. Munson, New Haven	100	93	20	173
H. M. Adams, Nassau	94	91	12	173
E. L. Scofield, Wee Burn	97	99	22	174
A. S. Nichols, Wykagyl	103	100	28	175
A. S. Wood, Apawamis	98	99	22	175
John Pepper, New York Golf	92	91	8	175
H. B. Dixon, Wallingford	101	91	16	176
Winthrop Sargent, Merion	93	97	14	176
George Wright, Wollaston	95	95	14	176
R. Collier, Dunwoodie	92	92	8	176
Edward Rode, Dunwoodie	107	103	34	176
J. A. Tyng, Baltusrol	88	88	0	177
Robert G. Shaw, Myopia	95	92	10	177
F. H. Warner, Brookline	101	102	26	177
Col. W. C. Beecher, Nassau	92	101	16	177
T. M. Johnson, Ardsley	93	105	20	178
G. M. Phelps, Brooklawn	99	95	16	178
James F. Bless, Forest Hill	107	105	34	178
W. W. Lyons, Forest Hill	108	98	22	179
C. M. Harris, Englewood	106	109	30	179
E. E. Kettell, Binghamton	101	96	18	179
A. W. Lamb, Brookline	96	99	16	179
J. E. Smith, Wilmington	94	90	4	180
S. O. Lockwood, Greenwich	109	115	44	180
A. F. Hurton, St. David's	96	97	12	181
Eugene Frayer, Englewood	97	99	14	182
Alexander Milne, Scarsdale	98	110	26	182
R. H. Giles, Wykagyl	95	101	14	182
G. E. Armstrong, Fox Hills	96	106	18	182
R. H. Dana, Essex County	102	95	14	183
Dr. W. S. Washington, Forest Hill	104	95	16	183
Arthur Ryerson, Otsego	99	98	14	183
A. D. Partridge, Bedford	98	100	14	184
H. B. Sargent, New Haven	90	105	20	184
Samuel Carr, Essex County	95	101	12	184
H. D. Hibbard, Plainfield	95	95	6	184
J. H. Ottley, Nassau	95	99	10	184
Rollo Ogden, Canoe Brook	99	93	8	184
H. S. Dickson, Siwanoy	113	98	26	185
C. C. Bell, Brae Burn	97	94	6	185
W. H. Claflin, Brookline	97	106	16	185
A. J. Hazeltine, Warren Golf	98	97	10	185
W. M. Oller, Apawamis	99	102	16	185
H. W. Brown, Ekwanok	97	96	8	185
H. G. French, Brooklawn	93	101	8	186
W. T. Kaufman, Plainfield	101	99	14	186
C. H. Porter, New Haven	98	99	10	187
F. F. Robbins, Greenwich	100	114	26	187
Salmon Goodsell, Brooklawn	104	103	20	187
W. V. Keller, Brookline	105	102	20	187
E. B. Chandler, San Antonio	111	97	20	188
George A. White, Wollaston	105	109	26	188
Hazen R. Morse, Apawamis	102	96	10	188
J. M. Fisk, Forest Hill	107	106	24	189
J. Harvey Bell, St. Andrews	99	103	12	190
M. E. Haviland, Garden City	106	102	18	190
S. B. Tracey, Binghamton	95	105	12	191
A. W. Stedman, Brookline	116	101	26	191
C. E. Hubbard, Brookline	103	108	20	191
R. A. Hale, Merrimac Valley	114	112	24	192
M. L. Thornell, Rumson	109	99	16	192
C. A. Spofford, Apawamis	102	96	6	192
Douglas Henry, Ardsley	107	122	26	103
H. Barber, Englewood	105	122	24	153
Gen. A. Ames, Long Meadow	114	109	30	193
S. McDonald, Brae Burn	100	105	12	194
H. L. Hotchkiss, Apawamis	112	122	40	194
A. H. Borrows, Salisbury	110	115	30	195
J. B. Stewart, Hackensack	107	95	6	196
A. Van Cortlandt, Jr., Mid'd	110	113	24	198
H. M. Bogert, Hackensack	109	106	16	199
Dr. R. F. Lount, Midland	112	108	20	200
Dr. W. Jarvey, Nassau	107	107	14	200
T. J. Palmer, Hackensack	116	114	28	202
J. P. Sweaney, Merrimac Val	111	113	22	202
J. M. Sterrett, Chevy Chase	117	111	26	202
The Rev. Dr. N. W. Wells, Dyker Meadow	105	107	10	202
J. L. Gwyer, Siwanoy	110	115	22	203
B. F. Foster, Fox Hills	116	108	20	204
George A. Weber, Apawamis	112	117	24	205
C. W. Baldwin, Essex County	113	115	22	206
S. C. Kelly, Wee Burn	113	119	26	206
W. J. Boardman, Chevy Chase	109	125	28	206
E. P. Johnson, Oakley	128	124	22	208
W. D. Baldwin, Apawamis	121	134	44	211
E. R. Ellis, Oakley	128	124	28	214
R. C. Scott, Onondaga	118	119	18	219

WOMEN'S GOLF ENDS.

Second and Third Eights Complete Their Rounds on Deal Links.

Final rounds in the second and third eights in the women's invitation tournament at the Deal Golf and Country Club were played yesterday. The decisive round for the chief honors, in which Mrs. R. H. Barlow of Philadelphia defeated Mrs. V. M. Earle of Deal by 3 up and 1 to play, was settled on Wednesday. In the second eight Mrs. C. L. Greenhall of Hollywood defeated Mrs. P. W. Kendall of the home club in comparatively easy fashion, 8 up and 6 to play, while Mrs. W. W. Vaughn won from Mrs. S. J. Arend in the last division by 5 up and 4 to play.

Besides the final matches in the tournament, a special event, mixed two ball foursomes, was run off. Prizes were offered for the best net and gross scores. Mrs. Earle and W. R. Delehanty of Deal took the gross score prize with 95, while Miss F. A. Riley and David T. Leahy, also of the home club, led the field for the net with 110, 32—78. The scores:

Second Eight.—Final Round—Mrs. C. L. Greenhall, Hollywood, beat Mrs. P. W. Kendall, Deal, 3 up and 6 to play.

Third Eight.—Final Round—Mrs. W. W. Vaughn, Deal, beat Mrs. S. J. Arend, Hollywood, 5 up and 4 to play.

FOURSOME.

	Gross.	Hdcp.	Net.
Mrs. F. A. Riley and David T. Leahy	110	32	78
Mrs. V. M. Earle and W. R. Delehanty	95	14	81
Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Kendall	112	30	82
Mrs. C. W. Rendigs and J. F. Shanley, Jr.	97	11	86
Mrs. Henry Zuckerman and J. M. Byrne	120	32	88
Mrs. C. H. Terhune and John S. Joyce	117	29	88
Mrs. W. W. Vaughn and S. D. Stoutenburgh	112	23	89
Mr. and Mrs. William T. Plum	131	40	91
Miss F. H. Rosenheim and Mr. Bandler	102	10	92

THE BUG WINS LONG RACE.

Motor Boat, Formerly the Hazel, First In Run to Poughkeepsie and Return.

The 16-foot hydroplane, The Bug, owned by A. E. Smith, which as the Hazel a short time ago won the 68-mile race from Huntington to New London against Frank Gould's big steam yacht Helenita, was the winner of the first prize yesterday in the Motor Boat Club of America's race for speed boats to Poughkeepsie and back, a distance of 135 nautical miles. The Bug won from the Edith II., owned by Arthur Smith, by 50 minutes 20 seconds, corrected time. She was allowed 50 minutes 59 seconds by the Edith II. The last-named boat won the time prize, however. She covered the course in 5 hours 8 minutes 42 seconds, which is at the average speed of 22.35 knots or 25.704 statute miles an hour. The Edith defeated the third boat—The Peter Pan II.—53 seconds actual and 15 seconds corrected time.

It was one of the most successful speed races ever held on the Hudson. The Peter Pan II., Elmer L. II., and the Edith II. rounded the Poughkeepsie Bridge in that order and with only 30 seconds between them. Only 4 minutes 30 seconds separated the first four boats that finished. The start was made at 10 A. M. from a line between A. E. Smith's power yacht Paula, anchored off West 159th Street, and a stakeboat in the stream. The committee in charge of the race for the club were Henry R. Sutphen and Charles P. Tower of Motor Boat.

The only delays were caused by The Bug getting seaweed into her intake pipe, which took 20 minutes to clear, and the loss of the Edith II.'s rudder. Her skipper was thoughtful enough to have an extra rudder with him, which he quickly shipped and went on with the race. Ten boats started in the race. Those that did not finish were the Vita, owned by Vice Commodore J. Stuart Blackton; the Tequila, which was disabled off Hastings; the Gunfire, Jr., which broke the base of her engine; the Pazoza, and the Slippery Goose. The summary:

Boat and Owner.	Rating.	Finish. H.M.S.	El. T. H.M.S.
Edith II., A. B. Smith	66.47	3:08:42	5:08:42
The Bug, A. E. Smith	69.00	3:13:12	5:13:12
Peter Pan II., J. S. Simpson	66.40	3:09:35	5:09:35
Elmer L. II., L. de Long	73.40	3:12:24	5:12:24
Breeze I., S. Breeze	66.47	3:45:21	5:45:21
Tequila, David Dows	77.06	Disabled	
Gunfire, Jr., W. J. Brainard	66.40	Disabled	
Vita, J. S. Blockton	64.51	Did not finish	
Pazoza, F. J. Gregory	71.23	Did not finish	
Slippery Goose, H. Cronin	62.84	Did not finish	

Corrected time—The Bug, 3:18:48; Edith II., 4:00:17; Peter Pan II., 4:09:32; Breeze I., 4:45:56; Elmer L. II., 4:53:36.

Miss Hotchkiss In Longwood Finals.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 28.—Miss Hazel H. Hotchkiss of Berkeley, Cal., the American woman tennis champion, and Miss Edith Rotch of Boston won their matches in the semi-final round of the Longwood tournament to-day and will play in the finals to-morrow. Miss Hotchkiss defeated Mrs. A. Shurtleff of Boston, 6—1, 6—1, but Miss Rotch was forced to a three-set match by Miss Alice Thorndike of Boston, the score being, 3—6, 6—2, 6—2.

In the doubles the finalists to-morrow will be Miss Hotchkiss and Miss Eleanora Sears, who will oppose Mrs. Barger-Wallach of Newport and Miss Edith Rotch of Boston. Miss Hotchkiss and E. H. Whitney will play against Mrs. Barger-Wallach and Harry C. Johnson in the finish of the mixed doubles.

Miss Louise Hammond of New York, now Mrs. Raymond, the winner of the singles challenge cup last year, will not defend her title, it is believed here, inasmuch as the officials of the Longwood Club have received no word from her.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Rally Carries Stocks Upward and the Recovery Is Sustained.

STEEL SHOWS BETTER TONE

Market Ignores Bad News and Makes an Orderly Advance.

Yesterday's stock market was apparently oblivious to news, good or bad. Something in the nature of a reaction after the tumultuous trading of Wednesday was seen in the calm manner in which stocks advanced steadily from the opening. There was a general disposition to believe that the worst possible developments as a result of the Sherman law programme had been discounted, and the market lent a deaf ear to rumors which did not fit in with its saner mood.

It is not improbable that the market was heavily oversold before Wednesday's violent rise at the opening, and its advance yesterday indicated covering by large interests which were inclined to admit that the downward movement, for a time at least, had been checked.

The opening was quiet and firm, with gains of ⅛ to ¼ point in most issues. Steel's first quotation was on a block of 7,200 shares at from 56¼ to 57, the first price being ½ point below Wednesday's close. The preferred opened at 108, up ¼. Stocks at once began to come upon the market in large blocks, but prices held up well and began to show considerable advances over the previous day. Steel common retained its position as market leader, and moved up to 61½, shortly after noon, a gain of 5 points from the lowest quotation at the opening. Traders were inclined to consider it a good sign when business did not fall off as soon as stocks showed a stronger tone. There were a total of 1,349,683 shares dealt in yesterday, of which 579,450 consisted of Steel common. The Wabash refunding 4s, which had broken to 47 on the preceding day, shared in the improvement and advanced at one time to 54 on heavy transactions in this issue.

While the statement by J. Pierpont Morgan and Judge Gary did not change the status of the Steel Corporation under the Sherman law, there was evident throughout the financial district yesterday a better state of feeling, which took the possibilities of a dissolution suit in a much more cheerful frame of mind. Traders are usually willing to put off trouble as far as possible, and they have been pointing out that even if Attorney General Wickersham brings suit it will be a matter of probably two years before a decision can be reached, and in that time many things may happen. Strange as it may seem, the ultimatum issued by machinists on the Harriman lines and the answer by Julius Kruttschnitt, which are almost certainly the preliminaries to a widespread strike, were a factor yesterday in promoting a better sentiment. From the railroad company's viewpoint it is better to have a strike now than to hold it off until Spring.

The opening prices proved to be in most cases the low points in yesterday's session, and stocks closed with only moderate reaction from the high of the day. It was asserted with a show of positiveness by many well-informed people that the turn in the long bear movement had come yesterday. A rally of larger dimensions than that which occurred was undoubtedly the natural outcome to be expected after the severe decline which has been taking place, but it is too early to say that fundamental conditions have changed.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Electric Securities Corporation for dividend.
Norfolk & Southern Railway for dividend.
Public Service Corporation of New Jersey for dividend.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

United States Steel Corporation on common.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2¼ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¼ per cent.

Time money rates, 3½@3½ per cent. for sixty days, 3½@3¾ per cent. for ninety days, and 3¾@4 per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 4 per cent. for November and December maturities, and 4¼@5 per cent. for over-the-year maturities, with some business on special names at lower rates.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 3 15-16 per cent., up 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 3 per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 4¾ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $336,743,627; balances, $16,762,969; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $622,609.

The local banks have lost $3,414,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

	Bid.	Asked.
London—Cable,	$4.8690;	demand, $4.8840.
Paris—Cable,	$5.16¼;	check, $5.16⅞ less 1-16.
Berlin—Cable,	95 1-16;	check, 94 15-16.
Switzerland—Cable,	$5.78¾ less 1-32;	check, $5.79⅜.
Holland—Cable,	40.12;	check, 40.00.
Belgium—Cable,	$5.20⅝ less 1-16;	check, $5.21¼.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers' sixty days, $4.82; ninety days, $4.81¼.
London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.82⅞; ninety days, $4.81.
Paris—Bankers' sixty days, $5.20⅝; ninety days, $5.21⅛ less 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, sixty days, $5.21¼ less 1-32; ninety days, $5.22½ less 1-32.
Berlin—Bankers' sixty days, 94½; ninety days, 94¼.
Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94¼; ninety days, 94⅞.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 20c premium; St. Louis, par; San Francisco, 60c premium; St. Paul, 25c premium; Montreal, 46⅞c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver unchanged in London, at 24½d per ounce, and in New York unchanged, at 52⅝c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 40c.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday tin continued strong, scoring a further gain of about ½c. Otherwise there was no feature. Copper was unchanged. The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Spot	11.80	11.90	11.80	11.90
September	11.80	11.90	11.80	11.90
October	11.80	11.90	11.80	11.90
November	11.80	11.90	11.80	11.90
Lead	4.45	4.55	4.45	4.55
Spelter	5.90	6.00	5.90	6.00
Tin	38.65	39.45	38.17½	38.57½

The following quotations obtained yesterday on the Metal Exchange in London for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These final prices compare with Wednesday's closing prices:

	Thursday. £ s. d.	Wednesday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	54 17 6	54 17 6
Copper, futures	55 13 9	55 13 9
Pig tin, spot	177 15 0	176 0 0
Pig tin, futures	174 7 6	173 0 0

The market finished firm. Spanish pig lead was weak at a recession of 3s. 9d. to £14 16s. 3d. Spelter was unchanged at £27 15s. Cleveland warrants were down 3d. to 46s. 1½d.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday.

Total sales Sept. 28, 1911 1,349,683
From Jan. 1, 1911 90,413,605
Same period last year 129,302,837

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
49⅜	50	35,200	Amalgamated Copper	47⅛	50¼	47⅛	49⅝	+2¼
50⅝	50⅞	5,700	Am. Beet Sugar	50	51¾	50	50⅝	+¾
95	100	150	Am. Beet Sugar pf	95	95	95	95	−1½
9¼	9⅝	300	Am. Can	9⅝	9⅝	9¼	9⅝	−½
82¼	82⅝	1,400	Am. Can pf	82⅜	83¼	82⅛	82⅝	+1⅜
43⅝	44	1,900	Am. Car & Foundry	42⅜	43⅝	42⅜	43½	+⅞
105	116	100	Am. Car & Fdy. pf	116½	116½	116½	116½	+11½
47½	48⅞	400	Am. Cotton Oil	49	49	49	49	+2⅜
3½	3¾	100	Am. Hide & Leather	3½	3½	3½	3½	
8⅝	9	300	Am. Linseed	8⅝	8¾	8⅝	8⅝	+⅛
42½	43	200	Am. Malt pf	40	42	40	42	+2⅞
61¾	62	42,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref	58½	63⅜	58½	62	+3⅝
100	100½	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	100½	100½	100½	100½	+1¾
27½	28	100	Am. Steel Foundries	27	27	27	27	−1
135½	135¾	2,850	Am. Tel. & Tel	134⅝	135⅝	134½	135⅝	+1¼
95¼	95½	1,300	Am. Tobacco pf	95	96¼	95	95½	
31½	32	800	Anaconda Copper Co	31½	32	31½	32	+⅜
102	102¼	22,100	Atch., Top. & St. F	100½	103⅛	100½	102¼	+1¾
102	102½	500	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	102	102⅝	102	102¼	+½
120	121	700	Atlantic Coast Line	120¼	121¼	120¼	121	+½
94¼	94⅜	11,600	Baltimore & Ohio	94½	95⅜	93⅝	94¼	−¼
1¼	1½	100	Batopilas Mining	1½	1½	1½	1½	
27¼	28	400	Bethlehem Steel	27½	27⅞	27½	27⅞	+¾
54	55	500	Bethlehem Steel pf	54⅜	55¼	54⅜	55¼	+½
73¾	74½	2,100	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	73¼	74⅜	73¼	74	+1⅜
130	133	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	130	130	130	130	
8½	10	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. Sec	9	9	9	9	+½
225½	226	7,875	Canadian Pacific	226	227⅜	225½	225¾	+⅛
20¼	20⅞	1,300	Central Leather Co	20	20⅝	20	20⅞	+⅝
92	94	100	Cent. Leather Co. pf	92	92	92	92	
79¾	71	2,710	Chesapeake & Ohio	70	71⅝	70	70⅞	+1⅜
18	18½	100	Chicago Gt. Western	18	18	18	18	+½
108	108¼	34,480	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	106½	109⅜	106¼	108	+1⅞
145	147	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	144	144	144	144	+½
141	141¼	600	Chi. & Northwestern	140	141¼	140	141¼	+1¼
17½	18	6,300	Chino Copper	17	17⅝	16⅞	17⅜	+½
25¾	26½	200	Colorado Fuel & Iron	26½	26½	26	26	+⅝
43	45	100	Colorado & Southern	43	43	43	43	−1
133	133½	1,200	Consolidated Gas	131	133½	131	133	+2½
11¼	11½	300	Corn Products Ref	11	11⅝	11	11⅜	+¼
73½	76½	100	Corn Products Ref pf	74½	74½	74½	74½	+1½
21⅝	22⅜	200	Denver & Rio Grande	22½	22½	22½	22½	+⅞
46⅛	47	400	Den. & Rio Grande pf	46⅞	47	46⅞	47	+½
30½	31½	200	Distillers' Securities	30¼	31	30¼	31	+1
30½	30⅝	10,400	Erie	30½	31	30⅜	30⅝	+⅛
49¾	49⅞	1,000	Erie 1st pf	49½	49¾	49½	49¾	+¼
40¾	41⅛	200	Erie 2d pf	40¼	40¾	40¼	40⅝	+¼
148	149	1,700	General Electric	145⅞	147⅞	145⅞	147⅝	+1⅝
37¼	41⅝	100	General Motors	38½	38½	38½	38½	+1⅝
74⅞	79½	100	General Motors pf	75½	75½	75½	75½	+⅞
5⅝	6	5,940	Goldfield Consol	5⅞	6	5⅞	6	+⅛
122⅝	123¼	4,800	Great Northern pf	121	123½	121	122¾	+2
44½	45½	1,050	Gt. N. certs. ore prop	44½	46	44½	45½	+1⅜
136½	137	200	Illinois Central	135¼	136	135¼	136	−1
13⅞	14⅛	1,700	Interborough-Met.	13¾	14½	13¾	14	+⅜
41⅜	42	800	Interborough-Met. pf	40¾	41⅝	40¾	41⅜	+1⅝
101⅜	102½	900	Int. Harvester	102	102½	102	102	+⅝
99½	99⅞	200	Int. Paper	97½	99½	97½	99½	
46½	47	200	Int. Paper pf	47	47	47	47	+⅛
29	30	400	Int. Steam Pump	27¾	29	27¾	29	+2
101¼	102¼	100	Laclede Gas	102	102	102	102	−¼
157¾	158	20,300	Lehigh Valley	155¼	159⅜	155	158	+1½
140½	141¼	1,000	Louisville & Nash	139½	141¼	139½	141¼	+1¼
82	84	100	Mackay Cos	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾	−¼
109	109½	100	May Dept. Stores pf	109	109	109	109	+1¼
166¾	167⅜	400	Miami Copper	166¾	167¼	166⅜	166¾	
33	34	300	Minn. & St. Louis	33⅜	33¾	33	33	−1⅜
28	28¼	1,200	Mo., Kansas & Texas	27¾	28½	27¾	28¼	+⅜
35¼	36	5,500	Missouri Pacific	35	36¼	34⅞	35½	+⅝
126½	127¼	300	Nat. Biscuit Co., ex d	126	127¼	126	127¼	+1¾
90	94	200	Nat. Enam. & S. pf	93	93¾	93	93¾	−3½
46	46⅛	1,200	Nat. Lead Co	46	46⅞	46	46	+1
15⅝	16	3,700	New. Consol. Copper	15⅝	16⅛	15½	16	+⅜
101⅞	102	3,075	New York Central	100½	102½	100¼	102¼	+2¼
131	131⅝	250	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	131⅜	131½	131⅜	131½	+⅛
38¾	38¾	400	N. Y. Ont. & West	38½	38¾	38½	38¾	−¼
101¼	102	200	Norfolk & Western	100½	102	100½	102	+2
113⅜	113½	10,300	Northern Pacific	112¼	114½	112¼	113¾	+1¼
30	30⅜	700	Pacific Mail	30	30	29¼	30	
36¼	37¼	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel	36½	36¼	36½	36½	+½
119¼	119⅝	4,625	Pennsylvania R. R	119	119⅜	119	119½	+½
103	104	300	People's Gas, Chi	102⅜	103½	102⅜	103½	+⅝
92	93	100	P., C., C. & St. Louis	92½	92¾	92½	92½	+2⅜
17	18	300	Pittsburgh Coal	17½	17½	17½	17½	
77½	80	800	Pittsburgh Coal pf	79½	79½	79	79	−¼
27	28	100	Pressed Steel Car	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜	−⅛
154	155	100	Pullman Company	154¾	154¾	154¾	154¾	+¾
12½	13	9,000	Ray Consol. Copper	12⅛	13	12	12¾	
137⅜	137¾	191,500	Reading	135¼	139⅝	135¼	137⅝	+2⅝
92½	95	100	Reading 2d pf	91⅜	91¾	91¾	91¾	−⅜
22¼	22¾	200	Rep. Iron & Steel	22	22	22	22	+⅛
84½	85	410	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	84	84¼	84	84¼	+⅜
23⅝	23¾	1,400	Rock Island Co	23½	24⅛	23½	23¾	+⅛
45	45½	1,420	Rock Island Co. pf	44⅝	45⅜	44½	45⅜	+1⅜
37½	38½	600	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	38	38	38	38	
31	32	250	St. Louis Southwest'n	29½	32	29½	32	+2½
63	69	100	St. L. Southwest'n pf	63½	68½	63½	68½	+2
35¼	37	200	Sloss-Sheff. Iron	36	36	36	36	+¼
107⅝	107⅞	17,700	Southern Pacific	105¾	109	105¾	107⅜	+1¼
25⅜	25⅞	9,000	Southern R'way ext	25	25¼	24⅞	25¼	+⅛
63⅝	65	100	South. R'way pf., ext	63	63	63	63	+⅞
32½	32	900	Tennessee Copper	32⅜	33⅛	32⅜	33⅛	+⅞
23	24	50	Texas & Pacific	22	23	23	23	
18	18⅜	200	Tol. St. L. & West	18¾	18½	18¾	18⅝	−⅛
41	42	300	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	41¼	41⅝	41¼	41⅜	+¼
104½	106	200	Twin City R. Transit	105¼	105½	104⅝	104⅝	+½
5¼	6½	400	Union Bag & Paper	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	−⅛
159¼	159½	235,000	Union Pacific	155¾	161¼	155¾	159⅝	+3⅝
99	99½	700	Union Pacific pf	89⅜	90	89⅜	90	+¼
97	97¾	200	United Dry Good	97½	97½	97½	97½	
...	102	200	United Dry Goods pf	102	102	101½	101½	+½
28	29	200	United Rys. Inv	29	29	29	29	...
54	55	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	54½	54½	54½	54½	+1
11½	15	250	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	−⅝
84	90	10	U. S. Express	85⅜	85⅜	85⅜	85⅝	...
66	67	500	U. S. Realty & Imp	66	66	66	66	−1
34⅞	35½	1,500	U. S. Rubber	34	35¼	34	35	+1
104½	105½	700	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	105	105	104⅞	104⅞	−1½
60½	60⅝	579,450	U. S. Steel	56¼	61½	56¾	60½	+3⅜
109	109¼	9,078	U. S. Steel pf	108	110⅛	108	109	+1¼
39⅝	40	4,900	Utah Copper	38¾	40½	38½	39½	+½
45	45½	2,000	Va.-Caro. Chemical	44½	46¾	44½	45⅝	+1
40	40⅜	100	Va. R'way & Power	41	41	41	41	+⅞
10⅜	10⅜	2,800	Wabash	11½	11½	10¼	10¼	−½
20⅜	21½	2,400	Wabash pf	21	21½	20¼	21	+¼
50⅝	51½	1,100	Western Maryland	50½	51½	50½	50⅝	−⅛
76½	77	500	Western Union Tel	77	77¼	77	77¼	+1¼
61	62	500	Westinghouse E. & M	61	61⅝	61	61¼	+⅜
2	3	100	Wheel. & Lake Erie	2½	2½	2½	2½	+⅛
7	9	200	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	7	8	7	8	+⅛
49	50	200	Wisconsin Central	50	50	50	50	+1

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100½	100⅞
2s, c., 1930	100½	...
3s, r., 1918	101½	102½
3s, c., 1918	101½	...
4s, r., 1925	113¾	114¼
4s, c., 1925	113¾	114½
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100¼	100⅞
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100¼	100⅝
Panama 3s, 1961	102¼	102⅝
D. C. 3-65s, reg.	105	106
Adams Exp.	200	215
Allis-Chalm.	5⅞	6½
Allis-Chalm. pf.	15	19½
Am. Ag. C.	45	48
Am. C. pf.	101¼	...
A. B. S. & Fdy.	82	88
A. B. S. & Fdy. pf.	125	132
Am. Coal	60	100
Am. Cot. O. pf.	99	103
Am. Exp.	195	205
A. H. & L. pf.	19	21
Am. I. Sec.	17	18
Am. L. Co. pf.	26	27½
Am. Locom.	34½	35½
Am. Locom. pf.	104½	105
Am. Malt.	3⅝	4
Am. S. pf.	81	84
Am. S. R.	114	116½
Am. S. R. pf.	112	116
A. T. & C.	70	83
Am. W. Co.	28½	29⅝
Am. W. Co. pf.	86½	87¾
Am. W. Pa. pf.	25	25½
Ann Arbor	20	45
Ann Arbor pf.	60	90
Asso. Oil	46⅛	52
B. & O. pf.	86	87
B., R. & P.	100	105
B., R. & P. pf.	129	150
Butte & Co.	28	30½
Canada So.	...	72½
C. R. R. of N. J.	255	270
C. & S. A. Tel.	113	118
Chi. & Alt.	16	25
Chi. & Alt. pf.	37	40
C. & E. Ill. pf.	100	110
Chi. Gt. W. pf.	36	36½
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80
C. & N. W. pf.	190	200
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	125	132
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	143	155
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta.	1¾	2½
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st.	4½	6
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	90	100
C. C., C. & St. L. pf.	90	100
Col. F. & I. pf.	...	112
Col. & So. 1st pf.	70	75
Col. & So. 2d pf.	63	...
Col. & H. C. & I., full paid	12	14
Crex Carpet	65	80
Cuba R. pf.	80	...
Cub. Am. Sug.	50	57½
Cub.-Am. S. pf.	93½	96
Del. & H.	160	162
D., L. & W.	500	540
D. M. & Ft. D.	6	...
Det. & M.	110	...
Det. & M. pf.	100	...
Det. U. R.	65	70
D., S. S. & A.	9	11
D. S. S. & A. pf.	18	22
Ev. & T. H. pf.	...	100
Fed. Min. & Sm. pf.	38	40
Gen. Chem.	120	130
Gen. Chem. pf.	104½	108
Granby Con.	60	...
Hav. E. R.	93½	...
Homestake	81¾	83
Inger.-Rand.	110	...
Inger.-Rand. pf.	100	...
Int. H. pf.	115½	116½
Int. St. P. pf.	80½	82
Iowa Cent.	17½	18½
Iowa C. pf.	36	39
Kan. C., Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	72	80
Kan. C. So.	26¼	27½
Kan. C. So. pf.	61½	64
K. & D. M.	4	8
K. & D. M. pf.	40	50
Lack. Steel	30	40
L. E. & W.	10¼	13
L. E. & W. pf.	24	28
Lake Shore	325	450
Long Island	45	52
Mackay Cos. pf.	72¾	74
Mich. C. R.	60¾	...
Man. Elev.	133	135½
Mer. Marine	3½	4
Mer. Marine pf.	14	15
May Dept. Stores	73½	75½
Mich. Cent.	...	180
M. & St. L. pf.	59	61
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	126¼	127½
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	144	146
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	85	87½
Mo., K. & T. pf.	61⅞	65½
N., C. & St. L.	147	...
Nat. Biscuit pf.	120	128
Nat. Enam.	13½	15
Nat. Enam. pf.	105	108
Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf.	60	67½
Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	29	31
N. Y. A. B.	50	56
N. Y. C. & St. L.	46	50
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	98½	...
N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	75	85
N. Y. D. Co.	...	25
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	...	65
Norf. So.	45¼	48⅝
Norf. & W. pf.	87	90
North Am.	65	66
N. O. T. & Light	50	60
Ont. Mining	1	...
Pac. Coast.	85	95
Pac. C. 1st pf.	85	110
Pac. C. 2d pf.	85	100
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	92½	97
Peo. & E.	13	20
Pere Marq.	...	30
Pere M. 2d pf.	...	38
Phelps-D'ge	175	...
P. C., C. & St. L. pf.	102	115
Pitts. St. pf.	95	104
Pr. St. Car	...	...
Ry. Spring	94	95¼
Pub. S. C.	110	114
Quicksilver	2	5
Q'ksil'r pf.	3½	5
Ry. St. Sp.	27¼	27½
Ry. St. Sp. pf.	90	103
Rdg. 1st pf.	90	91
R.-W. & O.	116	...
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	58	65
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. new ctfs.	51	60
Sears-Roeb.	129	131
Sears-Roeb. pf.	...	121¾
S. S. S. & I. pf.	...	110¼
So. P. R. S.	80½	88
So. P. R. S. pf.	...	110
So. Ry., M. & O.	77	83
Stand. Milk.	14	17
Stand. Milk. pf.	41	48
Texas Co.	85	87½
T. P. L. Tr.	81	85
Third Av.	7½	8
T. P. & W.	16	...
Und. Typew.	88	90
Und. Typew. pf.	106½	110
U. B. & P. pf.	52	58
Un. Clg. M. pf.	100½	110
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	22	23
U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf.	90	92½
U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	41	43½
U. S. R. & Ref.	2	4
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	...	18
U. S. Rub. 2d pf.	68	68¾
Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	116	118
Va. R. & P. pf.	...	77
W. F. Exp.	130	141
West. Md. pf.	76	80
Westingh'se 1st pf.	111½	118
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	3	4½

168,978 — 4,235

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Commission house sentiment on the Consolidated Stock Exchange showed an improvement, and commission brokers reported the handling of a great number of odd lot orders, including many transactions of an investment character. On the advance in the market there was very heavy covering of short contracts. During the frequent and often violent fluctuations of the day prices on the Consolidated floor and on the New York Stock Exchange differed widely at times. Low quotations for prominent stocks were generally well above the other board's figures. The greatest difference was in the case of Lehigh Valley, whose low of 156½ was 1½ points above the other Exchange.

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
5,690	Amal. Copper	47½	50	47	49
330	Am. B. Sugar	50½	51⅝	50¼	50⅝
40	Am. Car & F.	42⅞	43¼	42⅞	43¼
20	Am. Cot. Oil	48¼	49¼	48½	49¼
20	Am. Ice	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
10	Am. Locomot'e	35	35	35	35
8,350	Am. Smelting	59¼	63	59¼	61¾
10	Ana. Copper	31¼	31½	31¼	31¼
1,210	A., T. & S. F.	100⅜	102¾	100⅜	102

TOBACCO TRUST PLAN IS ABOUT COMPLETED

Covers Objections of Court and Department of Justice, but Details Are Not Disclosed.

GUESSES PROVE INCORRECT

Tobacco Officials Deny the Latest Plausible Rumor That a Split Into Three Companies Had Been Made.

The detailed plan for the reorganization of the American Tobacco Company in accordance with the decision of the Supreme Court is being rapidly put into shape by counsel for the company, and the prospect was yesterday that it would be presented to the Circuit Court on Tuesday. During the preliminary conferences that have been held with the court three different drafts of the general outline have been presented, all of them similar, but each succeeding one drawn to meet objections of the court or the Department of Justice. The draft that is now in hand will be much longer than the others when it is finished, because it will attempt for the first time to cover the entire ground.

Despite reports to the contrary, lawyers for the company said yesterday that the detailed plan had not been completed and that it would be filed with the court as soon as it is. Ever since it became apparent after the last conference that a tentative agreement was in sight the financial district has been deluged with stories as to just what the plan would be, and especially how the two issues of bonds would be taken care of, but each of them has been denied in turn. The most circumstantial of these reports was circulated yesterday.

It declared that three new companies would take the place of the existing organization, namely, one to be known as the American Tobacco Company, another the P. Lorillard Company, and the third the Liggett & Meyer Company. In the exchange of securities, it was said, the present 6 per cent. bonds would be rated at 120, the 4 per cent. bonds at 90, the preferred stock at 110, and the common stock at par. For the 6 per cent. bonds, it was said, the American Tobacco Company would give $600 in cash and each of the other companies $300 in new 5 per cent. bonds; for the 4 per cents would be given $450 in cash and $225 in each of the other companies' bonds, and for the preferred stock $30 in cash and new preferred 7 per cent. stock in all of the three new companies. The common stock, it was said, would be exchanged for common stock in the three companies.

The particularity with which this story was put out caused it to be regarded with great interest in Wall Street, but when it was called to the attention of W. W. Fuller, chief counsel for the American Tobacco Company, he said emphatically that it was not the plan which he and his associates were rounding into shape. It was not even a close approximation to the plan, he said.

Yesterday was the last day for the deposit of bonds with the two protective committees formed for that purpose. Members of the committees would not say what amount of bonds had been deposited, but there was no further extension of time, and it was said that the amount deposited was satisfactory.

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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Money for France.

It was reported yesterday that large remittances to Paris banks had been made by cable from New York. Representatives of leading financial institutions in Wall Street said that, so far as they were aware, Paris had not yet taken funds from this market, but that the exchange rate had advanced to a point where a movement of money in that direction appeared imminent. The necessity of a payment of $75,000,000 on the Argentine loan financed by the Paris bankers is partly responsible for the efforts to attract more money to Paris. Another reason is found in the uneasiness aroused by the dispute between Turkey and Italy, which has caused European centres to hoard gold.

***

Baltimore & Ohio Irregular.

Baltimore & Ohio, which held up during all the recent slump above its low record of 94⅛, made on Sept. 9, sold off to 93¾ yesterday. The decline came in a period of activity in this issue in the last hour. Only 200 shares had sold in the morning session, and these at 94½. Just after noon the shares were up at 95⅝. On selling of less than 5,000 shares they declined before 2 o'clock to 94¼. On the next four or five transactions the price went to 93¾, and then, after hovering at 95⅞, started up rapidly, making one gain of ⅝ between sales. The high on this movement was 95¼, and the stock closed at 94¼. Southern Railway was another stock to make a low record yesterday, although the net result of the day's trading was a fractional gain. Just after the opening the stock sold off from 25 to 24⅝, recovered immediately, eventually sold up to 26½, and closed at 25¾. Other low records were American Car and Foundry, 42⅜; Miami, 16⅝; Wabash, 10¼; Wheeling & Lake Erie, 2⅛, and first preferred, 7.

***

Fluctuations in Wabash 4s.

Wabash refunding 4s again made wide fluctuations yesterday. After opening at 51½, which was 1⅛ below Wednesday's close, they went up with stocks in the second hour, advancing to 54 by noon. There was a story on the floor that George Gould had made the boast that if the road needed money he stood ready to advance it himself, which had its share in furthering the advance. In the afternoon, however, the gain was all lost, and, after sales of about $400,000, the bonds closed at 51¾. Wabash stock made a new low record at 10¼ and closed at that price.

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Texas Company's Earnings.

In connection with the listing of some of its debenture bonds on the Stock Exchange the Texas Company's financial statement is an explanation of the dividend reduction from 10 to 6 per cent. and the heavy decline in the stock, amounting to some 51 points this year. After the payment of $2,700,000 in dividends there remained a surplus of only $2,994.

***

Steel Prices Lower.

Predictions that lowering prices in steel products would continue unless there was an improvement in demand this Fall are being verified. Official prices have reduced steel bars $1 per ton to $1.15 per 100 ponuds, though there have been reports of actual sales at $1.20. Tank plates, beams, angle billets, and wire rods are also officially reduced $1 a ton. Other special products have been cut more heavily. Black pipe, for instance, is off $2, and boiler tubes of larger sizes are off $5 a ton.

***

Harriman System Changes.

The new plan of administration approved yesterday by the Directors of the various Harriman lines constitutes an application on a large scale of the so-called "unit plan," which has been installed on a number of divisions of the Union and Southern Pacific. One of the chief features of this plan is the concentration of authority and corresponding responsibility in the head of th administrative unit. Officials of the system have argued that with operations so extensive much lost motion is involved in the old plan of organization with everybody reporting to a superior till every trivial matter has been passed on at the general offices. Under this "unit plan" the power of the division Superintendent has been considerably augmented and that of the General Manager has been similarly increased. In the promotions made yesterday it was in most cases the Vice President and General Manager who became President of the road, and Judge Lovett, in his announcement, pointed out that the object in view was a sort of local autonomy.

***

Would Change Sherman Law.

The views of a number of business men on what ought to be done with the Sherman law were published in the financial district yesterday, among the sponsors being Irving T. Bush, President of the Bush Terminal Company; Walter G. Oakman, President of the Hudson Companies; James Rawle, President of the J. G. Brill Company; Isaac N. Seligman of J. & W. Seligman & Co.; David R. Forgan, President of the First National Bank of Chicago; L. J. Horowitz, President of the Thompson-Starrett Company, and many other manufacturers, bankers, Presidents of Chambers of Commerce, &c. Some of these demand the repeal of the Sherman law, insisting that its operation restrains trade and threatens the loss of our foreign markets. Many suggested the enactment of a Federal incorporation law as the proper remedy for the trust evil, and others urged an educational campaign for the enlightenment of the public.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Trading Is in Moderate Volume, with Prices Generally Higher.

CHICAGO STOCKS ADVANCE

Sears-Roebuck, Swift, and Peoples Gas Make Gains—Local Stocks Improve in Philadelphia.

Trading was in moderate volume in other cities yesterday, with prices generally higher.

In Baltimore prices were steadier, and while the inquiry was somewhat broader, the trading was light.

In Boston the arbitrage houses bought stocks on the advance, the best factor being the strong upward movement of the Wall Street list on covering of shorts. Steel advanced five points or so, and Amalgamated nearly as much, these two being the most prominent in the trading. Other issues, including railroads, industrials, and coppers, followed the leaders, but gains in most instances were much smaller than in the highly speculative stocks, which were pushed up largely on the reversal of the technical position. Toward the end of the session prices sagged a little under sales for profits, but pressure did not appear important, and trading continued only moderately active.

In Chicago prices ruled generally higher in sympathy with the New York market. Trading was in only moderate volume. Sears-Roebuck rose to 131 at its best, and closed a shade under that, with 1½ points to its credit for the day. Swift also was stronger on the final transactions, with an advance of a fraction. Gas added 1¼ for the day, closing a fraction above 103.

In Philadelphia local stocks improved all around. Except for the selling out of a small line of United Gas Improvement, which cost that stock ⅝ of a point during the first hour, the market here displayed a firm though exceedingly quiet tone, and United Gas Improvement itself rallied readily in the afternoon. Steel, as heretofore, was the leader in both strength and activity.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
70	Con. Coal	100	100	100
25	Cons. Power pf.	96	96	96
150	Con. Power com.	90	90	90
30	Fidelity & Deposit	147½	147½	147½
100	Houston Oil ctfs.	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
50	Houston Oil paid ctfs.	72½	72½	72½
100	Seaboard Air Line	24½	24½	24½
125	Seaboard Co. com.	26⅜	25½	26⅛
100	Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	58	58	58
800	United Railways	17½	17½	17½
150	U. S. Steel	60⅞	60½	60½

BONDS.

$2,000	Coal & Iron Ry. 5s	101½	101½	101½
1,000	F'mont & Cl. Trac. 5s	99	99	99
3,000	Ga.-Car. & No. 5s	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜
8,000	Jam. C. & C. G. C. 5s	90¾	90¾	90¾
4,000	Md. & Penna inc.	60	60	60
2,000	St. L. & M. S. R. & G 5s	82½	82½	82½
7,000	Seaboard adj. 5s	76	76	76
47,000	United Ry. inc.	62	61⅞	62
4,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	84½	84½	84¼
4,000	United Rys. 4s	85⅞	85⅝	85⅝
3,000	United Rys. notes	99¼	99	99¼

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Atchison	102¼	102¼	102⅛
105	Boston Elevated	125	124⅝	125
16	Boston & Albany	220½	220½	220¾
135	Boston & Maine	101	100	100
15	C., J. R. & S. Y.	150½	150½	150½
3	Fitchburg pf.	125¾	125¾	125¾
250	Mass. Electric	17½	17¾	17½
220	Mass. Electric pf.	87	87	87
99	N. Y., N. H. & H.	132	131¾	132
4	Old Colony	188	187½	187½
16	Pennsylvania	59⅝	59⅜	59⅝
1,115	Union Pacific	161¼	157	160⅜
79	West End	85½	85⅜	85½

TELEPHONES.

1,159	Am. Tel. & Tel.	135⅝	134½	135½
50	Cumberland T. & T.	150	150	150
80	Western Tel. & Tel.	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞
45	Western T. & T. pf.	95	95	95

MISCELLANEOUS.

10	Am. Agr. Chem.	48	48	48
8	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	103	103	103
90	Am. Sugar	115	114	115
119	Am. Sugar Rfg. pf.	115	114	115
23	Am. Woolen pf.	87½	87½	87½
2	A. G. & W. I. S. S. pf	16	16	16
200	East Boston Land	10	10	10
2	Edison	280	280	280
13	General Electric	146½	146	146
1,003	Mass. Gas	89	87¾	88
279	Mass. Gas pf.	96½	96	96
75	Portland Electric	65	64¾	64⅞
34	Pullman	153½	153½	153½
20	Reece Buttonhole	13½	13	13½
22	Swift	99¼	98½	99¼
65	Torrington, Class A	29⅝	29	29
91	United Fruit	182½	182	182½
252	United Shoe Machy.	42	41⅞	42
5	United Shoe M. pf.	27	27	27
16,040	U. S. Steel	61¼	56⅝	60
20	U. S. Steel pf.	109½	109	109½

MINING.

85	Adventure	4⅝	4¼	4⅜
65	Algomah	3	2 15-16	3
100	Allouez	24	23	24
3,215	Amalgamated	50	46⅞	49⅝
455	Am. Zinc	22	21½	22
90	Arizona Commercial	90c	70c	80c
100	Butte Balakalla	4	4	4
255	Butte Coalition	15	14⅞	14⅞
405	Calumet & Arizona	49½	48	48
4	Calumet & Hecla	375	375	375
800	Chino	17	17	17
629	Copper Range	50¼	49¾	50
10	Daly-West	5	5	5
225	East Butte	10	9⅝	10
330	Franklin	6½	6½	6½
110	Giroux	3 13-16	3 13-16	3 13-16
100	Greene-Cananea	6	5⅞	6
100	Hancock	19	19	19
10	Helvetia	75c	75c	75c
105	Indiana	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
150	Island Creek	33½	33	33½
78	Island Creek pf.	84	83¼	84
135	Kerr Lake	3¾	3 11-16	3¾
545	Lake	26	25	25⅞
100	Mayflower	70c	70c	70c
50	Miami	16⅞	16⅝	16⅞
25	Mohawk	40	39¼	39½
122	Nevada Consol.	16¼	15½	16¼
285	Nipissing	8	8	8
585	North Butte	23¼	22	22⅞
20	Ojibway	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
72	Old Dominion	37	36½	36½
100	Parrot	8¾	8¾	8¾
7	Quincy	60	60	60
395	Ray Cons.	12¾	12⅝	12⅝
80	Shannon	7½	7⅜	7½
100	South Utah	60c	60c	60c
25	Superior	23½	23½	23½
187	Superior & Boston	2⅝	2½	2½
5	Tamarack	20⅝	20⅛	20⅝
20	Trinity	3½	3½	3½
220	Tuolumne	3½	3 7-16	3 7-16
500	U. S. Smelting	31⅝	31	31⅝
366	U. S. Smelting pf.	46	45½	45½
10	Utah Cons.	11½	11⅜	11½
280	Utah Copper	40¼	38¾	40¼
60	Wolverine	91	90	90

BONDS.

$2,000	A. G. & W. I. 5s	64⅜	64½	64½
11,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	90½	90	90
4,000	C., B. & Q. deb. 5s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
1,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜
1,000	Illinois Steel 5s, 1913	100¼	100¼	100¼
2,000	Lake Shore & U. S. 4s	92⅜	92⅜	92⅜
3,000	N. E. Cotton Yarn 5s	99	99	99
1,000	Western T. & T. 5s	98⅜	98⅜	98⅜

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	American Can	9⅝	9⅜	9⅝
100	American Can pf.	83	82	83
100	Booth Fisheries pf.	66¼	65	66¼
110	Chi. Rys., Series 2	27	27	27
50	Com. Edison	134	134	134
10	Diamond Match	98½	98½	98½
20	Illinois Brick	51⅜	50⅜	51⅜
60	Hart, S. & M. pf.	100¼	100	100¼
100	People's Gas	103¼	102¾	103¼
2,280	Sears-Roebuck	131	129¾	130⅝
20	Sears-Roebuck pf.	116½	116½	116½
426	Swift & Co.	99¼	98½	99¼
605	U. S. Steel	61⅛	57½	59⅝

BONDS.

$8,000	Com. Edison 5s	102⅝	102⅜	102⅜
7,000	Com. Edison 5s	102⅝	102⅜	102⅜
5,000	Chicago Rys. 1st 5s	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜
6,000	People's Gas refdg. 5s	102	102	102
2,000	Chicago El. Ry. 5s	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
10,000	Chicago Rys. 4s, B	87	87	87
2,000	Chicago Rys. 1st 5s	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜
3,000	Chicago City Ry. 5s	102⅝	102⅜	102⅜
7,000	Diam'd Match deb. 6s	104	104	104

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.02	Julia	.30
Alpha Con.	.05	Justice	.07
Andes	.05	Kentucky Con.	.10
Belcher	.40	Mexican	.35
Best & Belcher	.15	Occidental Con.	.50
Bullion	.05	Ophir	1.37½
Caledonia	.38	Overman	.58
Challenge Con.	.10	Potosi	.17
Chollar	.12	Savage	.20
Confidence	.55	Sag Belcher	.08
Con. Cal. & Va.	.69	Sierra Nevada	.29
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	.92
Crown Point	.59	Utah Con.	.07
Gould & Curry	.05	Yellow Jacket	.34
Hale & Norcross	.17		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	6.95	Goldfield Con. M.	5.80
Jim Butler	.20	Goldfield Merger	.24
McNamara	.20	Great Bend	.04
Midway	.26	Jumbo Extension	.25
Montana	.70	Lone Star	.05
North Star	.20	Red Hills	.02
Tonopah Exten.	1.02½	Sandstorm Kendall	.04
West End	.58	St. Ives	.35
GOLDFIELD.		Silver Pick	.11
Adams	.01	Nevada Hills	2.75
Atlanta	.17	BULLFROG.	
Blue Bell	.02	Bullfrog Mining	.01
Combinat'n Fract.	.08	Bullfrog Nat. B.	.01
Booth	.06	Homestake Min.	.01
C. O. D.	.07	Montgomery Min.	.01
Florence	1.25	Tramps Cons.	.02

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	6	6¼	Jackpot	6	6½
Elkton	61	61½	McKinney	45	50
El Paso	52½	53	Old Gold	3⅞	4¼
Findlay	5½	6	Portland	95	97
Gold Dollar	14⅜	15	Vindicator	70	75
Isabella	8½	9	Jen. Samp.	6	6½

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am. Milling	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16
83	Am. Rys.	44	44	44
100	Am. Smelting	61	61	61
30	Balt. & Ohio	95¼	94⅝	94⅞
212	Cambria Steel	43	42¾	43
24	Del. & E. B.	190	190	190
100	Erie	30⅝	30⅜	30⅜
24	Elec. Co. of Am.	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
10	Electric Storage	50⅜	50¼	50¼
235	General Asphalt	33⅛	33	33
18	H. & B. T. pf.	14	14	14
87	Ins. Co. of N. A.	20⅜	20⅛	20⅛
8	Keystone Tel. pf.	31	31	31
50	Lake Superior	22½	22	22
53	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	85⅜	85¼	85⅛
290	Lehigh Valley	79⅜	77⅝	79⅜
45	Lehigh Valley tr. t. c.	8	8	8
250	Lehigh Val. pf. tr. t. c.	21¼	20½	21¼
300	P. R. T.	21⅝	20⅞	21⅝
1,265	P. R. T. t. c.	21⅝	20⅞	21⅛
300	Penn. R. R.	59 15-16	59⅝	59 15-16
105	Phila. Elec.	16½	16½	16½
115	Phila. Trac.	83	83	83
2,964	Reading	68⅜	67⅞	68 15-16
300	Southern Ry.	25½	25	25½
2,020	Tonopah Belmont	7	6⅞	6 15-16
287	Tonopah Mining	6 5-16	6¼	6 5-16
570	U. G. I.	85¼	84⅝	85¼
22,270	U. S. Steel	61¼	60⅝	60
505	Union Trac.	49⅜	48½	49⅜
73	W. J. & S. S.	52¼	52¼	52¼

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
350	Crucible Steel	10½	10½	10½
200	Crucible Steel pf.	75¾	75	75¼
160	Pittsburgh	5¾	5¾	5¾
90	Fireproofing pf.	24½	24¼	24½
175	Mfrs. L. & H.	22½	22¼	22½
50	Ohio Fuel	40	40	40
435	Pittsburgh Brew.	14¼	14¼	14¼
100	Pittsburgh Coal	17⅝	17⅛	17⅝
425	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	80	79	79
10	Pittsburgh Plate G.	104	104	104
620	Pure Oil	9	9	9
240	River Coal	10¼	10¼	10¼
850	River Coal pf.	33⅝	32⅜	32⅜
100	San Toy	43c.	43c.	43c.
500	Tonopah Extension	$1.09	$1.05	$1.09
300	U. S. Steel	60⅜	57⅝	60⅜
101	Westingh. A. B.	143	142	142

BONDS.

$8,000	Pittsburgh Brew. 6s	99½	99½	99½

Executor **Trustee**
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.
LONDON 16 Cockspur St., S. W. 26 Old Broad Street, E. C. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator **Guardian**

We Own and Offer
$1,000,000
City of Birmingham, Ala., Funding 5s
Due 1941.
FINANCIAL STATEMENT
Assessed valuation, 1910 ..... $66,175,000
Net Debt 5,714,000
Population 1910—132,685.
Price upon application.
R. M. Grant & Company
31 Nassau St. Bankers New York.

New York, Aug. 31, 1911.

THE COLONIAL BANK.—The following is a true and accurate statement of every account made with this bank, and of each item of interest declared upon any of the stock, bonds, or other evidences of indebtedness of this bank, which at this date amounts to Fifty Dollars ($50) or over, and which has remained unclaimed by any person or persons authorized to receive the same for the last five years, to wit:

A. Bouchet, 41 West 64th St., $75.
W. P. Reilly, 2,263 Broadway, $68.46.
J. M. C. Ward, 182 St. Nicholas Av., $437.18.
Mrs. Laura Du Bois Bush, Graham Court, $124.32.
E. M. Woodbridge, 210 West 82d St., $124.82.
Kate L. Black, Hotel Endicott, $107.29.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
GEORGE S. CARR, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Cashier of The Colonial Bank, and that the foregoing statement is true and accurate in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief.
GEORGE S. CARR.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 31st day of August, 1911.
FRED'K L. WILSON,
Notary Public, Kings County.
Certificate Filed in N. Y. County.
[Seal of Notary.]

CAPITAL WANTED FOR TIMBER AND RAILROAD PROPOSITION, or will sell ten thousand acres hard timber, virgin growth, located in Virginia, eighteen miles from Southern Railroad; rights contain upward of one hundred fifty million feet; twenty million EXPORT; right of way for road guaranteed; water level grade; bargain for syndicate who will investigate. Address Owner, Box 172, Lynchburg, Va.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE PURCHASING COMMISSARY, U. S. Army, 39 Whitehall Street, New York City, N. Y., September 22, 1911.—Sealed proposals, in duplicate, for furnishing and delivering subsistence stores in this city at such times as may be required by the U. S. Government, on or before November 15, 1911, will be received at this office until ten o'clock A. M., October 2, 1911. Information furnished on application. Envelopes containing bids should be marked "Proposals for Subsistence Stores, opened October 2, 1911," and addressed to Col. A. L. Smith, A. C. G., U. S. Army.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.

Trinidad, Colorado, Sept. 11, 1911.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That the notice of the redemption of certain bonds issued by the City of Trinidad, Colorado, bearing date October 1, 1901, and numbered from 1 to 70, inclusive, for the sum of $1,000 each, at the First National Bank in the City of New York on the 1st day of November, A. D. 1911, heretofore and on April 27, 1911, given and published by the Treasurer of the City of Trinidad, Colorado, is hereby rescinded.

Further notice of such redemption will be hereafter given in accordance with the provisions of the ordinance of the City Council of the City of Trinidad, Colorado, under which the bonds were issued.

Chapter 127 of the Session Laws of Colorado, 1911, became effective subsequent to the call for an election, at which it was proposed to vote upon refunding bonds to take up the above issue. Under the provisions of that Act the election cannot be held before November 1, 1911. This necessitates the withdrawal of said notice.

SOL H. JAFFA,
City Treasurer, Trinidad, Col.

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY
Member N. Y. Clearing House
113 BROADWAY

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal
If contemplating life insurance look for the best at lowest cost. Write to W. J. Madden, Mutual Life Building, 32 Liberty.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.
The Franklin Society
Founded 1853. State Bank Department Supervision. Accounts $10 or more opened on or before Oct. 2d will earn from Oct. 1st. Begin now, or write for booklet A, 38 Park Row, New York City. 4½%

DIVIDENDS. DIVIDENDS. DIVIDENDS.

United States Mortgage & Trust Company
Member New York Clearing House Association
The following coupons will be due and payable at the Main Office of this Company
55 CEDAR STREET
On and after October 2nd, 1911

Alexandria, La., Pub. Imp. 5s
Barton Heights, Va., Water 6s
Bexar County, Tex., Court House Refd. 4½s
Boca & Loyalton Railroad Co. 1st 6s
Camden Co., N. J., Road Imp. 4½s
" " " Turnpike Road 4½s
Camilla, Georgia, Water & Light 5½s
Castile, N. Y., Water 4s
Citizens' Water & Light Co. of Shelbyville, Ind. 5s
Cold Spring, N. Y., Sewer 3¾s
Essex Co., N. J., Hospital 4s
Essex Co., N. J., Park 4s
Elyria, Ohio, Water Works 4s
Franklin County, Ohio, Bridge 4s
Guanajuato Power & Electric Co. 1st 6s
Hawaii Territory Improvement 3½s
Jamestown, N. Y., Water 4s
Lancaster County, S. C., S. D. No. 40 6s
Long Island R. R. Co. Consolidated 5s
" " " " New Consolidated 4s
" " " " North Shore Branch 5s
Marquette & Bessemer Dock & Navigation Co. 1st 4½s
Memphis, Tenn., Parkway 4½s
Monroe, Ga., Imp. 5s
New York, B'klyn & Manhattan Beach Railroad Co. Con. 5s
Northern Electric Company 1st 5s
Ossining, N. Y., Water 3.95s
Ottumwa Traction & Light Co. 5s
Oswego, N. Y., Water 3½s
Petaluma & Santa Rosa Railway Co. 2nd 6s
Pleasantville, N. Y., Water 3½s
Ridgewood, N. J., Town School 4s
Rome, Ga., Public Sch'l-St. Paving-Sewer 4s
Salem, Virginia, Refunding 4s
Salt Lake City, Utah, Water & Sewer 4s & 4¼s
School City of Fort Wayne, Indiana 3½s
St. Louis S. W. Ry. Co. Equip. Ser. A 5s
Syracuse, N.Y., Improve. & various others 3½s
Toledo, Ohio, Improve. & various others 4s
Toledo, Ohio, All Issues of Board of Ed'cat'n
Virginia Electric Company 1st 5s
Water W'ks Co. (San Antonio) Texas 1st 6s
Wilson, N. Carolina, Imp. (Oct. 15th) 5s
Vancouver, Wash'ton, Funding (Oct. 22nd) 5s

BRANCHES
Broadway & 73d Street 125th St. & Eighth Avenue

NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE BANK
September 27, 1911.
83D CONSECUTIVE DIVIDEND.
At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day a dividend of 4% was declared payable October 16th to Stockholders of record at the close of business October 3rd.
JOHN R. WOOD, Cashier.

To the Holders of Certificates of Deposit of METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY, issued under the Protective Agreement, dated September 11, 1908, for First Preference Income Bonds of CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY COMPANY:

Upon presentation at the office of Metropolitan Trust Company, No. 49 Wall Street, New York City, on and after October 16, 1911, the holders of the above-described certificates will receive the sum of $30 per bond for each bond of the par value of $1,000 represented by such certificates, after collection thereof by the Committee under said Protective Agreement, and being the amount of interest ascertained and declared by the Railway Company as payable Oct. 2, 1911, on each First Preference Income Bond of said par value for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1911, and which payment will be stamped on said certificates of deposit.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of the above agreement, holders of certificates of deposit of said Metropolitan Trust Company are required to make to it, as depositary for the account of the Committee, an additional payment in the sum of $5 for each bond represented by said certificates. Such payment is required to be made on October 16th, 1911, and at the time of payment the certificates of deposit must be presented in order that proper notation may be made thereon.

Holders of certificates of deposit, instead of presenting same on October 16th, 1911, or thereafter, may present same on and after October 3, 1911, and there will be deducted from the aforesaid sum of $50, payable as interest upon each certificate, the sum of $5 hereby called and required to be paid thereon, and such holders will be paid the balance of $45, whereupon the payment of interest as aforesaid and receipt of the sum called will be duly noted on said certificates of deposit.

Holders of certificates of deposit may present same to the Savannah Trust Company, Savannah, Georgia, which will act as Agent for said Metropolitan Trust Company for the above purposes.

Dated New York, September 26, 1911.
R. WALTER LEVY, Chairman.
JOSEPH S. DALE, Secretary.
52 William St., N. Y.

To the Holders of Certificates of Deposit of CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, issued under the Protective Agreement, dated September 6, 1907, for Second Preference Income Bonds of CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY COMPANY:

Upon presentation at the office of Central Trust Company of New York, No. 54 Wall Street, New York City, on and after October 3, 1911, the holders of the above-described certificates will receive the sum of $50 per bond for each bond of the par value of $1,000 represented by such certificates after collection thereof by the Committee under said Protective Agreement, and being the amount of interest ascertained and declared by the Railway Company as payable Oct. 2, 1911, on each Second Preference Income Bond of said par value for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1911.

The payments made will be stamped on the certificates of deposit.

Holders of certificates of deposit may present the same

MORSE IS ACCUSED AGAIN IN COURT

Motion in Suit Against the Southack Estate Reveals Deal in Ice Stock.

HAD TO MEET $60,000 NOTE

Which Morse Had Agreed Not to Discount, Says Continental Finance Co. —Suing for Southack's Share.

Details of the methods by which Charles W. Morse obtained nearly $60,000 from the National Bank of North America, of which he was Vice President, to the ultimate cost of the Continental Finance Company and several of its officers and Directors and their associates, who already had contributed $7,080 to the financier, were revealed yesterday when application was made to Supreme Court Justice Bijur by the Continental Finance Company to consolidate two suits against Florence Southack, as executrix of the estate of the late Frederick K. Southack, a wealthy real estate operator. Justice Bijur granted the application.

The suits against Mr. Southack's estate are the result of the real estate operator's participation in one of Morse's schemes. Mr. Southack did not live long enough to see the complete downfall of the plan by which he and his associates were to divide large profits. He died in November, 1907. It was in February of that year that he and his conferrees joined with Mr. Morse in what was to have been a pool in American Ice Securities stock.

Papers in the present application reveal that Mr. Morse approached ex-Fire Commissioner Thomas Sturgis, President of the Continental Finance Company, with a proposition to join in a syndicate in connection with the stock of the American Ice Securities Company, Mr. Morse represented to Mr. Sturgis that, acting as the manager of the syndicate, he would sell to the Finance Company 1,000 shares of the stock of the American Ice Securities Company at $67.08 per share, accepting a payment of $7,080 in cash and a note for $60,000.

This note, it is alleged, Mr. Morse promised need never be paid, but that after selling the stock at $110 or $120 a share he would deduct the amount of the note from the Finance Company's profits and turn over to them the balance. The Finance Company was favorably impressed with the plan and entered into it, parceling out its 1,000 shares, however, among its officers, Directors, and friends, the company as such retaining only 200 shares.

The participants in this private pool, as revealed yesterday, were:

The Continental Finance Company, 200 shares at	$13,416
Thomas Sturgis, 200 shares at	13,416
William S. Cox, 200 shares at	13,416
Frederick K. Southack, 133 1-3 shares at	8,944
Alwyn Ball, Jr., 133 1-3 shares at	8,944
Henry S. Thompson, 133 1-3 shares at	8,944

The $7,080 was paid in cash and the note of the Continental Finance Company for $60,000 was given to Mr. Morse. The note, with the 1,000 shares as security, presently went to the National Bank of North America, despite the promises of Mr. Morse, and was discounted by him, the Finance Company learning of it first when the bank wanted to know what the Finance Company was going to do about its loan. Negotiations were pending when Charles A. Hanna took possession of the bank as receiver and unearthed the $60,000 note. He, too, wanted to know what the Finance Company intended to do about it, though that concern could show that it never had had any of the $60,000, and the stock it had bought instead of rising to $110 or $120 a share was selling in February, 1908, at about $14 a share.

To protect itself the Finance Company sought an injunction against the bank and Receiver Hanna restraining them from making any disposal of the 1,000 shares held in the bank as security, and began suit for an accounting against Morse. Mr. Hanna started a counter-suit against the Finance Company in the United States Circuit Court with the result that the company finally was found liable for the value of the note.

Since then, it is understood, all of the participants in what might be called the Finance Company's private pool have paid their proportionate share of the note with the exception of Mr. Southack, who died before Receiver Hanna brought suit.

The present suits of the Continental Finance Company against Florence Southack, which Justice Bijur consolidated yesterday, were for $106, which, the Finance Company says, is Mr. Southack's share of the legal expenses, and for $7,065 as his share of the $60,000 note.

GET FUNDS FOR NEW SCHOOLS

Enough on Hand to Build 24 and 4 Additions and Buy 11 Sites.

There was much rejoicing at the Department of Education yesterday over the announcement that $10,258,809 had been made available immediately by the Board of Estimate for the erection of new school buildings and additions. The appropriation of this money led members of the Board of Education to believe that much can be done in the next two years to reduce the part-time roll, which is now more than 76,000 pupils.

The new funds will be sufficient, it is estimated by the Building Committee, to provide twenty-four school buildings, four additions, and to buy eleven sites. These are the proposed sites and buildings:

MANHATTAN.

Addition to School 72.
New buildings at 118th Street, east of Second avenue, and 176th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue.
New site and new building in the vicinity of Williamsbridge.
New supply depository.
New site at Hamilton Place and 140th Street.

BRONX.

Sites and buildings at Union Avenue and 155th Street, Tinton Avenue and 163d Street, Vyse Avenue and 173d Street, and Park Avenue and 168th Street.
New high school, location still to be determined.

BROOKLYN.

New buildings at Pennsylvania and Liberty Avenues, Dumont Street and Alabama Avenue, Fourth Avenue and Bristol Street, and East Ninth Street and Avenue K.
New sites and buildings at East Twelfth Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street, South Third Street and Driggs Avenue, and Herkimer Street and Rades Place.
Portable buildings at Benson and Twenty-fifth Avenues, and Bushwick and Bay Ridge High Schools.

QUEENS.

Additions to school buildings at Three-Mile Road and Brenton Avenue, Jamaica, and Forest Avenue, East Williamsburg.
Buildings and sites at Douglaston, Corona Heights, and Flushing High School.

RICHMOND.

New building at Washington Avenue, Graniteville.

Plans are ready for practically all these buildings, and the work of construction is expected to begin soon.

MORE FUNDS IN BANKS.

Jersey Banking Department Shows Increase in Deposits of $19,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 28.—According to a statement issued yesterday by Commissioner Vivian M. Lewis of the State Department of Banking and Insurance, the ninety trust companies, twenty State banks, and twenty-five savings banks in New Jersey show an increase in deposits of $21,005,386 from Sept. 1, 1910, to Sept. 1, 1911. The total deposits on the latter date were $304,543,020.41. The aggregate resources of these institutions for the year were $374,842,028, an increase of $23,900,623.

The trust companies, as usual, made the largest gains. Their resources amounted to $236,078,365; savings banks, $118,559,742; State banks, $20,203,920. The increases were: Trust companies, $10,021,225; savings banks, $6,175,467; State banks, $1,703,929.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., has been elected a Director of the Boston & Albany Railroad.

The Northern States Power Company has declared a quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on its preferred stock.

GREAT NORTHERN EARNS LESS

Report to Stock Exchange Shows Falling Off in Earnings and Net Income.

The Great Northern Railway Company has made a report to the New York Stock Exchange showing its income account for the year ended June 30, 1911. The total earnings were $61,257,633, as against $64,465,370 the year before, and the operating expenses were $37,600,392, as against $39,278,096, making the net operating revenue $23,657,241, as against $25,187,274.

Adding the income from outside operations and other income, and deducting taxes, rent, interest, &c., the net corporate income was $17,516,927, equal to 8.34 per cent. on the capital stock, as against 8.47 on the same stock the year before. After the payment of dividends the surplus for the year was $2,818,338, as against $3,093,161 the year before. The surplus was transferred to the fund for permanent improvements and renewals.

TO-DAY'S COURT CALENDARS.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Pendleton, J. Litigated motions. 1—Hellbrunn v. German Alliance Ins Co. 2—Moquin et al v. Winn. 3—Shifrin v. Jackson. 4—Taylor v. Taylor. 5—Hellman v. Adams. 6—Meden v. Meden. 7—West Hudson County Trust Co v. Williams. 8—City of New York v. Lestrange. 9—Lawy v. Leventure. 10—Mosbach v. Silberfeld et al. 11—Ruderman v. Ruderman. 12—Steffens v. Union Ferry Co. 13—In re Schall. 14—In re Cronin. 15—In re Pulford. 16—In re McNamara. 17—In re Lenmann. 18—Benn v. Benn. 19—Volkening v. Prendergast. 20—Raffale v. Brady. 21—Archer v. Archer. 22—Loewenthal v. Hoerter. 23—Rhinelander R E Co v. Harbater. 24—McCargo v. Jergens. 25—L N Hartog Candy Co v. Reischmann. 26—Marsh v. Kissam. 27—Dunn v. Prendergast. 28—Greenberg v. Mittenthal & Mittenthal. 29—Fish v. Goldberg. 30—Bagger v. Tuckman. 31—Gambier v. Gambier. 32—Fuller v. Fuller. 33—St. Jean v. St. Jean. 34—Rothstein v. Rothstein. 35—Perret v. Straus. 36—Melke v. Melke. 37—Abrams v. R P Murphy Hotel Co. 38 to 41—Marks v. Levy. 42—Johnson v Johnson. 43—Girl in the Taxi Co v. Hurtig. 44—Adams v. Barrett. 45—Nickolet v. L H Mace Co. 46—Shifrin v. Jackson. 47—Bagger v. Tuckman. 48—Blum v. Blum. 49—In re Przestezelski. 50—Solomon v. Putz et al. 51—Eline v. Eline. 52—Cutter v. Cutter. 53—Earley v. Earley. 54—Springfield Boiler Mfg Co. v. Morell. 55—McNulty v. N. Y. C & H R R R Co. 56—Sternberger v. Megargel. 57—In re U S Fidelity & Guar Co. 58—Davis v. Davis. 59—Gruenwald v. Gruenwald. 60—Laska v. Harris. 61—Mallen v. Archar Bohemian R E Assn. 62—Laska v. Harris. 63—Kelly v. Stewart. 64—Lawson v. Lawson. 65—In re Brown. 66—Dudicy v. Dudicy. 67—Ainslie Mining & Ry Co v. Coe. 68—Opperman v. Opperman. 69—In re O'Conor Const Co. 70—Dutcher v. Dutcher. 71—Indep Moving Picture Co v. Smith. 72—Egan v. Quayle Co. 73—Levy v. Levy. 74—Sterry v. Sterry. 75—Wilson v. State Bank of Wallace, Idaho. 76—Brandies v. Brandies. 77—Muller v. City of Phila. 78, 79—Knick Trust Co v. Sabine. 80—Sherman v. Sherman. 81—Bristol v. Mann R E Co. 82—Woods v. Hurtig. 83—Loughran v. Eidlitz. 84—Greenspan v. Goldberg. 85—Petrie v. Linn. 86—Schafran v. Schafran. 87—Raynor v. Hays. 88—Ulster Co Meat & Poultry Co v. Nute. 89—Jackson v. Townsend. 90—Brady v. Whitlock Print Press Co. 91—Rose v. Poilan. 92—Dickinson v. Adler. 93—Dohrmann v. Blendermann. 94—Shapiro v. Shapiro. 95—Flare v. Flare. 96—Coghlan v. Lovell. 97—Schrenkeisen v. Schrenkeisen. 98—Elig v. Elig. 99—Liebling v. Liebling. 100—Sherman v. Sherman. 101—Hardenbrook v. N Y Military Academy Realty Co. 102—Simmonds v. Simmonds. 103—In re Becker. 104—Kingsland v. Morris. 105—Gambier v. Gambier. 106—Lentz Realty Co v. Malarkey.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term.—Part. II.—Bijur, J.—Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Motion calendar. Elizabeth Byrnes or Hastings, James Williams, Charles T Yerkes, Laurence Collins, Joseph O'Connor, Charles B Reed, Daniel Sheehan, Raffaele Grassi, Bartnett Infants, Katherine Kaupper, Perfecta De Bolet Peraza, Henry Wiseham, Sam Sylvester Lieberman, Rosa Sayer, Eliza Glynn, Arnold A Ruge, Fischel Zucker, Francesca Maria Trotta, &c., Mary Morgan, Fannie E Lawrence, Biagio Castronuovo, Lester Gauldin, Maynard Gauldin, Daniel Holland, Domenico Magro, Antonio Prato, Simon Lichter, Ernest Smith, Harman H Steffens, Salomon Marx, Henry Moses, Frances MacDowell, Felix Thurnauer, Della Wheeler, Charles H Wheeler, Jr., Carl Bloomquist, Philip Krager, Elizabeth W Perkins, Michael J O'Brien, James Reed, Maria Curley, Giuseppe Spitalieri, James O Sheldon, Mary Ann O'Connor, John S Croghan, Elise Klingelhoffer, Sarah Lazarus, Martin Grossman, Lina Rickli, Maria Soledad Blanco, William Kahn, Henry S Le Clerc, Mary Barry, John Barrett, Alice E McCue, Servetus Fisher Johnson, Floyd P Sheldon, Albert J Vane, Gertrude Y. Cheever, Gertrude Y Cheever, George Salting, Herman Oppenheim. Wills for probate: John H Dye, Mary Falkenberg, Albert J Lohr, Leonie Gillie, Benjamin B Ettlinger, Emily J M Williams, Jennie Stock, Helene J Goldsmith, Michael A Kelly, Nathan Libeman, Louisa Schuh, Eliza V Rushmore, Joseph Grose.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J. Sherman v. Sheindelman—Lyttleton Fox. German Sav Bank v. Hermalgus Realty Co—Cambridge Livingston. Houghton v. Goodman—Edward S Clinch. Davis v. Davis—Phoenix Ingraham. Fox v. Steinberg—Reginald E Wigham. McLaughlin v. Belowitz—Louis G Wallace.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J. In re W B Brown Co—George S Weaver.

CITY COURT—O'Dwyer, C. J. American Woolen Co v. Simon Ginsburg—Robert W Maloney. Lawrence Jones v. Mary McGillick—William P Drewry.

Westchester County.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, C. J.—People v. Joseph Rusof. People v. Tony Arone and Giuseppe Messina. People v. Salvatore Cartobellota. People v. Luigi Rossini. People v. Frank Perzeck.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Major W. H. Hart, Commissary, will visit Lorenzo, Cal.; San Leandro, and Sunnyvale on official business.

Major S. Reber, Signal Corps, to Kansas City, Mo.; thence to Fort Omaha, official business.

Capt. C. D. Chandler, Signal Corps, to Kansas City, Mo., thence to Fort Omaha on official business.

First Lieut. A. M. Gitfin, Medical Reserves, to Rort Riley.

First Lieut. D. W. Strong, Seventh Infantry, to Fort Leavenworth, Kan., relieving Capt. A. E. Saxton, Eighth Cavalry, who will proceed to San Francisco, to sail Nov. 5 for the Philippines.

Lieut. Col. M. W. Ireland, Medical Corps, detailed a member of the examining board appointed Jan. 7, vice Lieut. Col. J. R. Kean, for examination of Major F. P. Reynolds, Medical Corps, only.

The following First Lieutenants to this city, (Medical Reserves,) and report Oct. 2 to Army Medical School for instruction: J. E. Baylis, S. M. Bunker, C. R. Castles, M. A. Dalley, J. F. Hammond, W. B. Meister, J. H. H. Scudder, L. O. Tarleton, and A. G. Wilde.

Coast Artillery changes: Capt. C. G. Rorebeck from 157th Company, and placed on unassigned list; he will report to commanding officer, Artillery District of New London. Capt. H. T. Patten from Coast Artillery School, Fort Monroe, and assigned to 125th Company; Capt. J. Totten from New York to Fort Monroe, and Capt. H. H. Scott relieved at New London, and will remain on unassigned list.

First Lieut. S. Baker, Second Field Artillery, to Fort McDowell, Cal., for recruiting duty, relieving Capt. C. B. Stone, Jr., Seventeenth Infantry, who will join his regiment.

Capt. D. P. Cordray, infantry, unassigned, to Walter Reed General Hospital, D. C., treatment.

Special orders, Sept. 22, amended to direct Capt. C. C. Allen, Thirtieth Infantry, to remain at headquarters, Department of the Gulf, until the return of Lieut. Col. S. W. Dunning, Adjutant General, then proceed to proper station.

The Navy.

Lieut. Commander P. N. Olmsted to the Ohio.

Lieut. Commander J. H. Tomb to the North Dakota.

Lieut. Commander W. G. Briggs to the Ohio.

Lieut. Commander W. H. Scott to home and wait orders.

Lieut. Commander J. H. Graham to the Idaho.

Lieut. Commander T. C. Hart to home and wait orders.

Lieut. Commander H. N. Jenson to the Pennsylvania.

Lieuts. J. G. Church, V. K. Coman, G. V. Stewart, P. P. Blackburn, J. F. Miller, and R. L. Lowman to Naval Academy, Annapolis;

Lieut. L. Noyes to the Mississippi.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived.—Dolphin at East River, New York; Reid at Sewalls Point, Smith at Norfolk, and Pompey at Shanghai.

Sailed.—Nero from navy yard, New York, for Philadelphia, Mayrant from Boston for Newport, Yorktown from Acapulco for Corinto, and Accomac from Norfolk for New York.

The Cincinnati has been ordered placed in full commission at the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal., as soon as practicable, but not later than Nov. 15.

REVENUE CUTTER ORDERS.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Following were the orders issued to-day in connection with the Revenue Cutter Service:

Sept. 21—First Lieut. of Engineers F. G. Snyder, thirty days' leave from Oct. 1.

Sept. 22—First Lieut. L. T. Cutter, twenty days' leave from Sept. 25.

Sept. 25—First Lieut. W. E. W. Hall, twenty-one days' leave from Oct. 1; First Lieut. of Engineers C. F. Nash to Three Rivers, Mich., on official business, and Third Lieut. of Engineers T. H. Yeager, thirty days' extension of leave.

Sept. 27—First Lieut. H. W. Pope, to the Androscoggin; First Lieut. H. D. Hinckley, to the Gresham; First Lieut. W. A. Wiley, to the Acushnet; First Lieut. H. Ulke, Jr., to the Golden Gate, and First Lieut. R. Ridgely, Jr., to the Woodbury.

FIVE PRESIDENTS NOW ON HARRIMAN LINES

Judge Lovett, Who Was President of All the Roads, Remains as Executive Head.

SYSTEM ENTIRELY CHANGED

Mohler President of Union Pacific, Sproule of Southern—New Wells Fargo President.

Changes in the administrative system of the Harriman lines, which have been long contemplated, were affected yesterday when the Boards of Directors of the several roads met and elected five new Presidents in place of Judge R. S. Lovett, who like Mr. Harriman, has been President of them all. Judge Lovett, as Chairman of the Executive Committee, will retain the chief executive authority of the system, with the assistance of Julius Kruttschnitt, Director of Maintenance and Operation, and L. J. Spence, who is to succeed J. C. Stubbs the first of the year as Director of Traffic. Mr. Kruttschnitt and Mr. Spence will hereafter be located in this city.

The new President of the Union Pacific is A. L. Mohler, who was also elected President of the Oregon Short Line. His headquarters will be at Omaha. Mr. Mohler was Vice President and General Manager of the Union Pacific, and has been in the railroad service since he was 16 years old. He was born at Ephrata, Penn., in 1850, and as a youth was warehouse and office clerk of the Chicago & Northwestern at Galt, Ill. Later he was Station Agent of the Rockford, Rock Island & St. Louis at Erie, Ill., and clerk in the Auditor's office of the same road. From 1871 to 1882 he was with the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Minneapolis, now the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern, two years as Traveling Auditor, two years as Chief Clerk in the freight office, and one year as Assistant General Freight Agent.

From 1882 to 1886 he was General Freight Agent of the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba, now the Great Northern. He continued with this road as Land Commissioner, General Freight Agent, General Superintendent, Assistant General Manager, and General Manager, from 1889 to 1893, when he was also General Manager of the Montana Central. From 1894 to 1897 he was General Manager of the Minneapolis & St. Louis, from 1897 to 1904 President and General Manager of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company. In 1904 he became General Manager of the Union Pacific, and in 1905 was also elected Vice President. His headquarters have been at Omaha.

The new President of the Southern Pacific is William Sproule, who for a number of years was its Freight Traffic Manager. He is now President of Wells Fargo & Co., but upon his election as President of the Southern Pacific yesterday he presented his resignation to the Wells Fargo Company to take effect Oct. 1. The Directors of the express company also met yesterday and elected B. D. Caldwell, Vice President of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, to succeed Mr. Sproule as President of Wells Fargo & Co.

Mr. Sproule was born in County Mayo, Ireland, fifty-three years ago. He was educated in Ireland by his father, who was a Trinity College man. He came to New York as a very young man, and after a period of service in clerical capacities with the American News Company he resigned to go to California, where he was connected with mercantile business in Sacramento and San Francisco until 1882, when he entered the Traffic Department of the Southern Pacific as a freight clerk. Five years later he was made Assistant General Freight Agent of the Southern Pacific. In 1897 he was made General Freight Agent. In 1898 he became Freight Traffic Manager, holding that position until September, 1906, when he came to New York to join the staff of the American Smelting and Refining Company, National Lead Company, and the various Guggenheim interests as Traffic Manager, remaining with those interests generally until December, 1910, when he was elected President of Wells Fargo & Co. Mr. Sproule's headquarters will be in San Francisco.

Other changes on the Harriman lines made yesterday were as follows:

Thornwell Fay, Vice President and General Manager, was made President of the companies operating the Southern Pacific lines in Texas and Louisiana, with headquarters at Houston and New Orleans.

J. D. Farrell, Vice President in charge of the Puget Sound extension, was made President of the Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Company, with headquarters at Portland.

Epes Randolph, Vice President and General Manager, was made President of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Mexico, with headquarters at Tucson.

Each of the new Presidents will have supervision of all local departments, and will be responsible for traffic as well as for transportation. Mr. Stubbs decided some time ago, on account of failing health and advancing years, to retire as Director of Traffic on Jan. 1. He will remain, however, in a consulting capacity. Mr. Spence, who is to succeed him in active work, is now his principal assistant. Messrs. Kruttschnitt and Spence will retain all the authority now possessed by them, but will exercise it in a more critical and advisory and less administrative manner, relinquishing to the Presidents much of the detail with which they have hitherto been burdened. They will become members of the Boards of Directors and advisors of the Chairman and the Directors upon matters in their respective jurisdiction, and in conference with the Chairman they will study the entire territory served by the lines and the development of the system as a whole.

The changes announced were recommended by Judge Lovett, and for several months he has been working out the details with the Executive Committee and the higher officers of the system. In announcing the plan after its approval by the Directors, Judge Lovett said:

"The changes, which have taken place in recent years in conditions affecting the management and operation of railroads, particularly in the West where development has been most rapid, have made it increasingly evident that the best interests of our properties and of the territories which they serve, will be promoted by localizing the management with respect to local matters, vesting in a President on the line the supervision of both traffic and transportation, and of all local departments, with authority to decide promptly questions as they arise. But it is equally important that the central authority and jurisdiction of all questions affecting the system as a whole should continue to reside in the board and Executive Committee, represented by the Chairman of the Executive Committee, with his immediate collaborators, the Director of Maintenance and Operation, and the Director of Traffic.

"The particular merit of the plan, in my judgment, is that it retains unimpaired in the Chairman of the Executive Committee, the Director of Maintenance and Operation, and the Director of Traffic, the jurisdiction now exercised on all questions affecting the system as a whole, such as through rates, through service, standards of equipment, maintenance and efficiency, the larger questions of general policy, and the close scrutiny and criticism of operating results, while at the same time it localizes the management and brings the companies into closer touch and relationship with the public, and renders the management more directly and immediately responsive to the interests and needs of the traffic and the communities served."

SHORT TERM NOTES.

		—Maturity.—		Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal Copper	.5	Apr.	1,'13	100	100¼	4.89
Am. Cigar B.	.4	Mar.	15,'12	99¾	100¼	4.42
Balt. & Ohio	.4½	June	1,'13	99¾	100	4.50
Beth. Steel	.5	Nov.	1,'14	98¾	99	6.49
Ches. & Ohio.	.4½	June	1,'14	98⅝	98¾	4.95
C., H. & D. pur. money	.4	July	1,'13	98¾	98¾	4.61
Chi. & Alton	.5	Mar.	15,'13	98½	99½	5.25
Chi. Elev. Ry.	.5	July	1,'14	97½	98	5.78
Erie	.6	Apr.	8,'14	100⅝	100⅞	5.64
Gen. Motors	.6	Oct.	1,'15	97½	98¼	6.56
Gen. Rubber	.4½	July	1,'15	95⅞	96½	5.56
Hudson Co.	.6	Feb.	1,'13	98	98¾	6.93
Int. Gt. Nor.	.5	Aug.	1,'13	94	96	6.58
K. C. R. & L.	.6	Sep.,	1912	93¾	95	
Lt. St. cv. deb.	.5	Mar.,	1915	90	91	8.00
Minn. & St. L.	.5	Feb.	1913	94¼	94¾	8.60
Mo., K. & T.	.5	May	1,'13	97¾	98¼	6.19
Mo. Pacific	.5	June	1,'14	94	94½	7.50
Nat. Ry. of M.	4½	June	1,'13	98	98½	5.48
N. Y. Central	4½	May	1,'13	100	100¼	4.50
Pac. T. & T.	.5	Jan.	5,'13	99¾	100¼	4.80
St. L. & S. F.	.5	Mar	1,'13	97½	98½	6.15
St. L. & S. F.	.5	June	1,'13	97½	98½	5.94
Southern Ry.	.5	Feb.	1,'13	99¾	100	5.00
Tidewater Co.	.6	Dec.	1,'13	101¼	101½	5.13
U. S. Rubber	.6	Dec.	1,'18	101¾	103½	5.39
U.S.S.R. & M.	.5	Aug.	1,'14	97¼	98	5.77
West. T. & T.	.5	Feb.	1,'12	100	100¾	4.00
Westinghouse	.6	Aug.	1,'13	101¼	101⅝	5.07

REPORT ON NATIONAL BANKS.

Their Condition as Shown Up to Sept. 1 of This Year.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Abstract of reports made to the Controller of the Currency showing the condition of the National banks in the United States at the close of business on Friday, Sept. 1, 1911:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$5,663,411,073.21
Overdrafts	27,150,382.94
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	707,204,380.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits	42,152,560.00
Other bonds to secure U. S. deposits	15,650,595.65
U. S. Bonds on hand	16,861,280.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds	8,801,366.67
Bonds, securities, &c.	1,018,004,910.08
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	232,325,967.89
Other real estate owned	24,090,574.62
Due from National Banks, (not reserve agents.)	399,508,977.69
Due from State banks and bankers, &c.	162,271,793.09
Due from approved reserve agents	744,614,305.14
Checks and other cash items	35,323,210.45
Exchanges for clearing house	298,179,850.77
Notes of other National banks	42,620,791.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	3,206,171.28
Lawful money reserve in bank	895,475,406.81
Five per cent. redemption fund with Treasury	84,374,323.21
Due from U. S. Treasurer	8,151,013.39
Total	$10,379,439,383.89

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	1,025,441,384.50
Surplus fund	670,041,507.10
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	234,892,970.38
National Bank notes outstanding	696,982,068.00
State bank notes outstanding	27,706.00
Due to other National banks	999,753,450.55
Due to State and private banks and bankers	504,145,891.05
Due to trust companies and savings banks	546,762,479.92
Due to approved reserve ag'ts.	37,525,421.02
Dividends unpaid	1,538,572.83
Individual deposits	5,489,995,011.98
United States deposits	35,279,221.24
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	13,084,519.71
Bonds borrowed	37,285,452.74
Notes and bills rediscounted	13,247,843.85
Bills payable	64,583,273.62
Reserved for taxes	6,446,178.07
Liabilities other than those above stated	2,226,406.33
Total	$10,379,439,383.89

Percentage of legal reserve to deposits, 21.36.
Percentage to deposits of cash on hand, redemption fund, and due from reserve agents, 25.05.

Comparing the loans and discounts, cash on hand and individual deposits of all National banks, as shown by their reports of condition for Sept. 1, 1911, with those of June 7, 1911, the following result is shown in the Eastern States:

New York City shows losses in each as follows: Loans and discounts, $17,937,685.-88; cash, $26,453,884.71, and deposits, $10.-639,739.09. While the other reserve city in this section shows a gain in loans of $12,446,300.36, losses are reported in cash of $4,758,890.89, and in deposits of $2,812,-606.28. The country banks in this section show a gain of $12,300,083.94 in loans, a loss of $2,755,317.16 in cash, but a gain in deposits of $25,448,470.44. The total Eastern States show gains in loans of $6,808,-708.42, losses in cash of $33,970,092.76, and gains in deposits of $11,696,125.07.

All the National banks in the United States show gains in loans and discounts of $52,572,286.20, losses in cash of $50,-855,702.66, and gains in deposits of $12,-003,855.63.

Comparing figures of Sept. 1, 1911, with those of Sept. 1, 1910, the following gains are reported:

Loans and discounts	$196,250,435.23
Cash	43,790,369.68
Individual deposits	844,336,644.33
Number of banks reporting Sept. 1, 1911	7,301
Number of banks reporting June 7, 1911	7,277
Gain	24

The total reserve held by the 7,301 National banks reporting on Sept. 1, 1911, was $1,428,068,314, an average of 21.36 per cent., and $76,250,250 above the amount required to be held.

The following is a comparative statement of the amount and per cent. of reserve and excess on Sept. 1 and June 7, 1911:

CENTRAL RESERVE—CITIES.

Date of Call.	Amount Reserve Held.	Per Cent. Reserve Held.	Amount of Excess Reserve.
Sept. 1	$428,547,745	29.00	$16,866,078
June 7	459,639,243	27.37	89,727,578

OTHER RESERVE CITIES.

Sept. 1	471,051,269	25.46	8,510,136
June 7	481,364,283	26.03	18,982,597

TOTAL RESERVE CITIES.

Sept. 1	897,599,014	25.71	24,876,214
June 7	941,003,526	26.66	58,710,175

COUNTRY BANKS—EASTERN STATES.

Sept. 1	158,454,286	16.13	11,105,320
June 7	159,213,845	16.58	15,129,165

TOTAL STATES.

Sept. 1	530,469,300	16.61	51,374,036
June 7	537,137,443	17.00	63,160,689

TOTAL UNITED STATES.

Sept. 1	1,428,068,314	21.36	76,250,250
June 7	1,478,140,975	22.10	121,870,815

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
3d week Sept	$85,371	$82,961	$2,410
July 1-Sept. 25	978,851	987,967	*14,116

CHICAGO & ALTON—

3d week Sept	345,592	338,847	6,745
July 1-Sept. 23	3,661,165	3,635,725	25,440

CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS PACIFIC—

3d week Sept	185,182	182,507	2,675
July 1-Sept. 21	2,124,145	2,133,349	*7,209

COLORADO & SOUTHERN LINES—

3d week Sept	302,696	302,997	*30,301
July 1-Sept. 21	3,323,681	3,854,340	*530,659

MOBILE & OHIO—

3d week Sept	215,880	205,999	10,781
July 1-Sept. 21	2,452,553	2,359,645	92,808

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN—

3d week Sept	87,042	91,745	*4,703
July 1-Sept. 23	949,349	905,133	44,216

*Decrease.

AURORA, ELGIN & CHICAGO for August—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	189,282	178,730	163,698
Expenses	92,748	89,476	76,448
Net	96,533	91,254	87,250
Chgs. and tax.	36,444	33,039	29,351
Surplus	60,089	58,215	57,899
2 mos. gross	375,552	361,117	331,312
Expenses	184,286	175,088	154,343
2 mos. net	191,266	186,029	176,969
Chgs. and tax.	72,919	65,698	58,250
2 mos. surplus	118,347	120,421	118,719

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN for August—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Mileage op.	1,496	1,489	7
Total op. rev.	1,144,321	1,102,227	42,094
Total op. ex.	831,833	751,392	80,441
Operating ratio	72.70	68.17	4.53
Net op. rev.	312,488	350,835	*38,347
Other income	12,950	5,621	7,329
Total income	325,438	256,456	*31,018
Tax. & ot'r ch's	231,770	201,406	30,364
Net income	93,668	155,050	*61,382
For 2 months, to Aug. 31:			
Total op. rev.	2,254,448	2,055,069	99,379
Total op. ex.	1,589,824	1,469,022	120,802
Operating ratio	73.80	71.48	2.32
Net op. rev.	564,624	586,047	*21,425
Other income	22,494	12,572	9,922
Total income	587,118	598,619	*11,501
Tax. & ot'r ch's	450,534	395,601	61,233
Net income	130,284	203,018	*72,734

COLORADO & SOUTHERN for August—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Aug. gross	1,296,137	1,485,649	1,372,058
Exp. & tax.	847,975	1,022,871	874,751
Aug. net	448,162	460,778	497,307
Oth. income	53,286	11,943	54,903
Total inc.	501,448	472,721	552,210
Charges	234,915	231,252	218,615
Aug. surp.	266,533	241,469	333,595
2 mos. gross	2,454,041	2,826,896	2,651,867
Exp. & tax.	1,560,242	2,027,018	1,742,460
2 mos. net	808,877	799,878	909,407
Oth. income	94,482	20,102	69,176
Total inc.	903,359	819,980	978,583
Charges	469,750	443,745	437,321
2 mo. surp.	433,609	376,235	541,262

NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD for August—

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
Total oper. rev.	5,598,020	5,539,943	*58,077
Total oper. exp.	3,475,070	3,370,133	*104,937
Net oper. rev.	2,122,950	2,169,810	46,860
Out. op. (net).	132,887	123,824	*9,063
Total net rev.	2,255,836	2,293,634	37,797
Taxes	310,000	343,000	33,000
Oper. income	1,945,836	1,950,634	4,797
2 mos. total op. rev.	10,795,728	10,809,576

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

East Fifty-seventh Street Dwelling Sold by William R. Willcox—Germania Insurance Co. Buys to Protect Light and Air—Bronx and Suburban Deals.

Several good sales in various parts of the city gave an active tone to the realty market yesterday. Fifty-seventh Street, which formed the feature in the trading on the preceding day, again held the centre of interest in the sale by William R. Willcox, Chairman of the Public Service Commission, of his residence at 10 East Fifty-seventh Street. Other sales of note included a purchase in Seventeenth Street by the Germania Life Company to protect the light and air of its new building on the corner of Fourth Avenue and the sale of four lots in the Fort Washington district to builders for prospective improvement.

The buyer of the Willcox house was not stated. The deal, however, attracted interest in view of the many transfers of property in the blocks between Madison and Sixth Avenues, within the past two years, and the steady incroachments of business in that thoroughfare adjacent to Fifth Avenue.

The Willcox house has a frontage of 25 feet and a depth of 120.10. It is 200 feet east of Fifth Avenue. Next to it, at No. 8, is the former Carroll house, which was purchased some time ago by Mrs. C. P. Huntington, adjoining the large Huntington mansion on the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue. The house to the east of the Willcox residence, at No. 12, is owned by the Earle estate.

Buys to Protect Light and Air.

The Germania Life Insurance Company, to permanently protect the light and air of its twenty-story office building on the northeast corner of Fourth Avenue and Seventeenth Street, has purchased 105 East Seventeenth Street

The property consists of an old four-story dwelling on a lot 25 by 100 and was acquired from Charles F. Hogeman.

Between the dwelling and the new building is a 10-foot alley, part of the fee of which is owned by the Clarendon building property at the southeast corner of Fourth Avenue and Eighteenth Street, which was purchased in June by Miss Eufrasia Leland and Mrs. Charles H. Wesson from Henry Corn in a $4,500,000 transaction, which included the old Aberdeen Hotel at the southwest corner of Broadway and Twenty-first Street.

The Private Dwelling Market.

I. Lebowitz has sold through A. V. Amy & Co. 135 West 136th Street, a four-story dwelling, on a lot 15.6 by 100. The buyer will occupy.

The Duff and Brown Company has sold for Mary E. Cooper 529 West 162d Street, a three-story dwelling, on a lot 18 by 99.11.

Harlem Flats Resold.

The two five-story flats 12 and 14 West 110th Street have been resold by Bertha Wolf and Maurice Cohen to Walstein S. Reade. Each structure occupies a plot 26 by 100.11, located between Fifth and Madison Avenues. Duff & Conger were the brokers. The sellers acquired the property last May from the Lawyers' Mortgage Company.

The E. Sharum Company sold to a client 1,846 Second Avenue, a five-story tenement, on a plot 25 by 100. Two lots in Jamaica were given as part payment.

Builders Buy Heights Plots.

A building firm has purchased from the Chelsea Realty Company a plot of four lots on the north side of 174th Street, 100 feet east of St. Nicholas Avenue. The parcel, which has a frontage of 100 feet and a depth of 89.8, abuts the property of the Church of the Incarnation.

It will be improved at once with high-class apartment houses.

Sale on Cherry Street.

S. S. Manheimer has sold for Miles Bradley the three-story frame dwelling, with stable in rear, at 421 Cherry Street, on lot 25 by 94. This is the first transfer of the property in thirty-four years.

Bronx.

Clement H. Smith has sold for a client 777 East 179th Street, Bronx, a two-family frame dwelling.

Shaw & Co. have sold for Gertrude L. Simpson 1,042 Washington Avenue, a three-story two-family house, with store, 25 by 85.6, to an investor.

Henry Morgenthau has sold a plot having a frontage of 103 feet on Costar Street, between Spofford and Randall Avenue, in the Hunt's Point section. The buyer is an employe of the American Bank Note Company, which has built a large factory in the same territory.

Big Warehouse For Brooklyn.

An investor has purchased through the Ernestus Gulick Company the property at De Kalb and Flatbush Avenues, belonging to Margaret V. McNulty and E. C. M. Fitzgerald. It has a frontage of 60 feet on De Kalb Avenue, 35 feet on Flatbush Avenue, and a depth of about 100 feet, and has been held at $100,000.

The purchaser expects to erect a large warehouse building, with stores, on the ground floor on this plot. There will be an entrance to the new Subway in the basement.

This is the first large enterprise projected near Fulton Street and Flatbush Avenue since the Flatbush Avenue extension was started. The Subway is practically finished at this point, and the city is about inaugurating the work of raising the grade of De Kalb Avenue so that the street may be completed and the obstructions removed.

Staten Island.

The Cannon farm, opposite the Vanderbilt homestead farm at New Dorp, S. I., has been sold by D. T. Cornell to Herbert Crabtree and Peter J. Cramer. It is understood that the purchasers intend to establish a clubhouse on the property.

Long Island.

The Great Neck Improvement Company has sold at Great Neck Hills to Harlan G. Willson a plot 50 by 120, in Overlook Avenue, overlooking Little Neck Bay and New York City; also, to Miss Sarah J. Peet, a plot 40 by 120, in Overlook Avenue; also, to Miss Caryl Bensel, a plot 60 by 100, in Overlook Avenue; improved by a stucco house.

G. Taus & Son have sold for F. W. Winslow the corner property situated at the northwest corner of Division Avenue and the Boulevard, Rockaway Beach, N. Y., to David Isenberg, who will improve same for his own business purpose; also, for Mrs. E. W. Tuthill the corner property and cottage, situated at the southeast corner of Oceanus Avenue and the Boulevard, Rockaway Beach, to an investor, who will improve same by erecting stores and flats, and for Christopher Volzing a plot of four lots on the west side of Orienta Avenue, between Washington Avenue and the ocean, Belle Harbor.

Jamaica Estates reports the following sales: A plot 92 by 159 on Aberdeen Road and a plot 55 by 154 on Tudor Road.

The Shore-Acres Realty Company has sold at Beechhurst, Whitestone Landing, to Charles Dipple, Jr., a plot 100 by 100 at the southeast corner of Thirty-second Street and Sixteenth Avenue; to Ralph R. Clark the plot 80 by 100 on the north side of Thirty-second Street, 100 feet east of Sixteenth Avenue; to Reuben L. Taylor the dwelling on plot 80 by 100 on the south side of Thirty-second Street, 100 feet east of Sixteenth Avenue; to Robert S. De Coster the plot 92 by 100 on the north side of Thirty-first Street, 340 feet east of Sixteenth Avenue, and to Mrs. Eva M. Holmes the dwelling on plot 80 by 100 on the north side of Thirty-first Street, 260 feet east of Sixteenth Avenue.

Bronxville Sales.

Burke Stone has sold for Samuel L. Riley his house on Hobart Street, Gifford Park, to F. O. Fogel, and in conjection with Henry G. Lohman the same broker has sold to the B. S. L. Realty Company five lots on Ellison Avenue, Bronxville Terrace. The buyer will construct two residences on the property.

Private Dwellings Leased.

Ernestus Gulick Company has leased the four-story brick and stone furnished dwelling 601 Fifth Avenue, between Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Streets, for the estate of A. R. Flower to Mrs. James D. Leary to be occupied as a residence until May 1, 1912.

Pease & Elliman have leased for Mrs. Thomas F. White her large house on the corner of Broadway and White's Lane, Cedarhurst, L. I., to Elkan Naumburg.

H. C. Senior & Co. have leased for Emma S. Baumann the four-story American basement dwelling 302 West Ninety-seventh Street to Frederica Cook.

Pease & Elliman have sublet for C. Russell Auchincloss the Rutherfurd house on Albro Lane, Cedarhurst, L. I., to W. L. Lyon.

Jacob A. King has leased to Richard Henriques of New York the Wade property on Franklyn Avenue, Long Branch, N. J. Mr. Henriques intends making it his permanent home.

Leases.

Wilber C. Goodale has leased for various owners the stores 269 Seventh Avenue to the Kaufman Fur Company, 277 Seventh Avenue, to the Chicago Fur Company, and 292 Seventh Avenue to E. Goldinger.

William H. Whiting & Co. have leased the store at 183 William Street, corner of Spruce Street, to Harry Lesser; the store and basement at 190 William Street to Ernest Fribourg; the first loft at 190 William Street to A. M. Stewart, and the top loft at 39 Beekman Street to the International Process Company.

Ogden & Clarkson have leased the premises 211 West Street to A. D. Edwards for a term of years.

Frank J. Cassidy has leased for a term of years to John F. Baber the building now under construction at the northeast corner of Seventh Avenue and Thirty-third Street, diagonally across the avenue from the Pennsylvania Station. The building will be used for a café and hotel. M. F. Meehan negotiated the lease.

Bernard Kreizer has leased through George R. Read & Co. the property at 42 Hudson Street for a long term of years.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased the fifth floor of the Hilliard Building for a period of ten years to John A. Kelly, at an aggregate rental of about $85,000. The floor will be used by the General Accident Insurance Corporation of Perth.

S. Osgood Pell & Co., in conjunction with Pease & Elliman, have rented to Sirron & Co., modistes, for five years the first floor at 12 East Forty-eighth Street.

Eltinge Theatre Plans.

Plans have been filed for the construction of a four-story theatre and studio on the south side of Forty-second Street, 200 feet east of Eighth Avenue, for the Woods, Eltinge & Bloom Theatre Company, of which Sol Bloom is President. It will have a frontage of 60 feet and a depth of 92.9 feet, with a façade of brick and terra cotta. Thomas W. Lamb is the architect. The cost is placed at $77,000.

Stores in Academy of Music.

Plans have been filed for installing stores and offices in the Fourteenth Street side and part of the Irving Place side of the old Academy of Music, on the northeast corner of Irving Place and Fourteenth Street, at a cost of $30,000, for the Gilmore estate. Thomas W. Lamb is the architect.

Notes.

A taxpayers' convention will be held under the auspices of the United Real Estate Owners' Association at Turn Hall, Lexington Avenue and Eighty-fifth Street, on Oct. 17 and 18.

The Huston & Spraker Company will open an uptown office on Oct. 4 at 27 East Forty-fifth Street, corner of Madison Avenue. The present downtown office, at 25 Liberty Street, will be maintained as heretofore.

On Monday the Llewellyn Realty Company will remove its offices from 35 Nassau Street to 436 East 138th Street, in the Llewellyn Apartments, owned by the company.

Plans have been filed for making over the four-story private dwelling on the south side of Forty-sixth Street, 200.8 feet east of Fifth Avenue, into a store, with offices, for Jennie E. Van Brunt, at a cost of $15,000.

The owner of the property at 391 Grand Street, against which a lis pendens was filed, is Rebecca J. Goldsmith, and not Abraham L. Kass, who holds a mortgage on the premises.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

3d St, 308, s s, 228.6 ft w of Avenue D, 22.7x 100, three-story dwelling with two-story extension; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Oct. 4. Columbia St, 114, n e corner of Stanton St, 25x 75, four-story tenement and stores and four-story loft and storage building; leasehold; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, J. E. Kehoe, $500.

By Daniel Greenwald.

165th St, 946, s s, 70.3 ft e of Kelly St, 50x 72.2x irregular, five-story tenement and stores; Sheriff's sale of all right, title, &c., which Bristow Construction Co. and others had on May 17, 1911, or since; adjourned to Oct. 5.

AT 3,156 THIRD AVENUE.

By Samuel Marx.

6th Av, w s, about 20 ft n of 172d St, Morrisania, 50x100, vacant; also Walton Av, n e corner of 172d St, 8.7x54.11x50.3x73.11, vacant; foreclosure sale, to Harold Swain, $3,250.

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owner; E. C. Horn Sons, architects; cost... $15,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 28.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

ANTHONY AV, c s, 230 ft s of Prospect Place, 29.2x90; Jacob Sternstein, trustee, to Lena Sternstein, 512 12th St, Brooklyn, quitclaim, Sept. 27; attorneys, M. & B. Jaffe, 280 Broadway $1

ANTHONY AV, c s, 230 ft s of Prospect Place, 29.2x90; J. Sternstein, a corporation, to Lena Sternstein, 512 12th St, Brooklyn, quitclaim, Sept. 27.....$1

ANTHONY AV, c s, 230 ft s of Prospect Place, 29.2x90; Lena and Jacob Sternstein to Barnet Jaffe, 1,744 Anthony Av, (mtg $10,000.) Sept. 27; attorneys, M. & B. Jaffe, 280 Broadway $1

ARTHUR AV, 2,173, w s, 25x93.1; Alfred Bernheim to Nicola Gallina, 2,270 Washington Av, Sept. 27; attorney, S. Williamson, 361 Alexander Av.....$100

BROADWAY, w s, 50.5 ft s of 115th St, 50.6x 75; Thomas H. O'Connor, executor, to Stephen C. Clark, at Cooperstown, N. Y., Sept. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway $1

CANNON ST, 73 to 77, 75x100; Robert S. Clark and others to Edward S. Clark, at Cooperstown, N. Y., Sept. 26; attorneys, Ver Planck, P. & F., 149 Broadway...$100

SAME PROPERTY; Edward S. Clark and the Clark Neighborhood Association, 149 Broadway, (mtg $87,000,) Sept. 27; attorney, same $100

CEDAR AV, n s, Lots 227 to 230, map of Laconia Park; Emma S. Ryno to Melrose Realty Co., 4,380 3d Av, Sept. 26; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

CROTONA AV, n s, 203.6 ft e of Broad St, 75x93; Stephen H. Keating to James P. Keating, 14 East 28th St, quitclaim, June 28; attorney, R. J. D. Keating, 68 William St..$1

CROTONA AV, n s, 235.10 ft e of Franklin Av, 25x101.3; Lot 25, map of George Faile; Stephen H. Keating to James P. Keating, 14 East 28th St, quitclaim, June 28; same attorney $1

CROTONA AV, n s, 352 ft e of Prospect Av, 25x90; Crotona Av, n s, 377 ft e of Prospect Av, 25x96; Crotona Av, n s, 327 ft e of Prospect Av, 25x93; Stephen H. Keating to James P. Keating, 14 East 28th St, quitclaim, June 28; same attorney $1

DAWSON ST, 675, n s, 25x—; James Harty to Nora Harty, 675 Dawson St, (mtg $4,000,) Sept. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway $1

LEXINGTON AV, n e corner of 128th St, 99.11x30; Ignatz Margareten to Max Horowitz, Johnstown, Penn., all liens, March 3; M. A. Horowitz, 156 East 94th St.....$100

LOT 596, map of Gleason property; Katherine Hanrahan to Louisa B. Dleuer, 1,768 Gleason Av, Sept. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

MADISON AV, 1,899, e s, 20x100; Annie M., wife of John B. Harrison, to Lillian Hof, 80 Argyle Road, Brooklyn, Sept. 18; attorney, Richard Kelly, 170 Broadway $100

MANHATTAN AV, n e corner of 122d St, 201.10x—; Sutherland Realty Co. to Jumel Realty and Construction Co., 430 West 119th St, Sept. 15, (mtg $97,500;) attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.....$100

SUMMIT AV, n e corner of 161st St, 75x95; Woodstock Construction Co. to Catharina M. A. von Delson, 2,593 Grand Av, (mtgs $93,-550,) Sept. 28; attorney, Edward Miehling, 258 Broadway $100

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, e s, 140.5 ft n of 91st St, 37.7x85.5; Georgio L. Bannon to Manhasset Development Co, 149 Broadway, (mtg $45,000,) Sept. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

TIEBOUT AV, 2,095, w s, 16.8x90; Hugo Helburn to Lena Joseph, 486 East 141st St, Sept. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway $1

TIEBOUT AV, s w corner of 153th St, 23.3 to old Clark St x90.6x38.6x91.9, with all right, title, and interest to any land in Clark St adjoining above; University Heights Realty Co. to Jennie Bartley, 565 Carlton Av, Brooklyn, all liens Sept. 19; attorney, H. N. McLernon, 128 West Fordham Road.....$100

WEST ½ of Lot 318, map of Wakefield; Brill Contracting Co. to Hy S. Schimmel, 103 West 128th St, Sept. 26, (mtg $3,300;) address, 53 Park Row $100

3D ST, 36 East, s s, 23.1x57.4; John Kormann and another, executors, to John H. Bodine, 201 East 79th St, Aug. 8; attorneys, Arnstein, L. & P., 128 Broadway.....$15,150

6TH AV, 1,463, e s, 25x83; Christian Wolz to Day-MacDonald Co, 846 Quincy St, Brooklyn, Sept. 27; attorney, T. C. Byrnes, 45 Broadway $1

7TH AV, 2,021, n e corner of 121st St, 25.11x 92; Morris R. Stang to Max N. Nathanson, 601 West 151st St, Sept. 25; attorneys, Davis & M., 52 Broadway $100

7TH AV, 2,021, n e corner of 121st St, 25.11x 92; Max N. Nathanson to Sarah Polstein, 115 East 78th St, Sept. 26; attorneys, Davis & M., 52 Broadway $100

34TH ST, 510 to 514 West, 60x98.9; Harry McLean and others to Harry McLean and others, 446 Central Park West, Sept. 20, (mtg $22,-000;) attorney, Hy Hoeltjes, 346 Broadway.

40TH ST, 453 West, 20x98.9; Albert L. Fessler to William H. Keogh, 148 East 83d St, Sept. 27, (mtg $9,000;) attorneys, Deyo & B., 111 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; William H. Keogh to Albert L. Fessler, 28 Manhattan Av, Sept. 27, (mtg $9,000;) attorn y, same.....$1

45TH ST, s s, 90 ft e of 3d Av, 53.4x98.9; Selma F. Feinbach to Emma J. Bergman and others, 408 East 142d St, Aug. 3; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

61ST ST, 207 West, n s, 146 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 27x100.5; Ida Saks to Sadie Grossman, 958 7th Av, (mtg $14,500,) Sept. 26; attorney, Max Greenberger, 170 Broadway.....$100

68TH ST, s s, 300 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x100.5; Stephen C. Clark to Edward S. Clark, at Cooperstown, N. Y., Sept. 26; attorneys, Ver Planck, P. & F., 149 Broadway $100

72D ST, 315 East, n s, 20x102.2; Samuel Printz to Edward Printz, 444 1st Av, (mtg $14,-525,) April 18, 1910; attorney, B. Abrahum, 116 Nassau St.....$100

72D ST, 315 East, n s, 20x102.2; Irving Wolins to Isaac Sachar, 130 South 2d St, Brooklyn, Sept. 11; attorney, B. Abraham, 116 Nassau St $1

73D ST, 251 West; Leslie S. Petrie to Mervyn Realty Co., 1,099 Broadway, May 16, (mtg $17,000;) attorneys, Hastings & G., 258 Broadway $1

77TH ST, 270 West, 17x81.2; J. Louis Schaefer to Mary E. Miller, 227 West 52d St, (mtg $16,000,) Sept. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$100

93D ST, 35 West, n s, 19.1x100.8; Christopher Mooney to Dorothea H. Simmons, 110 West 93d St, (mtg $12,000,) Sept. 26; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway $100

102D ST, 322 East, s s, 275 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.11; Jacob Dreksler to Aaron J. Goodman, 190 Delancey St, (mtg $16,400,) Sept 28; attorney, S Slack, 132 Nassau St....$100

113TH ST, 459 West, 25x100.11; Harry Cahn and others to Mamie Wessel, 17 East 107th St. Sept. 27, (mtg $28,500;) attorney, S. Solomon, 309 Broadway $100

141ST ST, 486 East, s s, 37.6x100; Lena Jacobs to Hugo Helburn, 748 East 175th St, (mtg $28,000,) Sept. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$100

173D ST, 564 West, n s, 37.6x100; Isaac Schlesinger to Alfred C. Bachman, 265 West 121st St, Sept. 27; attorney, I. Schlesinger, 6 West 20th St.....$100

235TH ST, s s, 185 ft w of Katonah Av, 25x 100; Mount Vernon Builders' Supply Co. of Mount Vernon, N. Y., to John Maier, 842 East 229th St, (mtg $4,500,) Sept. 13; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

ALPERS, Ferdinand, to Martha Lorenz, 661 East 170th St; Jackson Av, 1,186, s e s, 20x—, prior mtg $3,500, 3 years, 6 p. c., Sept. 28; attorney, Charles A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St $3,000

BECK MEMORIAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH of New York City to Meyer Butzel, 22 East 80th St; Daly Av, n w corner of 181st St, 103.11x100.4, Sept. 28, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$5,000

BERNSTEIN, Jacob, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 123d St, 224 East, 22x100.5, Sept. 28, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway $6,000

BODINE, John H., to John Kormann, 426 East 83d St, and another, executors; 3d St, s s, 22.11 ft w of 2d Av, 23.1x57.4x22.7x56.8, Aug. 29, 3 years; attorney, Theo. Baumeister, 35 Nassau St $10,000

CRONEMEYER, Alfred G., to Theresa Reinach, 128 East 105th St; Vyse Av, n w corner of Home St, 91.4x25x94.2x25.2, Sept. 27, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, L. & A. U. Zinke, 190 Broadway $4,000

DIENER, Louisa B., to Rowena M. Southworth, 410 Riverside Drive; Lot 596, map of Gleason property, Sept. 27, due as per bond; attorney, F. A. Southworth, 68 William St., $3,500

DINKELSPIEL, Regine, to Catherine Ernst, 1,186 Tinton Av; Edgecombe Av, n e corner of 141st St, 25x90.8, 5 years, Sept. 28; attorney, M. C. Gross, 271 Broadway.....$25,000

DORF, Jennie, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; 7th St, 85 East, 25x74.10, Sept. 21, 5 years; address, 160 Broadway $20,000

EDUCATIONAL ALLIANCE, Workmen's Circle Branch, a corporation, to Hyman Dolmansky, 134 East 110th St; 103d St, 143x 145 East, 32x100.11, prior mtg $17,000, 2 years, 6 p. c., Sept. 27; attorney, M. Davidoff, 135 Broadway $1,000

EILE, Joseph S., to George G. De Witt, 39 West 51st St; Houston St, 319 East, 24.10x—, Sept. 28, 5 years; attorneys, De Witt, L. & De Witt, 88 Nassau St.....$40,000

FISHMAN, Annie, to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St; 40th St, 207 and 209 East, 50x98.9, 5 years, Sept. 28; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.....$30,000

FITZPATRICK, Elizabeth M., and others to Commonwealth Savings Bank, 2,007 Amsterdam Av; Bathgate Av, e s, 64.7 ft s of 180th St, 16.10x69.11, Sept. 27, 5 years, 6½ p. c.; attorney, George H. Hyde, 41 Park Row $4,000

FRANK, Roberta F., to Seamen's Bank for Savings, 76 Wall St; Madison Av, 2,009, e s, 20x85, Sept. 27, 5 years; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St.....$15,000

FRANK, Roberta F., to Conrad Tisch, 1,698 Topping Av; Madison Av, 2,009, e s, 20x85, prior mtg $15,000, Sept. 27, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St.....$2,000

FRED T. FRENCH CO. to William H. Sage, at Scarsdale, N. Y.; 162d St, s s, 211.7 ft e of Prospect Av, 50x—, Sept. 28, due Oct. 28, 1911, 6 p. c.; address, 156 Broadway..

GALLINA, Nicola, to Alfred Bernheimer, 2,173 Arthur Av; Arthur Av, w s, 110.2 ft n of Oak Tree Place, 25x93.1, Sept. 27, 5 years; attorney, Smith Williamson, 361 Alexander Av $7,000

GARCEWICH, David, to Frances A. Watson, 607 Jefferson Av, Brooklyn; 27th St, n s, 100 ft w of 10th Av, 25x98.9, prior mtg $21,000, 2 years, 6 p. c., Sept. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $4,500

HOF, Lillian, to Sarah E. Furnald, 33 West 72d St; Madison Av, 1,899, e s, 20x100, Sept. 18, 3 years; attorney, R. B. Kelly, 170 Broadway $15,000

HYAMS, Rosa, to Sarah F. Turner, at Englewood, N. J.; 118th St, 405 East, 16.8x100.11, Sept. 28, 3 years, rate as per bond; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place $4,500

JOSEPH, Lena, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 7 Liberty St; Tiebout Av, 2,095, w s, 16.8x90, Sept. 28, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$3,000

KNAPP, John M., to Emma J. McCormick, 225 West End Av; Post Av, s s, 200 ft e of Hawthorne St, 100x150, 1 year, Sept. 27; attorney, H. S. Cook, 38 Park Row...$7,000

LE COLLEN, Jeanne, to Emil Fuerth, 2,350 Broadway; Lexington Av, 850, w s, 20x85, Sept. 28, due July 15, 1912; attorney, George Hahn, 15 William St.....$5,500

McENTEE, Zephy, to Harlem Savings Bank, 124 East 125th St; 173d St, 511 West, 18x 100, 1 year, rate as per bond, Sept. 28; attorney, E. S. Clinch, 41 Park Row....$2,000

MEENAN, Daniel, to Franklin Savings Bank, 656 8th Av; 55th St, 415 to 421 West, n s, 100x irregular, Sept. 28, 1 year; attorney, W. M. Powell, 29 Wall St.....$110,000

MELROSE REALTY CO. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St; Macomba Place, n e corner of 150th St, 56.10x100.11, Sept. 28, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St. $65,000

MELROSE REALTY CO. to Nell Buckingham, Lakewood, N. J.; Cedar Av, n s, Lots 227 to 230, map of Laconia Park, 50x100, Sept. 14, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$1,700

MICHAEL BRIGANTE CO. to Francis Asbury Palmer Fund, a corporation, 7 Park Place; Mulberry St, n w corner of Kenmore St, 59.8x99.2, Sept. 22, 5 years; attorney, R. B. Kelly, 170 Broadway.....$110,000

MICHAEL BRIGANTE CO. to James E. March, 235 Lafayette St; Mulberry St, n w corner of Kenmore St, 59.8x99.2, prior mtg $110,000, Sept. 28, due as per bond; attorney, R. B. Kelly, 170 Broadway.....$20,000

MILLER, Mary E., to J. Louis Schaefer, 270 West 77th St; 77th St, s s, 83.6 ft e of West End Av, 17x81.2, prior mtg $16,000, Sept. 28, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$5,500

NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery; Broadway, s e corner of Bearer St, n e, Sept. 28, due as per bond; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St $225,000

RINGELSTEIN, Louise, to George Hauser, 1,762 Walker Av; 222d St, n s, 581.17 ft e of Barnes Av, 10x—, Sept. 20, due Dec. 1, 1914, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Charles H. Baecher, 1,129 Walker Av.....$1,000

SIMMONS, Dorothea H., to Christopher Mooney, 131 Edgecombe Av; 93d St, 35 West, n s, 19x100.8, Sept. 26, due March 26, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. A. Cassel, 305 Amsterdam Av $2,000

SOLOMON, William H., to Grace L. Horton, 2,881 Broadway; Hoffman St, 2,441, w s, 16.8 x97.5, Sept. 27, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. F. Duckworth Co., 63 Park Row.....$200

STEIN, Charles A., to Trust Co. of America, 37 Wall St; 100th St, 215 West, 60x51.10, Sept. 28, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Fitch, M. & G., 32 Nassau St.....$50,000

STEVENSON, Oscar, to Charles S. Furst, 18 East 60th St; Morningside Av East, e s, 56.5 ft s of 116th St, 53.10x68.3x47.8x99.3, prior mtg $60,000, Sept. 27, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. I. Sire, 99 Nassau St.....$2,500

WEEKS, Charles W., to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery; Greenwich St, 360 and 362, w s, 32.6x60, Sept. 28, 5 years; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St $4,500

WOOD-COLLINS REALTY CO. to Emma M. Carroll, 3,067 Sedgwick Av; Carroll St, n s, Lot 10, map of City Island, 50x110, Sept. 25, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,600

261 WEST 36TH STREET CO. to Empire Trust Co., trustee, 42 Broadway; 36th St, 261 to 265 West, 50.6x98.9, prior mtg $180,-000, 3 years, 6 p. c., Sept. 1; attorney, F. E. Kessinger, 2 Rector St.....$40,000

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

BATHGATE AV, e s, 64.4 ft s of 180th St, 16.10x70x16.10x69.11, March 14, 1908; Catherine C. Kasser and John, her husband, to Julia Brandt; owner, Elizabeth M. Fitzpatrick, 882 St. Nicholas Av; Ily. Frohwitter, 150 Nassau St.....$3,000

BROAD ST, 76, w s, 72.6 ft s of Marketfield St, runs w 137.6x n 70 to Marketfield St x e 43.4x s 32.4x e 98.1x s 38.7 to beginning, Aug. 20, 1907; New York Produce Exchange, a corporation, to Fannie C. Browning and Marie C. Coddington; Huntington, Rhinelander & Seymonr, 54 William St...$225,000

EDGECOMBE AV, n e corner of 141st St, 25x90.8x25x93.5, Sept. 8, 1897; Louis W. Dinkelspiel to Lincoln Trust Co., 208 5th Av; owner, Regine Dinkelspiel, 388 Manhattan Av; Bowers & S., 131 Nassau St...$24,000

JACKSON AV, 1,184, s e s, 41.10 ft s w of Boston Road, 20x132, Oct. 1, 1906; Henry Spreen and Wilhelmine, his wife, to Michael Bissert, 2,854 Briggs Av; owner, Caroline Schwenker, 367 East 157th St; H. C. Botty, 140 Nassau St.....$7,000

JACKSON AV, 1,186, s e s, 21.9 ft s w of Boston Road, 20x132.11x irregular, Oct. 1, 1906; Ferdinand Lipere and Auguste, his wife, owners, 3,013 3d Av, to Michael Bissert, 2,854 Briggs Av; H. C. Botty, 140 Nassau St.....$7,000

KELLY ST, w s, 306 ft n of Longwood Av, 40x100, Sept. 21, 1908; Kellwood Realty Co. to Robert W. Graves, 7 West 51st St, and others, trustees of Margaret J. F. Graves, Edward J. Loughman and others; owner, Adolph Kross, 841 Kelly St; Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.....$25,000

LEXINGTON AV, 1,192, w s, 17x55, June 12, 1908; Rachel Cohn to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; owner, Abraham Wolff, 156 East 79th St; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, $7,500

LOT 37, map of Samler estate, property at West 256th St and Broadway, Nov. 3, 1909; William F. Klinkerfuss, Jr., owner, 1,727 Van Buren St, to Stuard Realty Co, 200 Broadway; Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $450

MADISON AV, n e s, 47.2 ft e of Clinton St, 21.6x68.2, June 24, 1890; Patrick Gallagher and Mary, his wife, to Harriet D. Potter; owner, Annie Levy, 603 West 111th St; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $16,000

MADISON AV, 2,069, e s, 20x85, July 18, 1906; Maude M. Overington and Harry, her husband, to Lewis H. Freedman, executor of Lizzie B. Stillwell, deceased, and Lizzie Von Boskerck; owners, Roberta and Henry Frank, on premises; Joline, Larkin & R., 54 Wall St, and Butts & Vining, 51 Chambers St...$15,000

SAME PROPERTY, May 29, 1900; Harry Overington to Conrad and Catharine Tisch; owners, same; H. Overington, 2,706 3d Av... $2,000

MANHATTAN AV, w s, 34.2 ft n of 105th St, 16.8x75, June 28, 1907; Susan E. Luytin to Charles J. Baker, executor of Louisa A. Guck, deceased; owner, Kate E. Hume, 125 Manhattan Av.; Ronald K. Brown, 320 Broadway $9,000

MONAGHAN AV, o s, 150 ft n of Jefferson Av, being Lot 7, Block 6, Section A of Edenwald, 25x100; Jones Av, e s, 275 ft s of Jefferson Av, being Lots 16 and 17, same map, 50x100, Sept. 28, 1908; Johanna C. Blake to James H. Fanning, Southampton, L. I.; owner, De Witt C. Hayes, 5 New York Av, White Plains; Watson & Kristeller, 100 William St $750

RYER AV, n w s, —— of Field (or Kirk) Place, 100.8x63.4x100x75.1, Dec. 21, 1904; Hugo Gutfreund to Empire City Savings Bank, 231 West 125th St; owner, Sigmund Gutfreund, 50 Eldorado Place, Weehawken, N. J.; Charles W. Dayton, 27 William St.. $5,000

SUMMIT AV, 975, w s, 29.3x95, March 26, 1908; August W. Wehrman, owner, 2,061 8th Av, to Kemp-Jones Realty Co.; Robert W. Todd, 229 Broadway.....$1,000

SUMMIT AV, 977, w s, 28.9x95, March 26, 1908; Adolph H. Wehrman and William P. Wehrman, owners, on premises, to Robert W. Todd, 123 East 57th St; Todd & St. John, 258 Broadway $4,000

VYSE ST, (3d Av,) n w corner of Home St, 94.2x25.2x91.4x25; Alfred G. Cronemeyer and Lena, his wife, owners, 989 Home St, to William W. Conklin, Montclair, N. J.; William H. Sage, 156 Broadway.....$1,500

93D ST, 35 West, n s, 19.1x100.8, Sept. 15, 1909; Christopher Mooney and Elizabeth, his wife, owners, 131 Edgecombe Av, to James Devlin, 327 West 45th St; P. C. Devlin, 203 Broadway.....$2,000

115TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of 5th Av, 34.10x100.11, Feb. 1, 1906; Samuel Graboys and Bessie, his wife, to Elkan Kahn; owner, John Dobrer, 206 West 120th St; Bogart & Bogart, 61 Park Row $8,000

115TH ST, 11 East, n s, 34.10x100, Sept. 16, 1903; Isaac Helfer to William Koch, 361 Ford St; owner, John Dobrer, 206 West 120th St; Atwater & Cruikshank, 43 Cedar St. $25,000

116TH ST, s s, 300 ft w of 6th Av, 100x100.11, Oct. 28, 1904; Abram A. Weigert, owner, 127 East 72d St, to Aaron M. Weigert, Edgemere, L. I., administrator of Flora Weigert, deceased; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$2,500

119TH ST, 530 East, s s, 17.10x100.11, Oct. 6, 1909; Robert Bade to John M. Bowers, 45 East 65th St

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Philipse Manor.

A Mile on the Hudson

ACTUAL FRONTAGE ON THE HUDSON RIVER.
Philipse Manor is the only development within 26 miles of Grand Central Station that enables its residents to enjoy actual access to the shores of the Hudson River.

Shore Front Pleasures.
Those who enjoy swimming or bathing will find the fine, safe sandy beach a source of great pleasure. Owners of yachts, motors, or row boats can make use of the Philipse Manor dock. Fishermen can enjoy the sport to their heart's content. A magnificent boulevard extends along the water's edge for more than a mile.
Newly erected, ideal homes can be secured at Philipse Manor at most attractive prices on a liberal 5% mortgage basis.

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Office at Philipse Manor White Plains | Cooley & West Inc. 331 Madison Ave., N.Y. | Office at Mount Vernon New Rochelle

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A house of attractive design with rooms of most generous dimensions.
We will admit the house is large and the rooms are large; 5 bedroms and 2 baths on 2d floor. Even the closets are most large large enough to sleep in and window-lighted. Improved hot-water heating system.

THE HOUSE

was not built under contract, but by day's work. The house probably cost 60% more to build than the usual size and contract house of similar design.

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to get away from the cramped up, thrown together, band box style of house?

CERTAINLY IN THIS CASE

where house and plot entire can be bought considerably less than actual cost of house plus fair ground value.

TELEPHONE

making an appointment to see this property, which is only 26 miles from Grand Central Station. Photo in our office.

COOLEY & WEST, Inc.
331 Madison Avenue.
Telephone 4430 Murray Hill.

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For rent—An all-year Country Home, in grove of stately beech trees, 40 minutes from 42d St., and in centre of Pelham Manor, most beautiful suburb of New York; 200 feet frontage on Manor Circle (a residence park,) garden, garage, beautiful lawn, lofty shade trees, 100 yards from city line. "Beecholm," built three years ago, lies adjacent to Pelham Bay Park, and the public golf links; 5 minutes from Long Island Sound and Travers Island; 3 minutes from the New Haven railway station. House contains 14 rooms, including large outside sleeping chamber; 3 tiled baths; sun parlor; billiard room; spacious veranda; 6 large, light, well ventilated sleeping rooms; 3 open fireplaces; oak beams and paneling; electric lights; combination of steam and hot air heating plant. Send for photographs. Rent $1,400.
Also similar house, built same time, along same lines, for $1,200 rent. Longley (owner,) Pelham Manor, Tel. 1833 Pelham.

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Modern country seat located on bluff 200 feet back from Hudson River, 25 miles from Grand Central Station; unobstructed view for miles up and down river; 20 rooms, including billiard room, lounging room, buffet; open fireplaces and four baths; a most thoroughly well built and finely appointed home; exterior ornamental brick construction; photograph in our office. Truly & West, Inc., 331 Madison Av., cor. 43d St. Phone Murray Hill—4430.

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70 acres—good house and barns.....$1,800
100 acres—6-room house and barns....$1,500
8 acres—hour and a half out.....$500
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At Mount Vernon and Pelham Heights, several modern and attractive homes for rent at prices from $75 to $150 per month; beautiful grounds and environment. Cooley & West, Inc., Mount Vernon, N. Y. 'Phone 708.

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Houses and plots for sale and rent. Burke Stone, Bronxville.

Plots and Houses for sale and rent. Angell, Scarsdale; office open after 2 o'clock.

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STARTLING REDUCTION IN PRICE.
A handsome and beautifully located Chester Hill residence of 12 rooms, 2 tiled bathrooms, shower, sleeping balcony; oak trim, parquet floors, hot water heat, gas and electricity, open fireplace, &c., is offered for rent at a reduction of 25 per cent. on the former price, or will sell on cash payment of $2,000; it's a REAL bargain. Cooley & West, Inc., 331 Madison Av., Phone 4430 Murray Hill, or Mount Vernon, N. Y., Phone 708.

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Sound View Residence Bargain.

The choicest corner on Pelham Road, New Rochelle's best location; plot 165x210; beautiful lawn, hedges, splendid shade; fruit, garden, three chicken runways; cement sidewalks; garage with quarters; hot and cold water and electricity; the dwelling, artistic outside and in, contains 14 rooms, gas, electricity, 7 fireplaces, hot and cold water, with porcelain washstands in all sleeping rooms; two baths, standing shower with receptacle; J. L. Mott plumbing throughout; large, broad verandas, (glass inclosed for Winter;) house thoroughly screened; will sell at greatly reduced price of $30,000 on terms, or will rent, unfurnished, $1,800 per year; would decorate to suit tenant. Reason for selling, owner in business at Newark, N. J. H. E. COLWELL, 284 Main St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

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Let me show you the glorious view from Hudson View Terrace. Plots and houses for sale at fair prices. Write to-day. Christian Gaul, 23 N. Broadway, Yonkers.

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Beautiful 9 Room House

Modern; all latest improvements; short distance from shore; only 32 minutes from Penn. Station, N. Y. C.; on 2 full city lots; 2 more lots can be acquired if desired; macadamized streets, cement walks, curbs, &c.; has electric lighting, sewered property; privileges of fine bathing beach; dock anchorage and high-class yacht clubhouse; refined and select neighborhood and elegant surroundings; price, $7,000; terms will be arranged to suit purchaser; title guaranteed. Address Waterfront, Box 200 Times Downtown.

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only ½ hour from Penn. Station; few people know even of the existence of this beautiful water-front property so near New York City; fine dock for bathing, &c.; elegant bathing beach; yacht clubhouse on the water's edge; finest residential property on Long Island; streets, sidewalks, gas, electricity, and sewers; no assessments whatever; improvements all paid for; selling very cheap on easy terms; titles guaranteed; make appointment to see this property. Choice Water Front Lots, 146 East 34th St., New York.

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Queens, L. I. A beautiful new semi-bungalow. Price $6,200; value $6,700. 28 minutes from Broadway, 3 minutes from express station; 100 trains daily, electric, subway, and trolleys. Select neighborhood. Restricted property. Every modern convenience; schools, libraries, churches, etc. A Perfect Gem. Write for description.
Small amount cash; easy monthly payments.
Call, write, or 'phone 8257 Cortlandt.
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7 and 8 room houses, with 2 to 6 lots; 32 minutes out; modern improvements; low prices; terms very easy; also beautiful water front property. Wm. Sallberg, 391 East 149th St., Room 213.

ATTRACTIVE, modern 13-room house, hardwood trim, all improvements; 70-foot corner lot; large garage; worth $9,250; sell $8,500; cash $2,500. DAVIS, 114 Maple St., Richmond Hill, L. I.

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for term of years in heart of grocery section.
Special Terms to May, 1912.
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Adjoining
FIFTH AVE.
5-story building within 100 feet of Fifth Ave.; can be secured on long lease at reasonable rental.
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Northwest corner of Lenox Av. and 112th St.
Two minutes Subway.
Large corner store, 20x50, with basement 90x74; suitable cafe and rathskeller, express office, drug store, grocery, hardware. Apply Superintendent, on premises, or
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SEVERAL FINE LOFTS FOR PRINTERS AND MANUFACTURERS; STEAM HEAT, ELEVATORS; RELIABLE POWER (ELECTRIC), LIVE STEAM; 50x90 AND 70x90; BEST LOCATION IN MANHATTAN; UNEQUALED FACILITIES. APPLY TO YOUR BROKER OR AT OFFICE OF
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LIGHT OFFICES, $20 to $50.
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GAINSBOROUGH STUDIOS,
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Lofts and skylight studios, (Columbus Circle,) 311 West 59th St.; new up-to-date elevator building. Apply on premises.

EXCEPTIONALLY light, cheerful offices; modern, fireproof building; from $15 month upward. 109 Broad St.

To Let.—Skylight loft, 110 East 23d St., for offices or salesrooms. Apply at the premises, O. Oelschlaeger.

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Between 11th and 12th Sts.
Attractive apartment; 7 large, light rooms and bath; possession October 1st.
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Hall service. Opposite First Presbyterian Church. Apply Superintendent, on premises, or
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MOST CENTRAL LOCATION IN TOWN.
Apartments of 4, 5, and 8 rooms, 1 and 2 baths; exceptionally large, light rooms, with high ceiling, decorated to suit; superior hall and elevator service. Your inspection invited each day, including Sundays. Also 1 furnished apartment of 8 rooms and 2 baths.

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HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

Stadium View and Shore View
445-448 Riverside Drive
Just North of 116th St.
9 Large, Light Rooms
With Foyer and 3 Bathrooms, $1750.
Also 6 and 8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1200—$1700
New 12-story, fireproof building, block from Subway Station. Two apartments on a floor.

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Modern light apartments, one block from "L." Excellent location, overlooking the Park. All large, sunny, outside rooms.

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FIREPROOF.

An unusually unique house, with every modern convenience. Large rooms and plenty of closet space. Close to 96th St. subway express station.

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Rent $2,000 to $2,300.

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2,647 B'way, (101st St.) 6, 7 rooms and bath; all improvements; all night elevator; 'phone and hall service; $67.50 to $80.

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A new twelve-story fire and sound proof building.
The only house of its kind on the west side. A few of the 10 and 11 room apartments left. Rent from $2,800 to $3,500.
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NEW FIREPROOF APARTMENTS OF THE VERY HIGHEST TYPE.
Equipped with every convenience known to modern construction.
MOST BEAUTIFUL SUITES consisting of
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All Outside Rooms of unusual size situated in the highest point and commanding an unobstructed view of New York.
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Refined corner apartments of seven rooms; full modern phone and elevator service; near transit lines and park; new ownership and management; $55; diagrams and particulars on premises or of
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A SUB-LEASE CHANCE

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MANHATTAN.

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69th & 70th Sts. & Broadway

MODERNIZED in every detail, the NEVADA APARTMENTS are now the equal of any other high-class apartments in the city. On account of their unique situation, facing four streets, every apartment is outside, insuring light and air in every room. The rooms are large and excellently arranged, and their appointments are equal to those of a private residence. The dining and drawing rooms have large open fireplaces. The suites consist of 7 rooms and 2 baths.

THE MOST ACCESSIBLE LOCATION ON THE WEST SIDE

NEWLY RENOVATED AND MODERNIZED

Extra servant rooms with bath conveniences.

Rents $1,500 to $2,200

The Alliance Realty Company,
Owners
115 BROADWAY
OR SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES

Chatham Court,

71 CENTRAL PARK WEST,
N. W. Cor. 67th St.
VERY DESIRABLE
10-Room Corner Apartments
overlooking Central Park; large outside rooms, southern exposure; modern building, possessing every possible convenience that goes to make up a strictly high class residence; the location is perfectly ideal.
RENTS ON APPLICATION.
Resident Manager on Premises.

CLARENDON

86th St. and Riverside Drive,
SOUTHEAST CORNER.
9 & 12 Rooms 4 Baths.
Exceptionally large, light, airy rooms. Uniquely arranged with spacious closets. Handsomely decorated to suit individual tastes.
$3,000 to $4,500
Apply on premises, or
Ranald H. Macdonald,
29 West 34th St.

BACHELORS

THE OAKDALE
36-38 West 35th St.,
NEAR 5TH AV.
Suites of 2 and 3 rooms and bath. Hotel service.
Rents $600 to $1,000
Superintendent on premises.

Hague Apartments

547 Riverside Drive
overlooking Hudson River, Palisades and Claremont.
High class Apartments, 6 or 7 rooms and bath.
Excellent location; convenient to subway express station; all night elevator; hall and 'phone service.
APARTMENTS, $700 to $1,200.

BERKELEY ARMS

326 to 332 West 95th St.
Handsome up-to-date apartments.
All light, airy rooms; Subway express station.
RENTS, $45-75.
Telephone 4174 Riverside.

THE
LOMBARD

WEST END AV. & 76th St.
VERY SELECT
9 Room and 11 Room Apartment
Telephones 1282 Murray Hill, 6300 Columbus

2,128-30 Broadway,

Diagonally opposite Ansonia Hotel.
A most beautiful
12 rooms and 3 baths apartment.
Absolutely fireproof building.
Only two apartments in the house.
Every room exceptionally large and light.
Every known modern convenience.
Open for inspection.

THE ADRIAN,

57 West 72d St., Corner.
Eight large, light rooms, tiled bath; electric light; parquet floors; night and day elevator; Subway express and elevated stations on 72d; all surface lines convenient; rent $1,200 to $1,300.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE AYLSMERE,

60 West 67th St.
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators night and day, passenger and service; steam dryer; convenient to all traction lines; rent $1,000 to $1,500.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

---

148 West 72d Street.

Duplex Studio Housekeeping Apartment.
Superior to any private house; every room light and sunny; scientific heating and ventilation. Most delightful apartment in New York City. Drawing room 20x26, ceiling 20 feet high.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 148 West 72d St.

The Prasada Central Park West, Corner 65th Street.
Apartments of 8 & 10 rooms, 2 & 3 baths; every convenience and improvement, including foyer, pantry, free refrigeration, etc.

84TH STREET—11½ WEST
Very desirable apartment, 7 rooms and bath; will decorate to suit; quiet, select neighborhood, near Park entrance.

On Beautiful Central Park

Eight Large Light Rooms

PARLOR, 16x17.
DINING, 13x18.
LIBRARY, 11x13.
CHAMBERS, 13x14.
KITCHEN, 11x13.
PARQUET FLOORS.
PLENTY CLOSET ROOM.
SANITARY PLUMBING.
DECORATIONS TO SUIT.
ONLY $1,600 TO $1,800.
LIBERAL CONCESSIONS.
ALCLYDE APARTMENTS,
2 W. 94, SOUTH CORNER.
AGENT ON PREMISES, OR GOODWIN & GOODWIN, LENOX AV. & 123D ST.

The Millard

18-20 West 107th St.
High Class Elevator Apartments
5-6-7 & 8 Rooms
Rents $38 to $70
Best in New York at Price

DON'T COME HERE

if you want a flashy entrance AND ALL IT IMPLIES, BUT IF YOU WANT
A Homelike Apartment
5-6 or 7 Rooms Rent $50-$65
WITH ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS IN REFINED NEIGHBORHOOD. Apply
West End Av. 738 Cor 96 St.
Block from Subway Express Station.

Big Concessions.

94TH ST.
NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
High Class Elevator Apartments with All Improvements.
315 FRONT APT., 6 ROOMS & BATH, $46-$52.00. REAR APT., 5 ROOMS & BATH, $42.50.
321 4 and 5 ROOMS AND BATH AND EXTRA LARGE FOYER, $45 TO $65.
Will accept any reasonable offer from desirable tenants.

FOUR ROOM APARTMENT

furnished or unfurnished, with kitchenette, in the exceptionally located
SCHUYLER ARMS,
307 WEST 98TH ST.
See it—you'll want it—price is right.
Two doors from Riverside Drive.
Near Express Subway station.
Maid service included.
Restaurant (a la carte) in building.
'Phone 3964 Riverside.

GAINSBOROUGH STUDIOS
222 WEST 59TH ST.

DUPLEX STUDIO TO LEASE.
Also apartments of three rooms and bath to lease from $1,200; ideal for bachelor or couple; furnished and unfurnished.
JAMES E. BALL, Manager.

THE STRATHMORE

52d St. and Broadway
7 & 8 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS, WITH BATH
HORACE S. ELY & CO.
21 Liberty St. 27 West 30th St.

THE
METROPOLITAN

S. W. COR. 88TH ST. & BROADWAY
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION.
Seven and eight rooms and foyer, generous closets; separate laundries and drying rooms; complete night & day service.
ELECTRIC LIGHT FREE

RICHMOND HILL

27 WASHINGTON SQUARE NORTH;
Very desirable apartment of six rooms and bath; all outside rooms; steam heat, hall boys, elctric light, &c.; rent only $960.
Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway

LIFE BUILDING,
21 West 31st St.
2 rooms and bath, $600; 4-room apartment, $1,500; open fireplaces; meals served in apartments.

98TH 53 West.—Six light rooms, bath and hot water; $20 up.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

600 West End Ave.

NORTHEAST CORNER 89TH STREET
12 Story Steel Constructed Building,
Soundproof and Fireproof Throughout.
READY FOR OCCUPANCY
Housekeeping Apartments
OF THE
Highest Grade Suites of 10 and 11 Rooms with 3 Baths

The unique arrangement of the apartments, the extra large chambers and living rooms, the abundance of large closets, extra large foyers, the delightful outlook, place this building in a class by itself; every possible improvement has been installed, including electric attachment for cooking, etc., separate dining hall for servants, porter and valet service; cold storage, refrigeration and electric light are included in the rent. Service of the highest standard day and night.

Rental on Application
RESIDENT MANAGER ON PREMISES
Telephone, 5535—Riverside.
West End Construction Co.
73 East 90th Street. Tel. 1850—Lenox

NEW APARTMENTS JUST FINISHED

OREGON

54th St. & 7th Ave.
12 STORY FIREPROOF HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS
Only a few choice apartments left
5 & 6 Rooms, $1,200-$1,600 per annum
OPEN EVENINGS.
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES
or Gibbs & Kirby, Agents, 103d St. and Broadway.

West Side. Above 110th Street and Washington Heights. | West Side. Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

AMESBURY HALL,

610 West 115th Street,
Between Broadway and Riverside Drive.
Nine story, high class modern Apartment Just Completed. Tastefully arranged in suites of
3, 4 and 5 Rooms.
3 ROOM APARTMENTS HAVE KITCHENETTES.
Accommodations include uniformed hall attendants, continuous telephone service, steam clothes dryers, vacuum cleaners, day and night service. All the apartments are beautifully finished and decorated.
RENTS FROM $42 UP.
Manager on premises, or
Braisted Goodman & Hershfield
2901 BROADWAY, N. W. COR. 113TH ST.

New Fireproof Elevator Apartments

THE ALABAMA

550 Riverside Drive, N. E. Cor. 127th St.
One block from Manhattan St. Subway Station & B'way Surface Cars.
An apartment house of unusually substantial construction, containing every up-to-date improvement and convenience including vacuum cleaners, etc. Service of the Highest Standard.
3-4-5-6 and 7 Rooms & Baths
3 Room Suites Have Kitchenettes.
Rents from $40. up
Manager on premises

HILLCREST

APARTMENTS
430 West 116th St.
One block from 116th St. and Broadway Subway Station.
8 Outside Sunny Rooms
2 and 3 baths
Living rooms.....18x23 feet
Dining rooms.....14x19 feet
Bedrooms, southern exposure..13x16 feet
Spacious foyers. Wide halls. Ample closets.
Elevator and all Modern Conveniences.
RENTS $1,500 TO $2,000.
Open for inspection until 10 P. M.

La Valenciennes

404 West 116th St.,
One block East of Amsterdam Ave.
Directly opposite President of Columbia's Residence.
Highest Class of Elevator Apartments.
6 & 7 Large, Light Rooms.
Rents $780-$1,080.

Chester Hall

201 West 107th St.,
Cor. Amsterdam Avenue, near Subway and "L."
Elevator and all the latest improvements.
5 & 6 Large, Light Rooms.
Rents $540-$720.
AGENTS ON PREMISES.

REED HOUSE

121st St. and Broadway
5 Rooms, $540- $660
6 Rooms, $720- $840
7 Rooms, $840-$1,200
This property is held and managed by an individual owner as a permanent investment.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

CONVENT COURT

436 Convent Avenue (149th St.)
High-class elevator apartment, all modern improvements.
2 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette
Only three left—$25 to $35
Also One 5 Rooms and Bath
Superintendent on premises.

Heathcote Hall

609 West 114th Street
Between Broadway and Riverside Drive
Nine story, high class modern Apartment, just completed. Tastefully arranged in suites of
3, 4 and 5 Rooms
3 Room Apartments Have Kitchenettes
Accommodations include uniformed hall attendants, continuous telephone service, steam clothes dryers, vacuum cleaners, day and night service. All the apartments are beautifully finished and decorated.
Rents from $45 Up
Inspection Invited
Manager on Premises

The Bellecourt & Annadale, New Elevator Apts.
(Just Completed.)
Ft. Washington Ave.,
Cor. W. 178th St.
1 block W. of Broadway car.
7-8 extra large rooms & 2 baths with French windows on front.

7 our room apartments contain 2 large foyer halls, butler's pantry, tiled floor kitchens, 7 closets, most elegant fixtures and decorations, admirably laid out.

8 our room apartments have 3 bedrooms, facing street, with main chamber 14x17 (containing 5 windows), 8 closets and most attractive apartment obtainable anywhere.

Rents VERY REASONABLE.
Short walk from W. 181st St. Sub. Sta.
Agent on premises.

HeatherdellCourt

Northwest Corner Broadway and 179th St.
Why Pay Big Rent,
when you can get a beautiful apartment in this modern Elevator Building with every up-to-date convenience, filtered water, etc., only couple minutes from 181st Subway?
4 Rooms.....$37 to $40
5 Rooms.....$50 to $55
7 Rooms.....$65 to $70
KNAP & WASSON CO. Agents,
BROADWAY & 178TH ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE

Outlook, apartments 5, 6 rooms; foyer hall; elevator; all modern conveniences; rent $40 to $60. 615 West 143d. Superintendent on premises.

STANLEY COURT,
519-527 W. 124TH ST.
3-4-5-6 ROOMS, $25 to $37.
Telephone, electric light, high-class; view on 2 streets. H. BOWIE, Agt. Tel. Morning.—5[illegible]

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Campolyn & Wenonah,

521 & 523 W. 112th St.

JUST COMPLETED

Two New 8 Story Fireproof Apartment Houses.

Erected by the Theodore Starrett Company, which is a guaranty of superior construction, these buildings contain conveniences found in very few Apartment Houses in this city. Vacuum cleaning, indoor clothes dryers, commodious clothes closets, servants' bath. No long halls; unusually large rooms and entrance foyer.

Very attractively arranged in suites of

5 & 7 Rooms and Bath

Rents $770 to $1,400

Very Liberal Concessions on 2 Year Leases

Representatives on premises day and evening, or

HUSTON & SPRAKER CO.

25 LIBERTY ST. TEL., 5827—JOHN

612 West 112th St.

THE PORTERFIELD,

ELEVATOR APARTMENT

Unobstructed View of Drive and River

6 and 7 Room Apartments

Every Room Facing Drive or Street

Large, Light, Sunny Rooms

Concessions

Rents $780.....$1,400

Representative on premises day and evenings

OR AGENT

690 Sixth Ave. J. ARTHUR FISCHER Phone 1423 Bryant

VERNON HALL

146-156 West 118th Street

Adjoining Seventh Ave.

Centrally located, convenient to Subway and "L" Express Station

Private Block, Quiet and Refined

All modern improvements, including day and night elevator and hall service, parquet floors, combination wall safes, telephone and electric light in each apartment, etc.

A Few Choice, Bright and Cozy

5, 7 AND 8 ROOM APARTMENTS

For October Occupancy

RENTS $540, $900, $1,000

LIBERAL CONCESSIONS TO DESIRABLE LESSEES.

Superintendent on Premises.

STRATHMORE

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, S. E. CORNER 113TH STREET

A Few Choice Apartments to Let

100 Feet Frontage on the Drive

Two apartments to floor; 10 rooms, 3 baths and large foyer, 14 closets, pantry. Parlors 18x22. Dining room 17x21; Master bedroom 17x20; other rooms large.

No other apartments on Riverside Drive, with similar rental, can compare with these. The sunlight, air and view are really unusual.

Apartments may be seen at any time, and on request by letter or telephone (John 5567 or Morningside 488) our representative will call on you with plan and prices.

HALL, HAWKES & PRENTICE,

32 NASSAU STREET.

Oxford Hall

454-456 Riverside Drive.

(116-119 STREETS.)

FRONT APARTMENTS.

5&6 Rooms 2 Baths, $1,100-1,500

REAR.

4 Rooms and Bath, $700-900

APPLY ON PREMISES OR

PEASE & ELLIMAN,

165 W. 72nd St. Tel. 8300 Col.

ROSALIND COURT

510 West 144th St.

Between Amsterdam and Broadway.

BEAUTIFUL MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

Near Subway, Elevated, & Crosstown Cars.

4 Large Rooms.....$35—$40

6 Large Rooms, Front...$55—$60

Ground Floor, 6 Rooms, Suitable for Dentist, $60.

See Superintendent on premises, or

Duff & Brown, 1,715 Amsterdam Av.

TOP FLOOR

4 AND 5 ROOMS AND BATH

ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.

$29 TO $33.

520 West 184th St., near Audubon Ave.

EL MORA & MIRAMAR,

606 to 612 West 137th St.

Subway Station

Elevator Apartments.

6 and 7 Rooms,

Every Modern Improvement;

$50 to $65 Per Month.

141st St., 221 West.—

Near 7th Ave.

Elegant 4-6 large, light room elevator apartments, modern; near "L" and Subway stations; $32.50 to $45. Concessions desirable tenants. Investigate.

East Side.

MONTALVO COURT,

NORTHWEST CORNER

146TH ST. AND ST. NICHOLAS AV.

ELEGANT CORNER APARTMENTS; FOUR, FIVE, AND SIX ROOMS; EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT; CONTINUOUS ELEVATOR SERVICE; RENTS $480-$720 PER ANNUM.

9 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS, $1,000 PER ANNUM.

Apply to Superintendent.

Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof. 43 to 51 E. 58th St., 54 E. 59th St., 430 Park Av. Seven rooms, one and two baths, $1,200 to $1,700. Two and three rooms and bath; $420 to $600. All-night elevator; hall and 'phone service; all improvements; resident Superintendent.

Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

AMHERST,

204 West 110th St.

Absolutely Fireproof. Recently Completed.

Private House Rooms. Large Closets.

8 Rooms and 3 Baths.

To Lease from October 1.

RENT $2,000. Only 1 apartment left.

Superintendent on Premises.

"La Casa Blanca"

55 East 76th St.

NEAR MADISON AV.

7-8-11 rooms, bath, and servants' bath; rent $1,000-$1,250; also corner apartment, all light rooms, $1,400; white enameled woodwork; parquet floors; electric lights, telephone each apartment. Telephone 1680 Lenox.

421 West 121st Street

Near Columbia, Barnard, Horace Mann, and Teachers Colleges and Union Theological Seminary; very desirable 5 and 6 room apartments; all improvements; decorate to suit; rents $35 and $47.50. On premises, or Snowber & Smith, 2,190 Broadway, (78th.)

Doctor's Apartments.

Have been occupied several years by successful physicians; now to rent.

7 ROOMS.....$1,000

11 ROOMS.....$1,700

55 East 76th St., near Madison Av.

THE MIDLOTHIAN

353 West 117th St.

5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.

Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

Studio Apartments.

GRAMERCY PARK.

2 Rooms and Bath. Apply

Malvern Hall, 143 East 21st.

510 MANHATTAN AV.

Corner 121st St. Seven rooms and bath; electric lights; modern improvements. Rent $38.00.

Cathedral Heights $45

8 rooms, elevator, telephone. 509 W. 113th.

67 LEXINGTON AVENUE.

Upper part house, nine rooms, suitable furnished rooms; steam heat; rent reasonable; excellent condition.

HUBERTH & GABEL,

147 4TH AVE.

39-43 E. 27th ST.

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS.

Six or seven large, sunny rooms, bath; elevator; all modern conveniences; fireproof; $1,200-$1,400.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

East Side.

Pease & Elliman

165 West 72d St. | 340 MADISON AVE. Near 43d St. Tel. 6200 Bryant. | 156 Broadway

Offer the following high-class Apartments for rent:

1 Lexington Ave. Gramercy Park New Building

8 Rooms, 3 Baths, Single..$3,700

9 Rooms, 3 Baths, Duplex.. $3,500—3,900

8 Rooms, 2 Baths, Duplex. 2,800

7 Rooms, 2 Baths, Duplex. 2,100

145 East 35th St. The Southfield At Lexington Av.

7 Rooms, 2 Baths, Single. $1,800—$2,400

7 Rooms and Bath, Duplex. 1,800

116 East 58th St. Near Park Av.

8 Rooms, 3 Baths..... $3,100

9 Rooms, 3 Baths..... 3,500

40 East 62d St. New Building Near Madison Av.

7 Rooms, 3 Baths.$2,500—$3,000

316-318 West 84th St. Near West End Av.

7 Rooms and Bath..... $1,000

8 Rooms and Bath..... 1,200

780 Madison Av. Semi-housekeeping At 66th St.

9 Rooms, 3 Baths.$3,500—$3,900

9 Rooms, 3 Baths, Furnished.....$4,000— 4,500

830 Park Av. New Building Corner 76th St.

8 Rooms, 2 Baths, Private entrance.....$2,750

9 Rooms, 3 Baths..... 3,500

12 Rooms, 3 Baths..... 4,000

12 Rooms, 4 Baths..... 4,500

13 Rooms, 3 Baths..... 4,500

15 Rooms, 4 Baths..... 5,500

Individual Laundry with each apartment.

454 Riverside Drive Oxford Hall at 116th St.

NEW BUILDING.

6 Rooms, 2 Baths (Front) $1,300—$1,500

5 Rooms, 2 Baths (Front) 1,100— 1,400

4 Rooms (Front & Rear) 750— 900

320 Central Park West Ardsley Hall Cor. 92d St.

6 Rooms and Bath..... $1,200—$1,500

7 Rooms and Bath..... 1,800

8 Rooms, 2 Baths..... $1,400—2,100

9 Rooms, 2 Baths..... 2,500

12 Rooms, 3 Baths.$3,000—3,800

THE

MADISON SQUARE

Attention is called to two attractive apartments on high floors, facing Madison Square Park.

HOTEL APARTMENT, large drawing-room, library, private hall, four bedrooms, three baths, maid's room, $3,600.00.

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENT, large parlor, dining-room, large kitchen, two maids' rooms, three bedrooms, and two baths, $3,600.00.

A few smaller and less expensive Hotel and Housekeeping Apartments still available, either furnished or unfurnished.

The house is conducted on the non-tipping plan, in all departments. The Dining Room service (both à la carte and table d'hôte) is exceptional, a specialty being made of "scientific home cooking."

Booklet & further information on request

BURTON F. WHITE. Resident Manager

37 Madison Avenue, New York

The Mayfield

15 East 10th St.,

NEAR FIFTH AVE.

Exclusive neighborhood, accessible location, convenient to L, subway, surface and 'bus. Extra servants' rooms if desired.

7 and 8 Rooms & Bath.

Rents $1,300 to $1,800.

Booklet, with floor plan and further particulars, on application.

Huston & Spraker Co.,

25 Liberty St. Tel. 5827—John.

Superintendent on Premises.

5TH AV. AND 58TH ST.

100 feet east of 5th Av.

THE MASON,

6-12 East 58th St.

Attractive Apartments of 3 and 9 rooms and bath; open plumbing, steam heat; hall boys; elevator service all night.

VERY LOW RENTS

FOR CHOICE LOCATION

$1,600 to $1,750

CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 BROADWAY, OR SUPERINTENDENT, ON PREMISES.

Cambridge and Oxford

Madison Av.

N. W. Cor. 124th St.

High class elevator Apartments of 7 and 8 Rooms and Bath.

$62.50, $66.66, $75 and $83.33 per month.

Facing Mount Morris Park. Superior Service.

Agent on premises or

De Peyster Realty Co.,

135 Front St. 'Phone, 5547—John.

BACHELOR APARTMENT

OVER 5TH AVE. BANK

5TH AVE. AND 44TH ST.

3 VERY LARGE ROOMS AND 1 BATH FRONTING ON 5TH AVE.

HERBERT A. SHERMAN

532 5th Av., cor. 44th St., and 9 Pine St.

43 East 27th St.

Near Madison Ave.

QUITE DISCOURAGING!!

So it is with KITCHENETTE APARTMENTS. Something always lacking—if not one thing, then another. Not so with ours. We have New York's most complete, up-to-date, commodious, 2-3 room KITCHENETTE SUITES, FIREPROOF BUILDING. Detached maid's rooms or maid service. Rent $700-$900. ALSO 5-ROOM DOCTOR'S SUITE. VERY DESIRABLE FOR BACHELORS.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS.

223 LEXINGTON AVE.,

Suites of 2 Rooms and Bath, $40 per Month.

111 WEST 43D ST.

2 ROOMS, BATH.

$25 TO $45 PER MONTH.

Ashforth & Co., 11 E. 42d St.

THE LEXINGTON

141-145-148 East 22d St.

To lease, attractive large apartments, 5 & 6 rooms and bath. All-night elevator service. Electric light, telephone.

MODERATE RENT.

References, leases. Superintendent on premises.

WILLIAM HENRY FOLSOM,

927 Broadway. Telephone 5929—Gramercy.

THE ALVARADO,

S. E. cor. 80th St., Park Ave.

In exclusive neighborhood, high-class, modern equipped apartments of nine extra large, all light rooms, two baths, abundance of large closets; also one ground floor, suitable for doctor; rents $1,700 to $1,900. Supt.

675 MADISON AVE.

The cheapest three-room-and-bath non-housekeeping apartment in the city. Elevator; modern.

ONLY $720 PER ANNUM.

HENRY D. WINANS & MAY, Agents, 749 Fifth Av., near 58th St.

231 to 233 LEXINGTON AVE. AT 34TH ST.

"The Wareham"

A modern fireproof elevator building. A doctor's office and a few desirable housekeeping apartments to rent suitable for small families.

4, 5 Rooms and Bath

$45, $60, $75

J. Romaine Brown & Co.

105 WEST 40TH ST.

Swannanoa,

105-107 East 15th St.,

Overlooking Union Square.

At 14th St. Subway express station.

High Class Apartments,

3 and 5 Rooms and Bath.

Every Room Sunny.

Steel constructed building, magnificent entrance and reception room, excellent hall and telephone service.

C. F. BEDELL CO., Agents,

Broadway and 87th St.

Manhanset

61-65 East 59th St.,

NEAR MADISON AVE.

The Most Accessible Location in New York City.

High Class Modern Apartments, 3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Hotel Service.

FOR RENTS, ETC.,

See Superintendent on Premises.

1,264 LEXINGTON AVE.

NORTHWEST CORNER 85TH ST.

High-class elevator apartments, six light rooms, bath, all modern improvements. $50-$55. Superintendent.

A—CORONADO—A

High-class fireproof apartments, Park Ave. corner; suites 6-7 rooms; yearly rents $800 upward; service unexcelled. 75 East 81st St.

THE CLEVELAND,

126-130 East 24th St.

Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

KINGSTON—129 E. 76th Street

Handsome apartment, seven large, light rooms, $55.

BROOKLYN.

BEAUTIFUL SUNNY HOMES

of the Monroe Court and Jeanette Apts.

All outside rooms, large windows, no air-shafts; located at Beverley Road and East 21st St., the select Flatbush home section, Brooklyn; ONLY 20 min. to B'way, N. Y. Suites 4-5-6 rooms; rents $35 to $56 per month. Every convenience, buffets, china closets, steam heat, hot water, electric light, telephone, screens, awnings, safes, parquet floors, vacuum cleaning, uniformed hall boy, janitor service. Call or write B. O. JACKSON, on premises; tel. Flatbush 4500 or suite 1101 Times Building, N. Y.; tel. Bryant 1434.

Park Slope Duplex Houses

Separate entrance to apartment. Seven large, all light rooms with bath. Every improvement, handsomely decorated. All comfort and privacy of a one-family dwelling, with conveniences of an up-to-date apartment. Rents $65. Superior to anything in Manhattan at twice that Rental. 20 minutes from Park Row. Elevated, Trolley, or Subway. WALTER L. JOHNSON, 386 9th St., bet. 6th and 7th Avs., Brooklyn.

PARKWAY HEIGHTS.

Six Elegant Outside Rooms and Bath. RENTS $30 TO $33.

Every improvement; fine location; convenient trolleys and elevated. 171 Rogers Av., near St. John's Place.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

A.—A.—Cathedral Plaza,

Cathedral Parkway, 110th—109th St., Columbus Av. HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS: JUST COMPLETED. ELEGANTLY FURNISHED. 2 AND 3 ROOMS, bath and kitchenette; maid service if desired. FURNISHED MONTHLY, $35 TO $75; UNFURNISHED, $30 to $55. RESTAURANT IN BUILDING. OPEN EVENINGS. TEL. 3470—RIVERSIDE.

AUTUMN RESORTS.

1 time per line, 25c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.40. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

Country Life Within a Half Hour of the Grand Central.

HOTEL GRAMATAN

Lawrence Park, Bronxville, New York

CITY COMFORT

COUNTRY RECREATION

A Metropolitan "resort" in the midst of the hills and woods of Westchester County, offering either quiet rest or every outdoor sport.

Automobiling, riding, driving, beautiful walks. Best tennis courts in Westchester County.

The most picturesque and sporty golf course near New York. New Clubhouse. Noted for the excellence of its table and the class of its custom. An ideal Fall and Winter home for the New York business man. Send for illustrated booklet or come and see for yourself. HOTEL GRAMATAN, Inc., Proprietors.

New York—Napanoch.

The Ferns, Napanoch, N. Y.—First-class house, all improvements, beautifully located; delightful months in mountains; special rates until February.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

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COR. BAINBRIDGE AV. & BEDFORD PARK BOULEVARD, OR 200TH ST.

IN THE HEART OF THE FINEST RESIDENTIAL SECTION OF THE CITY. SURROUNDED BY BEAUTIFUL PARKS.

5 minutes to L and Bronx Park stations.

4-5-6 elegant large rooms; beautifully decorated; every modern improvement. $27-$45

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FORDHAM ROAD, CORNER VALENTINE AV.

Most refined section of Bronx; every modern improvement; five and six rooms; $58-$50.

Superintendent on premises, or

HUBERTH & GABEL,

147 4TH AV.

5 elegantly finished rooms, large dining room and wardrobe. All modern improvements; residential section of the Bronx, near public and Morris High schools. Small select families desired.

950 TRINITY AVE., Near 163d St.

RENT $22 UP.

Apply on premises.

MORRIS AV. 1921 SOUTH OF TREMONT AV

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3-4-5 Extra Large Rooms. Electric light, telephone, parquet floors, &c. Refined, quiet neighborhood.

TWO MONTHS FREE.

Must sublet exquisite apartment, 7 all outside rooms; electric light, parquet floors; only $35.

1,239 Franklin Avenue.

Two blocks 169th St. 3d Av. Elevated.

Suitable Physician or Dentist.

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High-class 5 and 7 rooms; electric light; parquet floors; bath, telephone, etc. well-kept house.

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THE WILLOW APARTMENTS.

Just completed; 5 and 6 rooms; two families on each floor.

2,650 MARION AV., bet. 194th and 195th Sts., 2 blocks west of Webster Av., Fordham Road "L" Station, apartments, just completed, 5 and 6 rooms, $25 upward.

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Corner 179th St., 6 and 8 rooms in 2-family house; select neighborhood; rents reasonable.

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THE LORRAINE

Fifth Avenue and 45th Street

Beautifully furnished apartments and rooms, transiently or permanently.

Every bedroom has a bath with outside window. Broad halls. Transoms over doors assuring ample ventilation.

Quiet elevators. Complete Hotel Service.

3 handsomely furnished apartments on 5th Ave., 3 rooms and bath, 4 and 2 baths, 7 and 3 baths.

Restaurant and Cafe with Superior Cuisine and Moderate Prices.

Business Men's Lunch 12 to 2.

PAUL W. ORVIS GEO. C. HOWE

Hotel Renaissance

512 Fifth Ave., cor. 43d St.

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FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED

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and upwards. Every machine is in fine working order and will be kept so during term of rental. Initial payment allowed to apply if purchased. WE SELL rebuilt machines, guaranteed for one year, at a saving of 50% to 75%. Send for catalogue.

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MOUNT & ROBERTSON,

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Office Furniture

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DESKS

Roll and Flat Top. Chairs, Filing Cabinets. Office Partition. HAMBURGER. 53 E. 20th St.

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Ideal hotel, 300 feet above Hudson. Large grounds, plenty shade, fine tennis court. Stable and garage accommodations, modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accommodates 50 guests; accessible by train or Subway. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York City. Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

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600 *feet elevation.*

Hotel MONTCLAIR

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NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAKEWOOD, NEW JERSEY.

SEASON—OCTOBER TO JUNE.

THE LAUREL HOUSE

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A. J. MURPHY, Manager.

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A Charming Place for Particular People.

NEW HOTEL MERION

Open all the year. Vermont Ave., close to beach. Unobstructed ocean view. Newly brick built. Cuisine unsurpassed. MACK LATZ & CO.

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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

Josiah White & Sons Company.

ATLANTIC CITY

is at its best during its famous Autumn Season.

Ask Mr. Foster | Free information, Flatiron Arcade, B'way & 23d St.

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Enjoy Autumn's charms and attractiveness at THE MOUNTAIN PARADISE,

WATER GAP HOUSE

DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.

Highest altitude, overlooking all other hotels and surrounding country. Acknowledged to be unquestionably the finest hotel in every respect in this region; entertains 500 guests. Interesting Sept. and Oct. rates. Write for handsome booklet and auto maps. JOHN PURDY COPE.

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Leading hotel; steam heat, open fires, etc. Write for Booklet, Auto Maps. Special September and October rates. Cafe and Grill. G. FRANK COPE.

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An Autumn in the Alleghanies Is An Absolutely Unique Experience

Everything seems just arranged so that you may enjoy this glorious season under ideal conditions.

Climate Just Right — Bright, Snappy Days; Cool, Delightful Nights.

Cuisine and Hotel — Just to your liking. Comfortable, Cozy, Homelike.

For the Days — Tennis, Golf, Motoring, Riding, Hunting.

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White Sulphur Springs Hotel

On the Main Line of C. & O. Ry.

Open Until October 15th.

For booklets, terms, reservations, etc., address Geo. F. Adams, Mgr., White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.

If you prefer the Seashore,

Hotel Chamberlin, Old Point Comfort, Virginia, is also under the management of Mr. Adams. New York Office, 1,122 Broadway. Telephone 1872 Madison Square.

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59th St., Between Madison & Park Avs., Block from Grand Plaza. Entrance to Central Park.

SINGLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 PER DAY.

DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $2.00 PER DAY.

Family Hotel for Permanent and Transient Guests.

The Grampion,

182 St. Nicholas Ave.

NEW ownership. NEW management. NEW Dining Room.

1-2-3 Rooms, with baths, furnished or unfurnished, by the month; near transit; refined home for small families; prices very moderate. Diagrams and particulars of Superintendent, on premises.

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218 W. 42d St., 615 6th Av., 106 E. 23d St., 85 Bleecker St., 27 Beekman St., 220 Fulton St., 120 Pearl St., 2,078 7th Av., 37 W. 17th St., near 6th Av. Branches: Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Buffalo, and Chicago.

Sir Henry Thompson said:—"More than half the disease embittering life is due to avoidable errors in diet." Try Nature's diet to-day; recommended by physicians.

PACTEAU 250 W. 44th. French Table d'hote. Lch., 40c. Din., 50c. Wine.

It Is Hard to Get Better Meals at Any Price Than at THE DUNLEETH, 143 W. 47th St., Bet. 6th & 7th Avs. 40c. LUNCH - - DINNER 50c. 'Phone 7937—Bryant.

225 W. 48th. CORNILLON L. 25c. D. 30c. Tel. 7044 Bryant.

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Travelers' Co., 20 West 34th St. Tel. 3472 Murray.

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106 to 112 East 14th St. Tel. 1480—Stuyvesant.

FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.

A LA CARTE. TABLE D'HOTE.

Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.

WURZBURGER HOFBRAU.

Pilsener Genossenschafts-Brauerei

GRAND PRIX—Brussels Exposition, 1910.

Herald Square Hotel 34 St., just west of B'way. A la carte

Port Arthur Chinese Restaurant., Alc., Tdh. 7 & 9 Mott St. See Eve. Telegram.

51-3-5 W. 33 St. Best Din., w. w., 65c. MORETTI Tel. 614 Murray. Lunch, w. w., 40c.

STAUCH'S CONEY ISLAND. Open all yr. High-class Rest. Alc. Music.

Other "Furnished" and "Unfurnished" Apartments advertised on next to last page.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

LOUIS M. JONES, et al., Plaintiffs, against STURTYVANT REALTY COMPANY, et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 5th day of September, 1911, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 4th day of October, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by JOSEPH P. DAY, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain plot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon and to be hereafter thereon, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of Ninety-third Street with the westerly side of Central Park West and running thence westerly along the northerly side of Ninety-third Street one hundred and seventy-three (173) feet four and one-half (4½) inches; thence northerly parallel with Central Park West one hundred (100) feet eight and one-half (8½) inches to the centre line of the block; thence easterly along said centre line seventy-three (73) feet four and one-half (4½) inches; thence northerly again parallel with Central Park West twenty-five (25) feet; thence easterly and parallel with the northerly side of Ninety-third Street one hundred (100) feet to the westerly side of Central Park West, and thence southerly along the westerly side of Central Park West, one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet eight and one-half (8½) inches to the corner aforesaid, the point or place of beginning.

The above described premises lie in Section 4, Block 1,207 on the Land Map of the City of New York.

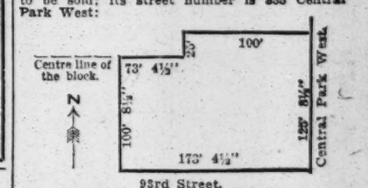
Said premises being the same premises which were conveyed by said plaintiffs and their respective wives to said defendant Sturtyvant Realty Company, by deed bearing even date and delivered and intended to be recorded simultaneously with said mortgage.

Dated New York, September 9th, 1911.

FRANCIS W. POLLOCK, Referee.

W. BENNETT MARX, Attorney for Plaintiffs, 257 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 333 Central Park West:



93rd Street.

The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is two hundred and twenty-two thousand four hundred and ninety-one 91-100 ($222,491.91) dollars, with interest thereon from the first day of September, 1911, together with costs and allowance, amounting to four hundred and ninety-two 65-100 ($492.65) dollars, with interest from September 5th, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is sixteen thousand four hundred and twenty-five dollars and interest. Said premises will be sold subject to a mortgage for $750,000.00 on which there is unpaid $745,000.00 and interest thereon, recorded in New York County Register's office in Section 4, Liber 200 of Mortgages, page 63; covenants and restrictions contained in instruments recorded in said Register's office in Liber 1,274 of Conveyances, page 480, and Liber 1,275 of Conveyances, page 482; party wall agreement referred to in deed recorded in said Register's office in Section 4, Liber 26 of Conveyances, page 325, so far as the same may be in effect; covenant and restriction contained in deed of a portion of said premises recorded in said Register's office in Section 4, Liber 131 of Conveyances, page 157; state of facts an accurate survey of said premises will show and tenancies, if any.

Dated New York, September 9th, 1911.

FRANCIS W. POLLOCK, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—HARRIET A. ANDERSON, Plaintiff, vs. JOSEPH KLEIN, Mary Klein, Louis Lowinson, Crown Holding Company and Henrietta Seckel, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 13th day of September, 1911, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 17th day of October, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

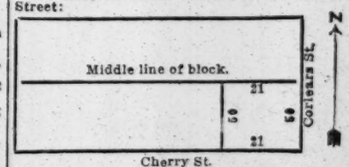
Beginning at the point of intersection of the northerly side of Cherry Street and the westerly side of Corlears Street; running thence westerly along said northerly side of Cherry Street twenty-one feet more or less thence northerly and parallel with Corlears Street fifty feet more or less; thence easterly and parallel with the northerly side of Cherry Street twenty-one feet more or less; to the westerly side of Corlears Street; and thence southerly along said westerly side of Corlears Street fifty feet more or less to the point or place of beginning. Said premises being known as No. 434 Cherry Street.

Dated New York, September 21st, 1911.

ALEXANDER A. MAYER, Referee.

ELLERY O. ANDERSON, Attorney for Plaintiff, 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 434 Cherry Street:



Cherry St.

The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is Twelve Thousand Eight Hundred Ninety-three and 75-100 dollars ($12,893.75,) with interest thereon from the 7th day of September, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to $327.46, with interest from September 14th, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $289.08 and interest.

Dated New York, September 21st, 1911.

ALEXANDER A. MAYER, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—HENRY SAY, Plaintiff, against NATHAN KOHN, SARAH KOHN, his wife, and NATHANIA ANSPACHER, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 14th day of September, 1911, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 17th day of October, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by JOSEPH P. DAY, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, being known as lot No. 107 on a map of 210 lots situate at Burnt Mill Point in the Eleventh Ward in the City of New York, filed February 2d, 1836, in the Register's Office, New York County, as Map 365, by Frederick de Peyster, Master in Chancery, and bounded and described as follows:

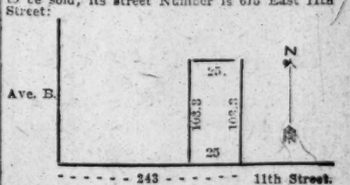
BEGINNING at a point on the northerly side of Eleventh Street, distant two hundred and forty-three feet easterly from the intersection of the northerly side of Eleventh Street with the easterly side of Avenue B; running thence northerly along the westerly side of Lot, Number 106, on said map one hundred and three feet three inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly along the centre line of the block, twenty-five feet to the easterly side of lot No. 108 on said map; thence southerly along the easterly side of said lot Number 108 one hundred and three feet and three inches to the northerly side of Eleventh Street; thence easterly along the northerly side of Eleventh Street, twenty-five feet to the point or place of beginning, said premises being now known as Number 615 East 11th Street.

Dated, New York, September 21st, 1911.

ROBERT H. KOEHLER, Referee.

P. CHAUNCEY ANDERSON, Attorney for Plaintiff, 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold, its street Number is 615 East 11th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $23,359.38, with interest thereon from the 7th day of September, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to $358.80, with interest from September 13th, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $316.77, and interest.

Dated, New York, September 21st, 1911.

ROBERT H. KOEHLER, Referee.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The disturbance over the St. Lawrence Valley Wednesday night passed rapidly east and has been followed by fair and cooler weather in the New England and the Middle Atlantic States. There were rains Wednesday night throughout the Middle Atlantic and New England States.

Another storm area now covers the Upper Mississippi Valley, and it has been attended by rains.

In all other parts of the country the weather remained fair during the last twenty-four hours.

Unseasonably high temperatures continue in the South and the Lower Ohio and Middle Mississippi Valleys.

The disturbance that is now central over the Upper Mississippi Valley will move rapidly east, attended by rains, reaching Friday or Friday night into the Middle Atlantic States and New England; it will be followed by fair weather in these districts Saturday. In all other parts of the country the weather will be generally fair Friday and Saturday.

The temperature will rise Friday in the Middle Atlantic States and New England, and will continue high in the South.

Winds along the New England Coast will be light variable, becoming southeast Friday afternoon and increasing; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate southeast and south; South Atlantic Coast, light variable, except moderate east on Florida Coast.

Steamships departing Friday for European ports will have moderate to brisk east to south winds and unsettled weather, with probably rain to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York—Probably rain and warmer Friday; Saturday fair; moderate east to south winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Increasing cloudiness and warmer, probably followed by showers Friday; Saturday fair, moderate southeast and south winds.

New England—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Friday, followed by rain; Saturday probably fair; light variable winds, becoming southeast and increasing Friday afternoon.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1911.	1910.
3 A. M.	68	62	4 P. M.	74	65
6 A. M.	67	59	6 P. M.	68	62
9 A. M.	70	62	9 P. M.	64	56
12 M.	73	65	12 P. M.	61	55

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 60; for the corresponding date last year it was 68; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 63.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 61; at 8 P. M. it was 58. Maximum temperature, 68 degrees at 2:20 P. M.; minimum, 55 degrees at 9:20 P. M. Humidity, 64 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 35 per cent. at 8 P. M.

POLICE AND FIRE TRANSFERS.

Police Department.

Transfers—Sergt. Patrick Colleary, 163d to 151st Precinct. Patrolmen—F. L. A. O'Connor, 160th Precinct to Special Court Squad, Brooklyn; W. Sheehan, 21st to 15th Precinct as traffic patrolman; E. J. Dillon, C. O. Squad to 20th Precinct.

Suspended under charges: Patrolmen Clifford Britt and Jacob Storch, 147th Precinct.

Fire Department.

Assistant electrical engineers appointed: Valentine Fendrich and Isaac N. Natkins, Telegraph Bureau, Manhattan, on three months' probation.

Dropped: Provisional Cable Testers David G. Shears and G. Raymond Mackey, Provisional Assistant Electrical Engineers Charles M. Reed and Byron W. Smith, all of the Telegraph Bureau, Manhattan.

Resigned: Cable Splicer James L. Wallace, Telegraph Bureau, Manhattan.

Detailed to Bureau of Repairs and Supplies in connection with Budget Exhibit: Engineer of Steamer George MacNair, Engine 66; Firemen W. J. Dugan, Hook and Ladder 79; F. C. Eberl, Hook and Ladder 58; J. Housman, Hook and Ladder 22; J. E. Stafford, Hook and Ladder 23; C. O. Decker, Engine 32.

Revocation of detail to Engine 20 as chauffeur: Fireman J. J. Young, Engine 65.

Transfer: Fireman J. J. Young, Engine 65, to Engine 34.

Temporary relief from duty: John Rush, Chief of Fifth Battalion.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

W. H. DERRICK, insurance examiner, 615 West 143d Street, has filed a petition; liabilities, $763, and assets, $6 cash.

ROLLIN M. MORGAN, lawyer and real estate operator, 38 Park Row.—At a meeting held at the office of Peter B. Olney, referee, 68 William Street, Robert P. Levis was elected Trustee; bond, $20,000.

G. FRIEDBERGER & SONS, cigar manufacturers, 116 Pearl Street, who had a retail stand in 74 Broadway; Deputy Sheriff Hyman has received two executions for $2,813 against them in favor of Benedetto Castellanno, $940, and Marcus M. Plechner, $1,873. The Sheriff made a levy on both places.

HERMAN P. TAPPE, milliner, 4 West Fortieth Street.—A meeting of creditors was held yesterday at the office of Peter B. Olney, referee, 68 William Street; sixty-five claims were filed by Joseph Lichtenberg for creditors, and Samuel H. Lummis, the receiver, was elected Trustee, with a bond of $5,000.

GUANACEVI TUNNEL COMPANY of 55 Liberty Street.—At a meeting at the office of Seaman Miller, referee, 2 Rector Street, about fifty claims were filed, and Isidore J. Kresel of Jerome, Rand & Kresel, lawyers, was elected Trustee, bond of $5,000. Liabilities, $16,787, and assets uncertain. None of the officers were present.

ROTH ORTHOPEDIC INSTITUTE, (Louis and Adolph Roth,) 102 West Seventy-fifth Street, have filed a petition; liabilities, $4,916, and nominal assets, $4,205, consisting of cash in bank, $214; accounts, $3,991, and two patents, value unknown. Among the creditors are the City of New York, $23 for water; Robert Reinhart, $1,644, salary and commissions; Nelson Chesman Company, $1,384; Sackett & Wilhelms Company, $500; New York Staats Zeitung, $565; New Yorker Herold, $210, and Commercial Advertiser, $275.

MOULTON STABLE COMPANY, 823 Seventh Avenue; schedules show liabilities $50,625, of which $766 is for wages, and nominal assets $31,419, consisting of cash, $990; notes, $3,000; 38 horses, $5,098; 89 hansoms, taxis, and broughams, $1,994; harness, feed, &c., $1,706; office furniture, $402; licenses, &c., $113, and accounts, $18,118. Among the creditors are the Cab and Taxi Company, $29,389; New York Livery and Auto Company, $5,921; New York Cab Company, $1,080; Fifth National Bank, $7,000, and Allan Lexow, $4,000.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY BREWERY, Mount Vernon; Judge Hough yesterday appointed Leo Oppenheimer and William Hobby receivers on application of Moos, Prince & Nathan, bond $10,000, to carry on business thirty days. Judge Hough on Sept. 15 refused to appoint a receiver. Judge Hough yesterday ordered the receivers to issue certificates for $47,800, to be first lien on the assets. Of this amount $34,300 is to pay for liquor tax certificates for customers and $13,500 to be held in a trust company as security for any damage that may arise to the non-assenting bondholders.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Allen, John T.—H. W. Johns Manville Co., $113.
Atkin, John F. B.—Fifth Avenue Building Co., $179.
Apatow, Morris, et al.—M. Bernstein et al., $631.
Alces, Oscar F.—C. Adler, $118.
Bjurwtrom, Ivar—H. Herrmann Lumber Co., $321.
Bradley, Gordon B. and Frank M.—Terry Hosiery Co., $251.
Betts, Frederick A.—A. L. Smith, $1,802.
Badum, Fred L.—Bigelow Carpet Co., $1,055.
Clemency, Margaret A., et al.—H. M. Hitchings et al., $263.
Cram, Nelson D.—M. E. Luck, $305.
Coonwisser, Abraham L.—Metropolitan Mirror Works, $127.
Evans, Henry O.—Prudential Bond and Mortgage Co., $588.
Freedman, Adolph, et al.—M. Bernstein et al., $631.
Grebel, Nathan, et al.—Kahn & Strauss, $189.
Golden, Louis, et al.—State Bank, $7,160.
Gogolin, Adolph J.—F. E. Rosebrick Co., $224.
Genzborough, Solomon—I. J. Tonebacher, $171.
Griffith, Clarance H.—E. H. Peck, $194.
Goldstein, Louis—A. Bakst et al., $107.
Hafner, William—Elfers & Abberley, $316.
Hallenborg, Axel W.—W. C. Greene et al., costs, $1,718.
Hickman, Alfred—Equitable Trust Co. of New York, $250.
Jankelewitz, Abram, et al.—A. Kimball, $1,530. Same—S. W. Gilbert, $1,530.
Kommel, Abram, (not summoned,) et al.—People's Bank of the City of New York, $218.
Kenna, Joseph L.—Thomas G. Knight Co., $126.
Lessen, Isidor—M. Tipiltzky, $184.
Lewis, Laura M.—D. Weinman, $547.
Lindenauer, Louis, et al.—Kahn & Strauss, $189.
Lent, Smith, et al.—National Bank of Rochester, N. Y., $174.
Larscher, Gerson or Joe—H. Braverman, $113.
Leibowitz, Kesil, et al.—A. Kimball, $1,530. Same—S. W. Gilbert, $1,530.
Littell, Emlen T.—Welch & Donaldson, $107.
Lehman, Charles F.—E. Heidenheimer, $175.
Levine, Michael, et al.—Public Bank of New York City, $521.
Momeyer, Alvy W. and William R.—Broad Exchange Co., $439.
McGrath, Edw. J., (not summoned,) et al.—H. M. Hitchings et al., $263.
Miller, Sidney B. and Louis, et al.—Parshelsky Brothers, Inc., $328.
Mayper, Fanny, et al.—People's Bank of the City of New York, $218.
Mapes, John G.—Sherman & Sons Co., $147.
Myers, Simon—Chelsea Exchange Bank, $174. Same—Same, $1,032.
Nyboe, William—Julius Kessler & Co., $195.
Nieberg, Charles and Benjamin, et al.—Colwell Lead Co., $282.
Neff, Nathan M.—J. W. Brett, $171.
Olson, John E., et al.—Parshelsky Brothers, Inc., $328.
O'Byrne, Robert—F. Scharfenberger, $449.
Preston, Ernest J.—Craftsman Co. of New York, $512.
Pritchitt, Thomas H.—Equitable Trust Co. of New York, $178.
Nieberg, Charles and Benjamin, et al.—Colwell Lead Co., $282.
Rothschild, Hedwig, et al.—A. Kimball, $1,530. Same—S. W. Gilbert, $1,530.
Rosenbaum, Emanuel, et al.—State Bank, $7,160.
Riddle—Thomas—O. Hammerlund, $373.
Reardon, James G.—Gude Brothers-Kieffer Co., $144.
Rodgers, George—A. Waldman, $133.
Rips, Israel, et al.—Public Bank of New York City, $521.
Simon, Solomon—H. Delinsky, $324.
Scott, John E.—M. Naidoff, $230.
Schoenberger, William—New York Prism Co., $115.
Schneeman, Charles A.—E. J. Walsh, $250.
Schoenberger, William—Schwarz & Cohn, $127.
Wedrop, Edw. W., et al.—E. D. Easton, $9,990.
Welch, B. Harvey, et al.—Same, $9,990.
Weinstein, Max, et al.—Public Bank of New York City, $521.
United States Restaurant and Realty Co.—R. C. Mueller, $815.
Atlantic Park Realty Co. et al.—H. M. Hitchings et al., $263.
G. E. McLean Co.—Dutchess County Lime Co., $328.
D. Zerta Food Co. et al.—National Bank of Rochester, N. Y., $174.
Board of Education of City of New York—I. P. Robinson, $794.
Forty-fifth Street Exchange et al.—Parshelsky Bros., Inc., $328.
Lenox Amusement Co.—J. J. Aaron et al., $815.
Lenox Realty Co.—Otis Elevator Co., $242.
Dutchess County Cider and Vinegar Co.—Peoples Trust Co., $16,458.
Sun Construction Co. et al.—Colwell Lead Co., $379.
C. N. & S. A. Construction Co. et al.—Same, $282.
George E. Whitney Press—A. Heinson et al., $102.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Andrews, Georgiana I. S.—S. Raymond, Nov. 20, 1909, $375.
Brogan Construction Co.—F. Del Balso, Nov. 28, 1904, $134.
De Graw, Kay J. and James A. Cully—F. N. Du Bois et al., Feb. 24, 1905, $454.
Goldsmith, Maurice D.—H. Gaffney, April 14, 1910, $2,621.
Lehman, Edgar—City of New York, Dec. 12, 1910, $264.
Same—Same, Dec. 12, 1910, $264.
North Side Iron Works—Grossman Bros. & Rosenbaum, Sept. 7, 1911, $165.
Osborg, Louis—E. M. Schwenke, Dec. 28, 1908, $172.
Sherwood, Robert E.—E. Coventry, Sept. 14, 1911, $615.
Tekulsky, Morris—M. H. Moses & Co., Nov. 9, 1903, $178.
Waldman, Samuel—M. H. Bob, July 28, 1911, $115.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant

Stearns, R. H., & Co., Boston, Mass.; W. Finlayson, gloves; 45 East Seventeenth Street.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; H. Gould, stationery; Miss E. Daring, stationery; 454 Broome Street; Prince George Hotel.
Lipman, Wolf & Co., Portland, Ore.; H. L. Kerble, millinery; L. N. Levinson, cloaks and suits; 100 Fifth Avenue.
Snellenburg, W., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; L. Englander, ladies' and misses' coats and suits; 1,261 Broadway.
White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; S. A. Levy, cloaks and suits; S. F. Hill, house dresses; 41 Union Square.
Boston Dry Goods Company, Boston, Mass.; F. F. Baldwin, domestics; 72 Grand Street.
Denholm & McKay Company, Worcester, Mass.; W. E. Mullan, white goods; 2 Walker Street.
Crowley-Milner Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; G. A. Housman, furnishing goods and hosiery; 684 Broadway.
Wise, Smith & Co., Hartford, Conn.; A. Hutter, general merchandise; 70 Franklin Street.
Armstrong, Cator & Co., Baltimore, Md.; E. E. Taylor, ornaments; 621 Broadway.
Wolf & Dessauer, Fort Wayne, Ind.; T. P. Stack, cloaks, waists, and muslin underwear; 315 Fourth Avenue.
Siegel, F., & Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; F. Siegel, cloaks and suits; 7 West Twenty-second Street.
Crow & Whitmarsh Company, Cleveland, Ohio; F. R. Martin, china and lamps; 45 East Seventeenth Street.
Rosenbaum Company, Pittsburgh, Penn.; H. S. Rosenbaum, clothing; 31 Union Square.
Blough Manufacturing Company, Harrisburg, Penn.; B. F. Blough, piece goods; The Cadillac.
McCreery & Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; L. M. Hayward, silks and dress good; 214 Church Street; The Cadillac.
Forgeurean, Temple & Co., Richmond, Va.; R. S. Gray, dress goods, silks, laces, and furnishing goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Corbin, F. A., New Haven, Conn.; woolens; Hotel Collingwood.
Baltimore Bargain House, Baltimore, Md.; G. Friedlich, jewelry and novelties; 72 Leonard Street; The Hermitage.
Clarke, Davis and Poore Company, Columbus, Ohio; G. V. C. Poore, silks and ribbons; Miss May, hats; 621 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.
Szold, J., & Son, Peoria, Ill.; J. Szold, dry goods; The Elks.
Wallace Company, Schenectady, N. Y.; C. Stroh, cloaks, suits, and waists; 2 Walker Street.
McCreery Company, Pittsburgh, Penn.; Miss A. B. Casildolta, fancy goods; 214 Church Street.
Quackenbush, George S., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; J. J. Madden, cloaks and suits; Hotel Imperial.
Stearns, R. H., & Co., Boston, Mass.; W. L. Barnard, furs; 45 East Seventeenth Street.
Hutzler Bros. Company, Baltimore, Md.; C. H. Golther, rugs and upholstery goods; Hotel Grand.
Renwick Bros. & Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; A. W. Renwick, millinery; Hotel Grand.
Prince, Wolf & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; J. Prince, cloaks and suits; Hoffman House.

Wanted—A popular price line of boys' and children's clothing for North and South Carolina on commission. Address W. H., care of Hotel Churchill.

Experienced salesman to sell medium line of skirts throughout the United States; good inducements. Thomas Posner, 327 Church St., New York.

Guide for Buyers.

One line, 12 months, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS. A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
EMBROIDERIES AND LACES. Leumann, Boesch & Weingart, 122 5th Av.
MARABOU Neckwear, Novelties & Trimmings. Hauser & Davis Mfg., 59 East 8th St.
MANICURE SUPPLIES. Lustr-ite (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of LESLIE B. WILSON and DUNCAN M. FERGUSON, doing business under the copartnership name of L. B. WILSON & CO., Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Oct. 4, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 60 Wall St., Room 1505, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of B. K. desks, R. T. desk, F. T. desk, rugs, carpets, tables, stools, settees, leather couch, linoleum, chairs, pictures, maps, stock quotation boards, books, &c.

CHARLES F. BISHOP, Receiver.
HAROLD C. MITCHELL, Attorney for Receiver, 60 Wall St., New York.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE.

BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF TAXES.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ALL taxes on real estate and personal property in The City of New York for the year 1911 are due and payable on

MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1911,

at the office of the Receiver of Taxes in the Borough in which the property is located, as follows:

Borough of Manhattan, 57 Chambers St.
Borough of The Bronx, Municipal Building, corner of 3d and Tremont Avs.
Borough of Brooklyn, Rooms 2, 4, 6, and 8, Municipal Building.
Borough of Queens, Court Square, Long Island City.
Borough of Richmond, Borough Hall, St. George.

All taxes become liens on the day due and payable.

TO AVOID PENALTY TAXES MUST BE PAID IN OCTOBER.

On all taxes which are unpaid on the first day of November, interest shall be charged at the rate of seven (7) per cent. per annum, from October 2, 1911, the day on which taxes become due and payable.

When checks are mailed to the Receiver of Taxes they must be accompanied by addressed envelopes WITH POSTAGE PREPAID IN order to assure return of receipted bills by mail.

Checks dated October 2 should be mailed to the Receiver as soon as possible after bills have been received by the taxpayer.

DRAW CHECKS ONLY ON NEW YORK EXCHANGE TO THE ORDER OF THE RECEIVER OF TAXES.

FRED. H. E. EBSTEIN, Receiver of Taxes.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of DUNN DOME & FIXTURE COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Notice is given to creditors of the abovenamed bankrupt that Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, will sell under the direction of the Trustee, at public auction at No. 54 Murray Street, Manhattan, New York City, on the 22nd day of September, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, certain personal property belonging to said bankrupt estate and consisting of a varied assortment of leaded glass domes, portables, drop lights, shades, wrought iron, gas and electric fixtures. The said property may be inspected at the said premises on the 20th and 21st days of September, between 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M.

On the 29th day of September, at 10:30 A. M., the said auctioneer by like authority will sell at public auction at Devon Street and Railroad Avenue, Arlington, New Jersey, all his right, title, and interest in and to the business formally carried on by the bankrupt, and certain personal property belonging to said estate consisting of fixtures, machinery, stock in trade, the good-will of the business, and the unexpired term of the lease of said premises, said stock in trade consisting of a large quantity of portables, drop lights, shades, wrought iron, gas and electric fixtures, and domes. Said property may be inspected at said premises on the 27th and 28th days of September, 1911, between 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M.

The trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from the sale, unless it brings at least 75 per cent. of the appraised value.

Dated New York, September 8th, 1911.
Hon. P. B. OLNEY, Referee,
68 William St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.
ROBERT G. PERRY, Trustee,
55 John St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.
BASSETT, THOMPSON & GILPATRIC, Attorneys for Trustee, 277 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of DUNN DOME & FIXTURE COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, will sell Friday, September 29th, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., at Devon Street and Railroad Avenue, Arlington, New Jersey, the business of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of fixtures, machinery, stock in trade, good-will of the business, unexpired term of lease; said stock in trade consisting of portables, drop lights, shades, wrought iron gas and electric fixtures.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee,
68 William Street, New York City.
ROBERT G. PERRY, Trustee,
55 John Street, New York City.
BASSETT, THOMPSON & GILPATRIC, Attorneys for Trustee, 277 Broadway, New York City.

NOTICE: The above sale is hereby adjourned to October 13th, 1911, the same time and place.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM E. CRAWFORD, Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, Sept. 29, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 779 8th Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a stock of gents' furnishings, dry goods, safe, fixtures, &c.

WALTER CARROLL LOW, Receiver.
JOSEPH LICHTENBERG, Attorney for Receiver, 309 Broadway, New York.
Above sale adjourned until Friday, Oct. 6th, 1911, at same time and place.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of WINDERMAN & KATZMAN, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, October 5th, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 79 Fourth Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' skirts, raw material, braidings, trimmings, linings, woolens, broadcloths, cutting tables, machinery, fixtures, &c.

MARCUS HELFAND, Receiver.
LEONARD BRONNER, Attorney for Receiver, 309 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of DAVID HEIMLICH, Bankrupt.

That pursuant to an order duly entered herein, authorizing the Trustee in Bankruptcy, Henry Lavers, to sell and dispose of the personal property of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of a stock of shoes at 93 Avenue C, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and providing that the Trustee be authorized to receive sealed bids for the purchase of said stock, a meeting will be held at the office of Hon. William Allen, Referee in Bankruptcy, 67 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 5th day of October, 1911, at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, for the purpose of receiving sealed bids.

The property may be inspected on the premises on September 30th and October 3rd and 4th, 1911, between the hours of 12 and 1 P. M.

Dated New York, September 28th, 1911.
HENRY LAVERS, Trustee.
LESSER BROTHERS, Attorneys for Trustee, 299 Broadway, New York City.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—JOHN W. EALY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated September 11th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Oct. 30th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Sept. 28th, 1911.

NO. 15,384.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALBERT H. TERHUNE, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Albert H. Terhune of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of September, A. D. 1911, the said Albert H. Terhune was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, on the 9th day of October, A. D. 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Sept. 28th, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF New York, County of New York.—HARMON W. HENDRICKS, as sole surviving trustee of the trust created by the last will and testament of FANNY HENDRICKS, late of the City, County, and State of New York, deceased, for the benefit of BLANCHE HENDRICKS, Plaintiff, against JACOB HOLLAND and others, Defendants.

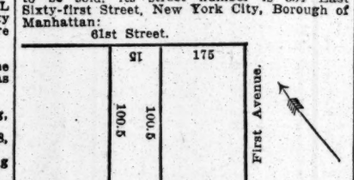
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 5th day of September, 1911, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 5th day of October, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

"All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

"Beginning at a point in the southerly side of Sixty-first Street, distant one hundred and seventy-five feet westerly from the southwesterly corner of First Avenue and Sixty-first Street, running thence southerly parallel with First Avenue one hundred feet five inches to the center line of the block between Sixtieth and Sixty-first Streets, thence westerly along the center line of the block and parallel with Sixty-first fifteen feet, thence northerly parallel with First Avenue and part of the way through a party wall, one hundred feet five inches to the southerly side of Sixty-first Street, and thence easterly along the southerly side of Sixty-first Street fifteen feet to the point or place of beginning, said premises being now known by the street number 334 East Sixty-first Street. Subject to the provisions of an agreement as to beam rights recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York, in Liber 1,874 of Conveyances, page 397."

Dated New York, September 12, 1911.
JULIUS M. MAYER, Referee.
JULIUS J. & A. LYONS, Attorneys for the Plaintiff.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold, its street number is 334 East Sixty-first Street, New York City, Borough of Manhattan:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold is ten thousand four hundred and eighty-one 96-100 dollars, with interest thereon from the 8th day of August, 1911, together with costs and allowances amounting to four hundred and nine 21-100 dollars, with interest from the 5th day of September, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee is $778.22 and interest, together with such amount or part thereof as may be a lien on the premises above described on the day of the sale thereof for the tax of 1911.

Dated New York, September 12, 1911.
JULIUS M. MAYER, Referee.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."

REDUCED RATES TO Boston, Providence VIA COLONIAL LINE

BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.50
PROVIDENCE, Boat Direct..... 1.60
FALL RIVER, Via Boat and Rail... 1.85
WORCESTER, Via Boat and Rail... 2.50
PROVIDENCE, Round Trip, $3.00
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail. Round Trip. $4.80

These rates include berth in either Gentlemen's or Ladies' Cabins. The Cabins are under the charge of competent Stewards and Stewardesses.

Steamer leaves New York from Pier 39, North River, foot West Houston St., daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M. Staterooms, $1.00 and up.

ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS—FINEST SERVICE. 'Phones Spring 9491 9492.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND

FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., ft. Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:30 P. M. Strs. COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

NORWICH LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Clarkson St., week days, 5:00 P.M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St. 6:30 P. M. Strs. MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE.

NEW HAVEN LINE Lv. Pier 28, E. R., 2:45 P. M.; week days only, ft. East 22d St. 3:00 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

BRIDGEPORT LINE Lv. Pier 27, E. R., week days only 11:00 A. M. and 3:00 P. M. Lv. foot E. 22d St., 3:30 P. M. Strs. BRIDGEPORT and NAUGATUCK.

Tickets, &c., at 171 Broadway. Transfer Tourist Offices and Piers.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO'S HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES

Direct Train Connections at Albany and Troy.

PEOPLES LINE To Albany — Str. C. W. Morse (even dates Sept.) and Adirondack, Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M.; W. 129th St., 6:45 P. M. daily (Sunday excepted) Observation and Palm Room a new feature.

CITIZENS LINE To Albany & Troy — New Str. Trojan and Rensselaer, Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M. daily (Saturday included); stops at Albany in both directions. Tickets at pier and principal ticket offices. Rail tickets accepted for passage between New York and Albany.

Tel. 9400 Spring.
"The Popular Searchlight Route."

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE

Steamers leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:30 A. M. Daily except Sunday. Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant. 8

JOY LINE $2.40 BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL

Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

BY SEA TO BOSTON

STEAMSHIPS
MASSACHUSETTS AND BUNKER HILL.

Sailings from Pier 15, North River, foot Barclay St., New York, Daily and Sunday, at 4 P. M. LAST TRIP SUNDAY, OCT. 1. For full information apply to
MAINE S. S. CO., 290 Broadway, N. Y.

BY SEA TO MAINE

The Most Charming
Short Sea Trip on the Atlantic Coast.
Sailings from New Pier 20, East River, New York, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays at 5 P. M. For full information apply to
MAINE S. S. CO., 290 Broadway, N. Y.

CENTRAL-HUDSON LINE

From Pier 24, N. R., foot Franklin St.
For NEWBURGH, PO'KEEPSIE, & KINGSTON, Week-days, 4:00 P. M. West 129th St., 4:30 P. M.
For NEWBURGH, week-days, 5:00 P. M.; SUNDAYS, 9:00 A. M. West 129th St., 5:30 P. M.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE TO ALBANY

Round Trip, $1.50. Good 30 Days. Strs. lv. ft. W. Houston St., 5:30 P.M.; W. 129th St., 6 P. M. daily; stop Columbia St., (Union Sta.,) Albany; south bound, stop ft. W. 131st St., N. Y. 9226 Spring.

HARTFORD LINE

From New Pier 32, East River, foot of Pike St., daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 15,481.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HERBERT AYLING, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Herbert Ayling of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of September, A. D. 1911, the said Herbert Ayling was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 13th day of October, A. D. 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Sept. 27th, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

LEGAL NOTICES.

LEGAL NOTICES.

New York, Aug. 24, 1911.

THE CORN EXCHANGE BANK, N. Y.

The following is a true and accurate statement of every account made with this bank, and of each dividend and each item of interest declared upon any of the stock, bonds or other evidences of indebtedness of this bank, which at this date amounts to Fifty Dollars ($50) or over, and which has remained unclaimed by any person or persons authorized to receive the same for the last five years, to wit:

UNCLAIMED BALANCES.

MAIN BANK.

Brown, F. G., Assignee, 6 Locust St., Flushing, N. Y., October 6, 1896	$157.00
Delaney, D. A., Assignee, (J. Lloyd & Co.,) 206 11th St., Brooklyn, N. Y., September 15, 1903	809.74
Estate of C. H. Cleland, 23 E. 23d St., N. Y. C., prior to 1902	164.50
Estate of Van Deusen Mairs, 5 Nassau St., July 6, 1900	69.75
Gerard, Jr., J. E., address not known, October 25, 1904	262.08
Hosmer, Ed. S., 32 Nassau St., November 18, 1905	59.92
Heydon, H. S., General Agent, 403 Decatur St., Brooklyn, N. Y., December 16, 1905	71.21
Logansport & Wabash Valley Gas Co., no address, Nov. 3, 1903	143.45
Ohio & Indiana Con. Nat. & Ill. Gas Co., dividend account, 45 Broadway, N. Y. C., May 15, 1905	494.20
Osgood & Co., F., 21 State St., N. Y. C., prior to 1900	82.39
Wilson, William C., 55 Liberty St., N. Y. C., May 31, 1906	77.32

ASTOR PLACE BRANCH.

Murray, George S., Assignee, 454 Broadway, 1896	240.34
Baldwin, S. S., Agent, 77 Spring St., prior to June 28, 1905	384.26

EAST SIDE BRANCH.

Bain, Lizar, 148 E. Broadway, more than five years	70.69
Munes, Loeb, 865 Brook Ave., Bronx, prior to 1904	101.82

ELEVENTH WARD BRANCH.

Lichtenberg, Sig., 146 Water St., N. Y. C., Dec. 3, 1900	305.00

FIFTH AVENUE BRANCH.

Stanley, Allen Matthew, 36 E. 23d St., N. Y. C., April 13, 1906	749.68

HUDSON RIVER BRANCH.

Lost

80c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—Notice is hereby given that Certificate No. 137 for eleven (11) shares of preferred stock for Indian Refining Company, standing in the name of Rebekah C. Davis, has been either lost or stolen. All persons are hereby notified against purchasing, selling, or otherwise negotiating the above certificate. Notice of the loss or theft has been given to the Indian Refining Company, and application has been made for the issue of a new certificate. (Signed) REBEKAH C. DAVIS.

LOST.—In New York City, on Thursday, Sept. 21, railroad ticket, travelers' checks and bank draft; ticket revoked, drafts and check stopped; reward for return to owner, William L. Adams, Hotel Cumberland, 54th and Broadway.

LOST—Gentleman's black pearl and diamond scarfpin, in the neighborhood of Fulton Market; finder will be liberally rewarded by returning same to Blackford's, Fulton Market, New York City.

LOST—Tuesday, Sept. 19, between 118th and 119th Sts. and 5th Av., 1 pair earrings, 4 diamond rings, 1 diamond pin, and $70 cash; liberal reward. Vigushin, 1,469 5th Av.

LOST—Sunday evening, between 93d and 82d Sts., Broadway, presumably on 10th Av. or Broadway car, opal scarf pin; liberal reward. Leary, 304 West 82d St.

LOST—An Amethyst brooch, surrounded by pearls, vicinity 90th St. and Amsterdam Av., to 93d St., Columbus to Riverside; liberal reward. E. Strauss, 325 West 93d St.

LOST.—Fancy gunmetal watch, bow knot pin, between Broadway, 85th, West End, 82d. Return Ballerstein, Umbria, 82d St., West End Av.; reward.

LOST—Sept. 26, gold bracelet, three small stones; reward. C. Mackenzie, 103 Park Av.

LOST—Gold fob, "S. S. B." Reward return to H. Bran, 404 East 48th St.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

80c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

80c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, Sept. 28—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Apply Property Clerk's Office, 300 Mulberry St.: Knife, book, pocketbook, containing small amount of cash, watch and chain, and keys; auto lamp and auto license, auto shields, hand warmer, box, containing cans, bottles, &c.; keys, auto sign license, quantity of bottles. 289 State St., Brooklyn—Boots and lantern, small quantity of scissors.

FOUND, Sept. 27.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—HUDSON TUBES. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Pictures, papers, mileage book, pin, book, toy, gloves, 2 packages, 3 umbrellas.

FOUND Sept. 20 to 26—LEHIGH VALLEY R. R. CO. Apply Office of General Baggage Agent, South Bethlehem, Penn.: Umbrella, coat, bag, suit case, cane, hat, package.

FOUND, Sept. 28—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.: Pair shoes, gloves, cap.

FOUND, Sept. 28—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Ring, 2 umbrellas, suitcase, 3 packages, fishing rod.

FOUND, Sept. 28—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City, L. I.: Two packages, 2 umbrellas, raincoat, hatpin.

FOUND, Sept. 28—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Five umbrellas, 4 packages, overcoat, child's hat, rubber ball, eyeglasses.

FOUND, Sept. 28—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Eight umbrellas, 2 pocketbooks, hat, 2 books, pin.

FOUND, Sept. 27—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Coat, raincoat, package of shoes, pocketbook, cardcase, eyeglasses, case, 4 umbrellas, telescope, knife, gloves, satchel, bunch of keys. Sept. 22: Package of ties, 5 umbrellas, gloves, rug, package of collars, shoes.

FOUND, Sept. 28—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Hat, gloves, scarf, parasol, gloves, telescope. LONG ISLAND DIVISION: Two thermos bottles, eyeglasses, neckpiece.

Business Opportunities

80c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Investment of $600 with services will net good living and large interest in stable manufacturing business to a bright young man who is looking for a future; bank references and orders from railroads, automobile trade, &c., on hand; money can be secured through bills receivable. Genuine, 268 Times Downtown.

Drug store; unusual bargain; busy city corner; good prescription business; established over 50 years; inventory about $4,000; good reasons for selling at sacrifice. Address Druggist, 265 Times Downtown.

EDITOR and business manager wanted for a printing and publishing company; must be an educated gentleman and invest $2,500 as third interest in $25,000 plant. X 44 Times.

MANUFACTURING company, with rapid selling, profitable line, has attractive opening for wide awake man, with some money. Hustler, C 204 Times Downtown.

RAPIDLY growing, very profitable machinery specialty business; can use any part $10,000, with, without services; two months trial. Trial, B 261 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced salesman and office manager, offers services with a little capital to invest in growing business. B 269 Times Downtown.

A partner, active or otherwise; with $3,000, for public accountant in business, now earning $4,000 to $5,000; $1,000 to remain in business. C 125 Times.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BEST & CO.,

1 WEST 35TH ST.,

REQUIRE EXPERIENCED HANDS ON MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S TAILORED AND FANCY COATS.

BOOKKEEPING and TOUCH TYPEWRITING TEACHER.—Uptown business school; state age and salary expected. Address S. A., 263 West 125th St.

HOUSEWORK.—Wanted, girl, general housework; likes child; family of three; good home with Methodist minister. Apply 2,620 Broadway.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl wanted for general housework; family of four adults. Apply before 12, Isaacs, 220 West 107th St.

LADIES.—New quick-selling educational device for business men, families, and teachers; pocket sample. Call or write, Mr. Carter, Room 926, 225 5th Av.

LADY WANTED to read to shorthand pupil and make herself generally useful in office work. Apply School, 509 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced female, on law and corporation work; must be rapid and accurate. Address, stating qualifications and salary desired, Accurate, P. O. Box 822, New York City.

WANTED—Lady, private house, wishes cook-laundress and chambermaid-waitress; extra help given; four in family, two friends or mother and daughter. Call evenings after 8, at 284 West 70th St.

WANTED—Woman to sew in a private family. Call mornings or telephone for an appointment. 263 West 84th St. Tel. 8846 Schuyler.

WANTED—Girl to act as maid in dentist's office. Apply between 1 and 3 at 228 East 52d St.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOOK MEN.—This is your opportunity to make big money; sales on the "Photographic History of the Civil War" far in excess of all estimates; territory now being assigned. Review of Reviews, 13 Astor Place; afternoons.

BOY to attend door and answer telephone; references required. Apply Superintendent, 100 East 17th St.

EXPERIENCED DESIGNER WANTED ON CLOAKS, SUITS, AND DRESSES; BEST OPPORTUNITY FOR FIRST-CLASS MAN; RIGHT PARTY CAN HAVE INTEREST IN THE BUSINESS. APPLY AT ONCE, B 200 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EXPERT MAGNET WINDER on small work. Gray Electric Co., 75 Fulton St.

MECHANICAL engineer, able to figure in all measure, wanted in spare hours. Write or call, Pelloggio, 38 West 64th St., City.

PAPERHANGERS and painters wanted, first-class; come ready to work; only skilled men need apply. 922 Washington St., Hoboken.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

SALESMAN.—A young man, 25 to 40 years of age, of neat appearance, experience not necessary, but who is well known in Boroughs of Manhattan, Brooklyn, and Bronx; excellent opportunity for right party; salary, $15 per week and commission. Apply between 9 and 10 A. M., Mr. Brown, Room 513, World Building, New York City.

SALESMEN wanted to handle ladies' muslin underwear as side line; only those with established trade need apply; good chance for right men. Address by mail only, Mutual Ladies' Underwear, 820 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted to carry a side line of kimonos on the road; commission only. American Silk Garment Co., 80 5th Av.

SHOE SALESMAN wanted with experience and reference. Frank Bros., 224 5th Av.

VARNISH SALESMAN to handle our extensive line among the trade; must have executive ability. Michael McNamara Varnish Works, 254 Pearl St.

WANTED—SALESMAN.

A FIRST-CLASS COLOR PRINTING SALESMAN, COMMANDING GOOD BUSINESS, TO CONNECT WITH LARGE COLOR-PRINTING HOUSE. REPLY WILL BE CONSIDERED STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT MAN. ADDRESS,

COLOR PRINTING,
1,364 BROADWAY.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED—Boy, grammar school education, for work in editorial rooms; $6. Address Box C 137 Times.

WINDOW TRIMMER, up-to-date; men's clothing and furniture man; must be good ticket-writer; state previous experience and salary. C. 127 Times.

Help Wanted
Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

OFFICE ASSISTANTS, (3) neat, $7, $8, $10. Cashier, female, neat, store experience, $12. Saleslades, (3) bakery, neat, $10, $12. Stenographers, (4) male, female, $10, $12, $15. Bank Messenger, young man, bright, $30. Several other positions open. Employers' Reference Service Agency, 144 West 23d St.

Domestic.

AGENCY, Miss Curry's, 25 West 42d; Rooms 511-512. Domestic help all kinds wanted.

COOK, $40-$45; chambermaid-waitress, $35; for Arizona. Miss Curry's Agency, 25 West 42d.

MRS. MALMBERG'S Swedish Employment Agency, 115 East 26th St., formerly at 352 4th Av.—Reliable servants for private families. Established 1881.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

AS RESIDENT seamstress, or nursery governess, position of trust; highest references. Y 4 Times.

BILLING or tabulating work; some stenography; competent; Smith Premier typewriter. B 252 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry; woman, 27; accustomed to responsibility; capable of filling almost any position where first-class work is appreciated; salary, $18-$20. Address E. F., 263 West 125th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography; moderate salary; best references. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

KINDERGARTENER wishes to exchange services and care of children before and after school hours for room and board; references. C 134 Times.

PRIVATE OR SOCIAL SECRETARY.
Young English gentlewoman, experienced, accurate stenographer and typist, highly indorsed by medical man, editor, and others, accustomed to usages of society, seeks position, resident or non-resident; salary, $25 a week, resident. Address, Miss T., 509 5th Av. Telephone 6955 Bryant.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, desires position; can furnish first-class reference; Remington and Underwood operator. Reliable, 267 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER desires position where good work is appreciated; ambitious, rapid, accurate; 6 years' experience; $15. Address X 218 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid, accurate stenographer desires position immediately; seven years' experience; A1 references. B 257 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; somewhat experienced. Accurate, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 690 East New York.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good education, executive ability; 6 years' experience; references; $15. C 22 Times.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; books opened; balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 57 Murray St. Tel. 5988 Barclay.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; specialty, opening, closing, adjusting, complicated accounts; corporation work. Schultz, 89 Delancey.

AMBITIOUS young American (21) desires position where character and ability is essential; highly recommended. Maurice Steinberg, 290 South 2d St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Knowledge of typewriting; willing to work hard. Faithful, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER—Expert accountant; writes up books regular intervals; moderate. Dixie, 316 Canal St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced, single, wishes position with private family; strictly sober, careful driver; references. C 138 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Two years' experience, reference, desires position. Levey, 130 Osborn St., Brooklyn.

COACHMAN.—Position is desired for coachman in city or country; married, no children; best of references, who is losing present employment on account of employer's changes of plans for Winter. Address Harry Warren, care of Richard M. Jesup, White Plains, N. Y.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN to sell medium line of skirts throughout the United States; good inducements. Thomas Posner, 327 Church St., New York.

J. H. P. BEVOIZ, Masseur, is open for treatments at home of clientele; medical references; telephone, 9039 Schuyler.

OFFICE MAN, &c.—Experienced all-around office man, collector; excellent references. Address A., 263 West 125th.

SECRETARYSHIP or responsible opening, by reliable, competent, college graduate; excellent business experience in other lines; no stenographer; well recommended. Box 206 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER, private secretary, correspondent; qualified for position of responsibility and trust; 12 years' business training; exceptional references; moderate salary. C 107 Times.

TEACHER.—German and mathematics, European and American college, wishes school position in or near New York. Simons, 139 Prince St., Newark, N. J.

WANTED.—Position as office manager or auditor; eight years with present employer; past five years as auditor in Southern States; desires to get back to the North; will travel; single, 27, Northern born and bred; unblemished record; best of references as to character and ability; can furnish any bond required. Address Box X 48 Times.

WANTED—Position of companion by gentleman of education; references exchanged. C 132 Times.

YOUNG MAN, thorough business man; English, German, French, Bohemian, partly Italian, Spanish; long experience, seeks position as office manager or manager of export department; best references. C 93 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires a position in mercantile house or railroad; four years railroad experience in both accounting and freight offices; can furnish best of references. C 115 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes position stock clerk in lace house; 2 years' experience. B 266 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, 24, capable and thoroughly experienced, desires position of responsibility. F. R., 357 East 18th St., New York City.

YOUNG MAN, high school education, wants position with good house; splendid references. Address S. T., Box 269 Tries, 2 Rector St.

YOUNG MAN, (17,) graduate, studying chemistry, desires position in laboratory; references; $5-$6. B 264 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, desires to connect with some reliable house; outside position preferred. Box 995, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

Situations Wanted
Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John.

Domestic.

A1 COLORED HELP furnished, short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av. Harlem—6370.

COMPETENT colored help, all trades, supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th St. 'Phone 1538 Riverside.

COOK, general workers, day workers, porters, elevator man. Instant Relief Agency. 'Phone 7288 Morningside.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th Street. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, with board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

5TH AV., 47.—Large and small rooms, private baths; transients and table guests.

16TH ST., 18 WEST.—Large front room; running water; near bath; very reasonable; excellent board; telephone.

16TH, 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large rooms; newly decorated; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms in well-kept Southern home; persons with reliable references.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house and table strictly first-class; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; table guests; first-class references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms with board; references.

58TH ST., 37 WEST, (near "L" and Subway.) —Newly decorated large and small rooms; private baths, electric lights; table guests; references.

64TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; excellent table board; telephone; reasonable.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for 1 or 2; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 64 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private bath or adjoining; excellent table; gentlemen, couples; references.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—For Fall and Winter months, desirable rooms, with board; references.

72D ST., 261-263 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath; excellent cuisine; telephone; references.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Large double room for two gentlemen or couple; excellent table; references.

72D, 131 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and medium rooms; private baths; well appointed; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Newly decorated; private bath and telephone; electricity; steam; parlor dining room.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large, medium rooms; suitable two; private bath; parlor dining; references.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—17th year; rooms, private bath; parlor dining; references.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated, single and double rooms; private bath, hot water, parlor dining, excellent table; table guests; telephone.

76TH ST., 105 WEST.—Large and small rooms with board; table guests; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table guests; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 232-234 WEST.—Desirable large, small; table guests; rates, $5 and $6; references.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table board; references required.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms, with board; high grade.

80TH ST., 143 WEST.—Large front room; southern exposure; table guests; parlor dining room; references.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Refined, exclusive home for desirable people; new throughout; generous table; telephone.

81ST ST., 120 WEST.—Suffrage club offers pure food; table board.

82D, 33 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; excellent accommodation; superior table; refined surroundings; telephone; references.

50-52 WEST 82D.
Rooms, newly decorated; baths; electricity. Schuyler, 8397.

84TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large and small room; also 2d floor through; refined home; references.

86TH, 137 WEST.—Can accommodate gentleman or couple; exclusive, refined Jewish home; access surface, Subway, elevated; references exchanged.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant rooms; handsomely furnished; every convenience; telephone; centrally located; superior board.

92D, 54 WEST.—Second floor rooms, private baths; single rooms; excellent table; telephone; references.

92D ST., 60 WEST.—Suite of two rooms; hot and cold water; single room; table board.

93D, 128-130 WEST.—Large and skylight rooms in high-class house; table guests.

94TH ST., 60 WEST.—Attractive second floor rooms; excellent board; table guests; parlor dining; telephone.

94TH 144 WEST.—Rooms, attractive to those appreciating well-ordered house; convenient; table guests.

95TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with board; private bath; business people preferred; telephone.

96TH, 61 WEST.—Rooms, with board; reasonable terms.

103D, 252 WEST.—Attractive rooms; bachelors, couples; refined, modern home; excellent table; Subway express.

104TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large, handsome rooms; excellent table; refined surroundings; phone; table guests.

104TH ST., 257 WEST, (West End Av.)—Rooms, private bath; table guests; references.

114TH ST., 526 WEST.—Very large front rooms, overlooking Columbia; private bath; excellent table.

117TH ST., 435 West.—Large front room; well furnished; southern exposure; excellent table.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Large corner rooms; Morningside Heights; superb view; celebrated table; room and board $12, $14; references; telephone 4769 Morningside.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway, trolley.

118TH ST., 430 WEST.—Students' dining hall, $5, 3 meals; home cooking.

477 MANHATTAN AV., (120th.)
Large, small rooms, running water; good table.

121ST ST., 148 WEST.—Small room; well furnished; excellent board; table guests accommodated.

122D, 520 WEST.—Attractive front, modern room; telephone, electricity, elevator; reasonable; board optional. Kerker.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional, homelike accommodations; wholesome, well-served meals; table guests.

145TH ST. 412 WEST.—Large, small rooms; refined house; superior table; references exchanged; table guests.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

ALLIANCE HOUSE,
258-260 West 44th St.
Quiet place for quiet people; in the very centre of the city, catering only to a respectable class; suites consisting of parlor, sleeping apartment, and private bathroom; also parlor and sleeping room, with running water; single and double rooms; steam heated; elevator service; popular rates; special rates for permanent guests.

East Side.

15TH ST., 210 EAST, (opposite Stuyvesant Park.)—Handsome back parlor, private bath; two large connecting rooms; telephone; table guests.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Desirable, large rooms; view Stuyvesant Park; reference; telephone; board optional.

28TH ST., 42 EAST at Subway.—Family hotel, rooms and board, $15 per week; excellent service; inspection invited.

63D, 23 EAST, (694-696 Madison Av.)—Single and double rooms; uniformly excellent table.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Fine corner rooms, suites, with bath or separate; elevator, steam heat; uniformly fine table; select house; reasonable.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms; private baths; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large and small rooms, with board; telephone; references.

Brooklyn.

PRIVATE FAMILY offers two large adjoining rooms, with board, to couple or gentlemen for $20 weekly; no other boarders; excellent location in Brooklyn. X 226 Times Downtown.

PIERREPONT ST., 76, (Near Borough Hall Subway Station.)—Delightfully cool rooms; excellent table; moderate rates. 'Phone 1795—Main.

PARK SLOPE, 92 PRESIDENT ST.—Alcove and other rooms; superior table; telephone.

Board Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A young lady, employed, wants room and board in strictly private family; no other boarders; west side, below 96th St.; references. C 136 Times.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

9TH, 32 WEST.—Comfortable, well-furnished rooms; every convenience; private house; fine location.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Very desirable rooms; quiet; refined house; select neighborhood; $5-$15 weekly.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house, charming suites, accommodate 2, 4, single; electric lights; references.

12TH, 109 WEST.—Desirable square, comfortable room; modern conveniences; suitable one or two; moderate.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Parlor floor, single or en suite; newly furnished and decorated; other rooms.

12TH ST., 113 WEST.—Large rooms; southern exposure; running water; particular people; references.

21ST ST., 21 WEST.—Attractive back parlor, also front room; clean, select house; all conveniences; telephone.

23D ST., 431 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, medium, small rooms; scrupulously clean; telephone; transients.

23D ST., 326 WEST.—Attractive large rooms, $4, $6; hall rooms, $2.50; back parlor; transients.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable double, single rooms; large closets, bath, running water; $8-$5.

46TH ST., 43 WEST.—Attractive, comfortable, large, small rooms, private bath, running water; references; gentlemen.

46TH ST. 63 WEST.—Large, well furnished room; private bath, with owner; gentlemen; references.

46TH, 28 WEST.—Large and small connecting rooms; private baths; all conveniences for gentlemen.

46TH ST., 313 WEST.—Large, small rooms; conveniences; block from Broadway; private house. 3462—Bryant.

52D ST., 238 WEST.—Large front room, suitable for two; bath, breakfast; $7. Large hall rooms; running water; breakfast; $4; gentleman.

52D, 236 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Exceptionally attractive large and small rooms; hot and cold running water; newly furnished; refined, private family.

57TH ST., 432 WEST.—Large, small, newly furnished; electric light; hot water; board optional; telephone.

58TH ST., 17 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms and suite; private bath; electric lights; board optional.

58TH ST., 222 WEST.—Large and small rooms; bath, telephone; parlor, with piano; all conveniences.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—Elegantly kept rooms, private baths; single, double, $25-$00 monthly; breakfast.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Unusually desirable room, near bath; attractively furnished; all improvements; reasonable.

69TH ST., 6% WEST.—Large sunny rooms, with or without bath; steam heat; electric light; telephone.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentlemen only; references.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms; private house; all accommodations; for gentlemen.

72D ST., 253 WEST.—Exceptionally large, light second-floor room, private bath; extra large closet; parquet floors; suitable for bachelor apartment; also large third-floor room; private house.

73D, 160 WEST.—Very pleasant room in private house; all modern conveniences; gentlemen only.

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Beautiful large single or connecting; private house; telephone; references.

73D, 373 WEST.
Desirable rooms; references.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive large and single rooms; southern exposure; baths; Subway and "L."

75TH ST., 104 WEST.—Attractive, newly furnished large rooms; running water; bath; telephone.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, refined house and neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable second floor front room, attractively furnished; conveniences; references; reasonable.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Desirable single room, southern exposure; gentlemen; references.

78TH ST., 160 WEST.—Handsome large front room; ample closets; all conveniences; telephone; references.

79TH, 162 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; well-kept house; convenient Subway, "L"; references.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelors; superior accommodations; attractive to gentlemen appreciating private, refined surroundings; references.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Newly furnished and decorated rooms; hot and cold water; private family.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, private house; all conveniences; reasonable; references; "L," Subway.

81ST ST., 131 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private house; all conveniences; private baths; together or separate.

82D ST., 327 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Private house; large, small; ample closets; gentlemen; telephone. Campbell.

82D ST., 6 WEST.—Front suite; tray breakfast or board optional; business people preferred; references.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Private bath; steam heat, electricity, parquet floors; special parlor suite; telephone.

83D ST., 311 WEST.—Large, beautifully furnished room, every convenience; private residence.

84TH ST., 34 WEST.—One large second floor room in physician's house; gentleman only; reasonable to satisfactory applicant.

84TH ST., 128 WEST.—Handsome parlor and bedroom, or single room with water; all conveniences. Brown.

85TH ST., 106 WEST, (Formerly 152 West 80th.)—Pleasant, homelike rooms; ideal location; telephone; references.

85TH, 140 WEST.—Large and small beautiful furnished rooms; private bath; convenient; private house.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

89TH ST., 174 WEST.—Bedroom and sitting room for business women; 'phone 7563 Riverside. Janitor.

92D ST. 51 WEST.—Large and small room, with all modern conveniences, at moderate rates, near elevated and Subway.

93D ST., WEST.—Beautiful, large, light rooms; elevator apartment; refined small family; telephone 5,020 River. Campbell.

97TH ST., (west of Broadway.)—Select two-room suite; hig-class elevator apartment; every comfort and convenience; telephone 6780 Riverside. Apartment 1—B.

100TH ST., 253 WEST.—Fastidiously furnished rooms, with adjoining bath; private residence; gentleman; references.

102D ST., 202 WEST.—Residence near Riverside Drive; handsomely furnished room; large; accommodations; all conveniences; reasonable; telephone.

102D ST., 211, (corner Broadway.)—Large sunny outside room; closets; private family; moderate; references. Frakin.

103D ST., 216 WEST. (Corner Broadway.)—Private family offers large, handsomely furnished outside room. Lorsodi.

103d St., 205 West, Apartment 31.—Two front rooms in high-grade elevator apartment.

104TH, 247 WEST.—Private family rent one or two connecting furnished rooms; lavatory; block Subway; two doors west Broadway; references. Walker.

105TH ST., 108 WEST.—Nicely furnished room in heated apartment, with telephone. Wilson.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment; attractive rooms, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Large, bright, attractive front room; closets; elevator; Southern family; references. White.

115TH ST., 422 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, sunny room, two windows, $5 per week. Hendry.

115TH ST, 604 WEST.—Room, connecting lavatory; block subway express; newly decorated. Hoag.

118TH ST., 401 WEST.—Attractive room; telephone; electricity; elevator; dining-room convenient; Subway. Apartment 33.

118TH, 414 WEST, near Columbia.—Exceptionally well-kept rooms; elevator; $5, $6; references. Root.

417 WEST 118TH ST.
Newly furnished rooms; elevator; telephone; references. Fort.

414 WEST 118TH ST.
Large, small rooms; elevator; Subway. Smith.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Cool corner; four windows; modern; telephone; en suite; $3, $5. Hungerford.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Exceptionally clean, outside room, adjoining bath; elevator apartment; occupied by small private family. Apartment 55.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Exceptionally attractive front rooms; kitchen; elevator; references. Apartment 61.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Comfortable, clean, sunny rooms, single, double; elevator; telephone, &c. Apartment 32.

126TH ST., 157 WEST.—Large and medium rooms, well lighted, all comforts; convenient location; breakfast optional.

137TH ST., 249 WEST.—Well-furnished large rooms; every convenience; attractive neighborhood; telephone, Subway, elevated.

138TH ST., 628 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; running water; private house; bath, shower; Subway; reasonable.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—Two large, handsome rooms; running water; good table; private house; one block from Subway; gentlemen; telephone 4678 Audubon.

156TH ST., 555 WEST.—Large or small well-furnished room; gentlemen; private house; references.

181ST ST., 851 WEST.—Large, outside bedroom; elevator apartment; overlooking Hudson; suitable for two; call after 7 P. M. Northern.

BROADWAY, 3,810, (corner 159th.)—Large furnished room; near Subway; elevator apartment. Call evenings. Farmer.

BROADWAY, 2,465, (91st)—Beautiful large sunny bedroom; elevator; telephone; very desirable, $6. Suite 17.

CLAREMONT AV., 175, near Riverside.—Select room; private family; business man, woman; $5. Cotton.

LIGHT housekeeping suite, 3 rooms; every convenience, electric lights, telephone; unusually desirable; reasonable. 476 West 24th, (London Terrace,) private residence.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 58, (120th,) Facing Park.—Front room, near bath; one flight. Gifford.

PRIVATE FAMILY, in high-class elevator apartment, offers large outside room, attractively furnished; references. 220 West 107th St., Apartment 35.

SEVERAL beautiful rooms on Riverside Drive; running water and big closets; southern exposure; rent reasonable for desirable tenants, one block from 116th St. Subway. 431 Riverside Drive.

East Side.

16TH ST., 130 EAST.—Large second story front room, well furnished; running water; gentlemen; references.

17TH, ST., 130 EAST.—Pleasant, well-furnished rooms, large and small; gentlemen.

22D ST., 45 EAST.—Pleasant rooms in refined house; $3 to $7 weekly; references.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Bachelors' quarters; swimming pool, showers free; electricity; $5 weekly and up.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Charming, large room, first floor; other rooms; private house; references.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Large, sunny front room; running water and telephone; gentlemen.

35TH, 15 EAST.—
Large, small rooms; all conveniences; reasonable.

43D ST., 16 EAST.—Large, attractive room; running water; also small room.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Furnished rooms, with baths; gentlemen; references.

49TH, 50 EAST, (Near Madison.)—Desirable rooms for gentlemen; comfortable, clean; reference; telephone; moderate.

89TH ST., 143 EAST.—Large furnished rooms, with board; reasonable.

92D, 129 EAST.—Large room or suite; private bath; physician's residence; breakfast optional.

COTTAGE, like country; young couple will rent one room, three windows; no other roomers; $6; references. 7495—Lenox. 18 East 90th St.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Box spring bed; special rates for tourists; front room; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness; corner building.

LEXINGTON AV., 622.—Extra large front and back rooms; private baths; running water; conveniences.

MADISON AV., 269, (between 29th and 40th Sts.)—Exceptionally fine floor in private house; consists of three rooms with private bath; will let separately or together; steam heat, electricity, beautifully furnished; excellent neighborhood. Call or telephone 187 Bryant. W. Peek.

MADISON AV., 1,041.—Physician can share office extension and waiting room; all handsomely furnished.

Brooklyn.

AT MONTAGUE TERRACE, 3, Heights.—Handsome rooms with private baths; instantaneous hot water; gentlemen; Wall St. ferry.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, HEIGHTS, 11.—Handsome rooms, overlooking water; accessible and aristocratic neighborhood; Wall St. ferry.

Furnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BACHELOR, lawyer, temporarily economizing, desires furnished room about $4 per week or $9 with meals, in small family of cultivated people, west side, preferably where there are no other roomers. Particulars, C 129 Times.

FURNISHED ROOM in refined surroundings, between 75th and 110th Sts., west side, by young single woman employed during day; state terms; very moderate price; references exchanged. C 131 Times.

IN PRIVATE FAMILY below 110th St.; board and quiet, sunny room with every convenience by single gentleman. C 139 Times.

Pianos and Organs

25c. a line 1 time; 69c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

STEINWAY mahogany upright piano in fine condition; will sell very cheap. 316 W. 42d.

Unfurnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

72D ST., 253 WEST.—Large second-floor room with two smaller rooms adjoining; private bath; extra large closets, parquet floors, suitable for bachelor apartments; also large third-floor room.

Three rooms, bath; $25; heated; hot water and conveniences; private house; quiet, refined couple at business desired; references. C 12 Times.

SUNNY kitchen suite, with outside extra rooms, for teachers, librarians; references; reasonable; quiet. Write E., 532 West End Av.

58TH ST., 226 WEST.—Suite three rooms; hot and cold water, bath; yearly lease.

Unfurnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

Two or three unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping at $15 per month, Manhatt

CLERGY PROTEST AT COURT'S ACTION

Second Prisoner Accused of Keeping a Disorderly Resort Freed in Special Sessions.

CHURCH CRUSADE BLOCKED

Mgr. Murphy Complains to District Attorney — Justices Deuel and O'Keefe Outvoted Justice Mayo.

A protest against the action of two Justices of Special Sessions was made to District Attorney Whitman yesterday by Mgr. William J. Murphy of the Church of the Immaculate Conception, Assistant Pastor De Marco of the same church, and the Rev. Robert Backman, Jr., of Grace Episcopal Church in East Seventeenth Street. The protest was made immediately after Justices Deuel and O'Keefe had voted to dismiss the case against Charles Green, a clerk in the Union Hotel, at Fifteenth Street and Third Avenue, who was tried on Tuesday for keeping a disorderly house. Green was discharged after Justices Deuel and O'Keefe had outvoted Justice Mayo.

This is the second case to be treated in the same manner in Special Sessions in two weeks. The first was that of Edward S. Hoyt, a clerk in the Hotel Royal, formerly the Dunlap, at 149 West Forty-fourth Street, who was discharged on Sept. 21 by Justices Deuel and O'Keefe, with Justice Mayo dissenting.

In making his protest to District Attorney Whitman yesterday Mgr. Murphy, who acted as spokesman, mentioned the case of Hoyt, saying that next to the case of Green it was the worst miscarriage of justice he had ever heard of. He also announced his intention of calling a mass meeting at Cooper Union in the near future to protest further against the action of Justices Deuel and O'Keefe yesterday.

According to the evidence taken in the trial of Green, Detectives Charles E. Patton and George A. Burnell were approached by a woman on the street on June 15. Patton went to the hotel with the woman, and later left. Then Burnell also went to the hotel with the same woman. Registering as man and wife, the two were assigned to a room near the one previously occupied by Patton. Green, the detectives testified, acted as clerk in both cases.

The very next night a warrant was obtained for the arrest of Green, and he was held for Special Sessions by Magistrate Freschi in the Tombs Court. The case was repeatedly postponed on motion of Morris Meyer, the prisoner's counsel. Finally the case was put down for Sept. 26.

On the witness stand Green refused to say who employed him as clerk in the Union Hotel, and said he did not know the name of the man who paid him. He said that about ten days prior to his arrest the bartender left, and he acted in his place, as well as retaining his place as clerk. He said he always left the money in the cash register, and did not know where the money went, as he closed the saloon and left the key hung up near the door.

Green was the only witness for the defense, which was a general denial that the detectives had visited the hotel on the night in question. Mr. Meyer said Detective Patton had previously arrested Green and that it was inconceivable that the clerk should let him enter the hotel again, knowing him to be a police officer.

The trial lasted until nearly 7 o'clock at night. Justice Deuel then said a decision would be reached on the 29th.

In the meantime Justice Mayo argued that Green was guilty and Justice O'Keefe remained non-committal. Yesterday Justice Deuel announced that the defendant was discharged, as both Justice O'Keefe and himself had decided that the defendant was not guilty, while Justice Mayo had cast the only dissenting vote.

Justice Deuel, in speaking of an action he took in the case, said:

"I am not going to allow myself to be influenced by the atmosphere created by certain persons around the Court of Special Sessions, who spread the rumors that so and so ought to be convicted. When the District Attorney presents clear cases showing beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant is guilty I shall say convict the defendant, but not before. There were no witnesses produced to show that persons in the neighborhood had ever complained that the Union Hotel was a disorderly house, and it rested completely upon the testimony of the police officers."

Justice O'Keefe, when spoken to about the case, said: "Really, this is very annoying, very annoying."

Assistant District Attorney Smith, who prosecuted the case, was very indignant over the outcome, and remarked upon the Hotel Royal case as a parallel one.

District Attorney Whitman would make no statement in regard to the case, except to say that all the ministers living in the district about the Union Hotel had formed themselves into a league to stamp out what they say is the vilest condition of affairs existing in this city. They say, according to Mr. Whitman, that the action of the court in recent cases shows anything but a tendency to stop the violations of the law which are rife in that part of the city.

Patrick F. McGowan, the President of the Gramercy Park Association, also joined in the protest made by Mgr. Murphy. He said last night that a mass meeting would be called and protests made. In speaking of Justice Deuel's remarks he said:

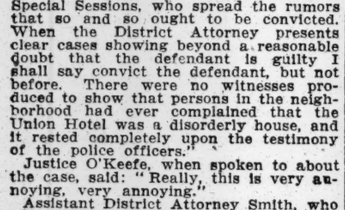
"I intend to call a meeting of the Executive Committee of our association to decide upon just what action shall be taken. I have always considered that the atmosphere created by ministers was a very healthy atmosphere to live in."

The case against the Hotel Royal was similar to the other one, the officers being Detectives Max A. Greenbaum and A. S. Handwerg. In this case the elevator man testified for the defendant, and said he remembered seeing Greenbaum enter, but was emphatic in denying that Handwerg had ever entered. In this case Assistant District Attorney Smith produced the register, and it showed that both men had registered there in the same night.

It is said that Justices Deuel and O'Keefe were influenced in their verdict by the decision handed down by Mayor Gaynor while a Justice in the Appellate Division on June 5, 1908. The case was of a similar nature to that of the Royal and Union Hotels, but it was proved that, while one woman had gone to the hotel at two different times, she wore a veil on her second visit, and thereby created a reasonable doubt. In this case Mayor Gaynor and Justices Jenks and Rich voted that the conviction should not be affirmed and Justices Hooker and Miller dissented.

Forbids Dim Dance Hall Lights.

Chief James G. Wallace of the Bureau of Licenses sent letters yesterday to about 500 proprietors of dance halls in the city informing them it was against the law to turn down the lights in their halls for the purpose of giving moving picture exhibitions or any other reason, and he threatened to revoke their licenses if they violated this rule. He also announced that he would revoke licenses of places that permitted improper dances.



BELMONT AN ARROW Notch COLLAR

"Get the knack of the NOTCH"

NO MERCY IN COURT.

Judge Disregards Plea for Man Who Stole for His Family.

Judge Foster in General Sessions yesterday said in sentencing Henry Zeidman of 124 Washington Avenue, New Haven, Conn., to six months in the Penitentiary, after he had pleaded guilty to grand larceny, that hereafter no prisoner arraigned before him might look for mercy from the court.

Zeidman pleaded guilty to stealing half a dozen rings from his employer, Solomon Whitebook of 94 Suffolk Street, on April 21, and selling them for $30. When he was arraigned for sentence yesterday his counsel, Meyer Greenberg of 99 Nassau Street, said in pleading for clemency:

"Your Honor, this is a case in which I think clemency should be shown. I am taking this case for charity, and know this man was driven to desperation. The facts briefly are these: Up to last June this defendant, who is married and has a wife and a year-and-a-half-old baby, had a small jewelry store in New Haven, Conn. He settled down in a little home and bought some furniture on the installment plan. He failed to make a success of his little store and tried to get work and failed. Finally he was dispossessed and cast out into the streets.

"He then came to this city in search of employment and secured it with Mr. Whitebook. He sent all his meager earnings to the wife and little one, and lived a hand-to-mouth existence in this city. He asked M. Whitebook for more pay, but was refused. Then he received word that the baby was sick with scarlet fever. This was the last straw, and he stole the rings and sent the money to his wife. I again ask that your Honor deal with leniency."

Mr. Greenberg had no sooner finished when a woman, bent double with grief and with lines of the greatest suffering written across her white face, took the witness stand, clasping a little baby in her arms. Looking first at Judge Foster and then at the defendant, she burst into tears and shouted in a hoarse voice:

"My God, your Honor, he stole for me. I was sick. The baby was sick. We had no home and were walking the streets. His business failed and we lost all. Henry came to this horrid city to get work and sent me almost all his salary. Then the little one was taken sick and he stole. Oh, please, please your Honor, let him go; do not send him away from me."

"If a man cannot rear children decently he has no right to have them," said Judge Foster, turning to the defendant. "You have been guilty and according to law I must impose sentence. Persons cannot violate the law and then expect to get off free. You never thought of your employer, and only attempted to help your wife and child."

Just before Ziedman was sentenced, Judge Foster sent Anthony De Leone of 346 West Thirty-ninth Street, who has a baggage office in Twenty-seventh Street, to the Elmira Reformatory after he had pleaded guilty to assault in the second degree.

Immediately after De Leone, John Reid, who pleaded guilty to stealing $36 from Harry Samann of 506 West Forty-ninth Street on Aug. 2, and who has made restitution to the extent of $16, was sentenced to the Elmira Reformatory.

Reid is 17 years old, a graduate of the Sacred Heart School. He lived at 515 West Forty-eighth Street, and according to Probation Officer Conway has always worked. He stole the money, he said, to have a good time.

Mgr. Thomas Mooney of the Sacred Heart Parish asked for a suspended sentence and praised the boy highly. The Rev. Thomas J. Lynch of the Catholic Protectory did likewise, and promised to get him a place.

"Persons must not violate the law and expect to get off free," remarked Judge Foster as he sentenced Reid to the reformatory.

CRUEL HOAX ON AGED MOTHER

Telegram Sent to Her, Falsely Announcing Death of Her Son.

Mrs. Bridget Frawley, an eighty-one-year-old widow, who has been confined to her home, 121 West 101st Street, for more than a year with illness, received this telegram yesterday morning:

Mrs. Frawley, Tim is dead; look for body in Morgue. JAMES.

Mrs. Frawley was prostrated by the shock, and her condition became worse when her son's wife, Mrs. Timothy F. Frawley, of 110 West 101st Street, hurried over in response to a message and told her that Timothy had not returned from a stag party to celebrate the victory of Leader James Ahearn of the Nineteenth Assembly District the night before.

The younger Mrs. Frawley took the telegram, which had been sent from an office at Broadway and Thirty-fourth Street, and went to the West 100th Street Police Station and then to the Morgue and several hospitals. She returned, worn out and weeping, to her home about noon, to find that her husband had returned a few hours before. They hastened over to his mother's house and revived the aged woman with the glad news.

Frawley said last night that he had suspicions which might lead to the discovery of the sender of the telegram, and offered to guarantee that the sender would regret it if he verified them.

CITY WON'T HONOR COLUMBUS

Request for Even $10,000 Is Refused by the Estimate Board.

The city will spend no money in celebrating Columbus Day on Oct. 12. This was decided yesterday when a request for an appropriation of $10,000 came before the Board of Estimate. The committee having the matter in charge had asked first for $50,000. The Mayor went on record against spending the money.

"I am astonished," said the Mayor, "that this committee cannot raise the money it needs. I don't understand that this is a celebration by the city at all. I didn't appoint the committee to get money out of the city. I only express my own individual vote, but I'll vote against this resolution."

Controller Prendergast thought the city ought to spent $10,000 for music and to pay for a parade by the National Guard.

"Why," still objected the Mayor, "the message that Gen. Roe sent me was that the National Guard would come out without any question of money except for music. I don't believe that any such appropriation is necessary. If it is necessary to have the money I am willing to head a subscription."

"Columbus has been dead for 400 years, and it is rather late now for celebrations," said ex-Controller Herman Metz. "As a member of the committee I came here to oppose any appropriation. From my experience as Controller I know that such money is usually wasted."

The matter went over until next week. Frank Smith, Clerk of Special Sessions, who was one of the prime movers in the celebration plans, said this would be too late. The committee later decided to try to obtain money from patriotic societies.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.		Loss.
8:30	103 Bleecker St.; J. & A. Waldstein.	$500
10:45	453 E. 183th St.; unknown.	Slight
10:45	30 Jefferson St.; I. Turetsky.	Trifling
11:20	Foot of Vesey St.; SS Bunker Hill.	Unknown
11:35	234 Columbus Av.; R. S. Sanders	Trifling
11:25	340 Wendover Av.; J. Nianicli.	$100
11:50	58 Varick St.; Antonio Geltiansio.	None
P. M.		
12:35	42 S. Washington Sq.; Mrs. Marron.	$5
12:40	Westchester and Castle Hills Avs.; the Rev. F. M. Clendenin.	$3,000
1:30	126 Lewis St.; unknown.	Trifling
2:15	95 East 7th St.; J. Silverstein.	$5
2:40	927 West 39th St.; Kolchinsky Brothers	$23
3:30	32 Suffolk St.; A. Bernstein.	$10
4:40	63 East 99th St.; M. Schefein.	$150
5:35	186th St. and Amsterdam Av.; unknown	None
5:40	129 West 12th St.; J. Marks.	Trifling
6:00	410 8th Av.; J. Pisapia.	$15
6:35	266 West 55th St.; W. Comstock.	$300
6:50	St. Nicholas Av. and 140th St.; New York Bill Posting Co.	Trifling
6:50	733 E. 99th St.; Angelo Maumer.	Trifling
8:10	208 E. 81st St.; G. Hallock.	Trifling
8:20	419 6th Av.; Hygeia Dollar Shirt Co.	$100
8:30	103 W. 109th St.; Mrs. Theodore Brasser	Trifling
8:35	126th St. and Morningside Av.; A. Van Beuren & Co.	Trifling
9:25	117th St. and Park Av.; New York Bill Posting Co.	Trifling
9:35	St. Paul's Av. and Brook Av.; unknown	Trifling
9:35	813 West End Av.; Brickner & Co.	$10

FIND PRIMARIES EFFECTIVE.

Massachusetts Politicians Say They Brought Out Big Vote.

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—The State-wide primary methods of selecting candidates for election has had its first trial in Massachusetts, and, according to politicians, who commented to-day upon its workings, it has stood the test.

The Democratic leaders, who have been urging direct primaries for several years, pointed to the new method as the best argument in favor of direct election for United States Senators, while the Republican managers agreed that the vote Tuesday was larger than had been expected, and that the machinery worked more smoothly and more satisfactorily than they had anticipated.

Chairman Charles E. Hatfield of the Republican State Committee said that he believed that never before in the history of the party in Massachusetts had so many Republicans taken part in the nomination of candidates.

BOTH WIFE AND PARTNER.

Mrs. Vaughn Sues for Separation, but Court Advises Reconciliation.

Supreme Court Justice Bijur has refused the request of Mrs. Mary Vaughn to punish her husband, John Vaughn, a police Sergeant, for contempt of court for his failure to pay her $10 weekly alimony, as he was directed to do pending the trial of her suit for a separation.

After their family troubles had come to a focus the wife and husband entered into a business partnership in the conduct of a rooming house in Pacific Street, Brooklyn. Their business conferences were usually carried on over the telephone, and when they met they seldom spoke. Mrs. Vaughn alleges cruel treatment as her ground for separation, and declares that her husband often hurled dishes at her.

Justice Bijur told the couple they should make a serious attempt at reconciliation, if only for the sake of their children.

HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d, 44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8.
AROUND THE WORLD
SERIES OF COMPLETE NEW SPECTACLES

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evgs. 8:10. Matinee To-morrow 2:10.
New Viennese Operetta. THE KISS WALTZ

William Collier's COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. To-morrow 2:30.
An Auto-Comedy SPEED

DALY'S B'way & 30th. Beginning To-morrow Matinee A New Comedy NEXT! With Helen Lowell & Harry Conor.

39th Street Thea., 39th, nr. B'way. Evgs. 8.15 Last Week. Last Mat. To-m'w 2:15.
JOHN MASON in Augustus Thomas' greatest work, AS A MAN THINKS.

Beginning Mon., Oct. 2 (Seats Now) MARGARET ANGLIN in a new comedy GREEN STOCKINGS

LYRIC 42d, West of B'way. Evenings, 8:20. Last Mat. To-morrow 2:20.
LAST WEEK. LAST MAT. TO-MORROW.
EVERYWOMAN
Beginning Wednesday, Oct. 4th, HENRY KOLKER in "THE GREAT NAME"
SEATS NOW SELLING.

Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th. Twice Daily, 2:30 and 8:30. KINEMACOLOR MOTION PICTURES of the Coronation, 25c., 50c.

ALL NEW YORK IS RINGING WITH THE SUCCESS OF
Bought and Paid For
By George Broadhurst, at the
PLAYHOUSE
48th St., East of Broadway.
A PLAY THAT SENDS THE AUDIENCE AWAY LAUGHING AND CRYING AT THE SAME TIME.

Maxine Elliott's LAST 3 TIMES Thea. 39th, Bet. B'way & 6th Av. Ev. 8:30. Last Mat. To-m'w 2:30
Henrietta CROSMAN in THE REAL THING.

Beginning Tuesday, Oct. 3 Seats Now.
GERTRUDE ELLIOTT in Rebellion

BROADWAY Thea., B'way & 41st. OPENING POSTPONED TILL THURS., OCT. 5
LEW FIELDS Will Present
THE NEVER HOMES
Tickets purchased for this Sat. night good Oct. 5. Seats on Sale.

BIJOU B'way & 30th. Ev. 8:15. Mat. Sat. Cyril Scott in MODERN MARRIAGE

WEST END, 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evgs. 8:15.
MATINEE TO-MORROW POMANDER WALK
Next Week, JOHN MASON in As a Man Th'nks.

MANHATTAN Opera House, 34th & 8th Av. Evg. 8:15
Matinee To-morrow BABY MINE with MARGUERITE CLARK.
Next Week, THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER.

MAJESTIC B'way & 59th. Twice Daily, 2:30 and 8:30. Kinemacolor Motion Pictures of the Coronation, 25c. 50c.

B'way & 50th St. Tel. 411 Col. WINTER GARDEN Eves. 8 Sharp. Mat. To-Morrow at 2.
Gaby Deslys
"Worth Her Weight in Pearls." Charles Darnton, Ev. World.
"Was greeted most enthusiastically. The curtain calls were numerous and hearty, and in the vernacular of Broadway, she undoubtedly 'got over.'"—ADOLPH KLAUBER—"TIMES."
"She was an altogether charming sight—a freshness of allurement which surprised."—"SUN."
"Who that seeks fame would not envy the blonde, sparkling, teasing, surprising Gaby Deslys?"—Tribune.
"Gaby Deslys captivates audiences. Really a charmer. Made good."—JAMES C. GARRISON—"PRESS."
"Fascinates her first New York audience." — LOUIS SHERWIN — "GLOBE."
Revue of Revues
"Gaby may truthfully cable home that her debut was a great success."—LOUIS DeFOE—"WORLD."
"It was a great night for Gaby."—ALAN DALE—"AMERICAN."
"Gaby Deslys is now going to be talked about more than ever before. 'Chichine' gives her an opportunity to do things that make talk."—"EVENING JOURNAL."
"'Revue of Revues,' several big productions compressed into one."—"HERALD."
SUNDAY NIGHT—FIRST BIG CONCERT—GABY DESLYS AND OTHER STAR ACTS.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.
EMPIRE B'way, 40th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15.
JOHN DREW in his greatest comedy success, A SINGLE MAN.

HUDSON 44th St., near B'way. Ev. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. at 2:30.
FRANK —IN— McINTYRE SNOBS

THE HARRIS West 42d St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w & Thurs. 2:15.
ROSE STAHL in Chas. Klein's Latest Success, MAGGIE PEPPER

FOLIES BERGERE 46th St., B'way. Restaurant (a la carte) from 6:30 P. M. to 1 A. M. 8:15 to 11, NEW REVUE, "A LA BROADWAY." 11 P. M. to 1 A. M., CABARET SHOW. Popular price Matinee To-morrow 2:15.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. Evs. at 8. Matinee To-morrow 2.
"Siren Waltz Intoxicates."—Alan Dale.
DONALD BRIAN IN THE GREAT MUSICAL PLAY. THE SIREN
Cast of 100, including Julia Sanderson, Frank Moulan, Will West, Elizabeth Firth, etc.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8.15 Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15.
THE GREAT BIG HUMAN PLAY
"DESERVED SUCCESS."—World
"ENDURING SUCCESS."—Times
"POPULAR SUCCESS."—Sun
PASSERS-BY
C. HADDON CHAMBERS' GREATEST PLAY.
"REAL SUCCESS."—Eve. World
"POPULAR SUCCESS."—Post.
"FASCINATING."—Herald.
THE GREAT CAST.

LYCEUM B'way & 45th St. Evs. at 8:20 Mats. Tom'w & Thur. at 2:15
A REAL PLAY.
THE ARAB A play of the Orient by Edgar Selwyn.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15.
Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe
THE PINK LADY

LIBERTY W. 42d St., near B'way. Eves. 8:15. Matinee To-m'w & Wed. 2:15.
POP. MATINEE WED. 50c. to $1.50.
JULIAN ELTINGE
In THE FASCINATING WIDOW

GAIETY THEATRE, 46th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:30.
Henry W. Savage offers the Pullman Carnival,
EXCUSE ME
A VOLCANIC ERUPTION OF LAUGHTER.

JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:30.
EDMUND BREESE in A MAN OF HONOR.

Charles Dillingham's GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. 2:15. Mats. To-morrow & Wed. Mat. Wed. 50c.-$1.50.
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS IN A GENTLEMAN OF LEISURE

MINER'S 8TH AVE. BOWERY BRONX
BARGAIN MATINEE EVERY DAY.
TIGER LILLIES.
AMATEURS TO-NIGHT.
CHERRY BLOSSOMS.
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THE GAY WIDOWS.
WRESTLING TO-NIGHT

FOOD SHOW 10 A. M. to 11 P. M. 50 cents.
The exposition given by the National Food Magazine. Free Cooking Lessons every morning, 11 A. M.
Madison Square Garden

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 14, 20 & 30c. THE BANKER'S DAUGHTER.

WALLACK'S B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
GEORGE ARLISS IN DISRAELI
"Triumph for author and actor."—Eve. Sun.

CENTURY (Formerly New Theatre) 62d & 8th Av. Tel. 8800 Col. Evs. 8:20.
LAST 3 TIMES
Sat. Mat. 2:20. THE BLUE BIRD Prices, 50c. to $2.00.

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mat. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c. to $1.50.
WHAT THE DOCTOR ORDERED
The New Comedy by A. E. THOMAS.

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE, B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees To-morrow & Wed. 2:15.
The Red, White and Blue Hit
GEO. M. COHAN
In the best of all Cohan plays, "THE LITTLE MILLIONAIRE."
BIGGEST SUCCESS EVER SCORED BY AN AMERICAN STAR.

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THE COUNTRY BOY
Next Mon., BLANCHE BATES, "Nobody's Widow."

REPUBLIC THEATRE, W. 42d St. Eve. 8:20 Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:20
DAVID BELASCO presents THE WOMAN by WM. C. de MILLE

BELASCO Theatre, 44th St., near B'way. Ev. 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20.
LAST 3 WEEKS. DAVID BELASCO presents The Concert

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Princess Rajah, Paul Dickey & Co., Cliff Gordon, and others.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. Irene Franklin, Bille Reeves in "A Night in an English Music Hall," oths.

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Irving Pl. Theatre 15 St. & Irving Pl. Sat. Eve., Sept. 30th.
HENRY BENDER and the New Ensemble, "DER DOPPELMENSCH." Seats now on sale.

PROSPECT THEATRE Prospect & Westchester Avs. Mat. To-day "THE THREE OF US." Next Week, "LEAH KLESCHNA."

5TH AVE. B'way, 28th St. Daily Mat. 25 & 50c. TONY PASTOR ANNIVERSARY WEEK. All the Old Favorites.

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As to Materials

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